Android Concurrency: Overview of Android Handler



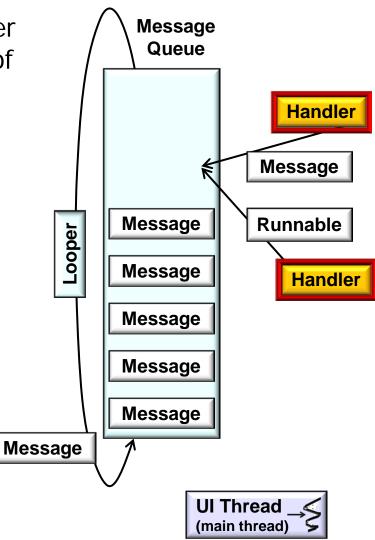
Douglas C. Schmidt <u>d.schmidt@vanderbilt.edu</u> www.dre.vanderbilt.edu/~schmidt

> Institute for Software Integrated Systems Vanderbilt University Nashville, Tennessee, USA



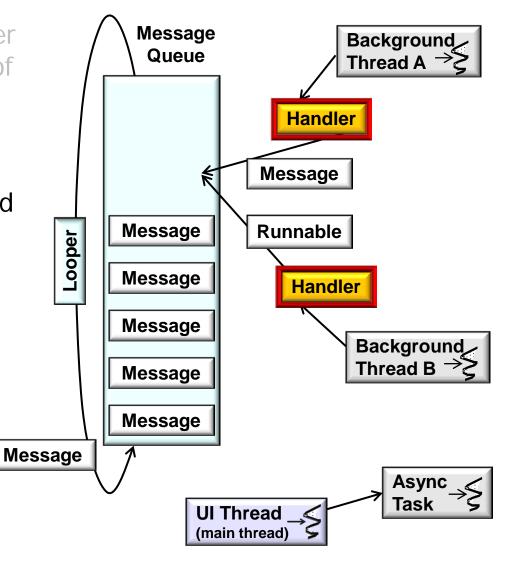
Learning Objectives in this Part of the Module

 Understand how an Android Handler enables the sending & processing of Message & Runnable objects in the MessageQueue associated with a Thread's Looper

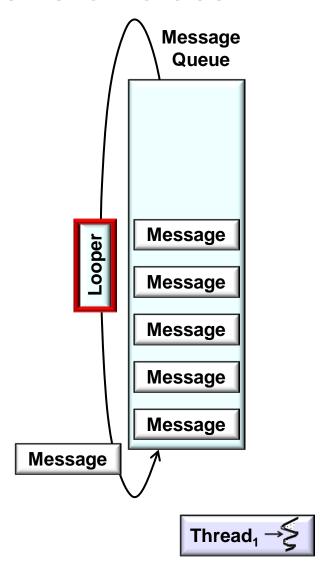


Learning Objectives in this Part of the Module

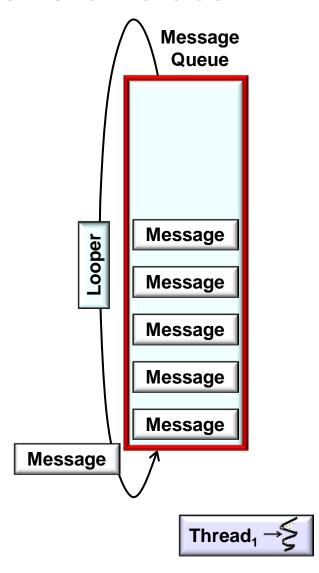
- Understand how an Android Handler enables the sending & processing of Message & Runnable objects in the MessageQueue associated with a Thread's Looper
- Recognize how Handlers are applied in Android applications & concurrency frameworks



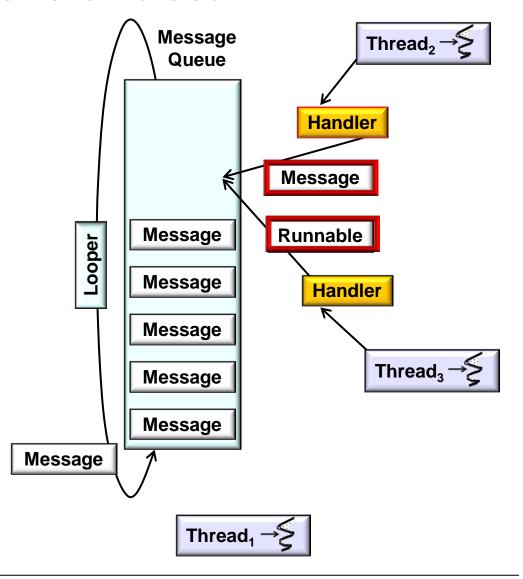
• A Looper has a MessageQueue



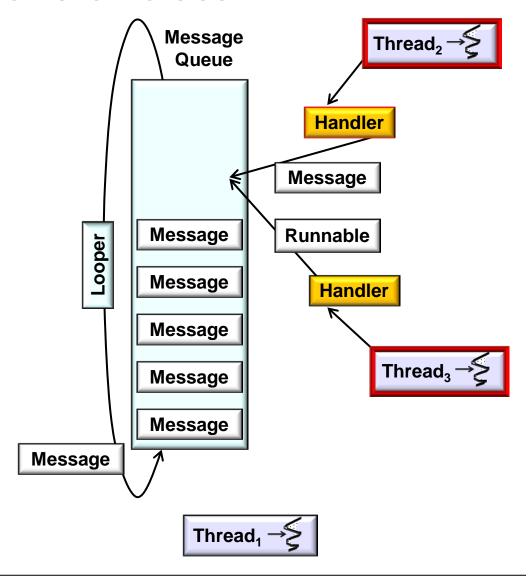
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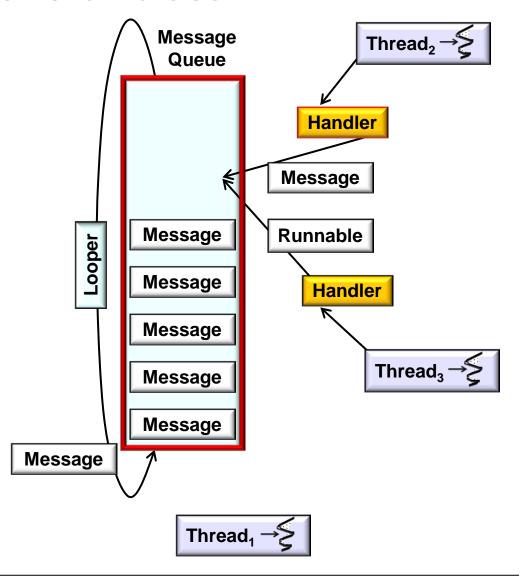


