Android Concurrency: Java Synchronization & Scheduling Example (Part 2)



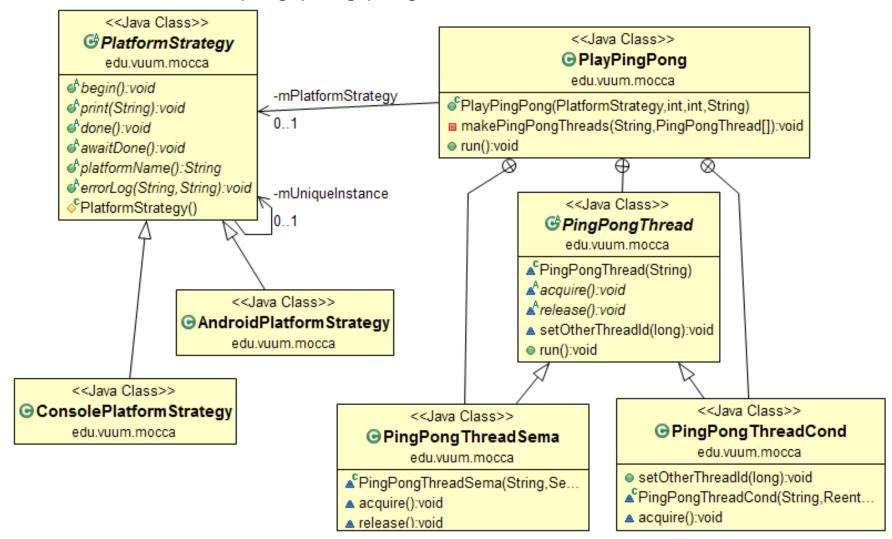
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Learning Objectives in this Part of the Module

