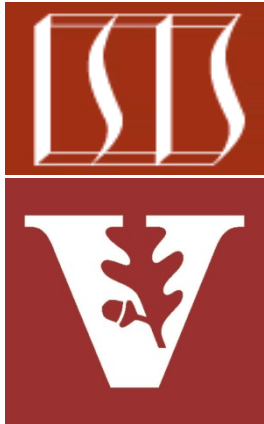


Framework Examples: Part 1

Douglas C. Schmidt

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Professor of Computer Science

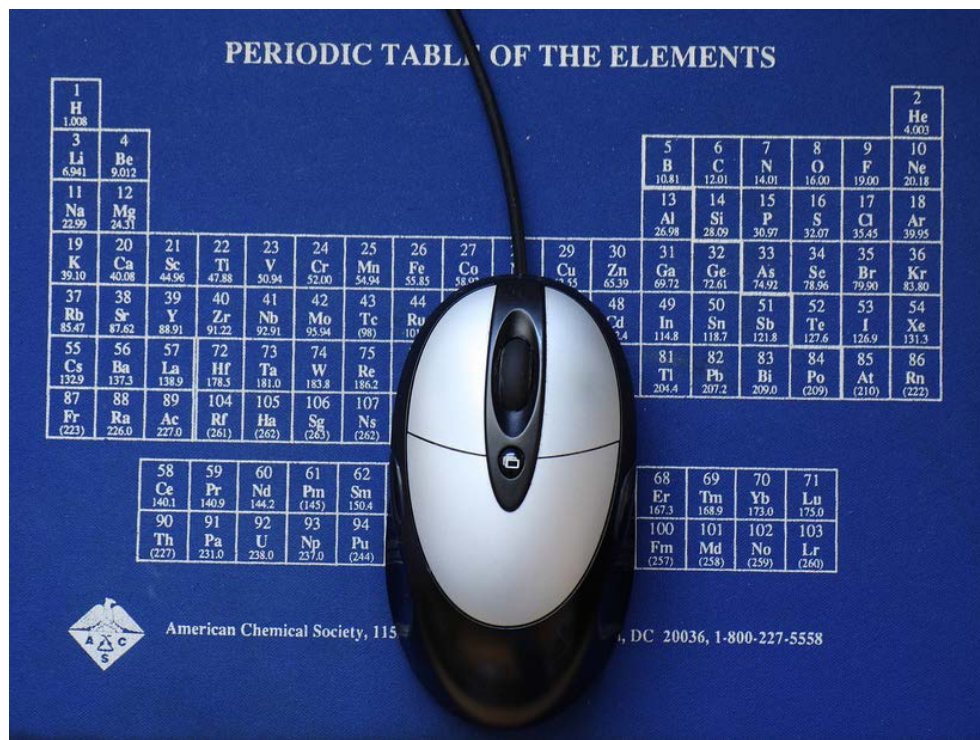
Institute for Software
Integrated Systems

Vanderbilt University
Nashville, Tennessee, USA



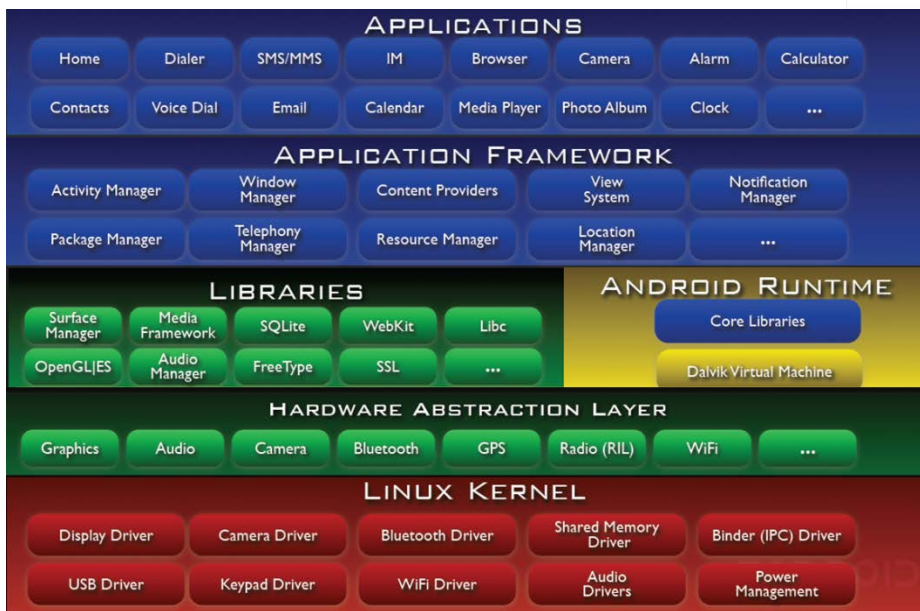
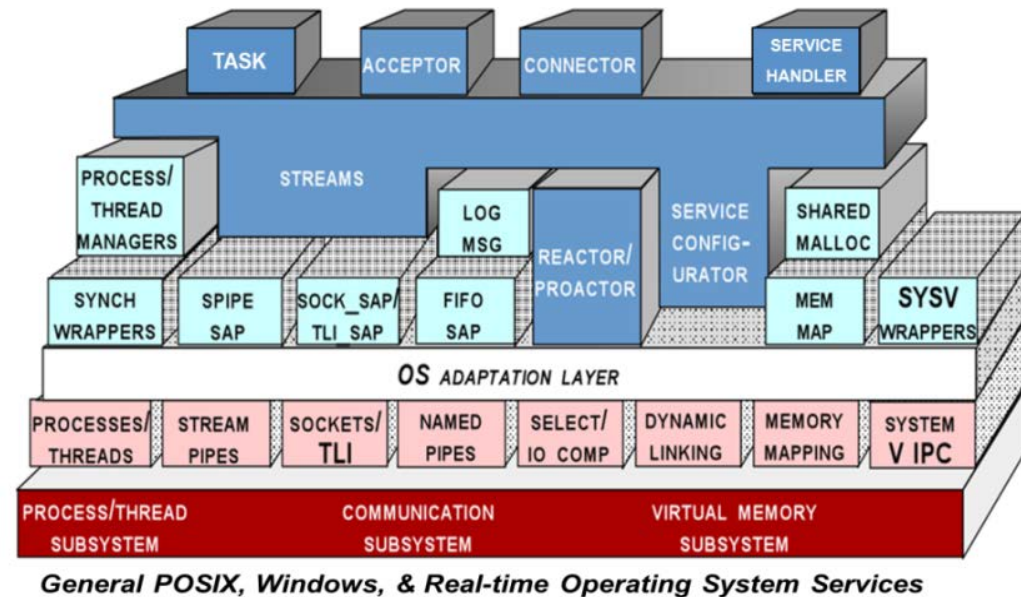
Topics Covered in this Part of the Module

- Present *Scope, Commonality, & Variability* (SCV) analysis as a method for developing & applying software product-lines & frameworks



Topics Covered in this Part of the Module

- Present *Scope, Commonality, & Variability* (SCV) analysis as a method for developing & applying software product-lines & frameworks
- Illustrate the application of SCV to Android & ACE



