

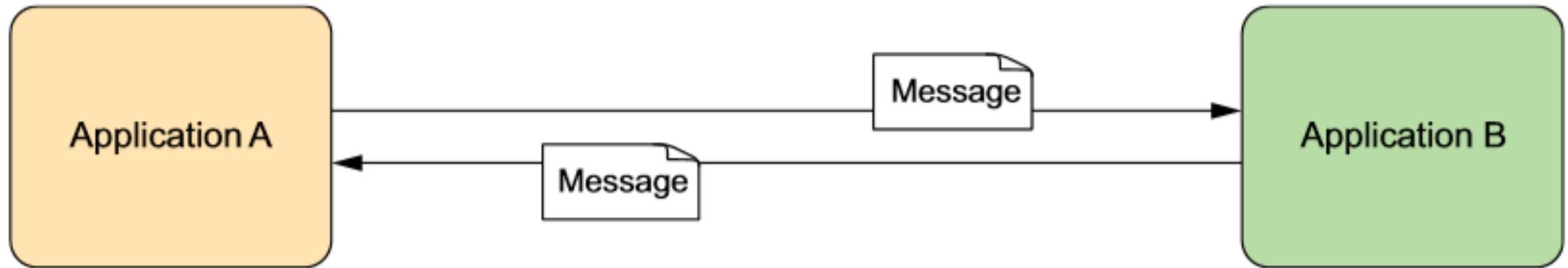


# **Messaging with WebSocket and STOMP**

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# Spring's low-level WebSocket API



**Figure 18.1** A WebSocket is a full-duplex communication channel between two applications.



# Writing a simple Marco-Polo Game

```
public interface WebSocketHandler {  
    void afterConnectionEstablished(WebSocketSession session)  
                                           throws Exception;  
    void handleMessage(WebSocketSession session,  
                       WebSocketMessage<?> message) throws Exception;  
    void handleTransportError(WebSocketSession session,  
                              Throwable exception) throws Exception;  
    void afterConnectionClosed(WebSocketSession session,  
                               CloseStatus closeStatus) throws Exception;  
    boolean supportsPartialMessages();  
}
```

# Spring's low-level WebSocket API



## Listing 18.1 MarcoHandler handles text messages sent via a WebSocket.

```
package marcopolo;

import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.web.socket.TextMessage;
import org.springframework.web.socket.WebSocketSession;
import org.springframework.web.socket.handler.AbstractWebSocketHandler;

public class MarcoHandler extends AbstractWebSocketHandler {

    private static final Logger logger =
        LoggerFactory.getLogger(MarcoHandler.class);

    protected void handleTextMessage(
        WebSocketSession session, TextMessage message) throws Exception {
        logger.info("Received message: " + message.getPayload());

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        session.sendMessage(new TextMessage("Polo!"));
    }
}
```

Handle text message

Simulate delay

Send text message



# Spring's low-level WebSocket API

- Establishment and closing of connections

```
public void afterConnectionEstablished(WebSocketSession session)
    throws Exception {
    logger.info("Connection established");
}

@Override
public void afterConnectionClosed(
    WebSocketSession session, CloseStatus status) throws Exception {
    logger.info("Connection closed. Status: " + status);
}
```

## Listing 18.2 Enabling WebSocket and mapping a message handler in Java configuration

```
package marcopolo;

import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    EnableWebSocket;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    WebSocketConfigurer;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    WebSocketHandlerRegistry;

@EnableWebSocket
public class WebSocketConfig implements WebSocketConfigurer {

    @Override
    public void registerWebSocketHandlers(
        WebSocketHandlerRegistry registry) {
        registry.addHandler(marcoHandler(), "/marco");
    }

    @Bean
    public MarcoHandler marcoHandler() {
        return new MarcoHandler();
    }
}
```

← Map MarcoHandler to "/marco"

← Declare MarcoHandler bean



# Spring's low-level WebSocket API



## Listing 18.3 The websocket namespace enables XML configuration for WebSockets.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:websocket="http://www.springframework.org/schema/websocket"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/websocket
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/websocket/spring-websocket.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">

  <websocket:handlers>
    <websocket:mapping handler="marcoHandler" path="/marco" />
  </websocket:handlers>

  <bean id="marcoHandler"
    class="marcopolo.MarcoHandler" />

</beans>
```

← Map  
MarcoHandler  
to "/marco"

← Declare  
MarcoHandler bean



# Simple JavaScript client



## Listing 18.4 A JavaScript client that connects to the “marco” websocket