Understand the implementation of our pattern-oriented
 & framework-based ping-pong program



```
/**
 * Create the appropriate type of
 * threads with the designated
 * scheduling mechanism (e.g.,
 * "SEMA" for Semaphores, "COND"
                                                           run()
 * for ConditionObjects, etc.).
 * /
makePingPongThreads
                                                                print("pong")
  (mSyncMechanism,
                                        ping:
   pingPongThreads);
                                       Thread
/**
                                             run()
 * Start ping and pong threads,
 * which calls their run()
 * hook methods.
                                                   print("ping")
 * /
pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start();
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```

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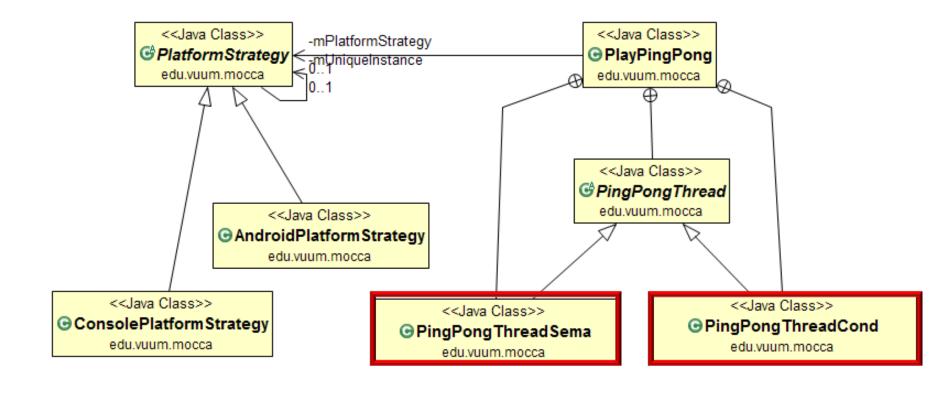
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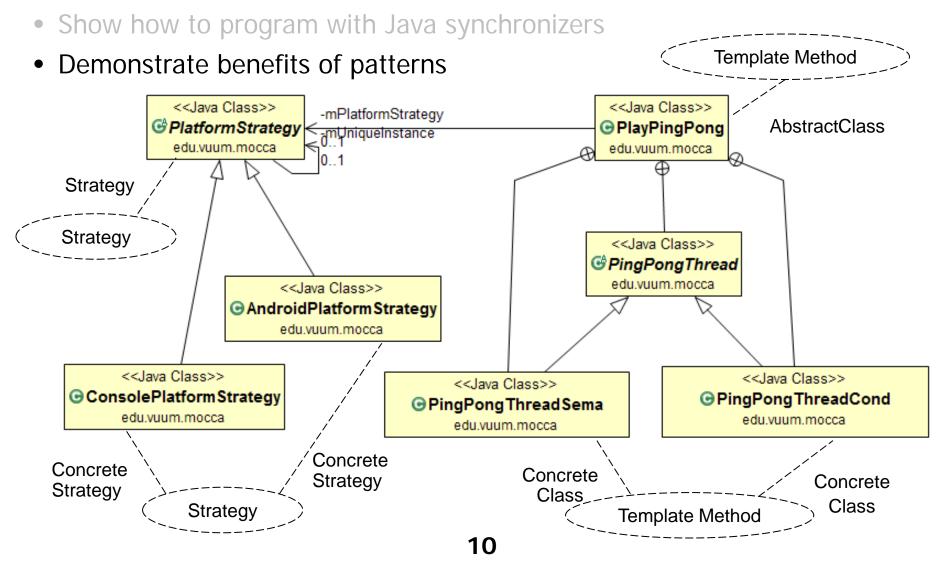
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 * /
makePingPongThreads
  (mSyncMechanism,
   pingPongThreads);
/**
 * Start ping and pong threads,
 * which calls their run()
 * hook methods.
 * /
pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start();
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```

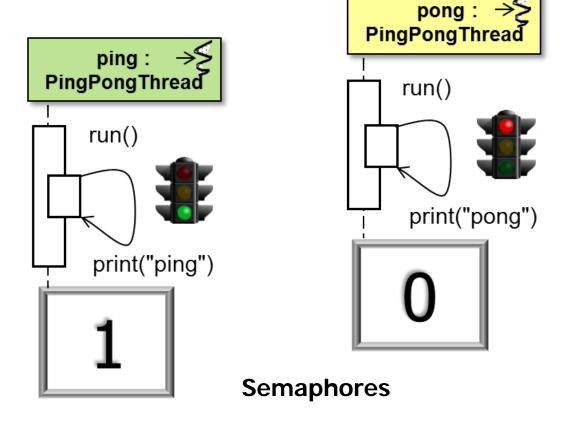
```
% java PingPongWrong
Ready...Set...Go!
Ping!(1)
Ping!(2)
Ping!(3)
Ping!(4)
Ping!(5)
Ping!(6)
Ping!(7)
Ping!(8)
Ping!(9)
Ping!(10)
Pong!(1)
Pong!(2)
Pong!(3)
Pong!(4)
Pong!(5)
Pong!(6)
Pong!(7)
Pong!(8)
Pong!(9)
Pong!(10)
Done!
```

- We walk through the pattern-oriented framework source code
 - Show how to program with Java synchronizers

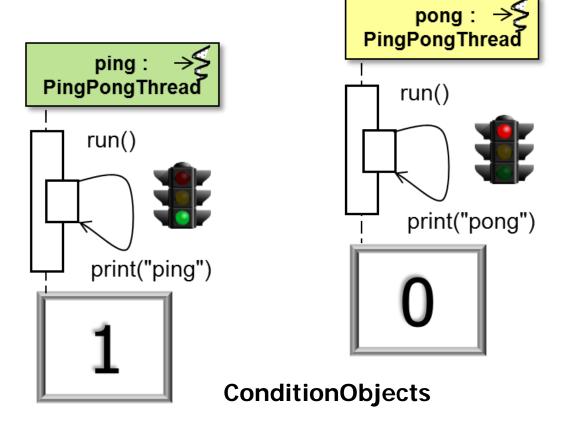




- We walk through the pattern-oriented framework source code
 - Show how to program with Java synchronizers
 - Demonstrate benefits of patterns



- We walk through the pattern-oriented framework source code
 - Show how to program with Java synchronizers
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These changes don't affect the ping-pong algorithm or the framework software

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Analyzing Pattern-Oriented Framework Solution

- We walk through the pattern-oriented framework source code
- It's important to run/read the code & (re)watch the video carefully to understand how it works





• Implementation of the PlayPingPong class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {

Implementation of the PlayPingPong class
 public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {



```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  private static volatile int
    mMaxIterations;

private static volatile int
  mMaxTurns;

private static volatile
  PlatformStrategy mPlatformStrategy;

private static String mSyncMEchanism = "SEMA";
...
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  private static volatile int
    mMaxIterations;
  private static volatile int
    mMaxTurns;
  private static volatile
    PlatformStrategy mPlatformStrategy;
  private static String mSyncMechanism = "SEMA";
                             Synchronization mechanism to use,
                             e.g. Semaphore or ConditionObject
```

 Implementation of the PlayPingPong class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public PlayPingPong (PlatformStrategy platformStrategy, int maxIterations, int maxTurns, String syncMechanism) { mPlatformStrategy = platformStrategy; mMaxIterations = maxIterations; mMaxTurns = maxTurns; mSyncMechanism = syncMechanism; **Constructor stores** parameters used in the

ping/pong algorithm

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { abstract void acquire(); abstract void release(); private String nStringToPrint; PingPongThread(String stringToPrint) { mStringToPrint = stringToPrint; }

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { Plays role of "abstract class" in Template abstract void acquire(); Method pattern abstract void release(); private String nStringToPrint; PingPongThread(String stringToPrint) { mStringToPrint = stringToPrint; }

Implementation of the PingPongThread class



Abstract methods overridden by subclasses to schedule the order of printing ping & pong in run() template method