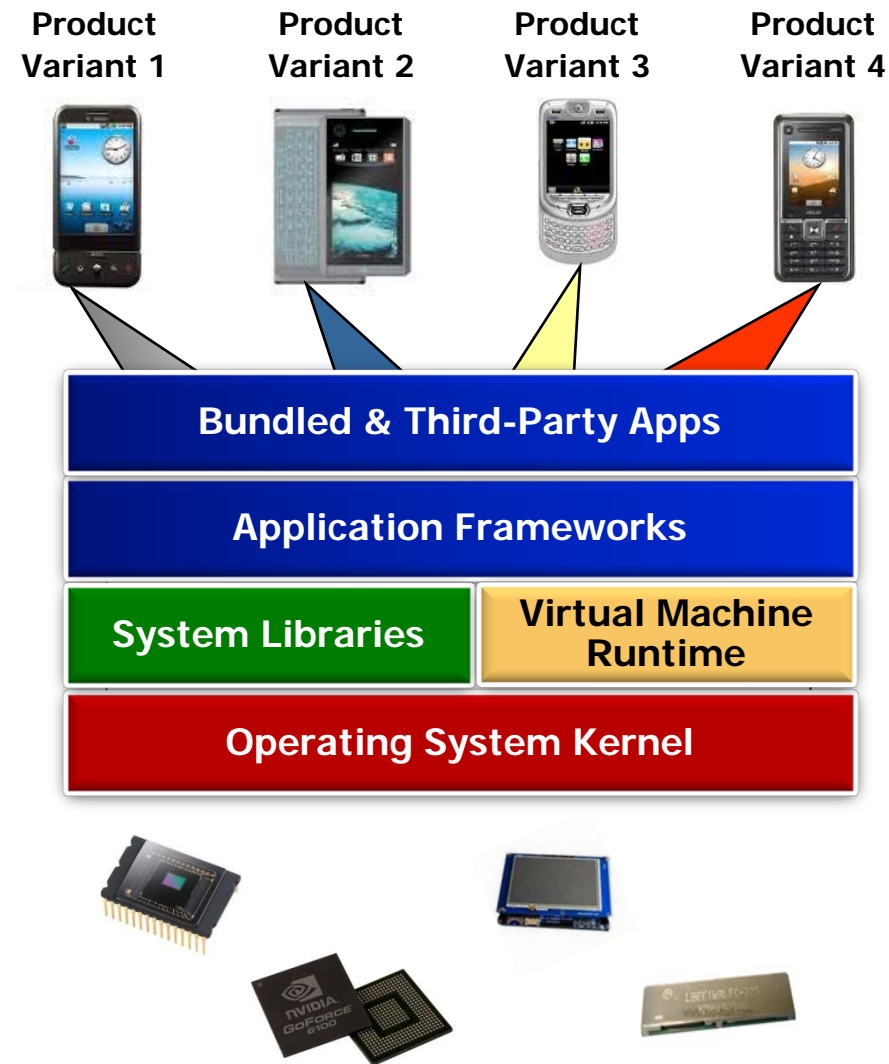
Overview of Software Product-Lines

- A *software product line* (SPL) is a form of systematic software reuse
- An SPL a set of software-intensive systems
- These systems share a common, managed set of features satisfying the specific needs of a particular market segment or mission
- They are developed from a common set of core assets in a prescribed way



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- Frameworks (& patterns) can help define & improve core SPL assets by factoring out many reusable general-purpose & domain-specific services from application responsibility



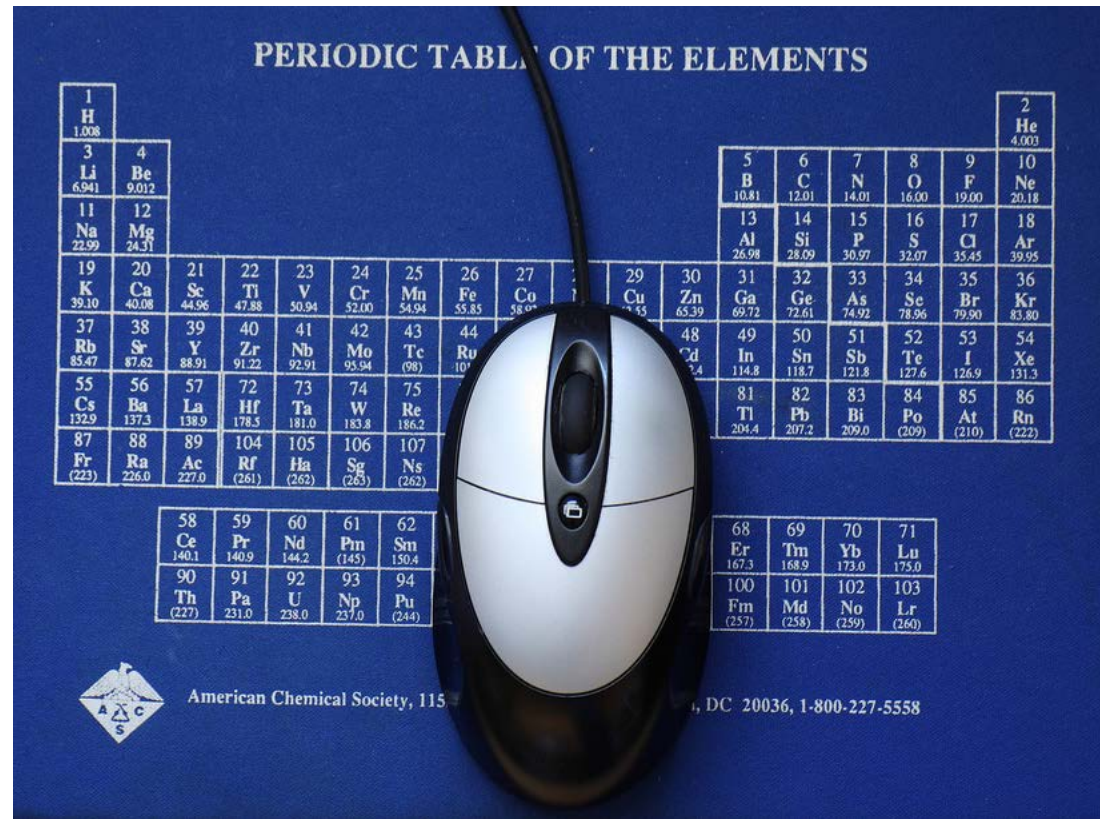
Scope, Commonality, & Variability Analysis

- Key software product-line & framework structure & behavior can be captured systematically via *Scope, Commonality, & Variability* (SCV) analysis