```
var url = 'ws://' + window.location.host + '/websocket/marco';
var sock = new WebSocket(url);                                ← Open WebSocket

sock.onopen = function() {                                    ← Handle open event
    console.log('Opening');
    sayMarco();
};

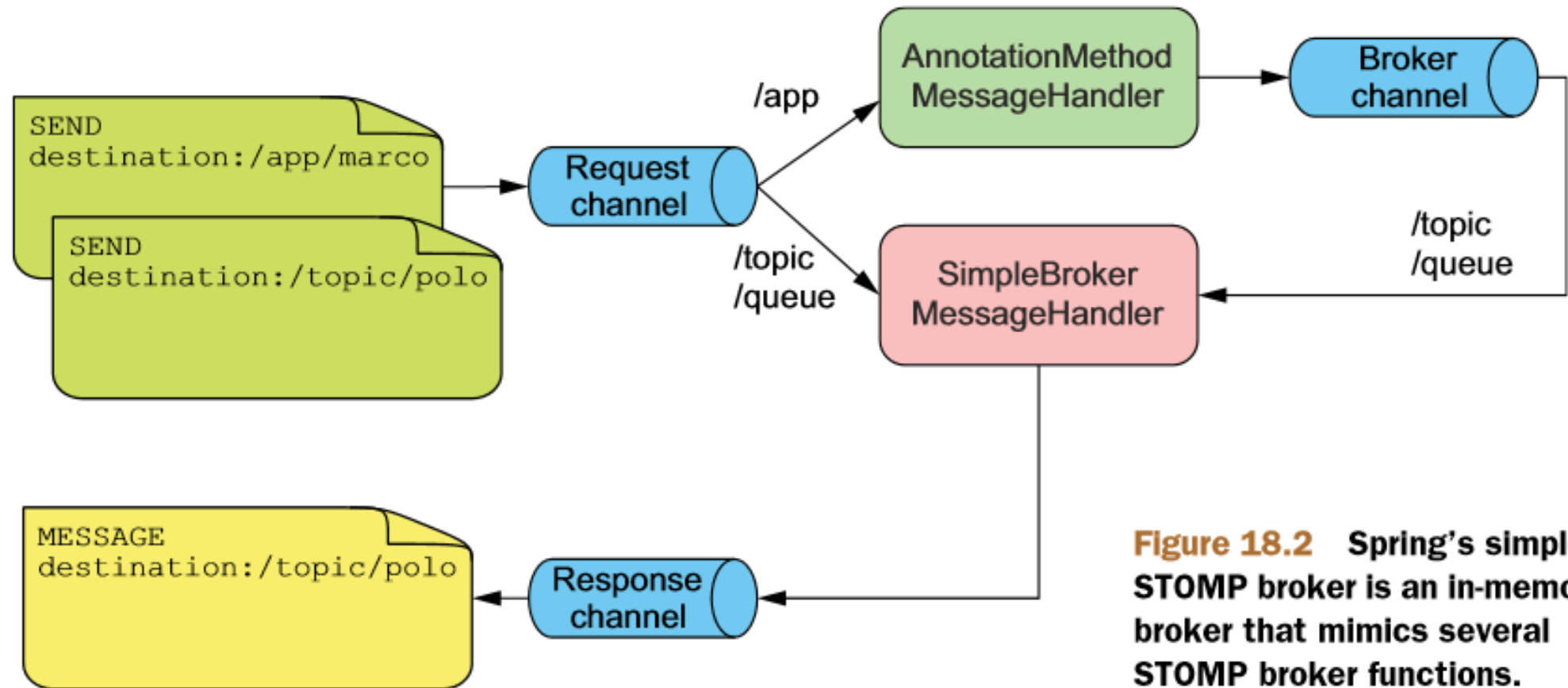
sock.onmessage = function(e) {                                ← Handle message
    console.log('Received message: ', e.data);
    setTimeout(function(){sayMarco()}, 2000);
};

sock.onclose = function() {                                    ← Handle close event
    console.log('Closing');
};

function sayMarco() {
    console.log('Sending Marco!');
    sock.send("Marco!");                                     ← Send message
}
```



# Working with STOMP messaging



**Figure 18.2** Spring's simple STOMP broker is an in-memory broker that mimics several STOMP broker functions.

### Listing 18.5 @EnableWebSocketMessageBroker enables STOMP over WebSocket.

