

INTRODUCING AMQ STREAMS

Data streaming with Apache Kafka

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Red Hat AMQ 2018

Standard Protocols

Polyglot Clients

Common Management Flexible messaging for the enterprise, cloud and Internet of Things

Broker

- Queuing and pub/sub
- Rich feature set
- JMS 2.0 compliance
- Best-in-class perf
- Based on Apache ActiveMQ Artemis

Interconnect

- Message routing
- Secure messaging backbone for hybrid cloud
- Based on Apache Qpid Dispatch Router

Streams (preview)

- Durable pub/sub
- Replayable streams
- Highly scalable
- Based on Apache Kafka

Online (preview)

- Scalable, "self-service" messaging-as-a-service utility based on OpenShift
- Available for self-managed and Red Hat-managed deployments (AMQ Online)

What is Apache Kafka?



A publish/subscribe messaging system?

A streaming data platform?

A distributed, horizontally-scalable, fault-tolerant, commit log?



Apache Kafka

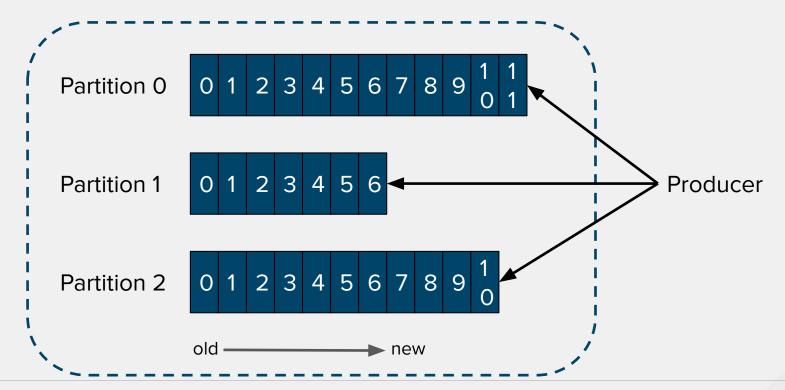
Concepts

- Messages are sent to and received from a topic
 - Topics are split into one or more partitions (aka shards)
 - All actual work is done on partition level, topic is just a virtual object
- Each message is written only into a one selected partition
 - Partitioning is usually done based on the message key
 - Message ordering within the partition is fixed
- Retention
 - Based on size / message age
 - Compacted based on message key