```
private String nStringToPrint;
```

```
PingPongThread(String stringToPrint)
{ mStringToPrint = stringToPrint; }
```

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { abstract void acquire(); abstract void release(); private String nStringToPrint; Define/set common data member PingPongThread(String stringToPrint) { mStringToPrint = stringToPrint; }

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { **Executes in a separate thread & plays** role of the "template method" in the public void run() Template Method pattern for (int loopsDone = 1; loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); release(); mPlatformStrategy.done();

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { **Executes in a separate thread & plays** role of the "template method" in the public void run() Template Method pattern for (int loopsDone = 1; loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); release(); mPlatformStrategy.done();

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { Perform protocol that alternates public void run() { printing "ping" or for (int loopsDone = 1; "pong" loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); release(); mPlatformStrategy.done();

 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { public void run() { for (int loopsDone = 1; loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); release(); Platform-independent print strategy mPlatformStrategy.done();

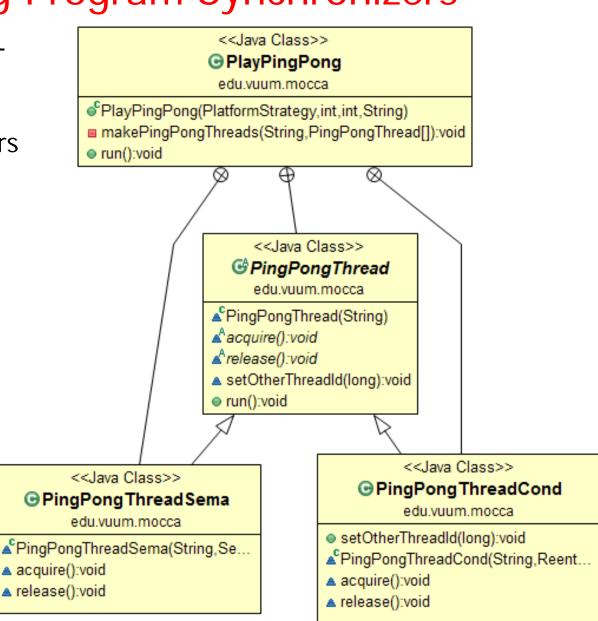
 Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { public void run() { for (int loopsDone = 1; loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint **Scheduling** + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); hooks release(); mPlatformStrategy.done();

Implementation of the PingPongThread class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static abstract class PingPongThread extends Thread { public void run() { for (int loopsDone = 1; loopsDone <= mMaxIterations;</pre> ++loopsDone) { acquire(); mPlatformStrategy.print(mStringToPrint + "(" + loopsDone + ")"); release(); Indicate thread is exiting when loop's done mPlatformStrategy.done();

Semaphore Synchronizer Configuration

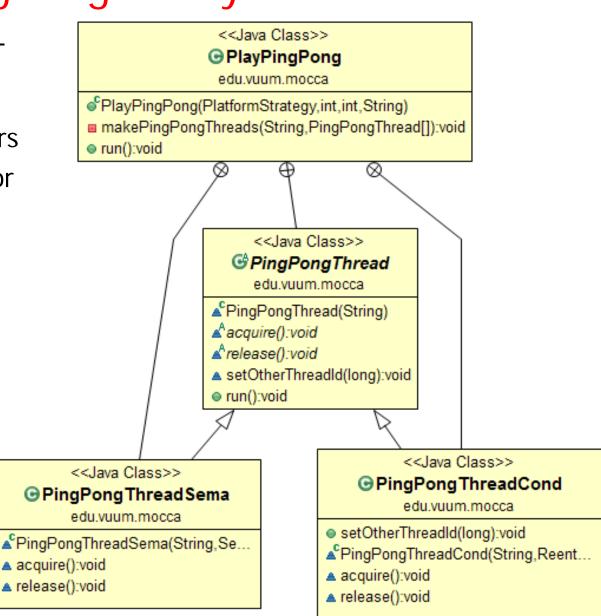
Ping-Pong Program Synchronizers

 The pattern-oriented pingpong framework can be transparently configured with different synchronizers



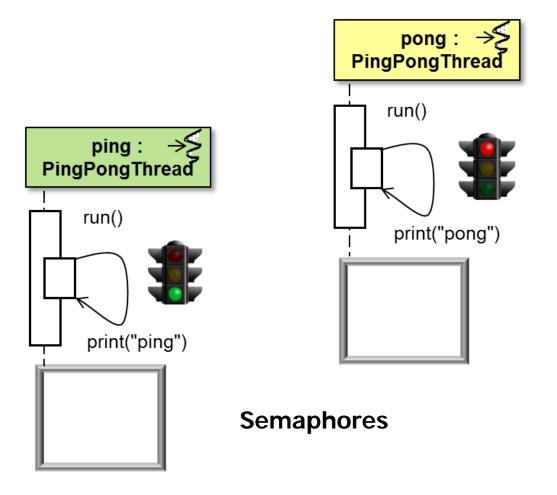
Ping-Pong Program Synchronizers

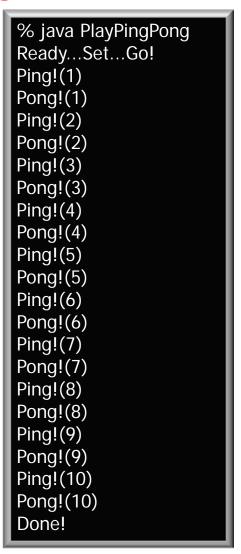
- The pattern-oriented pingpong framework can be transparently configured with different synchronizers
 - e.g., Java Semaphores or Java ConditionObjects



Semaphore Synchronizer Configuration

Behavior of the PingPongThreadSema class





Implementation of the PingPongThreadSema class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadSema extends PingPongThread { Plays role of "concrete class" in Template Method pattern private Semaphore mSemas[] = new Semaphore[2]; PingPongThreadSema(String stringToPrint, Semaphore firstSema, Semaphore secondSema) { super(stringToPrint); mSemas[FIRST SEMA] = firstSema; mSemas[SECOND SEMA] = secondSema

Implementation of the PingPongThreadSema class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadSema extends PingPongThread { private Semaphore mSemas[] = new Semaphore[2]; Semaphores that schedule the acquire() & release() hook methods PingPongThreadSema(String stringToPrint, Semaphore firstSema, Semaphore secondSema) { super(stringToPrint); mSemas[FIRST SEMA] = firstSema; mSemas[SECOND SEMA] = secondSema