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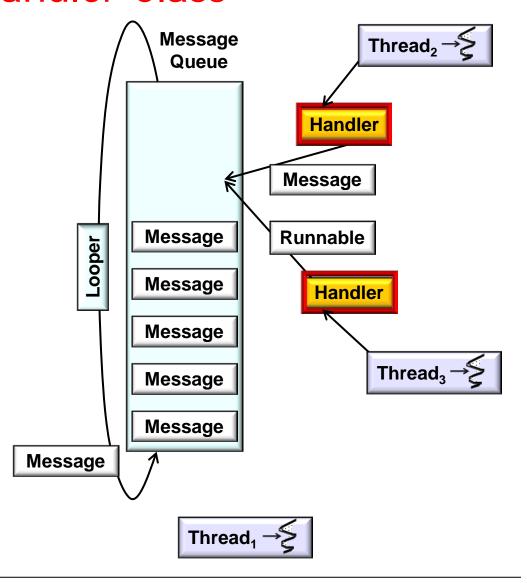


See previous part on "Android Looper"

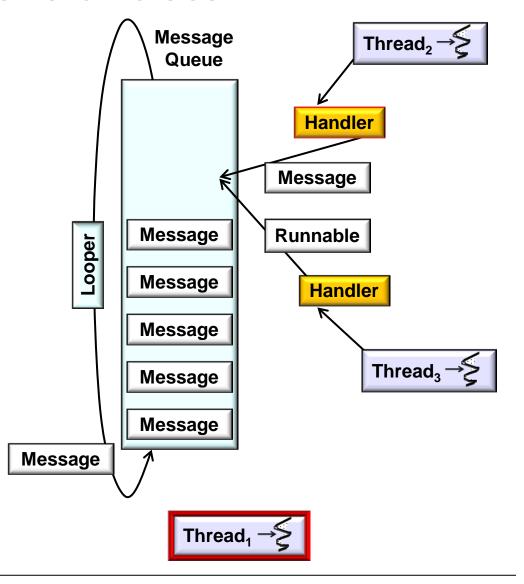
- A Looper has a MessageQueue
 - The actual management of the MessageQueue is done by instances of Handlers

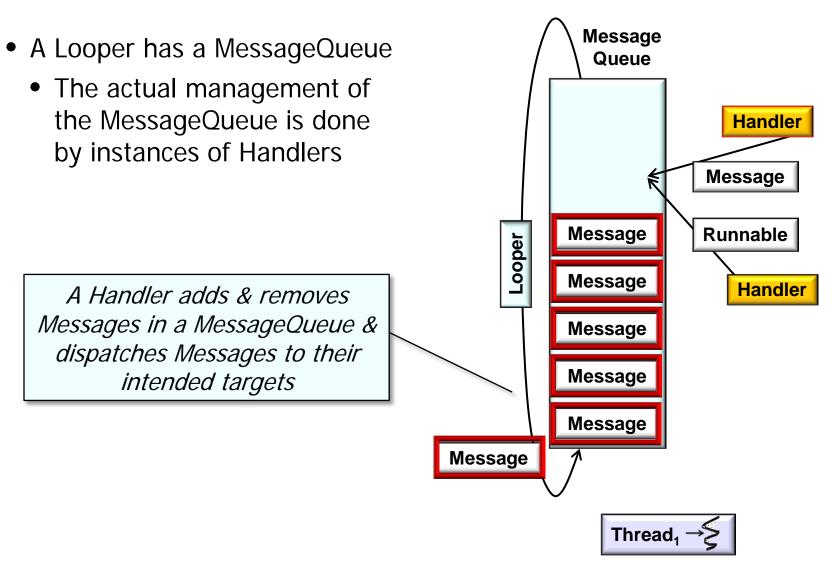


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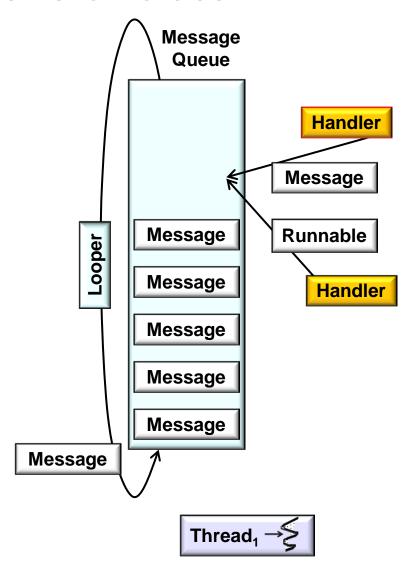
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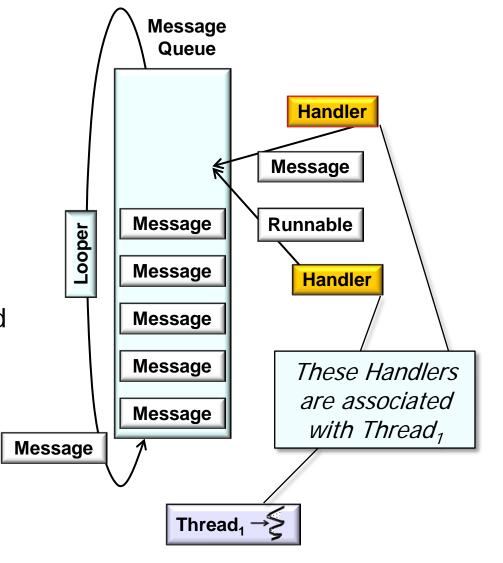