```
package marcopolo;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    AbstractWebSocketMessageBrokerConfigurer;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    EnableWebSocketMessageBroker;
import org.springframework.web.socket.config.annotation.
    StompEndpointRegistry;

@Configuration
@EnableWebSocketMessageBroker
public class WebSocketStompConfig
    extends AbstractWebSocketMessageBrokerConfigurer {

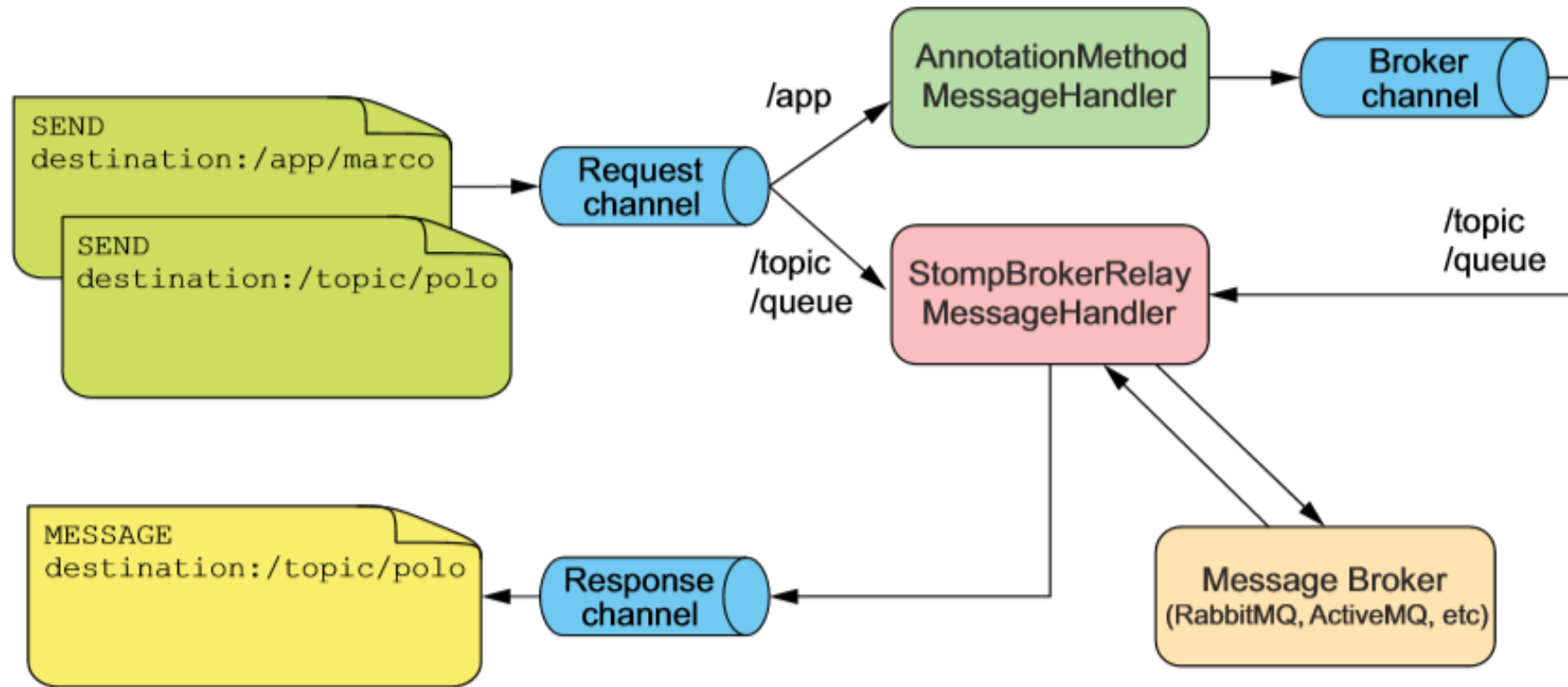
    @Override
    public void registerStompEndpoints(StompEndpointRegistry registry) {
        registry.addEndpoint("/marcopolo").withSockJS();
    }

    @Override
    public void configureMessageBroker(MessageBrokerRegistry registry) {
        registry.enableSimpleBroker("/queue", "/topic");
        registry.setApplicationDestinationPrefixes("/app");
    }
}
```

← Enable STOMP messaging

← Enable SockJS over /marcopolo

# Enabling a STOMP broker relay



**Figure 18.3** The STOMP broker relay delegates to a real message broker for handling STOMP messages.

