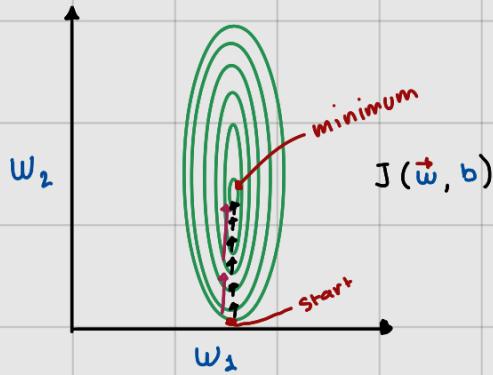


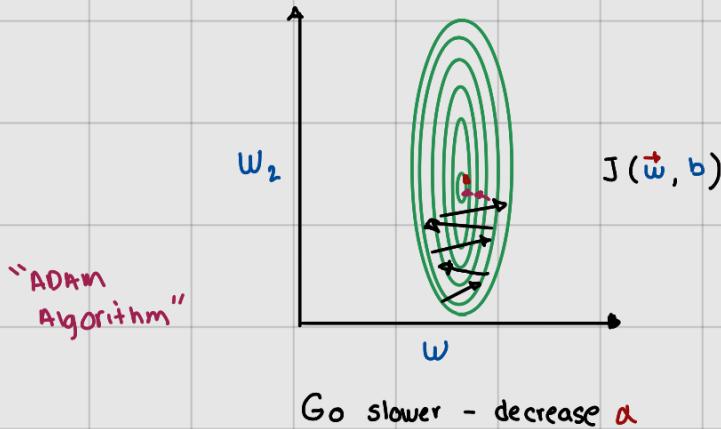
# Advanced Optimization

## Gradient descent

$$\vec{w}_j = \vec{w}_j - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{w}_j} J(\vec{w}, b)$$



Go faster - increase  $\alpha$

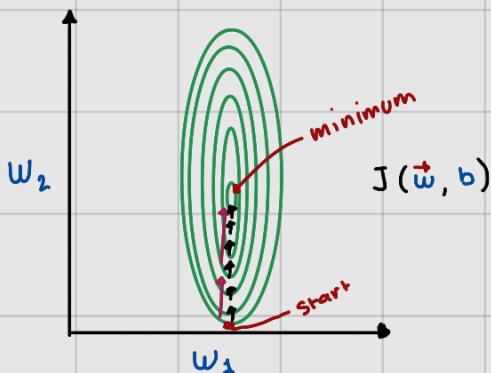


Go slower - decrease  $\alpha$

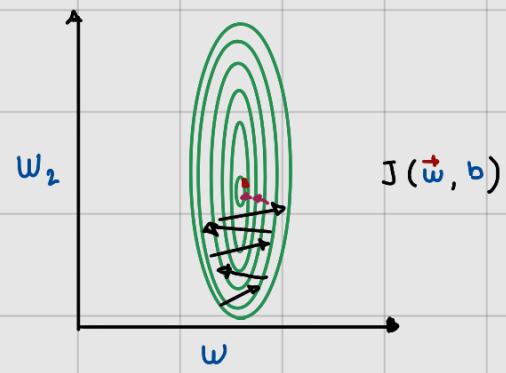
## Adam Algorithm Intuition

Adam: Adaptive Moment estimation      not just one  $\alpha$

$$\begin{aligned} w_1 &= w_1 - \alpha_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial w_1} J(\vec{w}, b) \\ \vdots \\ w_{10} &= w_{10} - \alpha_{10} \frac{\partial}{\partial w_{10}} J(\vec{w}, b) \\ b &= b - \alpha_{11} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} J(\vec{w}, b) \end{aligned}$$



IF  $w_j$  (or  $b$ ) keeps moving  
in same direction, increase  $\alpha_j$



if  $w_j$  (or  $b$ ) keeps oscillating,  
reduce  $\alpha_j$

In code

## Model

```
model = Sequential [  
    Dense(units = 25, activation = 'relu'), # layer 1  
    Dense(units = 15, activation = 'relu'), # layer 2  
    Dense(units = 25, activation = 'linear') # layer 3  
]
```

## Compile

```
model.compile(optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate = 1e-3),  
              loss = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits = True))
```

## Fit

```
model.fit(X, Y, epochs = 100)
```