K and Tm for each voltage

MATLAB Code

```
global k_from_w Tm_from_w;
global k_from_th Tm_from_th;
for n = 1:8
    data = readmatrix("data"+n+".txt");
   U = data(1,1);
   t = data(:,2);
   W = data(:,3);
   therta = data(:,4);
   w = w*pi/180;
   therta = therta*pi/180;
    w_{tonction} = @(P,t) P(1)*U-P(1)*U*exp(-t/P(2));
    P_{guess} = [1,1];
    P_approx = lsqcurvefit(w_function,P_guess,t,w);
    k = P_approx(1);
    Tm = P_approx(2);
    k_{model}(n) = k;
    Tm_from_w(n) = Tm;
    figure('name','real_w and approx_w');
    plot(t,w,'Marker','+');
   xlabel('time,sec');
   ylabel('speed, rad/sec');
```

```
grid on;
hold on;
grid minor;
w_{approx} = k*U-k*U*exp(-t/Tm);
plot(t,w_approx,'r');
print('real_w and approx_w'+string(n),'-djpeg');
simOut = sim("call_model.slx");
figure('name','sim_from_w');
hold on;
grid on;
grid minor;
xlabel('time,sec');
ylabel('angle or speed, red is speed');
plot(simOut.yout{1}.Values);
plot(simOut.yout{2}.Values,'r');
print('sim_w_from_w and sim_th_from_w'+string(n),'-djpeg');
therta_function = \mathbb{Q}(P,t) P(1)*U*t+P(1)*P(2)*U*exp(-t/P(2));
P_{guess} = [1,0.5];
P_approx = lsqcurvefit(therta_function,P_guess,t,therta);
k = P_approx(1);
Tm = P_approx(2);
k_{from_th(n)} = k;
Tm_from_th(n) = Tm;
figure('name','real_th and approx_th');
plot(t,therta,'Marker','+');
xlabel('time,sec');
ylabel('angle,rad');
grid on;
hold on;
grid minor;
therta_approx = k*U*t+k*Tm*U*exp(-t/Tm);
plot(t,therta_approx,'r');
print('real_th and approx_th'+string(n),'-djpeg');
open_system("call_model.slx");
load_system("call_model.slx");
```

```
simOut = sim("call_model.slx");
   figure('name','sim_from_th');
   hold on;
   grid on;
   grid minor;
   xlabel('time,sec');
   ylabel('angle or speed, red is speed');
   plot(simOut.yout{1}.Values);
   plot(simOut.yout{2}.Values, 'r');
   print('sim_w_from_th and sim_th_from_th'+string(n),'-djpeg');
   close all;
end
writelines("k_from_w Tm_from_w k_from_th Tm_from_th ","k_Tm_Data
_out.txt");
writematrix([k_from_w.',Tm_from_w.',k_from_th.',Tm_from_th.'],'k_Tm_Dat
a_out',WriteMode='append');
```

Python code

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
from ev3dev.ev3 import *
from ev3dev2.power import PowerSupply
from math import *
import time

motor = LargeMotor('outA')

max_voltage = round(PowerSupply().measured_volts,2)

motor_input =100  # Min = -100, Max = 100
total_time = 1  # After this many seconds, the motor will stop

for i in range(8):

   data = open('data' + str(i+1)+ '.txt','w')
   motor.run_direct(duty_cycle_sp = 0)
   time.sleep(1)
   timestart = time.time()
```

```
motor.position = 0
while True:

# Calculating time up to 3 decimal places

timenow = round(time.time()-timestart, 3)

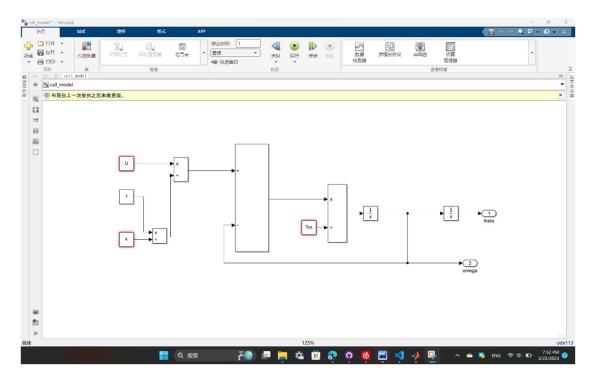
# Applying voltage
motor.run_direct(duty_cycle_sp = motor_input-i*25)

# Writing the following data: applied voltage (volts), time
passed (seconds), motor speed (degrees per second)

data.write(str(max_voltage*(motor_input-i*25)/100)+'
'+'{0:.3f}'.format(timenow)+' '+str(motor.speed)+'
'+str(motor.position)+'\n')