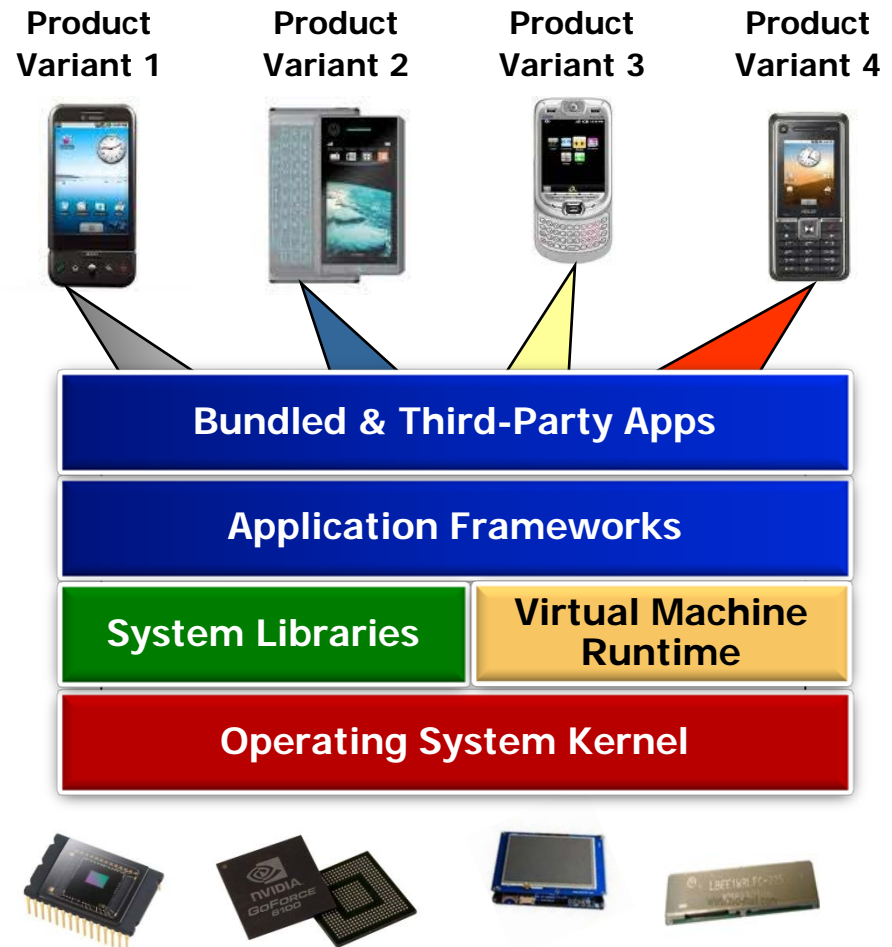
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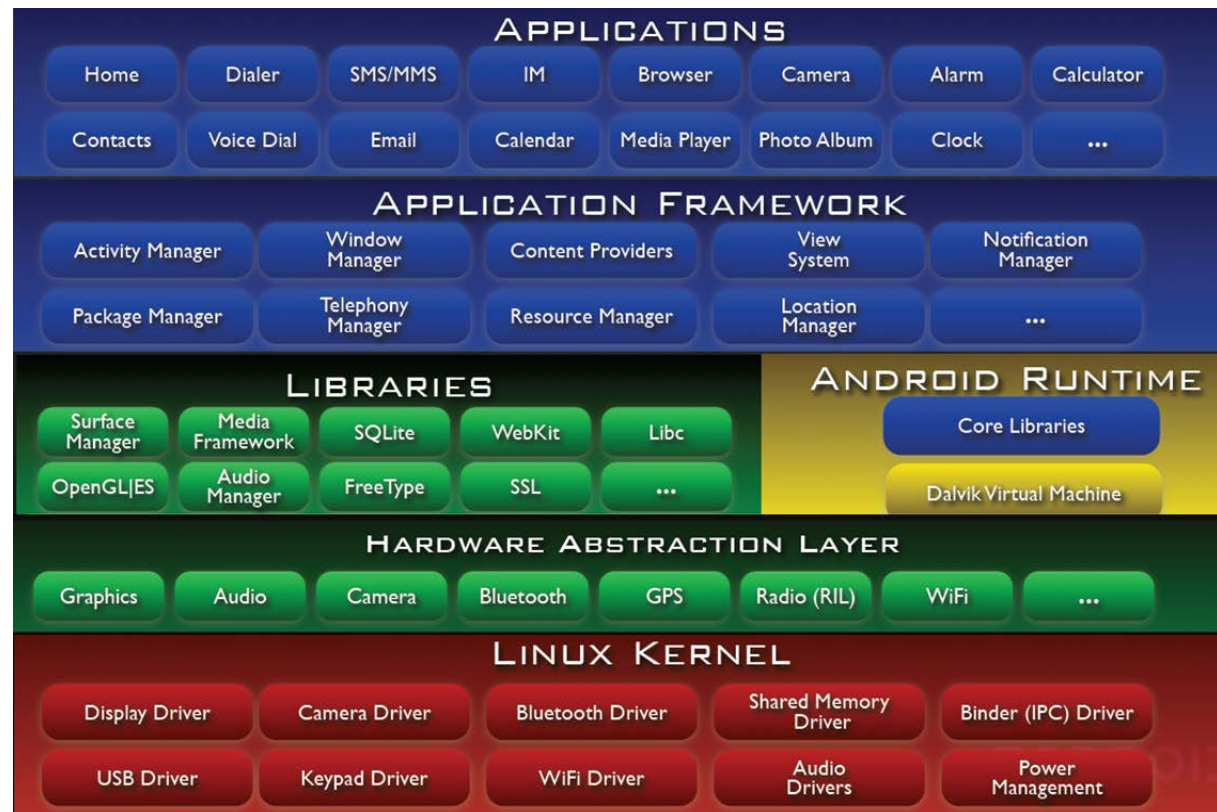
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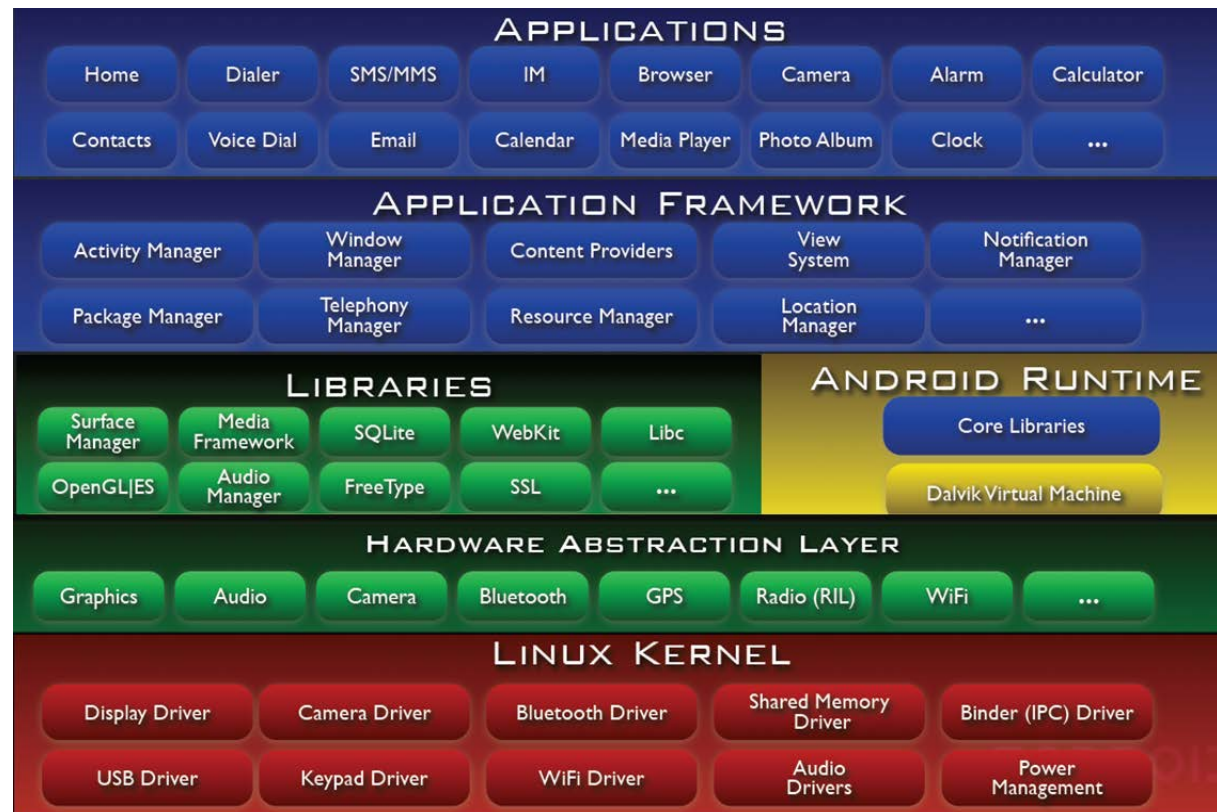
Applying SCV to Android

- **Scope** defines the domain & context of Android & its various frameworks & components
- e.g.,
- Resource-constrained mobile devices
 - e.g., limited power, memory, processors, network, & price points