developer.android.com/reference/android/os/Handler.html has more info

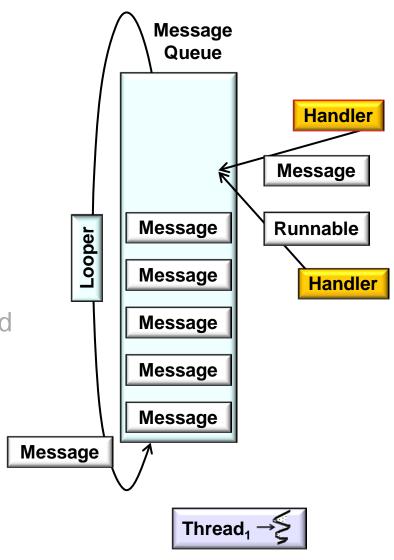
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 - A Handler is associated with a particular Looper



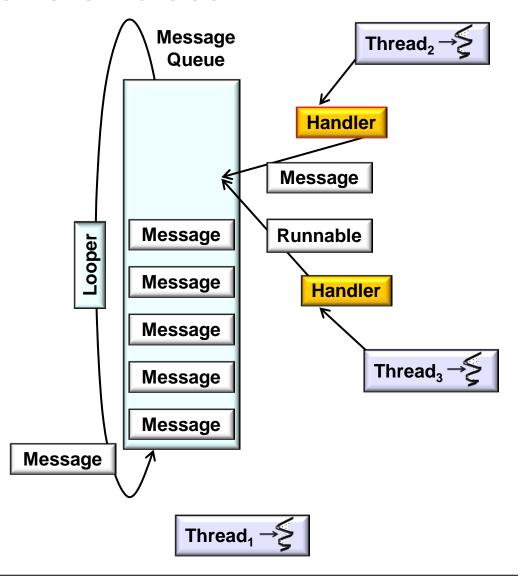
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 - Defaults to the Looper in which the current Thread in which the Handler was created

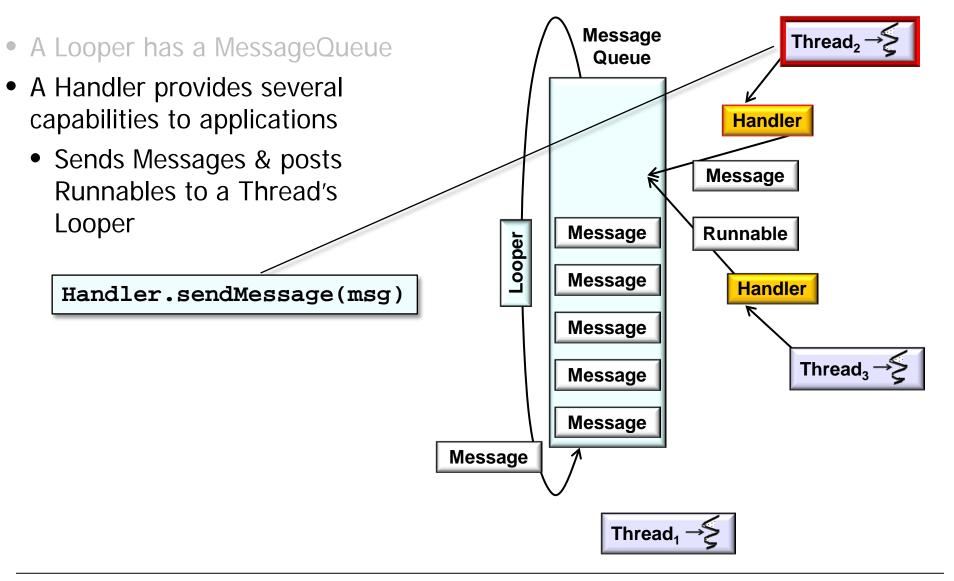


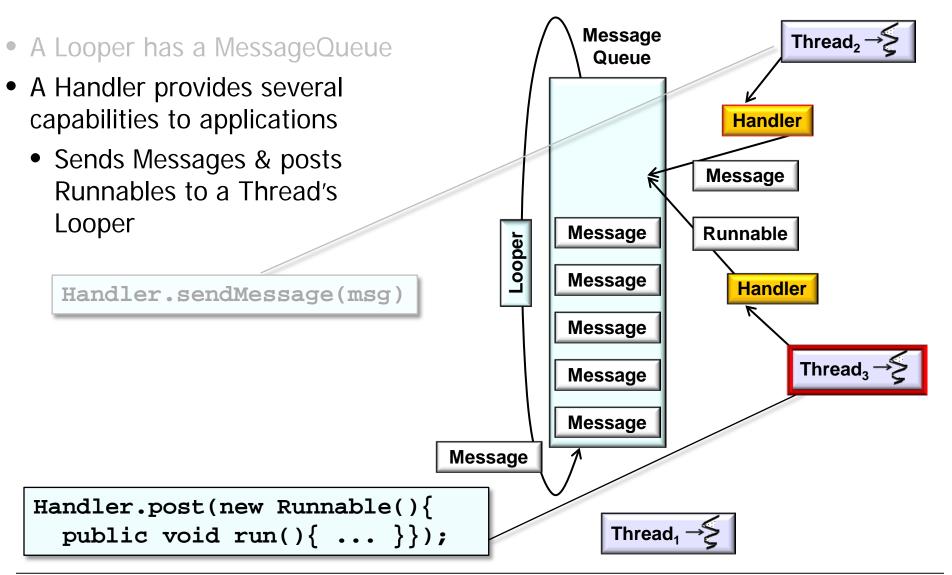
- A Looper has a MessageQueue
 - The actual management of the MessageQueue is done by instances of Handlers
 - A Handler is associated with a particular Looper
 - Defaults to the Looper in which the current Thread in which the Handler was created
 - A different Looper can be passed as a parameter to the constructor



