Dimension of a column space or rank of matrix Column space of A or C(A) = $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_1 \end{bmatrix}$ C(A) = span (a, a2, a3, a4, a5) Now basis of ((A) = set of linearly independent vectors in span (a, a2 ... a5) din (c(A)) = # of vectors in basis of C(A) So ut & a, az , ay & your basis of C(A) then, din (c(A)) = 3 dim (c(A)) is also called Rank (A) Dimension of the need space or nullity $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$; B is a matrix N(B) = $\begin{cases} \overrightarrow{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{\frac{5}{2}} \mid B\overrightarrow{x} = 0 \end{cases}$: a set : x is 5 dinancional N(B) = N(rref (B)) reduced sow echolon form Let basis of N(B) be $\{v_1, v_2, \overline{v_3}\}$ Dimension of a substace = # of elements in The basis