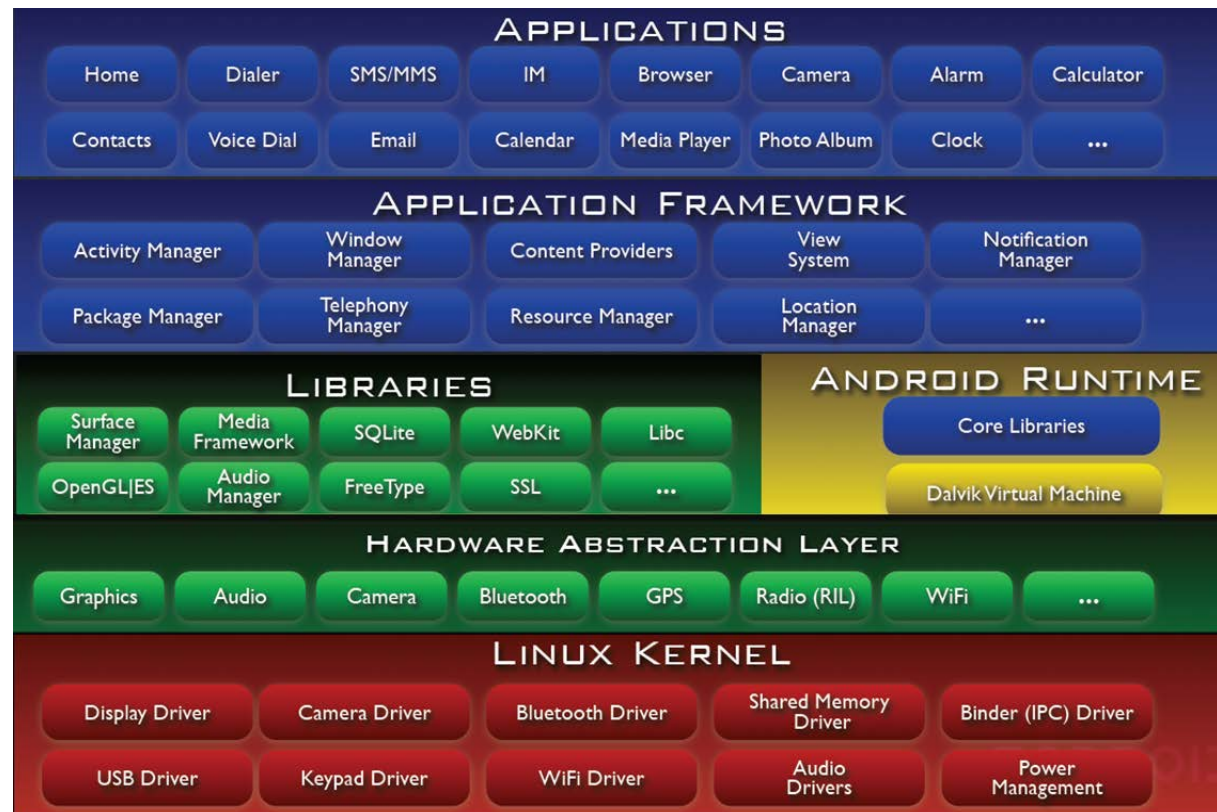
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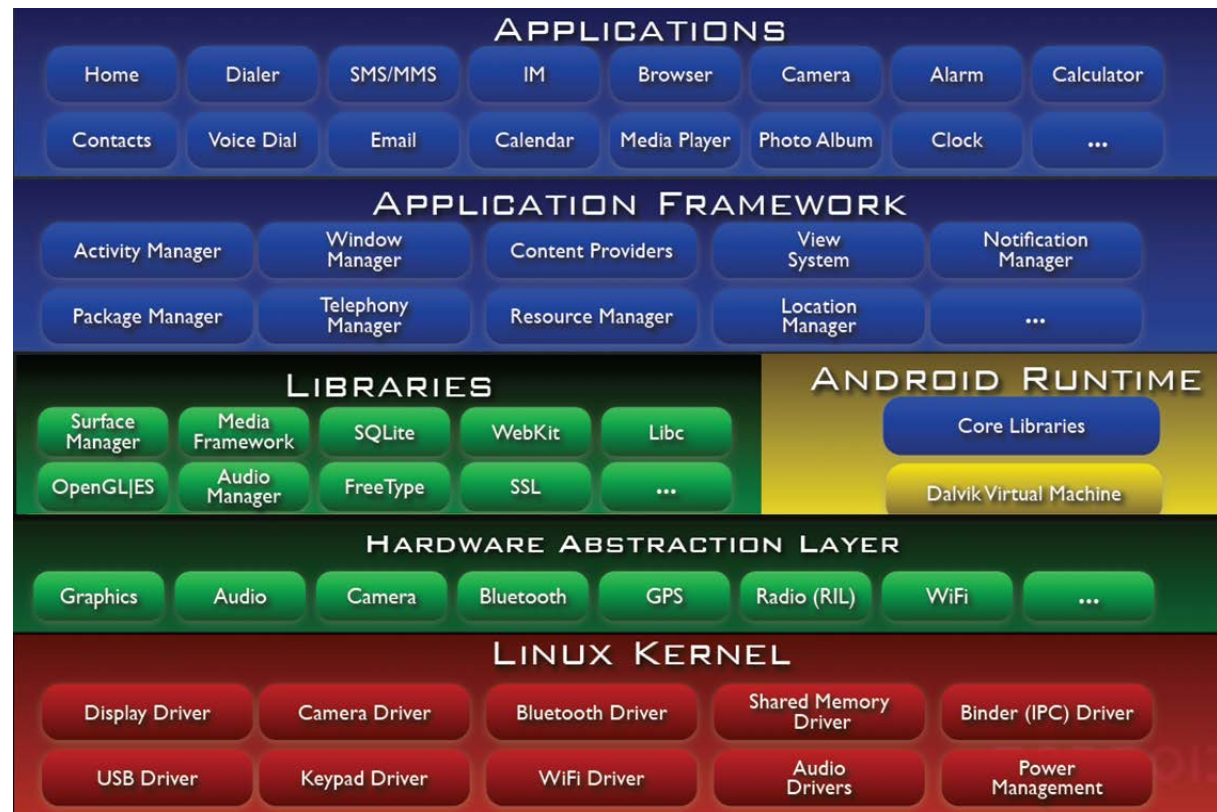
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 - Focus on installed-base of Java app developers

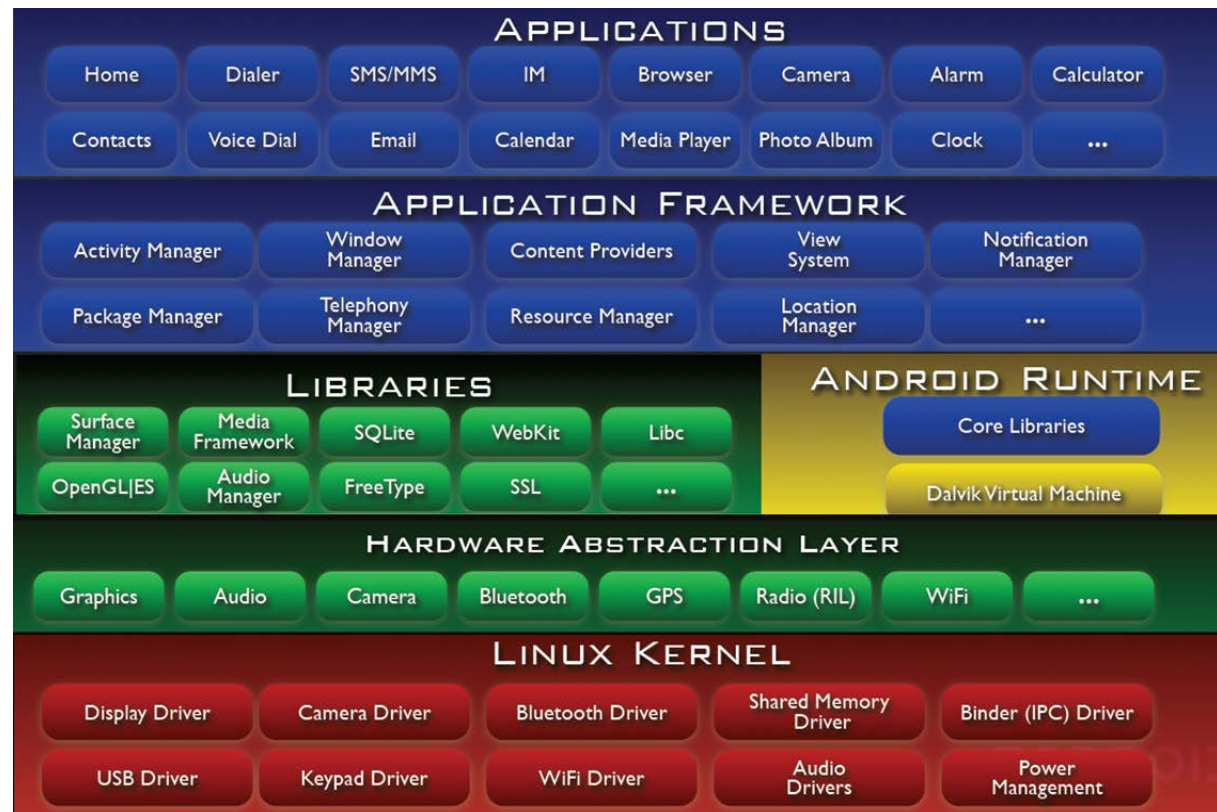


See developer.android.com for more info on Android



Applying SCV to Android

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- *Common framework components*
 - e.g., Activities, Services, Content Providers, & Broadcast Receivers