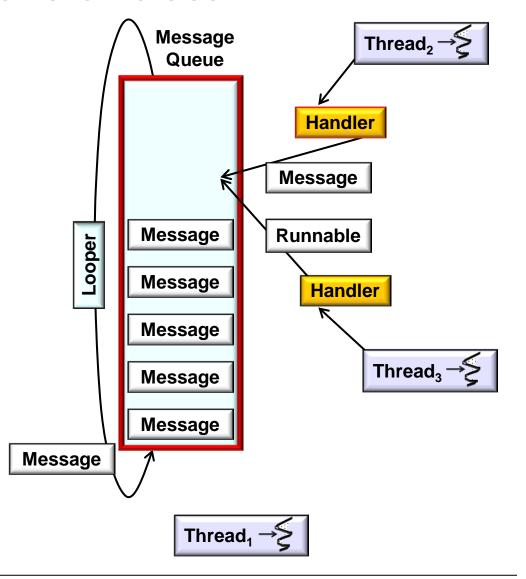
- A Looper has a MessageQueue
- A Handler provides several capabilities to applications

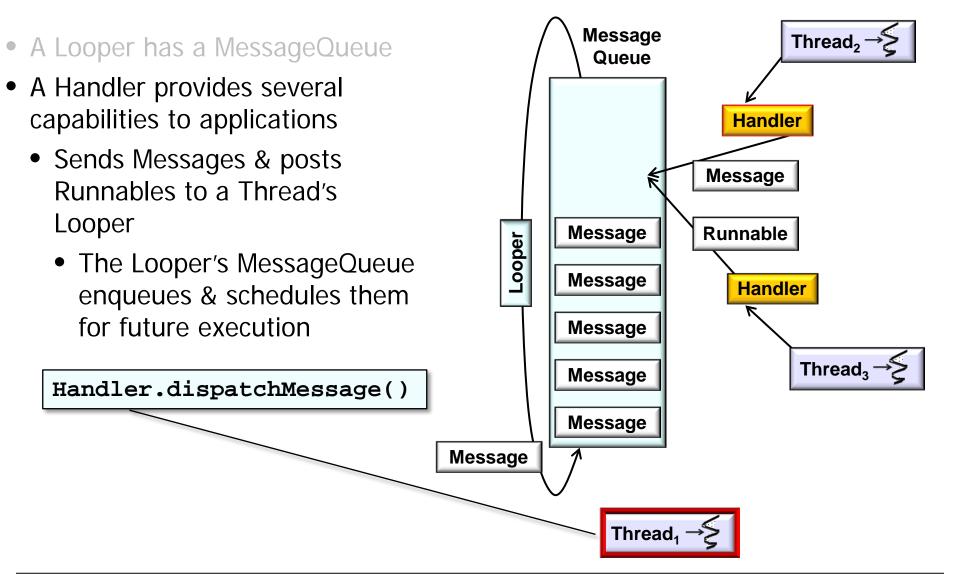




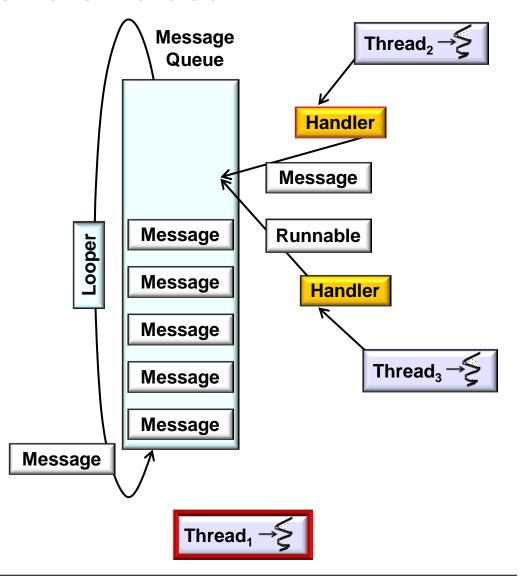


- A Looper has a MessageQueue
- A Handler provides several capabilities to applications
 - Sends Messages & posts Runnables to a Thread's Looper
 - The Looper's MessageQueue enqueues & schedules them for future execution