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Implementation of the PingPongThreadSema class public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadSema extends PingPongThread { void acquire() { Hook method for acquiring synchronizer mSemas[FIRST_SEMA].acquire(); Hook method for releasing synchronizer void release() { mSemas[SECOND_SEMA].release(); }

% java PlayPingPong Behavior of the PingPongThreadCondclass Ready...Set...Go! **Ping!(1)** pong: $\rightarrow >$ Ping!(1) **PingPongThread** Pong!(1) Pong!(1) Ping!(2) run() Ping!(2) ping: Pong!(2) **PingPongThread** Pong!(2) Ping!(3) Ping!(3) run() print("pong") Pong!(3) Pong!(3) *Note multiple* Ping!(4) consecutive Ping!(4) printings of Pong!(4) print("ping") Pong!(4) "ping" or Ping!(5) "pong" per **Ping!(5)** turn Pong!(5) ConditionObjects Pong!(5) Done!

 Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread { Plays role of "concrete class" in Template Method pattern private Condition mConds[] = new Condition[2]; private ReentrantLock mLock = null; private int mTurnCountDown = 0; public long mOtherThreadId = 0; private static long mTurnOwner;

 Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread { private Condition mConds[] = new Condition[2]; private ReentrantLock mLock = null; private int mTurnCountDown = 0; public long mOtherThreadId = 0; private static long mTurnOwner;

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Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread { private Condition mConds[] = new Condition[2]; private ReentrantLock mLock = null; private int mTurnCountDown = 0; **Used together with** the ConditionObjects public long mOtherThreadId = 0; private static long mTurnOwner;

Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread { private Condition mConds[] = new Condition[2]; private ReentrantLock mLock = null; private int mTurnCountDown = 0; public long mOtherThreadId = 0; Controls number of consecutive iterations per turn private static long mTurnOwner;

Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread { private Condition mConds[] = new Condition[2]; private ReentrantLock mLock = null; private int mTurnCountDown = 0; public long mOtherThreadId = 0; Coordinate the passing of control between ping private static long mTurnOwner & pong Threads

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    private final static int FIRST_COND = 0;
    private final static int SECOND COND = 1;
    PingPongThreadCond(String stringToPrint,
        ReentrantLock lock, Condition firstCond,
        Condition secondCond, boolean isOwner) {
      super(stringToPrint);
      mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
                                             Pass parameter up to
      mLock = lock;
                                             super class & initialize
      mConds[FIRST_COND] = firstCond;
                                             data members
      mConds[SECOND_COND] = secondCond;
      if (isOwner) mTurnOwner = this.getId();
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
    ...
    static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void acquire() {
        Hook method for acquiring synchronizer
        mLock.lock();

    while (mTurnOwner != this.getId())
        mConds[FIRST_COND].awaitUninterruptibly();

    mLock.unlock();
}
```

Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass
 public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {

```
static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
 void release() {
Hook method for releasing synchronizer
    mLock.lock();
     --mTurnCountDown;
     if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
      mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
       mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
      mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
    mLock.unlock():
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void release() {
                       Acquire the ReentrantLock
       mLock.lock();
       --mTurnCountDown;
       if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
         mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
         mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
         mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
       mLock.unlock():
```

Implementation of the PingPongThreadCondclass
 public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
 ...
 static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {

```
void release() {
    mLock.lock();
Decrement each iteration of our "turn"
```

```
if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
   mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
   mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
   mConds[SECOND_COND].signal();
}
mLock.unlock();
```

--mTurnCountDown;

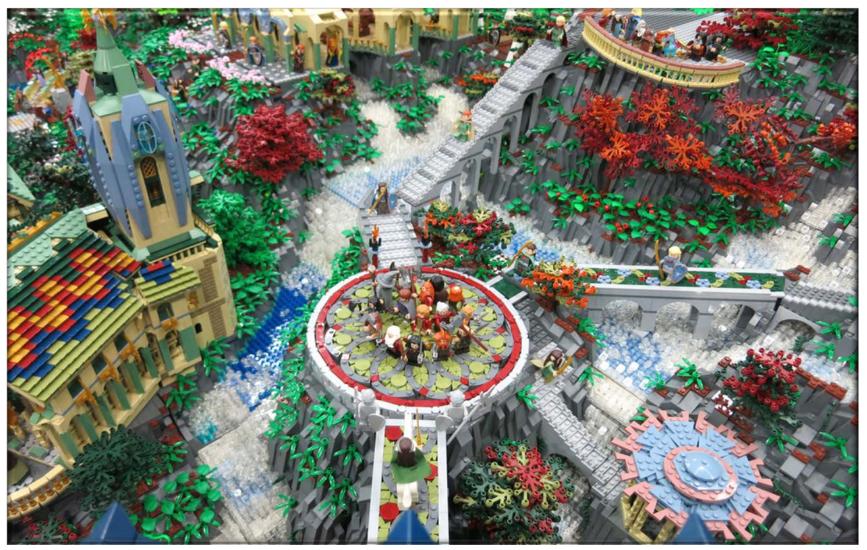
```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void release() {
       mLock.lock();
                               Check whether our turn is over
       --mTurnCountDown;
       if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
         mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
         mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
         mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
       mLock.unlock();
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void release() {
       mLock.lock();
                                  Make the other Thread
                                  the turn owner & reset
       --mTurnCountDown;
                                the number of iterations
                                               per turn
       if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
         mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
         mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
         mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
       mLock.unlock();
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void release() {
       mLock.lock();
       --mTurnCountDown;
       if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
         mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
         mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
         mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
       mLock.unlock():
                                 Signal the other Thread that its
                                 turn can begin
```

```
public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable {
  static class PingPongThreadCond extends PingPongThread {
    void release() {
       mLock.lock();
       --mTurnCountDown;
       if (mTurnCountDown == 0) {
         mTurnOwner = mOtherThreadId;
         mTurnCountDown = mMaxTurns;
         mConds[SECOND COND].signal();
       mLock.unlock();
                    Release the ReentrantLock
```





Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { mPlatformStrategy.begin(); PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = new PingPongThread[2]; makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, pingPongThreads); pingPongThreads[PING_THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start(); mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone();

Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public void run() { mPlatformStrategy.begin(); findicate a new game is beginning PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = new PingPongThread[2]; makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, pingPongThreads); pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start(); mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone();

Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public void run() { **Create array of** mPlatformStrategy.begin(); PingPongThreads . . . PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = new PingPongThread[2]; makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, pingPongThreads); pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start(); mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone();

Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public void run() { mPlatformStrategy.begin(); Use a factory method to initialize Semaphore PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = objects to control thread new PingPongThread[2]; alternation makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, pingPongThreads); pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start(); mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone();

Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public void run() { mPlatformStrategy.begin(); PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = new PingPongThread[2]; Start ping & pong makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, threads, which calls pingPongThreads); their run() methods pingPongThreads[PING_THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start();

mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone();

Implementing the PlayPingPong run() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { public void run() { mPlatformStrategy.begin(); PingPongThread pingPongThreads[] = new PingPongThread[2]; makePingPongThreads(mSyncMechanism, pingPongThreads); pingPongThreads[PING THREAD].start(); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD].start(); mPlatformStrategy.awaitDone(); Wait for both threads to

Factory Implementing the PlayPingPong makePingPongThreads() method method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { private void makePingPongThreads(String schedMechanism, PingPongThread[] pingPongThreads) { if (schedMechanism.equals("SEMA")) { Semaphore pingSema = new Semaphore(1); Semaphore pongSema = new Semaphore(0); pingPongThreads[PING THREAD] = new PingPongThreadSema("ping", pingSema, pongSema); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD] = new PingPongThreadSema("pong", pongSema, pingSema);

Implementing the PlayPingPong makePingPongThreads() method public class PlayPingPong implements Runnable { private void makePingPongThreads(String schedMechanism, PingPongThread[] pingPongThreads) { if (schedMechanism.equals("SEMA")) { Semaphore pingSema = new Semaphore(1); Semaphore pongSema = new Semaphore(0); **Select semaphore** implementation pingPongThreads[PING THREAD] = new PingPongThreadSema("ping", pingSema, pongSema); pingPongThreads[PONG_THREAD] = new PingPongThreadSema("pong", pongSema, pingSema);

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Implementation of the Main class

```
main() entry point into the
public class Main {
                            ping/pong program
 public void main(String[] args) {
    PlatformStrategy.instance
       (new PlatformStrategyFactory
          (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy());
    Options.instance().parseArgs(args);
    PlayPingPong playPingPong =
      new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(),
                       Options.instance().maxIterations(),
                       Options.instance().maxTurns(),
                       Options.instance().syncMechanism());
    new Thread (playPingPong).start();
```

Implementation of the Main class

```
public class Main {
                                    Initialize PlatformStrategy to
  public void main(String[] args) {ConsolePlatformStrategy
    PlatformStrategy.instance
       (new PlatformStrategyFactory
          (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy());
    Options.instance().parseArgs(args);
    PlayPingPong playPingPong =
      new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(),
                       Options.instance().maxIterations(),
                       Options.instance().maxTurns(),
                       Options.instance().syncMechanism());
    new Thread (playPingPong).start();
```

Implementation of the Main class public class Main { public void main(String[] args) { PlatformStrategy.instance (new PlatformStrategyFactory (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy()); Options.instance().parseArgs(args); **Initialize the Options** PlayPingPong playPingPong = new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(), Options.instance().maxIterations(), Options.instance().maxTurns(), Options.instance().syncMechanism()); new Thread (playPingPong).start();

Implementation of the Main class

```
public class Main {
  public void main(String[] args) {
    PlatformStrategy.instance
       (new PlatformStrategyFactory
          (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy());
    Options.instance().parseArgs(args);
                                       Initialize PlayPingPong object
                                    with designated parameters
    PlayPingPong playPingPong =
      new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(),
                       Options.instance().maxIterations(),
                       Options.instance().maxTurns(),
                       Options.instance().syncMechanism());
    new Thread (playPingPong).start();
```

Implementation of the Main class public class Main { public void main(String[] args) { PlatformStrategy.instance (new PlatformStrategyFactory (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy()); Options.instance().parseArgs(args); PlayPingPong playPingPong = new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(), Options.instance().maxIterations(), Options.instance().maxTurns(), Options.instance().syncMechanism()); new Thread (playPingPong).start();

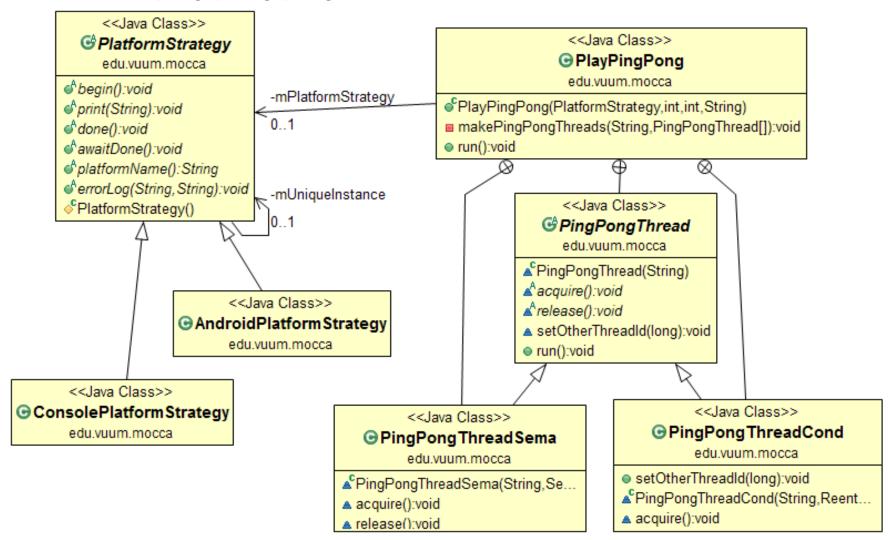
Start a thread to play ping pong concurrently!