Applying SCV to Android

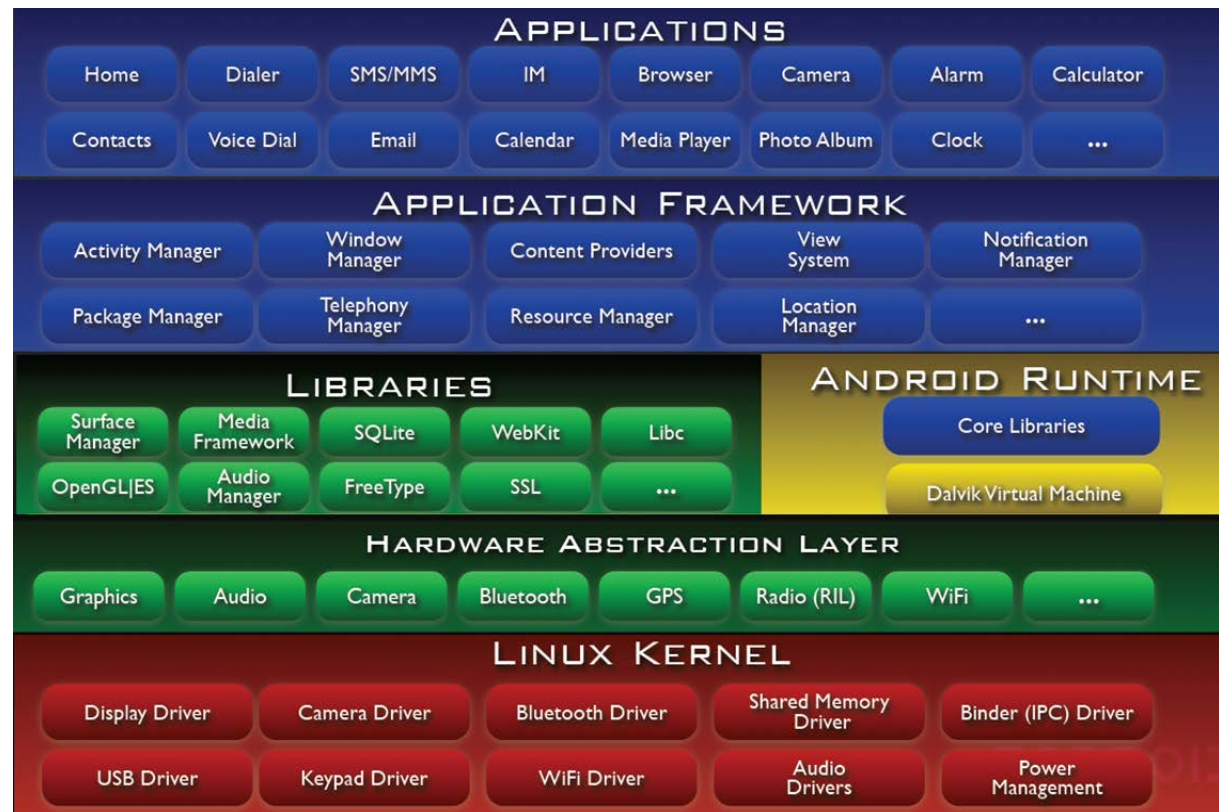
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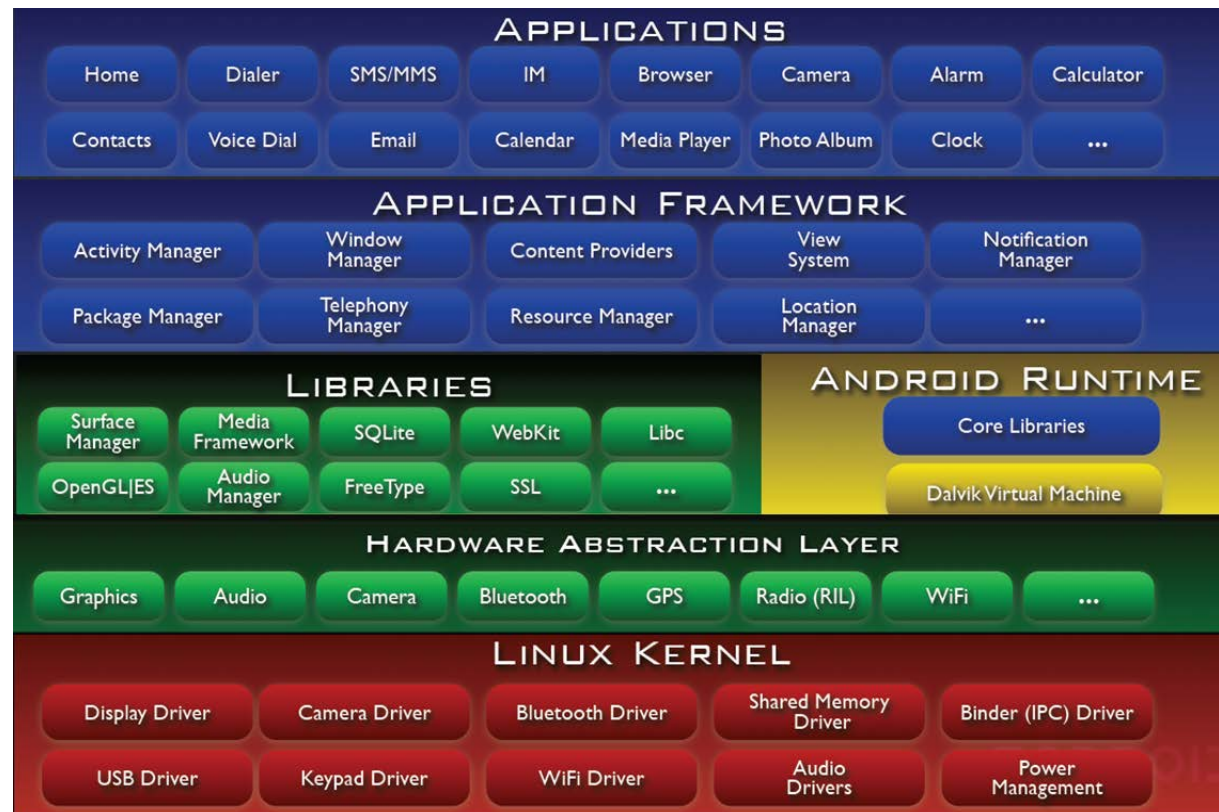
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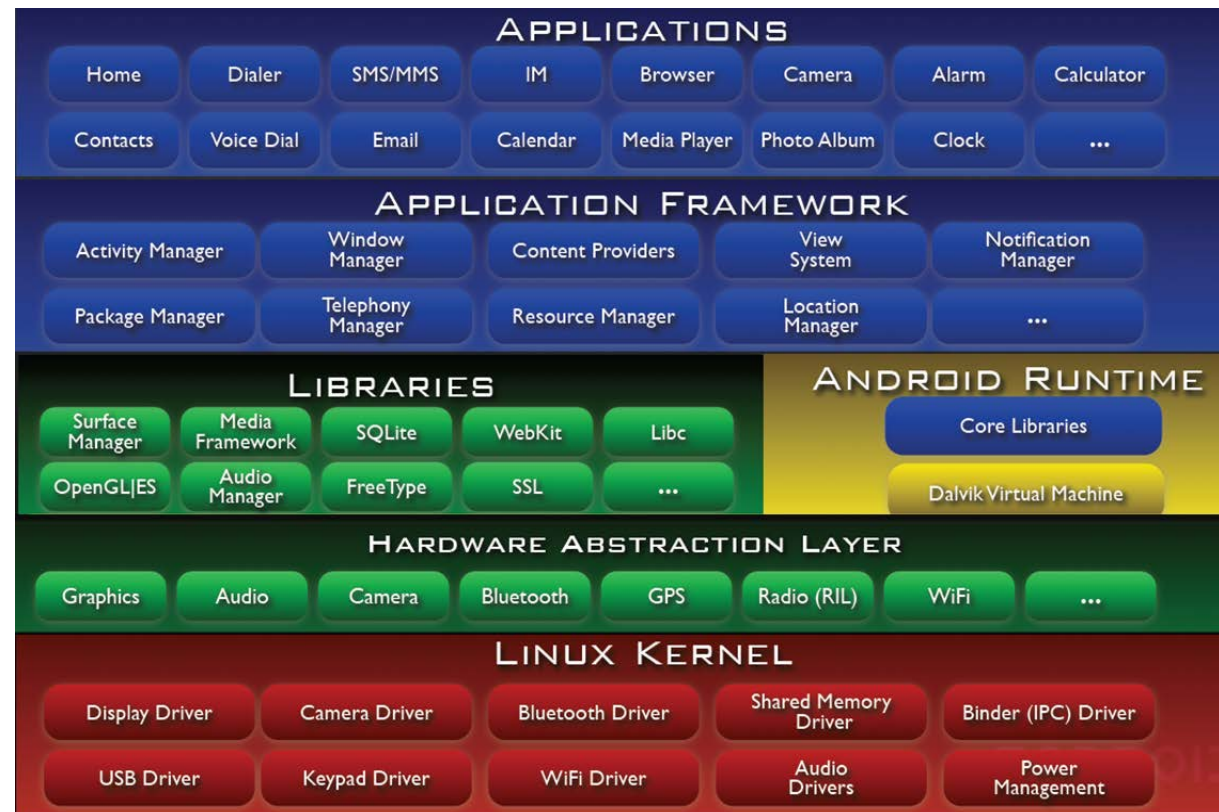
- *Common infrastructure*

- e.g., Intent framework, Binder, Webkit, Hardware Abstraction Layer, OS device driver frameworks etc.