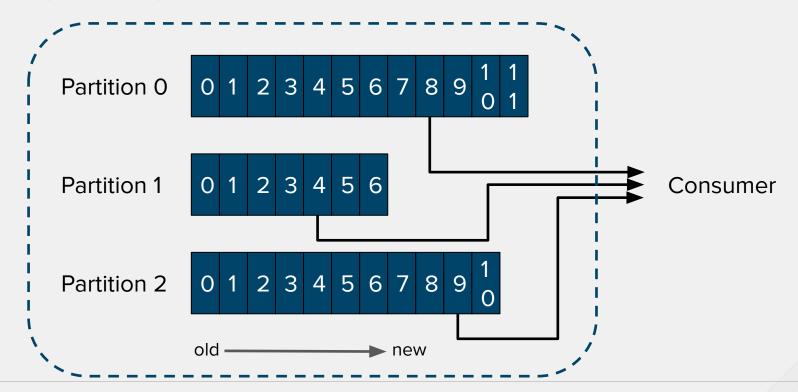
Kafka concepts

Topics & partitions

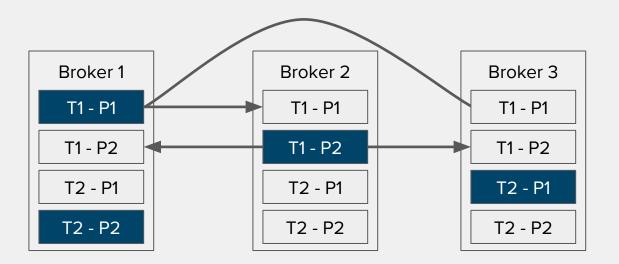


Kafka concepts

Topics & partitions



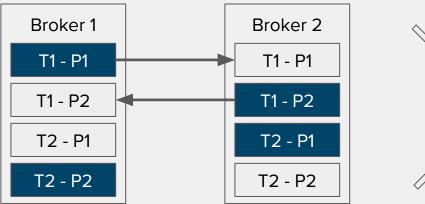
Kafka concepts High availability

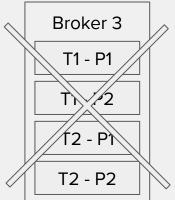


Leaders and followers spread across the cluster



Kafka concepts High availability





If a broker with leader partition goes down, a new leader partition is elected on different node



AMQ Broker & AMQ Streams

Key differences

	AMQ Broker (ActiveMQ Artemis)	AMQ Streams (Kafka)
Model	"Smart broker, dumb clients"	"Dumb broker, smart clients"
Durability	Volatile or durable storage	Durable storage
Storage duration	Temporary storage of messages	Potential long-term storage of messages
Message retention	Retained until consumed	Retained until expired or compacted
Consumer state	Broker managed	Client managed (can be stored in broker)
Selectors	Yes, per consumer	No
Stream replay	No	Yes
High-availability	Replication	Replication
Protocols	AMQP, MQTT, OpenWire, Core, STOMP	Kafka protocol
Delivery guarantees	Best-effort or guaranteed	Best-effort or guaranteed



AMQ Streams

Why should you use AMQ Streams?

- Scalability and performance
 - Designed for horizontal scalability
- Message ordering guarantee
 - At partition level
- Message rewind/replay
 - "Long term" storage
 - Allows to reconstruct application state by replaying the messages
 - Combined with compacted topics allows to use Kafka as key-value store



AMQ Streams

What's the catch?

- Kafka protocol is non-trivial to proxy
 - Clients need access to all brokers in the cluster.
 - o Producers/consumers might need to maintain large number of TCP connections
 - Proxying via HTTP REST or AMQP could be a solution
- Dumb broker, smart clients
 - Carefully decide the "right" number of partitions for each topic
 - Adding partitions can change destination partition for "keyed" messages
 - Removing partitions is not possible



- Based on OSS project called Strimzi
- Provides:
 - Docker images for running Apache Kafka and Zookeeper
 - Tooling for managing and configuring Apache Kafka clusters and topics
- Follows the Kubernetes "operator" model
- OpenShift 3.9 and higher



What is Strimzi?

- Open source project focused on running Apache Kafka on Kubernetes and OpenShift
- Licensed under Apache License 2.0
- Web site: http://strimzi.io/
- GitHub: https://github.com/strimzi
- Slack: <u>strimzi.slack.com</u>
- Mailing list: <u>strimzi@redhat.com</u>
- Twitter: <u>@strimziio</u>





The challenges

- Apache Kafka is *stateful* which means we require ...
 - ... a stable broker identity
 - ... a way for the brokers to discover each other on the network
 - ... durable broker state (i.e., the messages)
 - ... the ability to recover broker state after a failure
- All the above are true for Apache Zookeeper as well
- StatefulSets, PersistentVolumeClaims, Services can help but ...



It's not easy!



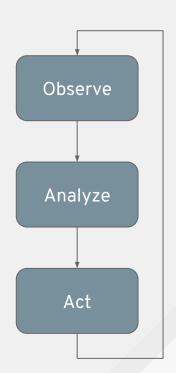
Goals

- Simplifying the Apache Kafka deployment on OpenShift
- Using the OpenShift native mechanisms for...
 - Provisioning the cluster
 - Managing the topics
- ... thereby removing the need to use Kafka command-line tools
- Providing a better integration with applications running on OpenShift
 - microservices, data streaming, event-sourcing, etc.