```
@Override
public void configureMessageBroker(MessageBrokerRegistry registry) {
    registry.enableStompBrokerRelay("/topic", "/queue");
    registry.setApplicationDestinationPrefixes("/app");
}
```



# Enabling a STOMP broker relay

- Multiple destination and application prefixes possible

```
@Override
public void configureMessageBroker(MessageBrokerRegistry registry) {
    registry.enableStompBrokerRelay("/topic", "/queue");
    registry.setApplicationDestinationPrefixes("/app", "/foo");
}
```

- Changing the default configuration:

```
@Override
public void configureMessageBroker(MessageBrokerRegistry registry) {
    registry.enableStompBrokerRelay("/topic", "/queue")
        .setRelayHost("rabbit.someotherserver")
        .setRelayPort(62623)
        .setClientLogin("marcopolo")
        .setClientPasscode("letmein01");
    registry.setApplicationDestinationPrefixes("/app", "/foo");
}
```

# Handling STOMP messages from the client



## Listing 18.6 @MessageMapping handles STOMP messages in a controller.

```
package marcopolo;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.messaging.handler.annotation.MessageMapping;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;

@Controller
public class MarcoController {

    private static final Logger logger =
        LoggerFactory.getLogger(MarcoController.class);

    @MessageMapping("/marco")
    public void handleShout(Shout incoming) {
        logger.info("Received message: " + incoming.getMessage());
    }
}
```

Handle messages  
for /app/marco  
destination

```
public class Shout {
    private String message;

    public String getMessage() {
        return message;
    }

    public void setMessage(String message) {
        this.message = message;
    }
}
```



# Message converter

**Table 18.1** Spring can convert message payloads to Java types using one of a few message converters.

Message converter	Description
<code>ByteArrayMessageConverter</code>	Converts a message with a MIME type of <code>application/octet-stream</code> to and from <code>byte[]</code>
<code>MappingJackson2MessageConverter</code>	Converts a message with a MIME type of <code>application/json</code> to and from a Java object
<code>StringMessageConverter</code>	Converts a message with a MIME type of <code>text/plain</code> to and from <code>String</code>



# Processing subscriptions

```
@SubscribeMapping({"/marco"})  
public Shout handleSubscription() {  
    Shout outgoing = new Shout();  
    outgoing.setMessage("Polo!");  
    return outgoing;  
}
```





# Writing the JavaScript client

## Listing 18.7 Messages can be sent from JavaScript using the STOMP library

```
var url = 'http://' + window.location.host + '/stomp/marcopolo';  
var sock = new SockJS(url);                                     ← Create SockJS connection  
  
var stomp = Stomp.over(sock);                                   ← Create STOMP client  
  
var payload = JSON.stringify({ 'message': 'Marco!' });  
  
stomp.connect('guest', 'guest', function(frame) {              ← Connect to STOMP endpoint  
    stomp.send("/marco", {}, payload);                          ← Send message  
});
```



# Sending a message after handling a message

```
@MessageMapping("/marco")
@SendTo("/topic/shout")
public Shout handleShout(Shout incoming) {
    logger.info("Received message: " + incoming.getMessage());

    Shout outgoing = new Shout();
    outgoing.setMessage("Polo!");
    return outgoing;
}
```



# Sending a message from anywhere

```
<script>
  var sock = new SockJS('spitr');
  var stomp = Stomp.over(sock);

  stomp.connect('guest', 'guest', function(frame) {
    console.log('Connected');
    stomp.subscribe("/topic/spittlefeed", handleSpittle);
  });

  function handleSpittle(incoming) {
    var spittle = JSON.parse(incoming.body);
    console.log('Received: ', spittle);
    var source = $("#spittle-template").html();
    var template = Handlebars.compile(source);
    var spittleHtml = template(spittle);
    $('.spittleList').prepend(spittleHtml);
  }
</script>
```



# Sending a message from anywhere

## Listing 18.8 `SimpMessagingTemplate` publishes messages from anywhere

```
package spittr;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.messaging.simp.SimpMessageSendingOperations;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