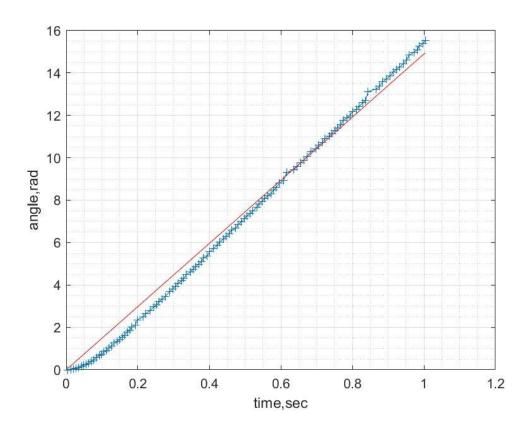
if timenow > total_time:
    motor.run_direct(duty_cycle_sp = 0)
    break
```

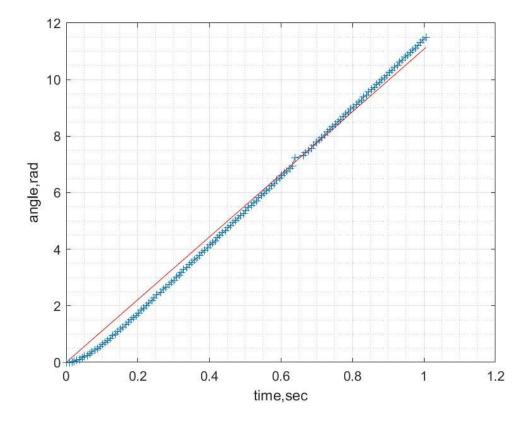
Model

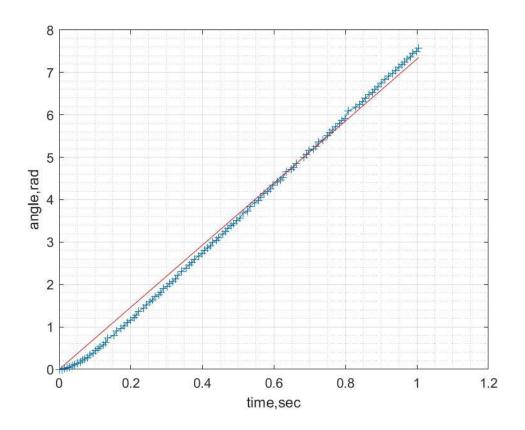


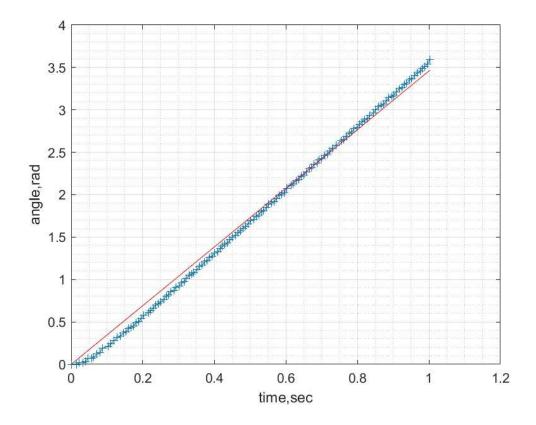
Plots in order of

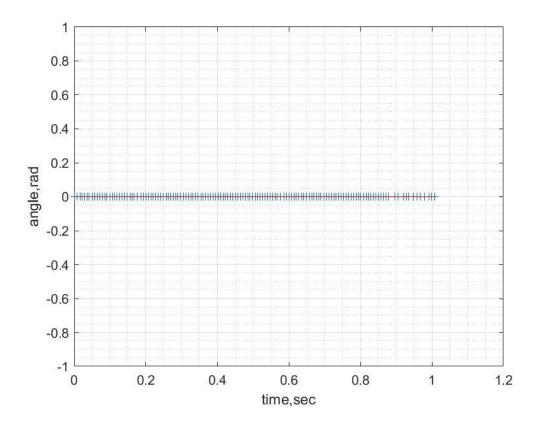