The "Operator" model

- An application used to create, configure and manage other complex applications
 - Contains specific domain / application knowledge
- Operator works based on input from Config Maps or Custom Resource Definitions
 - User describes the desired state
 - Controller applies this state to the application
- It watches the *desired* state and the *actual* state ...
 - ... taking appropriate actions





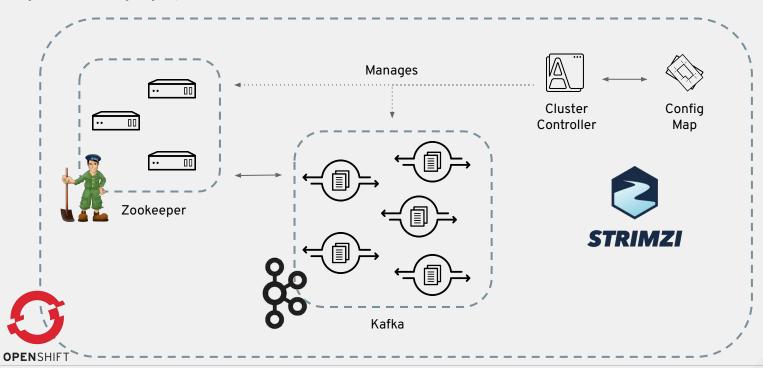
Config Map versus Custom Resource Definitions

- Controllers are currently using Config Maps for configuration
 - Main advantage of Config Maps is no need for special permissions to install Strimzi/AMQ Streams on OpenShift
- CRDs have some advantages as well
 - Flexible data structure
 - Possibility to set permissions for the CRD resources
- Adding support for CRDs is on backlog for the future



Cluster Controller

Creating and managing Apache Kafka clusters



Cluster Controller

Creating cluster

- Able to deploy two types of clusters
 - Kafka (alongside a Zookeeper ensemble)
 - Kafka Connect (even with S2I support for custom connector plugins)
- The ConfigMap allows to specify
 - Number of nodes
 - Brokers configuration
 - Healthchecks
 - Metrics exported for Prometheus
- Ephemeral or persistent storage



Cluster Controller

Managing cluster

- Modifying the ConfigMap for updating the cluster
 - Scale up/down
 - Configuration changes (rolling updates)
- Deleting the ConfigMap for de-provisioning the cluster
 - Persisted data will be deleted according to the user configuration

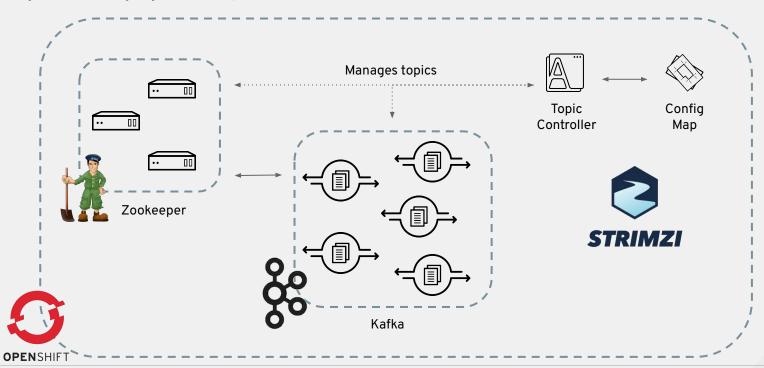


DEMO: KAFKA CLUSTER DEPLOYMENT



Topic Controller

Creating and managing Kafka topics



Topic Controller

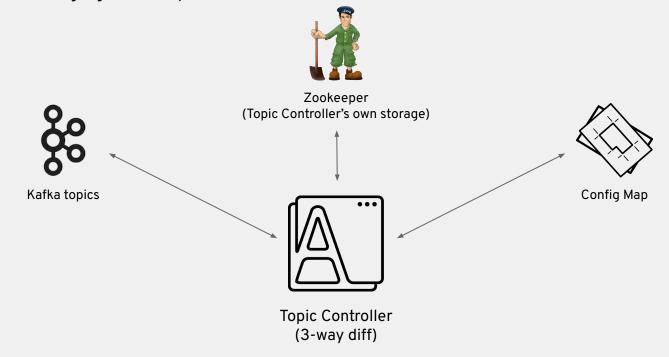
Creating and managing Kafka topics

- Topics can be created by...
 - Writing a ConfigMap
 - Interacting directly with Kafka cluster
 - Automatically by others (Kafka Connect, Kafka Streams)
- Consistency is handled by using 3-way diff
 - Our own Zookeeper store
 - Apache Kafka/Zookeeper
 - ConfigMaps