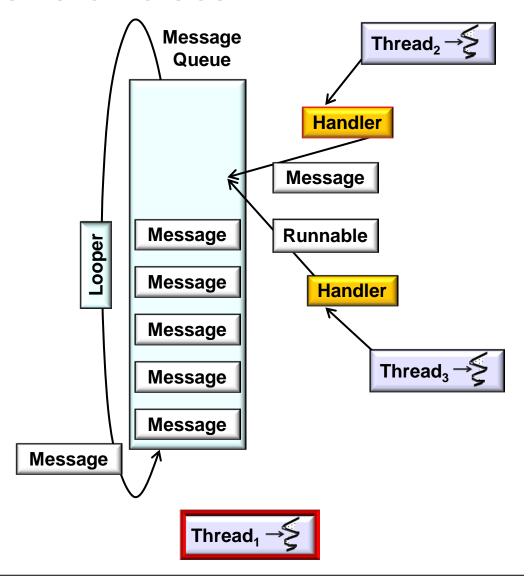


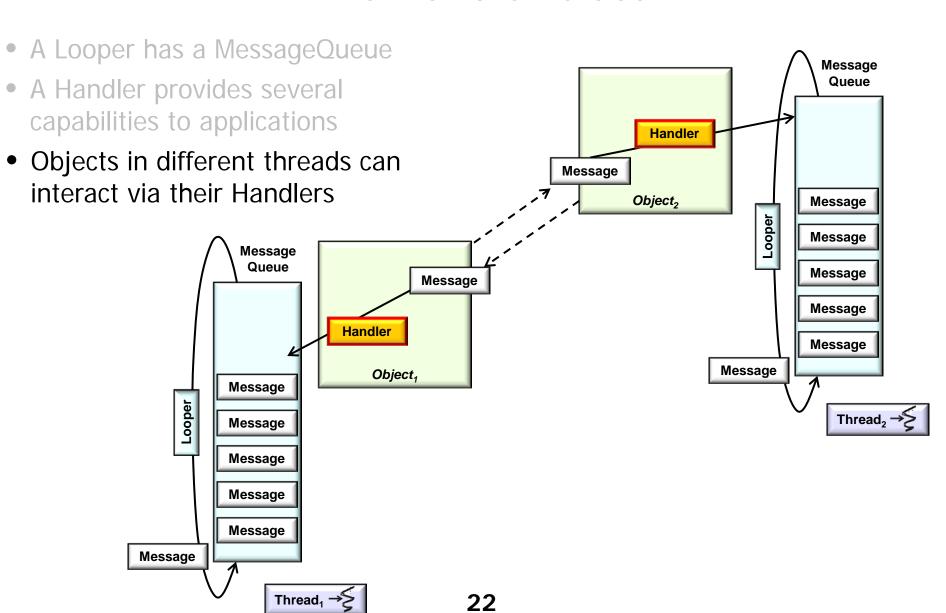


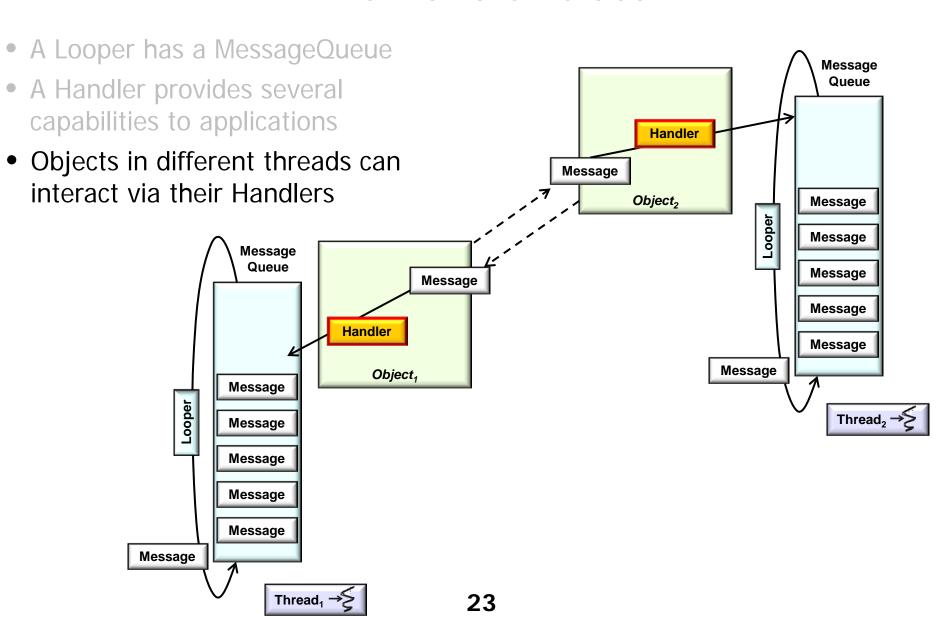
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 - Collaborates with Looper to serialize the processing of Messages in a Thread