Applying SCV to Android

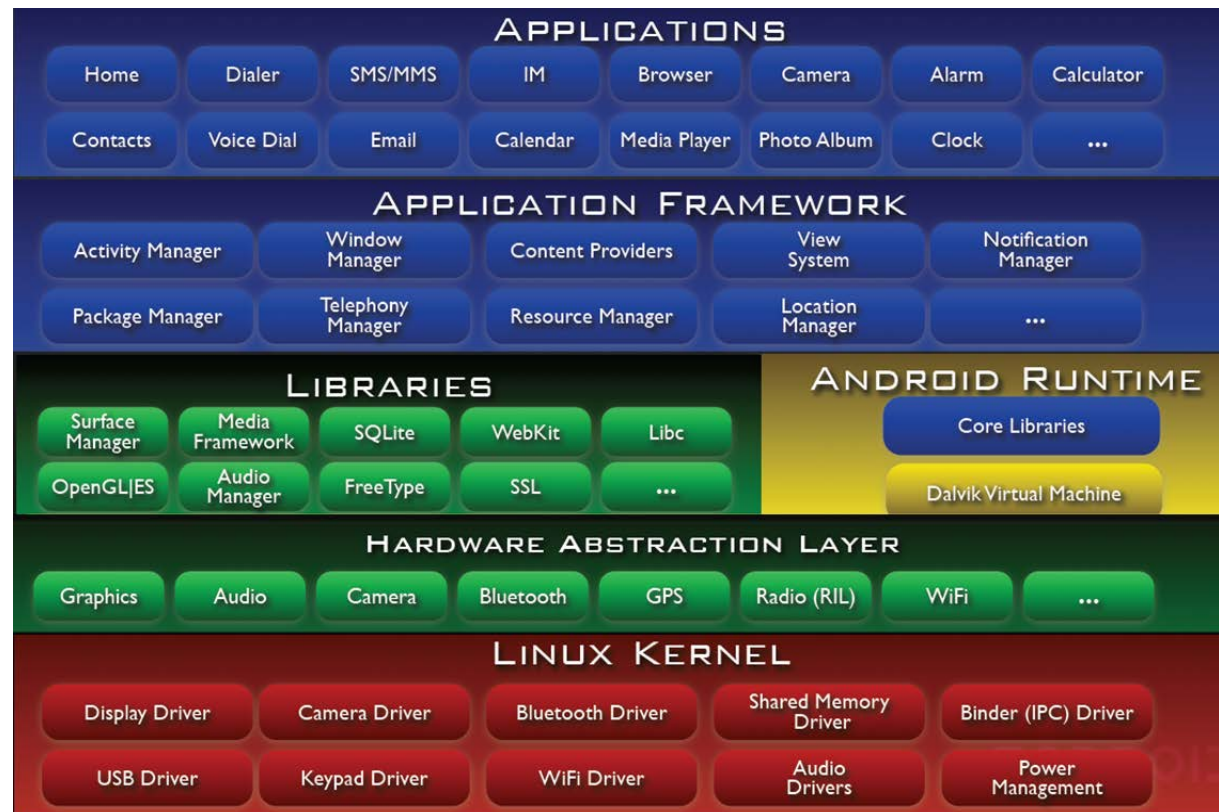
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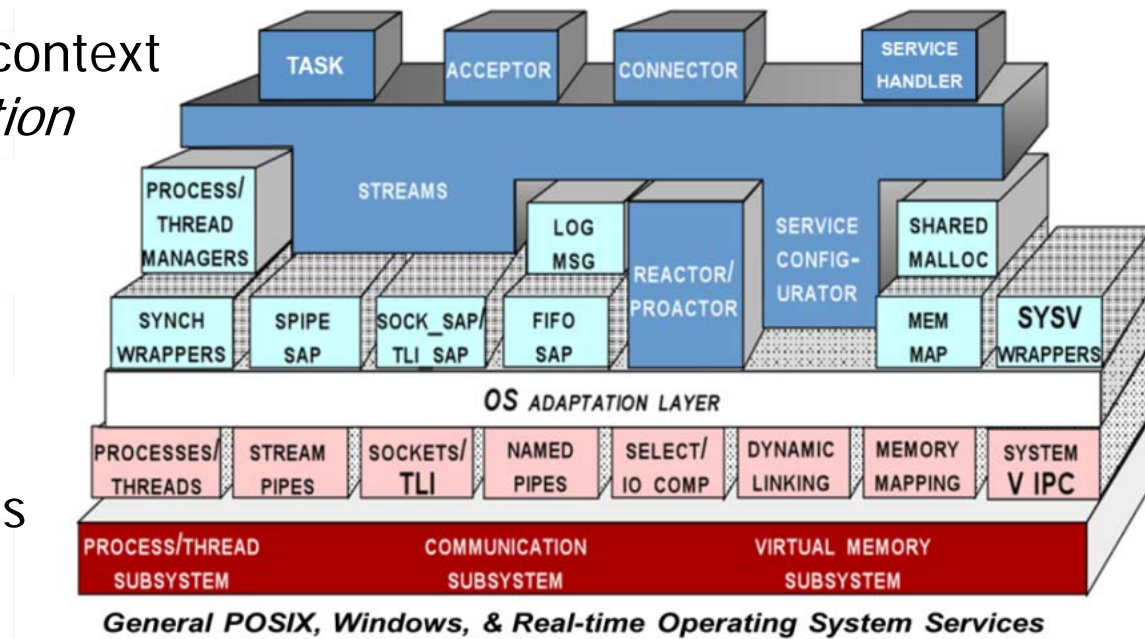
- *Product-dependent components*
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- *Product-dependent component assemblies*
 - e.g., different bundled apps, CDMA vs. GSM & different hardware, OS, & network/bus configurations, etc.



SCV can also be applied recursively for all the Android frameworks & layers

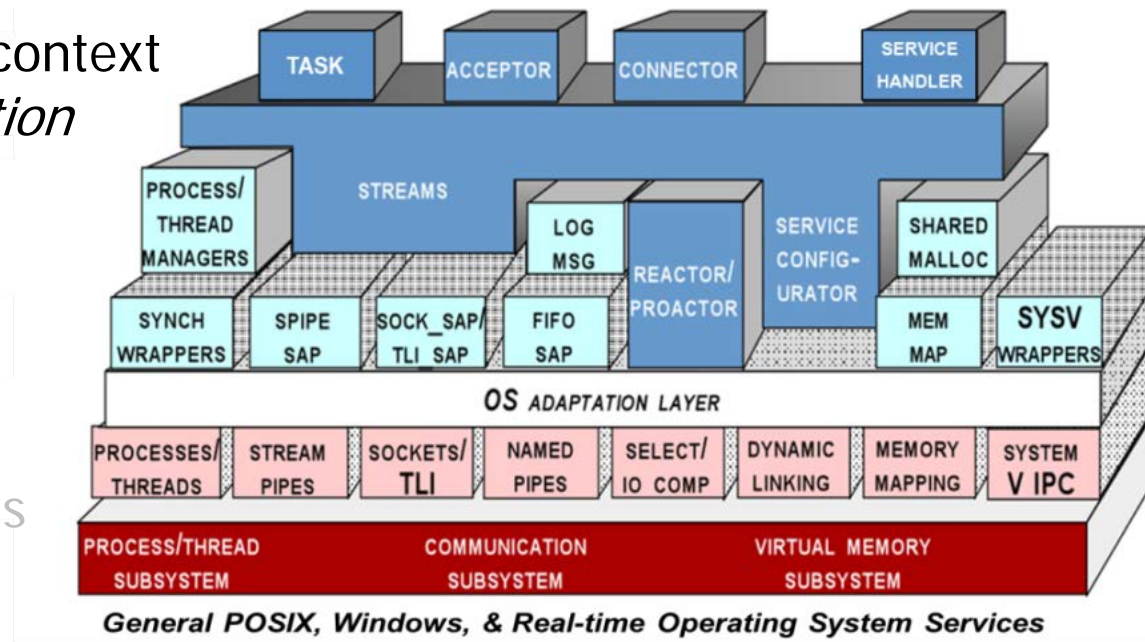
Applying SCV Analysis to ACE

- **Scope** defines the domain & context of the *ADAPTIVE Communication Environment* (ACE)
- e.g.,
 - Object-oriented host infrastructure middleware
 - *Encapsulates* many tedious & error-prone aspects of low-level OS APIs for concurrent & networked software
 - *Enhances* native OS mechanisms to create reusable C++ components