Topic Controller

Creating and managing Kafka topics





DEMO: TOPICS MANAGEMENT



Planned for 1.0

- Detailed Kafka configuration (buffers, topic defaults, etc.)
- TLS encryption and authentication
- Authentication options
 - TLS Client Authentication
 - SASL-SCRAM mechanism with credentials stored in Zookeeper
 - SASL-PLAIN mechanisms with credentials stored in OpenShift secret
- Authorization using ACL rules stored in Zookeeper
- Resources configuration (memory and CPU limits, ...)
- Scaling (with manual partition reassignment)
- Managing topics



Planned after 1.0

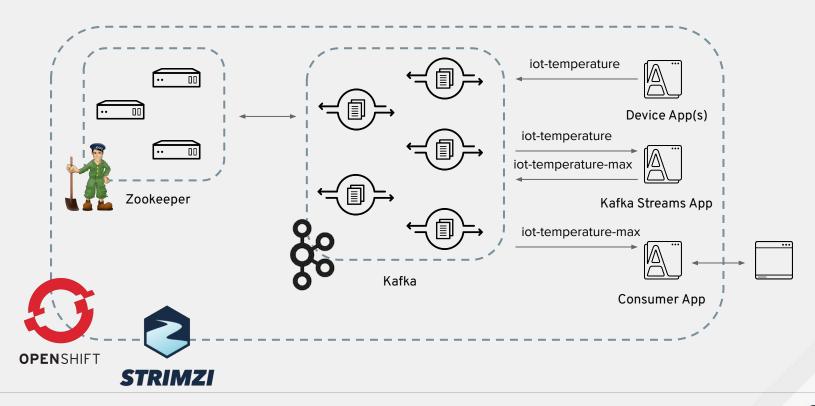
- Kafka updates
- Automated partition balancing and automated scaling
- Additional authentication options
 - Using Red Hat SSO, LDAP, Kubernetes tokens
- Exposing Kafka cluster outside of OpenShift
- Service broker integration
- Integrated AMQP, MQTT and HTTP bridge
- Integrated Schema registry
- MirrorMaker Operator



DEMO: IOT AND KAFKA STREAMS



IoT and Kafka Streams

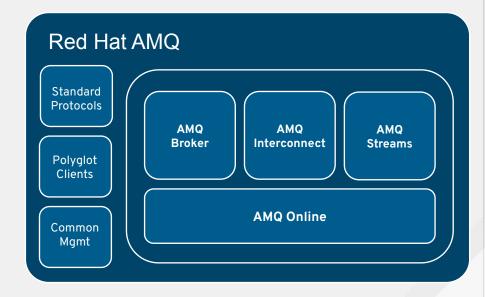




Summary

Click to add subtitle

- AMQ Streams is distribution of Apache
 Kafka included as part of the AMQ product
- Simplifies the deployment, management and monitoring of Kafka on OpenShift using the Operator approach
- Fully open source based on Strimzi
- Available now as a Developer Preview
 Signup: http://amq.io/amqstreams-signup
- Beta tentatively planned for Summer 2018 with GA in late Fall 2018







LATER TODAY

Thu May 10, 1:45 PM - 3:45 PM

Red Hat AMQ Online - Messaging-as-a-Service

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Resources

- Strimzi : http://strimzi.io/
- Apache Kafka: https://kafka.apache.org/
- AMQ Streams Dev Preview: http://amq.io/amqstreams-signup
- Demo: https://github.com/ppatierno/strimzi-demo





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