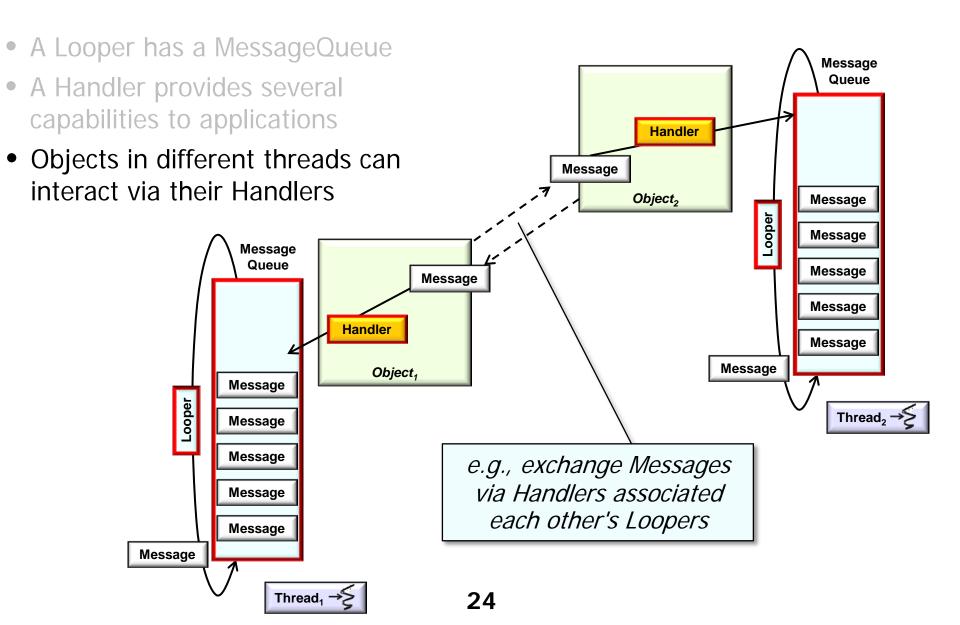


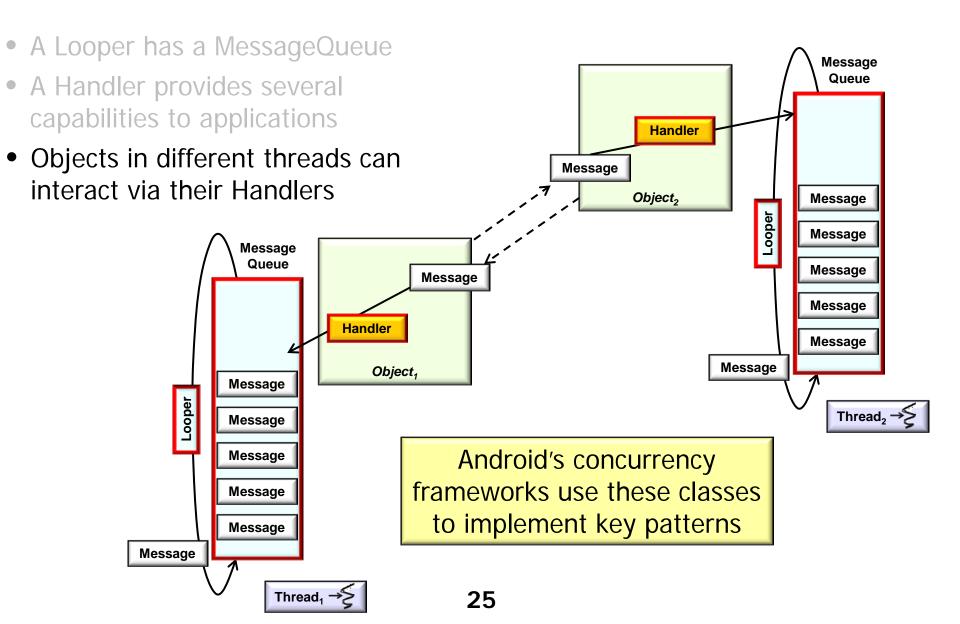
- A Looper has a MessageQueue
- A Handler provides several capabilities to applications
 - Sends Messages & posts Runnables to a Thread's Looper
 - Collaborates with Looper to serialize the processing of Messages in a Thread
 - Can simplify concurrency control if design rules are followed











 The Handler class has over two dozen methods

Handler

extends Object

Methods | [Expand All]

Added in API level 1

java.lang.Object

Landroid.os.Handler

► Known Direct Subclasses
AsyncQueryHandler, AsyncQueryHandler, WorkerHandler, HttpAuthHandler,
SslErrorHandler

Class Overview

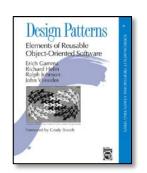
A Handler allows you to send and process Message and Runnable objects associated with a thread's MessageQueue. Each Handler instance is associated with a single thread and that thread's message queue. When you create a new Handler, it is bound to the thread / message queue of the thread that is creating it – from that point on, it will deliver messages and runnables to that message queue and execute them as they come out of the message queue.

There are two main uses for a Handler: (1) to schedule messages and runnables to be executed as some point in the future; and (2) to enqueue an action to be performed on a different thread than your own.

- The Handler class has over two dozen methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories



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 - Posting/removing Runnables

boolean post(Runnable r)

 Add Runnable to MessageQueue & run when MessageQueue is ready

void removeCallbacks(Runnable r)

 Remove any pending posts of Runnable r that are in the MessageQueue

- The Handler class has over two dozen methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Insert/delete a Runnable into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler

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 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Insert/delete a Runnable into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler
 - The Handler & its Threadspecific Looper dequeue each Runnable & dispatch it's run() hook method

boolean post(Runnable r)

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 Remove any pending posts of Runnable r that are in the MessageQueue

- The Handler class has over two dozen methods
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 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages

boolean sendMessage(Message msg)

Puts msg at end of queue immediately

void removeMessages(int what)

 Remove any pending posts of Messages with code 'what' that are in the MessageQueue

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 - Insert/delete a Message into/from MessageQueue associated with the Handler
 - A Message contains a bundle of data processed by the Handler's handleMessage() hook method

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 Remove any pending posts of Messages with code 'what' that are in the MessageQueue

- The Handler class has over two dozen methods
- These methods can be grouped into four main categories
 - Posting/removing Runnables
 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Obtaining Messages

Message obtainMessage()

 Returns a new Message from the global message pool

 Same as obtainMessage(), except that it also sets the what member of the returned Message

```
Message obtainMessage
     (int what, int arg1,
        int arg2, Object obj)
```

 Same as obtainMessage(), except that it also sets the what, obj, arg1,and arg2 values on the returned Message

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 - Obtaining Messages
 - Factories that create Messages passed to sendMessage()

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Message obtainMessage (int what)

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 - Sending/removing Messages
 - Obtaining Messages
 - Dispatching/handling Messages

void dispatchMessage(Message msg)

 Invoke the appropriate callback (e.g., run() or handleMessage()) based on the type of the Message

void handleMessage(Message msg)

 Subclasses must implement this method to receive messages

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 - handleMessage() runs in the context of the Handler Thread

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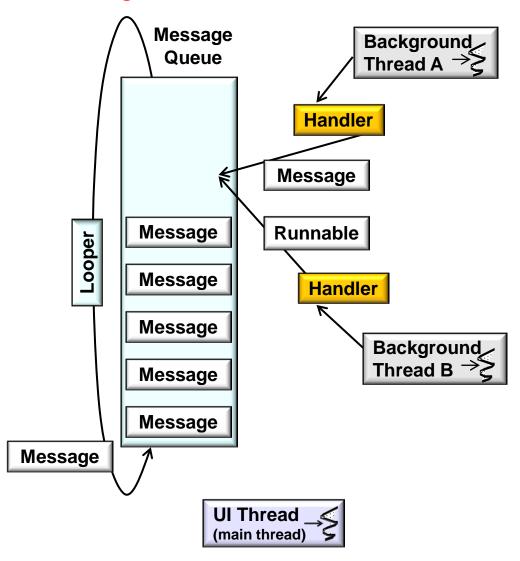
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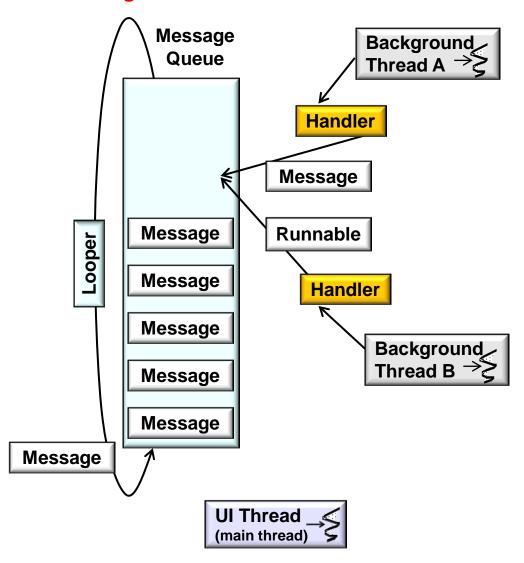
The next two parts of the module cover these Handler methods in more detail