(r&a_w_th, r&a_w_w, sim_w&th_th, sim_w&th_w)

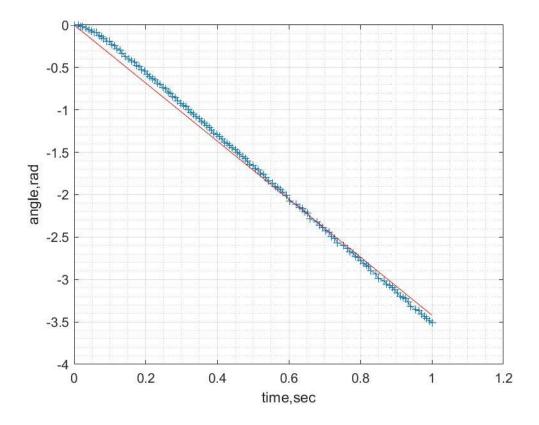


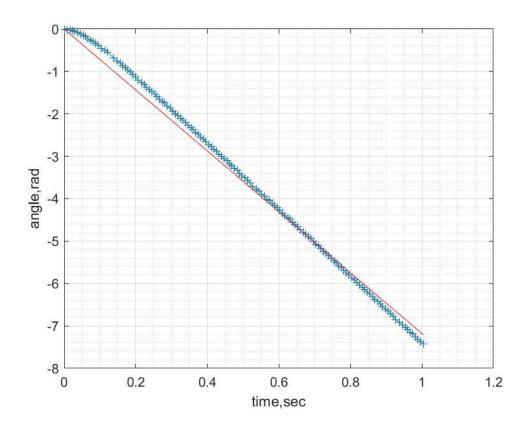


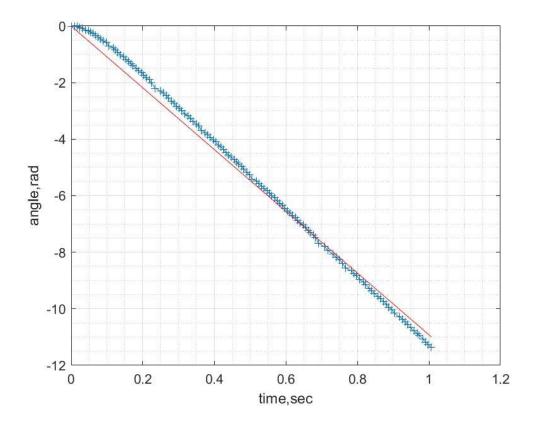


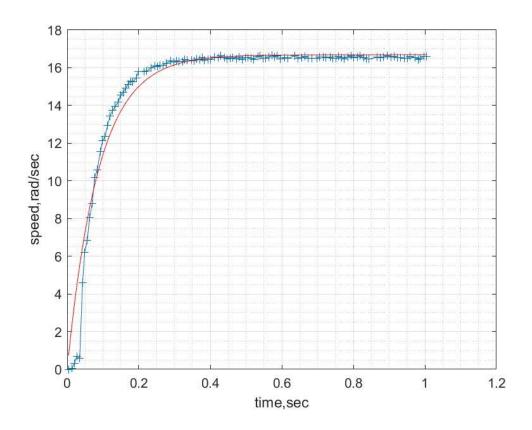


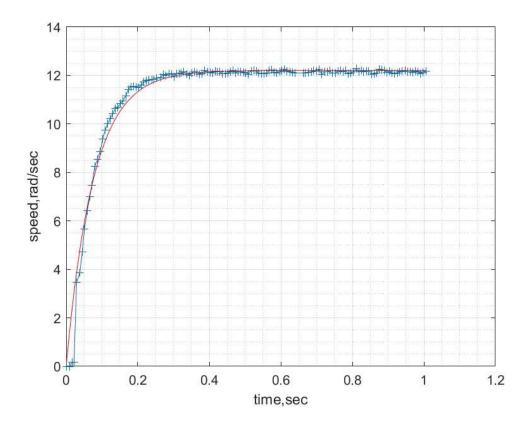


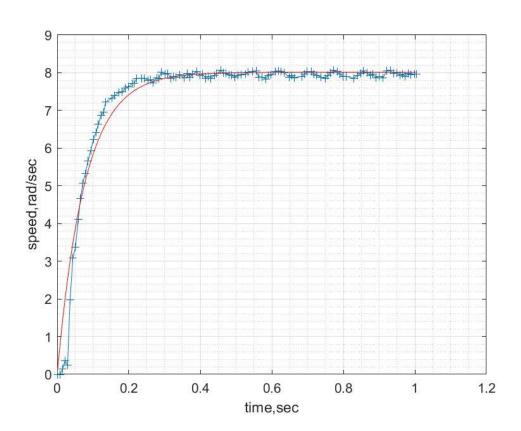


