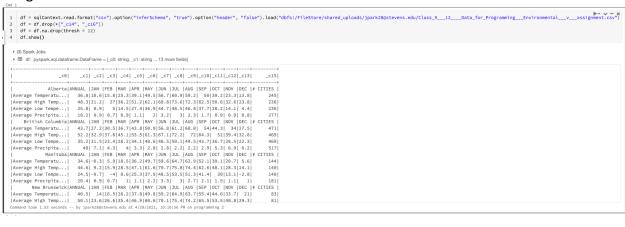
Using the environmental data for each of the provinces in Canada, and weighting each piece of data by the number of cities in the province, calculate the mean temperature and mean precipitation for all of Canada for annual and each month.

1. Import Data

Before importing, I converted "Class 9 - 12 - Data for Programming - Environmental - v – assignment.xlsx" file to csv file.



Dropped YEAR and NULL columns (c14, c16)

Code:

2. Cleaning Data

- a. Data Filtration
 - i. Filtered average temperature data in to "avg_temp data"
 - ii. Filtered average precipitation data into "avg precip data"
 - iii. Dropped index (c0) column

```
Cmd 2
1
   #Seperate DF into temperature and precip values
2 avg_temp_data = df.filter(df['_c0'] == "Average Temperature (F)").drop(df['_c0'])
3 avg_temp_data.show()
 4 | avg_precip_data = df.filter(df['_c0'] == "Average Precipitation (in)").drop(df['_c0'])
 5 avg_precip_data.show()
 ▶ (2) Spark Jobs
  ▶ ■ avg_temp_data: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [_c1: string, _c2: string ... 12 more fields]
 ▶ ■ avg_precip_data: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [_c1: string, _c2: string ... 12 more fields]
    ______
 | _c1| _c2| _c3| _c4| _c5| _c6| _c7| _c8| _c9|_c10|_c11|_c12| _c13|_c15|
 36.8 | 10.6 | 15.8 | 25.3 | 39.1 | 49.5 | 56.7 | 60.9 | 59.2 | 50 | 39.2 | 23.3 | 13.8 | 245 |
 [43.7] 27.2] 30.5] 36.7[43.8]50.9[56.8]61.2[60.8] 54[44.3] 34[ 27.5] 471
 |34.6| -0.3| 5.9| 18.5|36.2|49.7|59.6|64.7|62.9|52.1|39.1|20.7| 5.6| 144|
 |37.9| 18| 17.4| 24|33.4|42.2|50.2|58.1|58.9|52.1|42.9|33.9| 24.5| 132|
 |18.2|-14.9|-12.5| -5|13.4|31.8|47.4|53.5|49.8|39.1| 23| 1.8| -8.7| 42|
 |43.3| 22.6| 22.9| 29.6|38.8|48.5|57.3| 64|64.1|57.3|47.8|38.9| 28.9| 85|
 9.5|-20.5|-21.2|-15.4|-0.7| 18|34.6|43.9| 41|30.9|16.3|-1.5|-12.9| 63|
 41.4 14 16.8 26.4 40.3 52.3 61.7 66.8 64.9 56.7 45.2 33.1 20.7 337
 |42.3| 18.4| 19.1| 27|37.2|48.4|58.2|65.6|65.3|57.7|47.3|37.3| 26.3| 19|
 37.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 21.8 | 36.5 | 49.2 | 58.7 | 63.8 | 61.9 | 53.4 | 42 | 30 | 15.2 | 411 |
 | 36| 4.4| 9.9| 21.9|38.5|50.9|59.5|64.3|62.7|51.8|39.1|21.5| 8.6| 214|
 | _c1|_c2|_c3|_c4|_c5|_c6|_c7|_c8|_c9|_c10|_c11|_c12|_c13|_c15|
 +---+
 Command took 0.42 seconds -- by jpark28@stevens.edu at 4/20/2021, 10:16:59 PM on programming 2
```