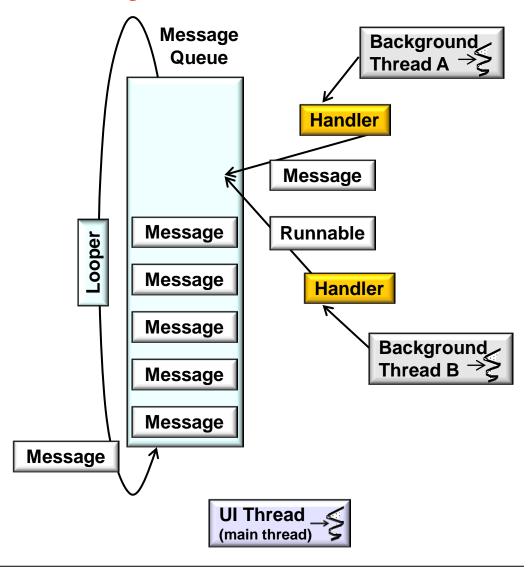
 UI & background threads often need to communicate



- UI & background threads often need to communicate, e.g.
 - To perform their operations concurrently

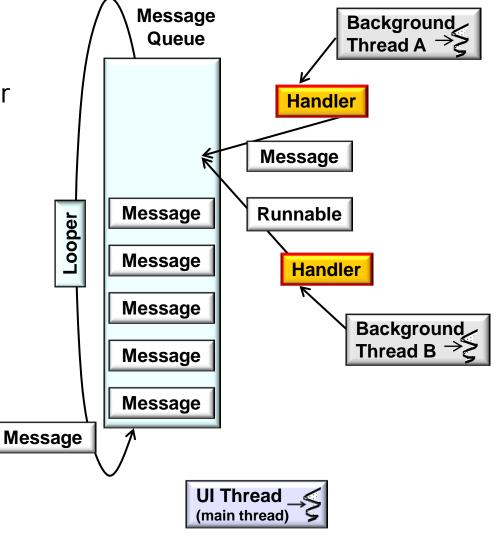


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 - To perform their operations concurrently
 - To coordinate their behavior

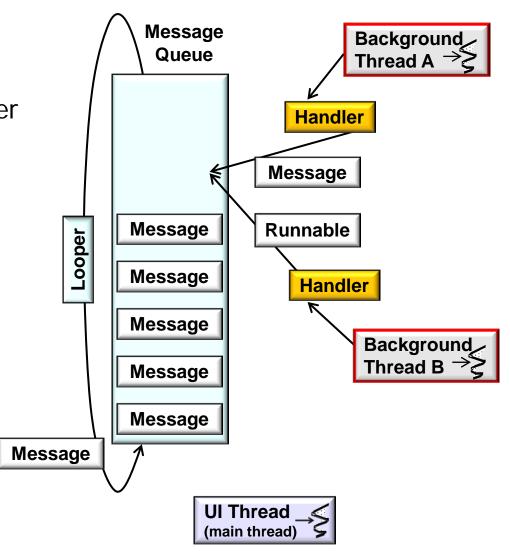


- UI & background threads often need to communicate
- HaMeR framework provides Handler class to support this use case

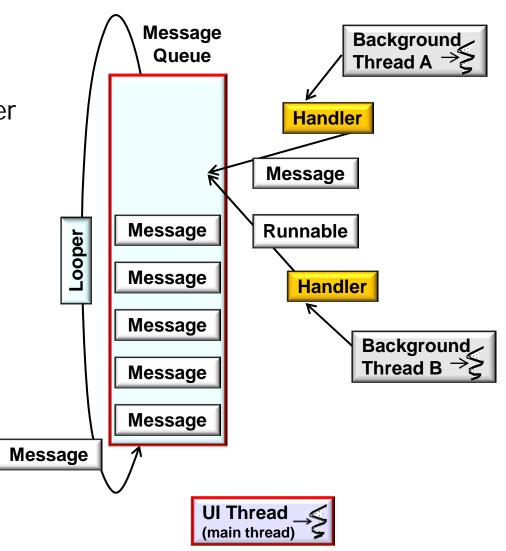




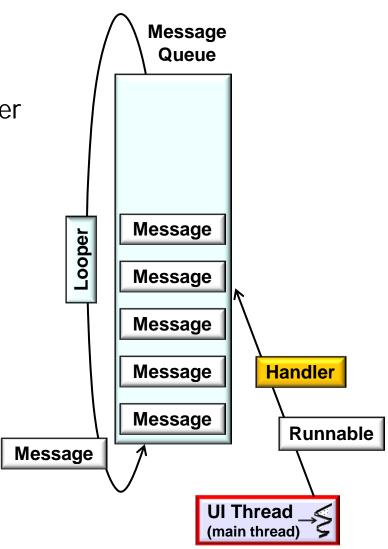
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- HaMeR framework provides Handler class to support this use case
 - A Handler allows background Threads to send Messages or post Runnables to the UI Thread's MessageQueue
 - It can also allow a Thread to send/post to itself