@Service
public class SpittleFeedServiceImpl implements SpittleFeedService {

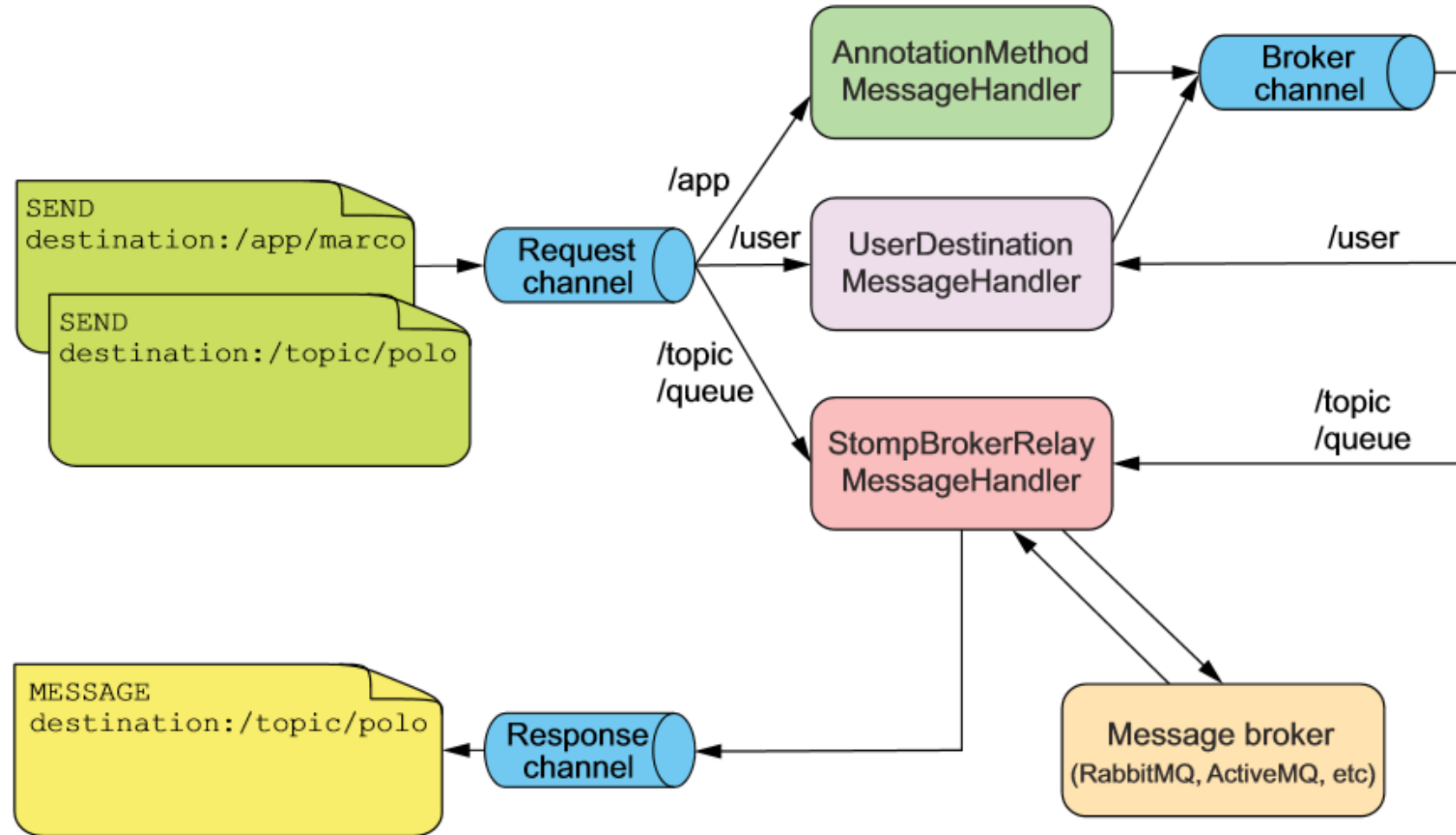
    private SimpMessageSendingOperations messaging;

    @Autowired
    public SpittleFeedServiceImpl(
        SimpMessageSendingOperations messaging) { ← Inject messaging template
        this.messaging = messaging;
    }

    public void broadcastSpittle(Spittle spittle) {
        messaging.convertAndSend("/topic/spittlefeed", spittle); ← Send message
    }
}
```



# Working with user-targeted messages



**Figure 18.4** User messages flow through `UserDestinationMessageHandler`, which reroutes them to a destination that's unique to a user.

# Sending messages to a specific user

## Listing 18.9 `convertAndSendToUser()` can send a message to a specific user

```
package spittr;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.messaging.simp.SimpMessagingTemplate;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

@Service
public class SpittleFeedServiceImpl implements SpittleFeedService {

    private SimpMessagingTemplate messaging;
    private Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("\\@((\\S+))");

    @Autowired
    public SpittleFeedServiceImpl(SimpMessagingTemplate messaging) {
        this.messaging = messaging;
    }

    public void broadcastSpittle(Spittle spittle) {

        messaging.convertAndSend("/topic/spittlefeed", spittle);

        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(spittle.getMessage());
        if (matcher.find()) {
            String username = matcher.group(1);
            messaging.convertAndSendToUser(
                username, "/queue/notifications",
                new Notification("You just got mentioned!"));
        }
    }
}
```

Regex pattern for  
user mention

Send notification  
to user



# Creating REST APIs with Spring MVC

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