b. Change column name

```
#change column names
from functools import reduce

def oldColumns = avg_temp_data.schema.names
newColumns = ['ANNUAL', 'JAN', 'FEB', 'MAR', 'APR', 'MAY', 'JUL', 'AUG', 'SEP', 'OCT', 'NOV', 'DEC', '# CITIES']

avg_temp_data = reduce(lambda avg_temp_data, idx: avg_temp_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns[idx]), range(len(oldColumns)), avg_temp_data)

avg_temp_data.show()

oldColumns = avg_precip_data.schema.names

avg_precip_data = reduce(lambda avg_precip_data, idx: avg_precip_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns[idx]), range(len(oldColumns)), avg_precip_data)
avg_precip_data = reduce(lambda avg_precip_data, idx: avg_precip_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns[idx]), range(len(oldColumns)), avg_precip_data)
avg_precip_data.schow()
```

```
+----+
|ANNUAL| JAN| FEB| MAR| APR| MAY| JUN| JUL| AUG| SEP| OCT| NOV| DEC|# CITIES|
+----+
36.8 | 10.6 | 15.8 | 25.3 | 39.1 | 49.5 | 56.7 | 60.9 | 59.2 | 50 | 39.2 | 23.3 | 13.8 | 245 |
43.7 | 27.2 | 30.5 | 36.7 | 43.8 | 50.9 | 56.8 | 61.2 | 60.8 | 54 | 44.3 | 34 | 27.5 |
                                                      471
34.6| -0.3| 5.9| 18.5|36.2|49.7|59.6|64.7|62.9|52.1|39.1|20.7| 5.6| 144|
40.5 14 16.5 26.2 37.8 49.8 59.2 64.9 63.7 55.4 44.6 33.7 21
37.9 18 17.4 24 33.4 42.2 50.2 58.1 58.9 52.1 42.9 33.9 24.5
                                                     132
| 18.2|-14.9|-12.5| -5|13.4|31.8|47.4|53.5|49.8|39.1| 23| 1.8| -8.7|
                                                      42
43.3 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 29.6 | 38.8 | 48.5 | 57.3 | 64 | 64.1 | 57.3 | 47.8 | 38.9 | 28.9 |
                                                      85
9.5|-20.5|-21.2|-15.4|-0.7| 18|34.6|43.9| 41|30.9|16.3|-1.5|-12.9|
                                                      63
42.3 | 18.4 | 19.1 | 27 | 37.2 | 48.4 | 58.2 | 65.6 | 65.3 | 57.7 | 47.3 | 37.3 | 26.3 |
                                                      19
37.5 7.5 11 21.8 36.5 49.2 58.7 63.8 61.9 53.4 42 30 15.2
                                                      411
36 | 4.4 | 9.9 | 21.9 | 38.5 | 50.9 | 59.5 | 64.3 | 62.7 | 51.8 | 39.1 | 21.5 | 8.6 | 214 |
22.5| -7.6| -0.2| 10.7|27.3|36.9|46.7|50.5|46.6|37.2|23.5| 4.6| -3.1|
                                                      41
+----+
+----+
|ANNUAL|JAN|FEB|MAR|APR|MAY|JUN|JUL|AUG|SEP|OCT|NOV|DEC|# CITIES|
+----+
```

Command took 0.63 seconds -- by jpark28@stevens.edu at 4/20/2021, 10:17:01 PM on programming 2

Code:

#change column names

from functools import reduce

```
oldColumns = avg_temp_data.schema.names
newColumns = ['ANNUAL', 'JAN', 'FEB', 'MAR', 'APR', 'MAY', 'JUN', 'JUL', 'AUG', 'SEP', 'OCT',
'NOV', 'DEC', '# CITIES']
```

```
avg_temp_data = reduce(lambda avg_temp_data, idx:
avg_temp_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns[idx]),
range(len(oldColumns)), avg_temp_data)
avg_temp_data.show()
```

oldColumns = avg precip data.schema.names

```
avg_precip_data = reduce(lambda avg_precip_data, idx:
avg_precip_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns[idx]),
range(len(oldColumns)), avg_precip_data)
avg_precip_data.show()
```

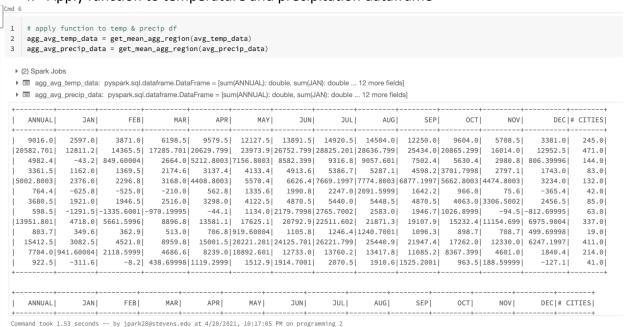
- c. Change String to float
 - i. Needed to change all string dtypes to float in order to do aggregations & calculations.

```
> Cmd 4
  1
       #String to float
   2
       from pyspark.sql.functions import col
   3
      for c in avg_temp_data.columns:
  4
         avg_temp_data = avg_temp_data.withColumn(c, col(c).cast('float'))
   5
  6
  7
      for c in avg_precip_data.columns:
  8
         avg_precip_data = avg_precip_data.withColumn(c, col(c).cast('float'))
  9
  10 avg_temp_data.dtypes
  11 avg_precip_data.dtypes
    ▶ ■ avg_temp_data: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [ANNUAL: float, JAN: float ... 12 more fields]
    ▶ ■ avg_precip_data: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [ANNUAL: float, JAN: float ... 12 more fields]
   Out[136]: [('ANNUAL', 'float'),
    ('JAN', 'float'),
    ('FEB', 'float'),
    ('MAR', 'float'),
    ('APR', 'float'),
    ('MAY', 'float'),
    ('JUN', 'float'),
    ('JUL', 'float'),
    ('AUG', 'float'),
    ('SEP', 'float'),
    ('OCT', 'float'),
    ('NOV', 'float'),
    ('DEC', 'float'),
    ('# CITIES', 'float')]
   Command took 0.33 seconds -- by jpark28@stevens.edu at 4/20/2021, 10:17:03 PM on programming 2
```