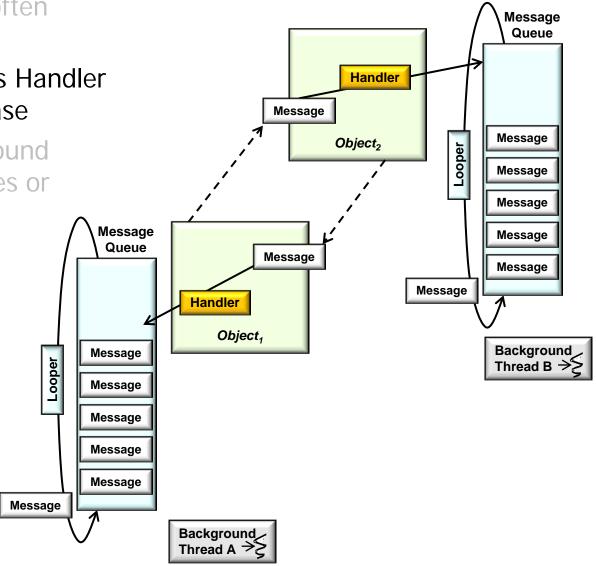
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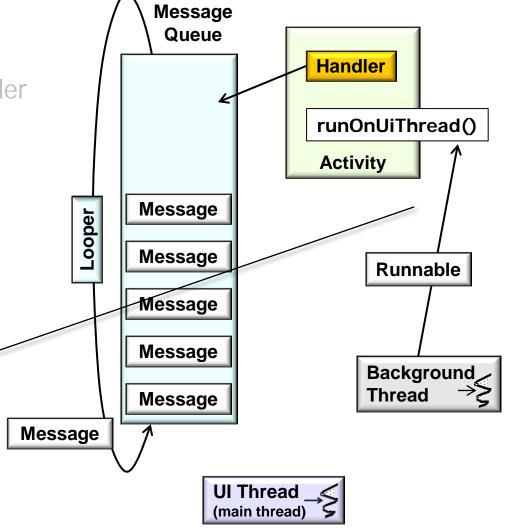
A Handler allows background Threads to send Messages or post Runnables to the UI Thread's MessageQueue

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 Background Threads can interact via Handlers

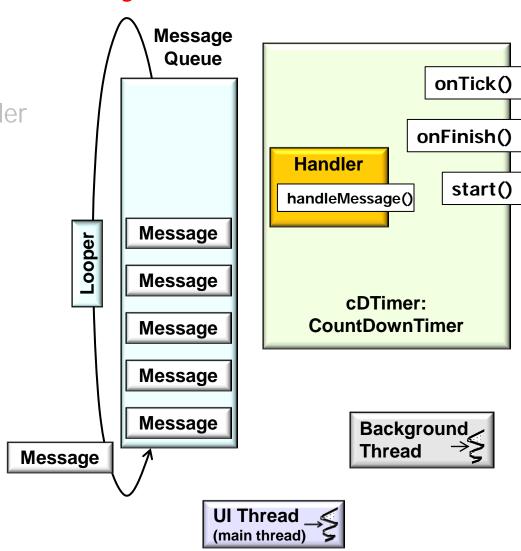


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- post() methods used when senders know what operations to perform



See upcoming part on "Posting & Processing Runnables with Android Handler"

- UI & background threads often need to communicate
- HaMeR framework provides Handler class to support this use case
- post() methods used when senders know what operations to perform
- sendMethod() methods used when receivers know what operations to perform



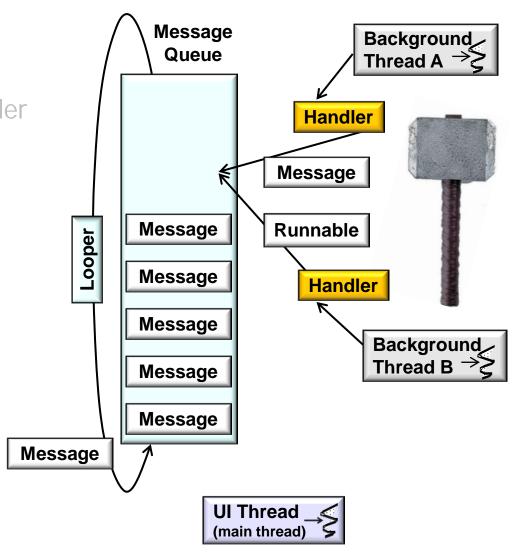
See upcoming part on "Sending & Handling Messages with Android Handler"

- UI & background threads often need to communicate
- HaMeR framework provides Handler class to support this use case
- post() methods used when senders know what operations to perform
- sendMethod() methods used when receivers know what operations to perform
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks



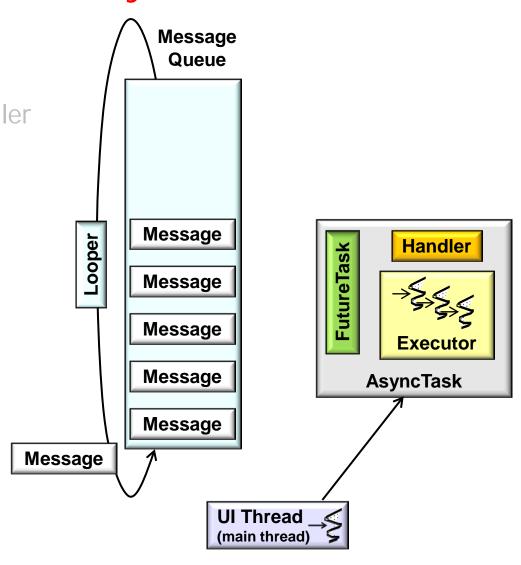


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 - HaMeR framework



Next two parts focus on the HaMeR framework's use of Handlers et al

- UI & background threads often need to communicate
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- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks, e.g.
 - HaMeR framework
 - AsyncTask framework



- UI & background threads often need to communicate
- HaMeR framework provides Handler class to support this use case
- post() methods used when senders know what operations to perform
- sendMethod() methods used when receivers know what operations to perform
- Handlers used in many Android applications & frameworks
- Other sources explain how to use Handlers in Android concurrency frameworks & applications