Implementation of the Main class public class Main { public void main(String[] args) { PlatformStrategy.instance (new PlatformStrategyFactory (System.out, null).makePlatformStrategy()); Options.instance().parseArgs(args); PlayPingPong playPingPong = new PlayPingPong(PlatformStrategy.instance(), Options.instance().maxIterations(), Options.instance().maxTurns(), Options.instance().syncMechanism()); new Thread (playPingPong).start();

Start a thread to play ping pong concurrently!



 Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program



- Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program
 - Fixes problems with the PingPongWrong implementation

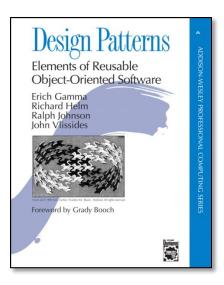
```
% java PingPongWrong
Ready...Set...Go!
Ping!(1)
Ping!(2)
Ping!(3)
Ping!(4)
Ping!(5)
Ping!(6)
Ping!(7)
Ping!(8)
Ping!(9)
Ping!(10)
Pong!(1)
Pong!(2)
Pong!(3)
Pong!(4)
Pong!(5)
Pong!(6)
Pong!(7)
Pong!(8)
Pong!(9)
Pong!(10)
Done!
```

- Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program
 - Fixes problems with the PingPongWrong implementation
 - Output correctly alternates printing "ping" & "pong" to output since Java Semaphores, ConditionObjects, & CountDownLatches are used

```
% java PlayPingPong
Ready...Set...Go!
Ping!(1)
Pong!(1)
Ping!(2)
Pong!(2)
Ping!(3)
Pong!(3)
Ping!(4)
Pong!(4)
Ping!(5)
Pong!(5)
Ping!(6)
Pong!(6)
Ping!(7)
Pong!(7)
Ping!(8)
Pong!(8)
Ping!(9)
Pong!(9)
Ping!(10)
Pong!(10)
Done!
```

- Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program
- GoF patterns provide several benefits
 - Template Method & Factory Method simplify systematic reuse & flexibility





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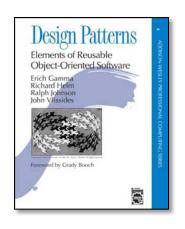
% java PlayPingPong Ready...Set...Go! **Ping!(1)** Ping!(1) Pong!(1) Pong!(1) Ping!(2) Ping!(2) Pong!(2) Pong!(2) Ping!(3) Ping!(3) Pong!(3) Pong!(3) Ping!(4) Ping!(4) Pong!(4) Pong!(4) Ping!(5) Ping!(5) Pong!(5) Pong!(5) Done!

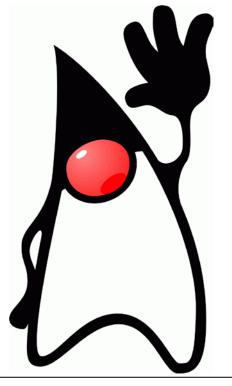
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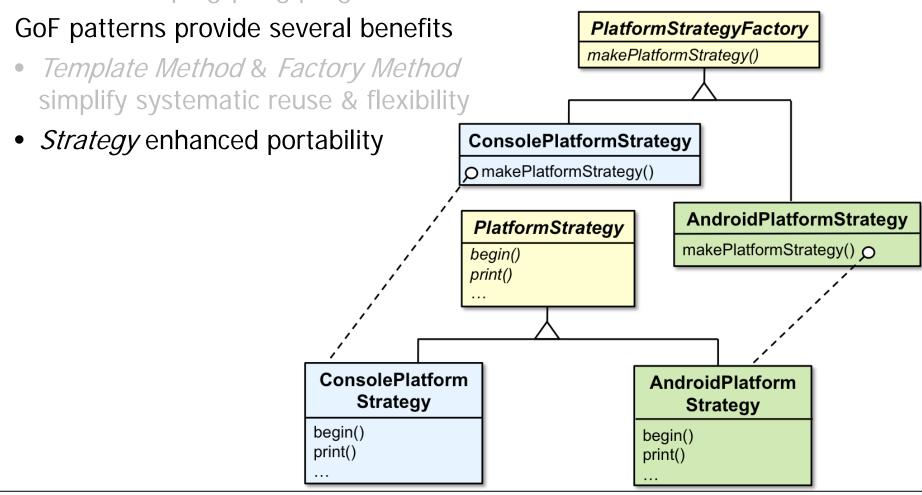