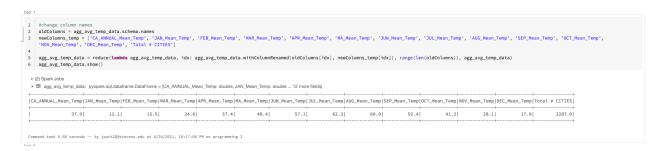
- 3. Define function to find mean
 - a. Formula: Σ (value * # of cities) / Σ (# of cities)
 - b. Return calculated values
 - c. Checked process by df.show()
 - d. Round to 1st decimal point

```
Cmd 5
     #Function to calculate average annual and monthly temperature/precipitation
 1
     from pyspark.sql.functions import round
 2
 3
     def get_mean_agg_region(df):
 4
       # Muliply all values with # of cities in each region
 5
       for column in df.schema.names:
 6
 7
         if column != '# CITIES':
 8
           df = df.withColumn(column, (col(column) * col('# CITIES')))
 9
10
       #check whether data chaged properly
       df.show()
11
12
13
       # Aggregate sum of total values of different region
14
       df = df.groupBy().sum()
15
       # Divide aggregated value to total # CITIES
16
       for column in df.schema.names:
17
         if column != 'sum(# CITIES)':
18
           df = df.withColumn(column, (round(col(column)/ col('sum(# CITIES)'), 1)))
19
20
21
       return df
 Command took 0.02 seconds -- by jpark28@stevens.edu at 4/20/2021, 10:17:04 PM on programming 2
```

4. Apply function to temperature and precipitation dataframe



- 5. Display dataframe with changed column names
 - a. Average Temperature



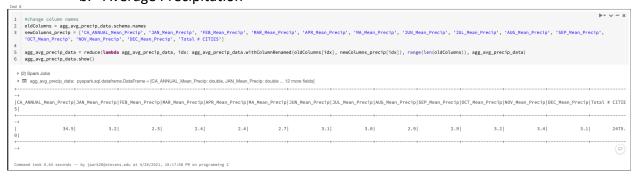
Code:

#change column names

oldColumns = agg_avg_precip_data.schema.names
newColumns_precip = ['CA_ANNUAL_Mean_Precip', 'JAN_Mean_Precip', 'FEB_Mean_Precip',
'MAR_Mean_Precip', 'APR_Mean_Precip', 'MA_Mean_Precip', 'JUN_Mean_Precip',
'JUL_Mean_Precip', 'AUG_Mean_Precip', 'SEP_Mean_Precip', 'OCT_Mean_Precip',
'NOV Mean Precip', 'DEC Mean Precip', 'Total # CITIES']

agg_avg_precip_data = reduce(lambda agg_avg_precip_data, idx:
agg_avg_precip_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns_precip[idx]),
range(len(oldColumns)), agg_avg_precip_data)
agg_avg_precip_data.show()

b. Average Precipitation



Code:

#change column names

oldColumns = agg_avg_precip_data.schema.names
newColumns_precip = ['CA_ANNUAL_Mean_Precip', 'JAN_Mean_Precip', 'FEB_Mean_Precip',
'MAR_Mean_Precip', 'APR_Mean_Precip', 'MA_Mean_Precip', 'JUN_Mean_Precip',
'JUL_Mean_Precip', 'AUG_Mean_Precip', 'SEP_Mean_Precip', 'OCT_Mean_Precip',
'NOV_Mean_Precip', 'DEC_Mean_Precip', 'Total # CITIES']

agg_avg_precip_data = reduce(lambda agg_avg_precip_data, idx:
agg_avg_precip_data.withColumnRenamed(oldColumns[idx], newColumns_precip[idx]),
range(len(oldColumns)), agg_avg_precip_data)
agg_avg_precip_data.show()

6. Answers

a. Temperature

+			+									+		+
I CA ANNU	AL_Mean_Temp JAN_M	Mean Temp FEB M	lean Temp MAR	Mean TemplAPR N	Mean TemplMA M	ean TemplJUN	Mean Temp[JUL	Mean TemplAUG I	Mean TempISEP	Mean Temploct N	lean Temp[NOV]	Mean Temp DEC	Mean TemplTota	l # CITIES!
	:													
	37.9	12.1	15.5	24.6	37.4	48.4	57.1	62.3	60.9	52.4	41.2	28.1	17.0	2287.0
+														+

ANNUAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
37.9	12.1	15.5	24.6	37.4	48.4	57.1	62.3	60.9	52.4	41.2	28.1	17.0

b. Precipitation

+														
-+														
CA_ANNUAL_	Mean_Precip JAN_M	ean_Precip FEB_Me	an_Precip MAR_Me	an_Precip APR_Me	an_Precip MA_Me	an_Precip JUN_Me	an_Precip JUL_Me	ean_Precip AUG_Me	an_Precip SEP_Me	an_Precip OCT_M	ean_Precip NOV_Me	an_Precip DEC_Me	an_Precip Tota	l # CITIE
S														
+														
-+														
1	34.5	3.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.1	2475.
0														
+														

ANNUAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
34.5	3.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.1