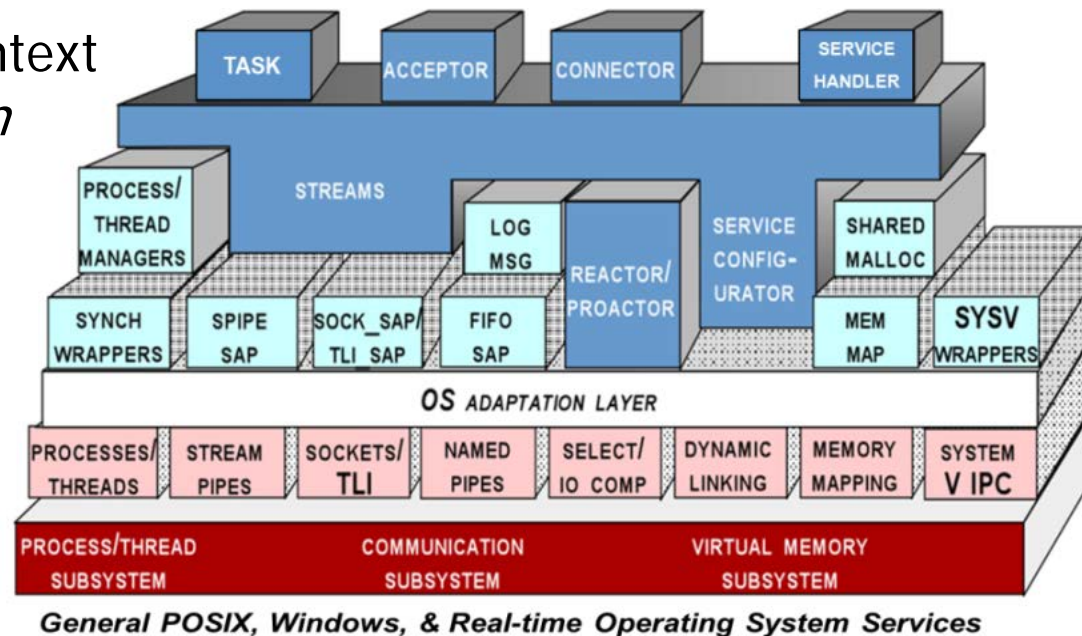
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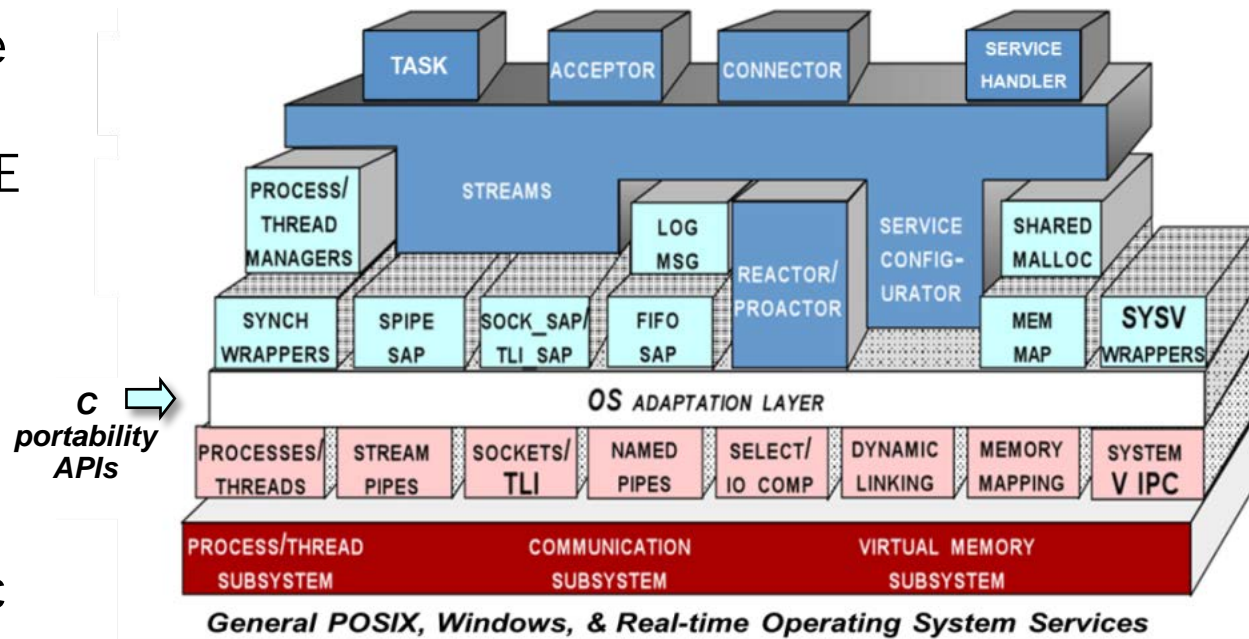
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 - Focused on C++ software developers, particularly those developing infrastructure software & distributed real-time & embedded (DRE) systems



Applying SCV Analysis to ACE

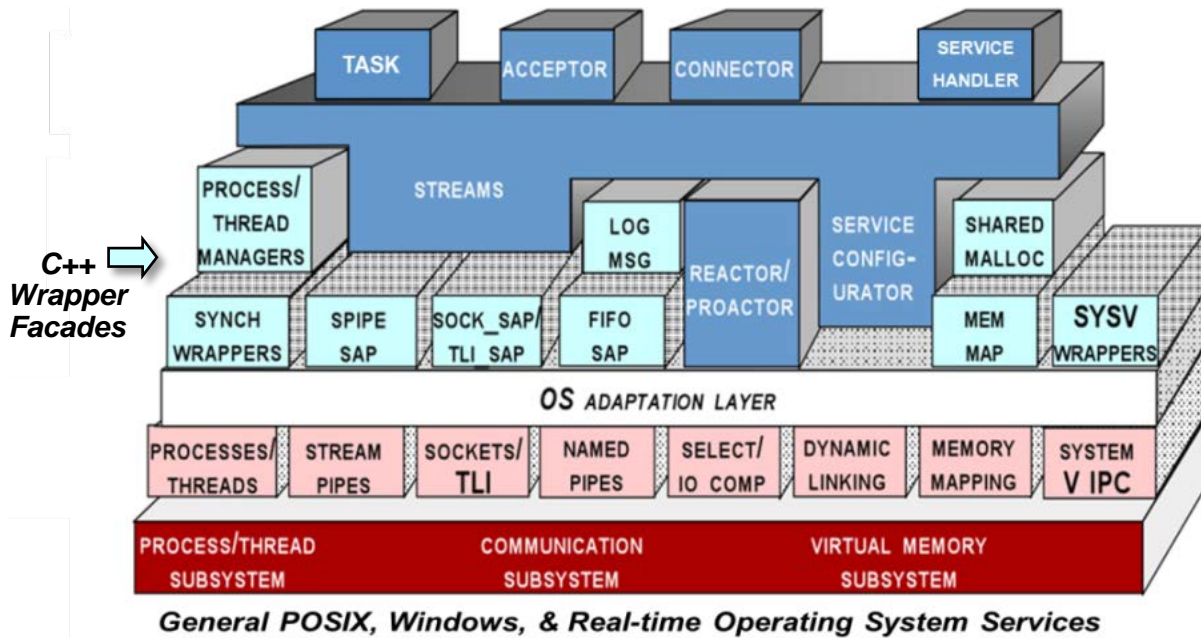
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- *C++ wrapper facades*
 - Provides type-safe C++ interfaces that encapsulate native OS concurrency, communication, memory management, event demultiplexing, dynamic linking, & file system APIs