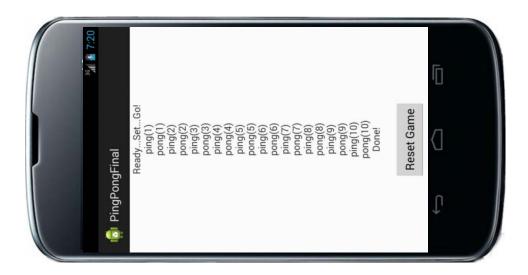


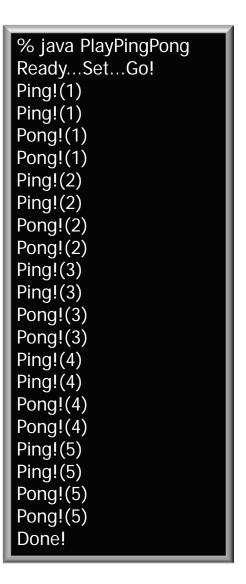


 Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program

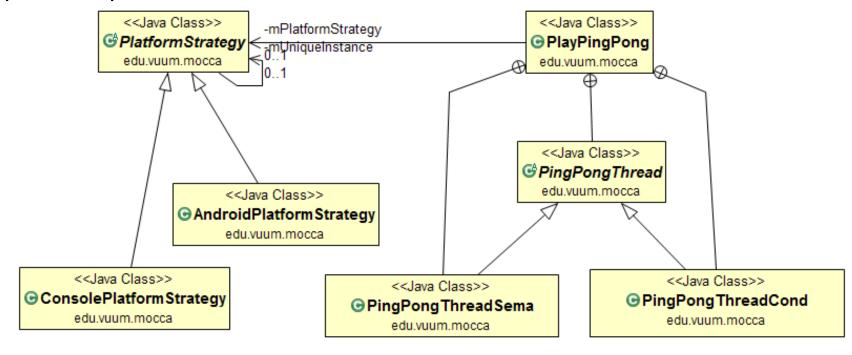


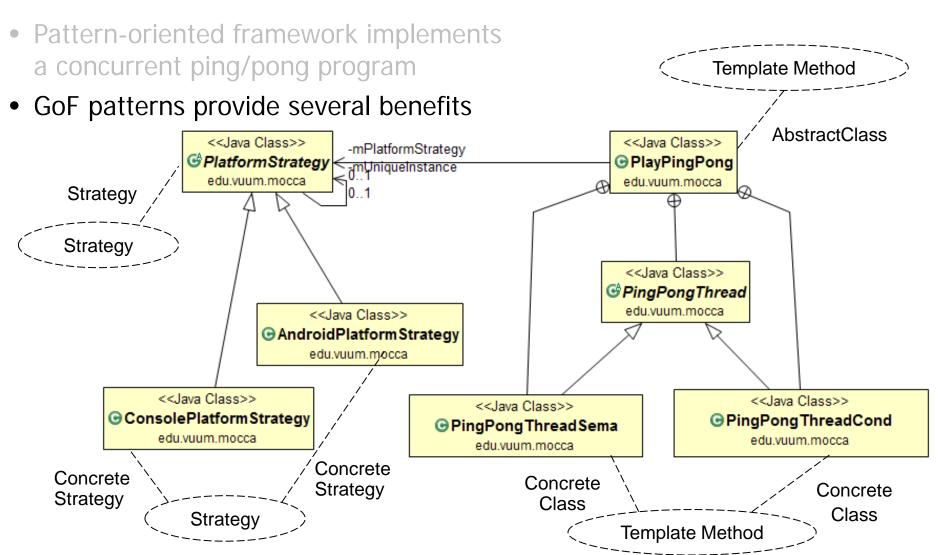
- Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program
- GoF patterns provide several benefits
 - Template Method & Factory Method simplify systematic reuse & flexibility
 - Strategy enhanced portability





- Pattern-oriented framework implements a concurrent ping/pong program
- GoF patterns provide several benefits





Patterns simplify understanding & extension of program structure & functionality