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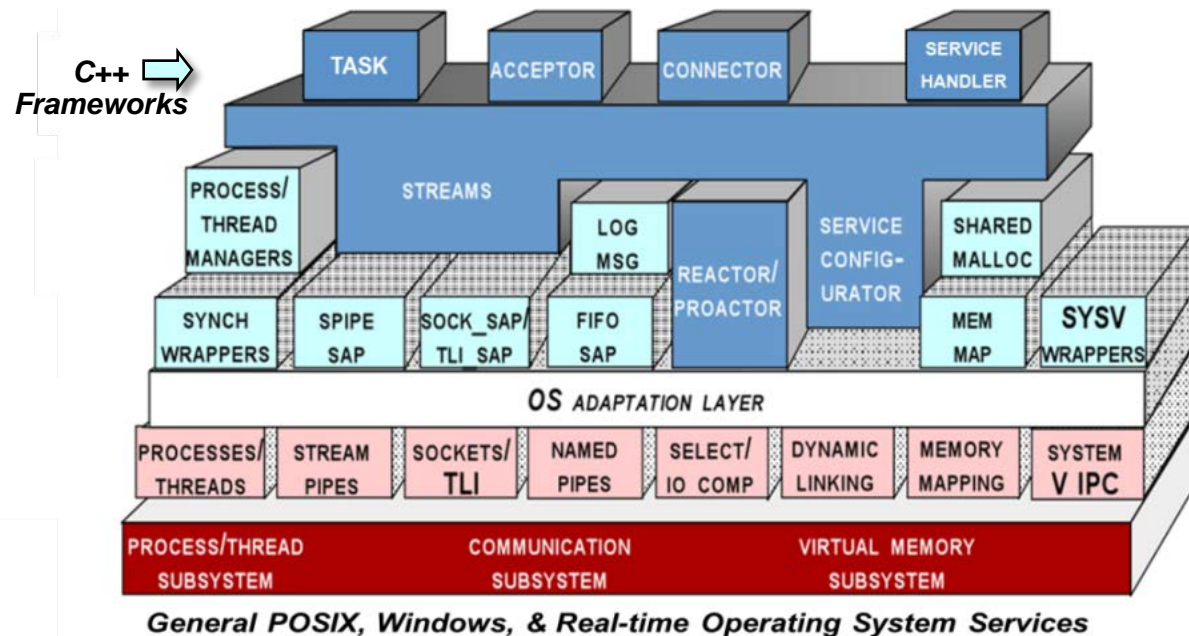
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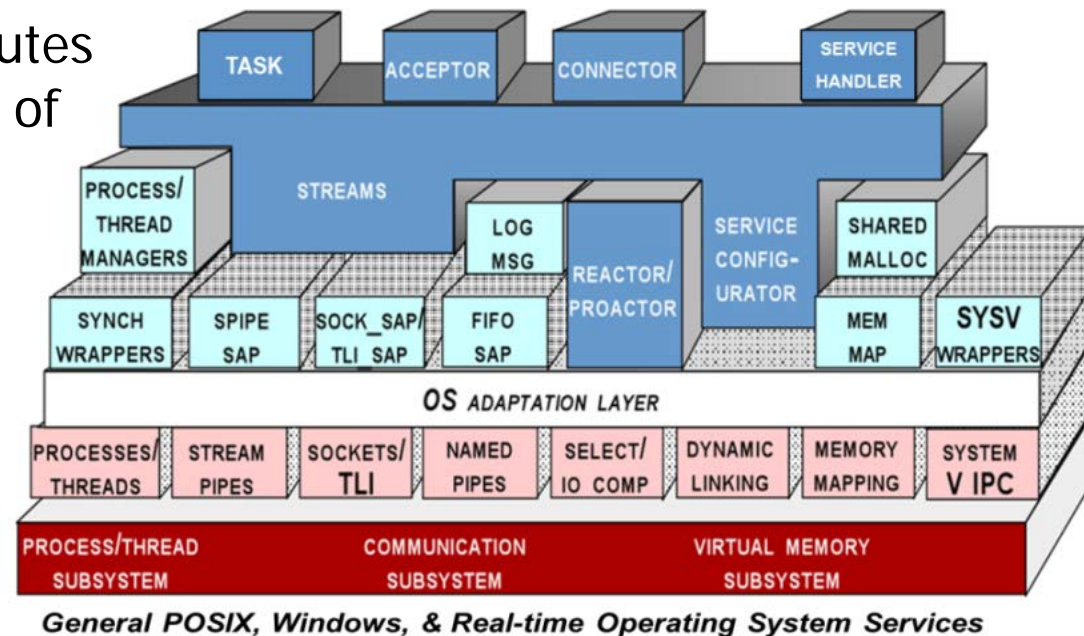
- *C++ frameworks*

- e.g., Sync/async event handling, connection setup & service initialization, dynamic configuration, concurrency, & layered service composition



Applying SCV Analysis to ACE

- **Variabilities** describe the attributes unique to different instantiations of ACE
 - *Product- & domain-dependent components*
 - e.g., different internal implementations depending on the underlying OS



Applying SCV Analysis to ACE

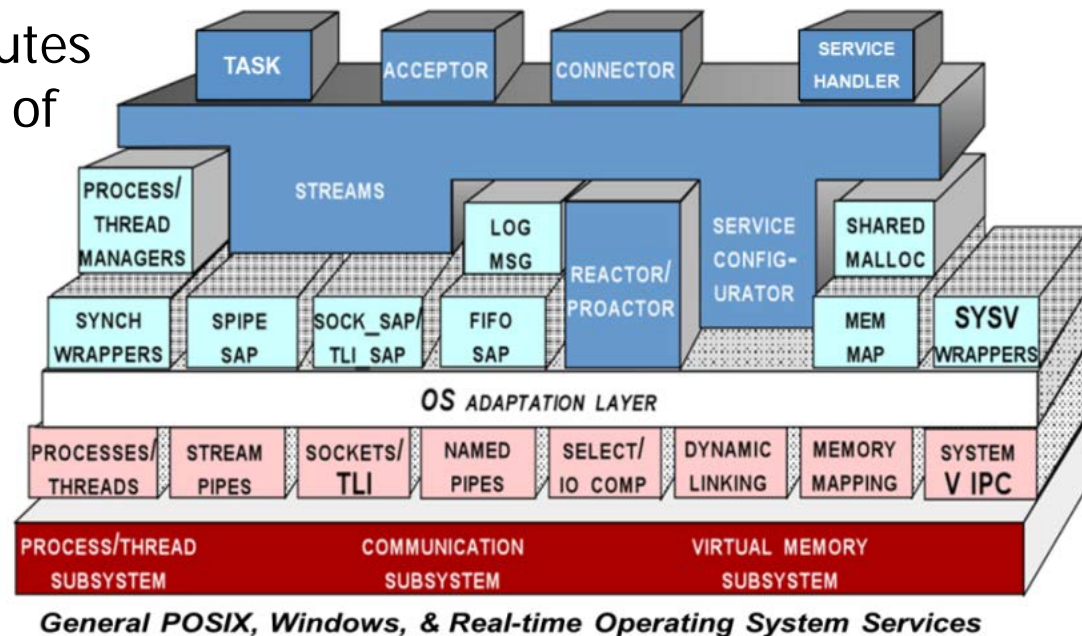
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- *Product-dependent component assemblies*

- e.g., different subsets of ACE components depending on constraints of the operating environment & user domain requirements



SCV can also be applied recursively for all the ACE frameworks & layers

Summary

- *Scope, Commonality, & Variability* (SCV) analysis is an advanced systematic reuse technique
- It helps developers alleviate problems associated with maintaining many versions of the same product that have large amounts of similar software created to satisfy new & diverse requirements



Summary

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- It helps developers alleviate problems associated with maintaining many versions of the same product that have large amounts of similar software created to satisfy new & diverse requirements
- The frameworks in Android & ACE form software product-lines that enable systematic software reuse across a wide range of apps & infrastructure platforms