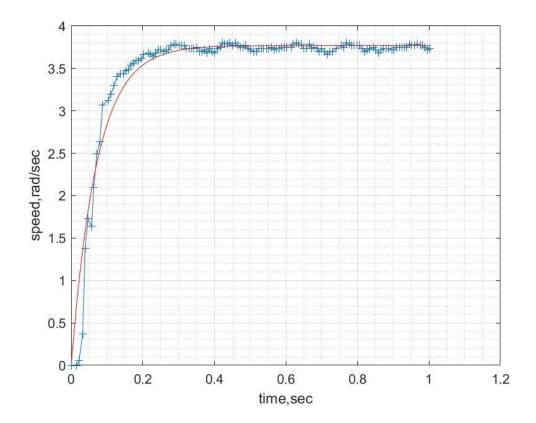


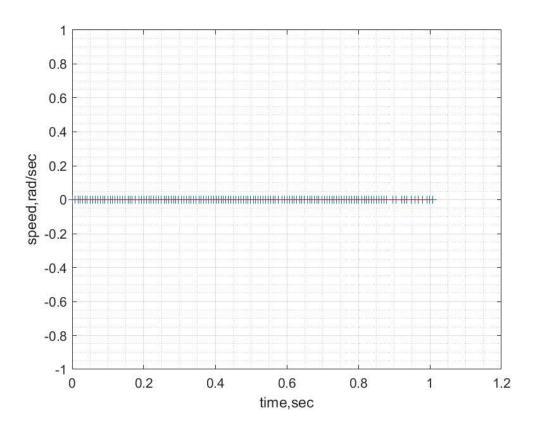


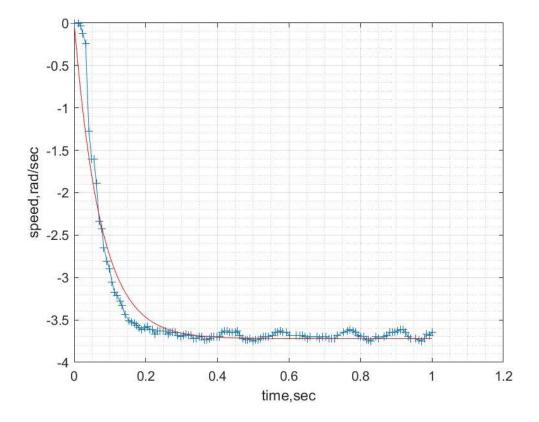


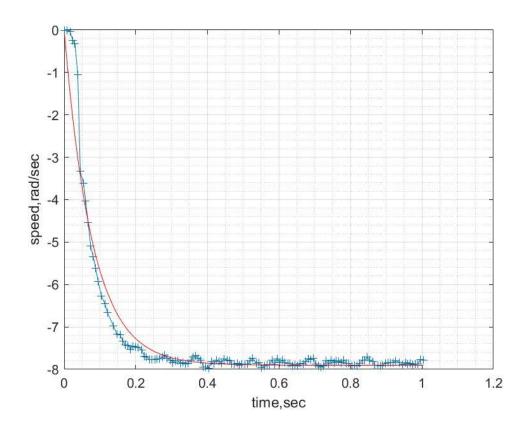


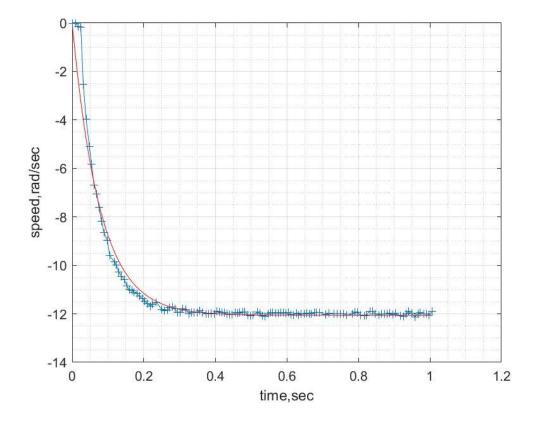


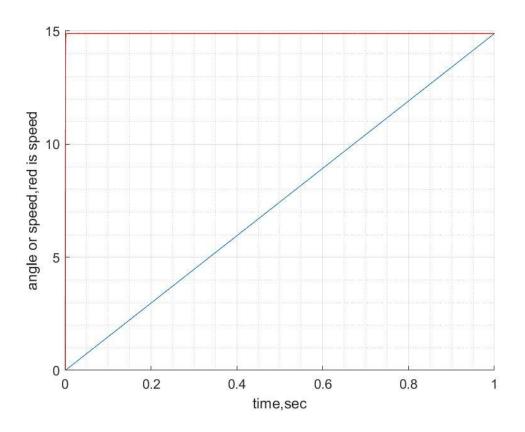


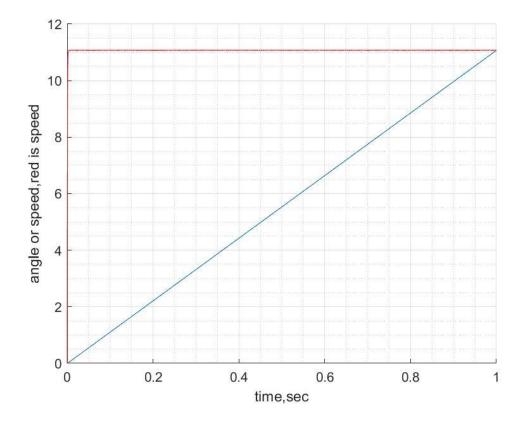


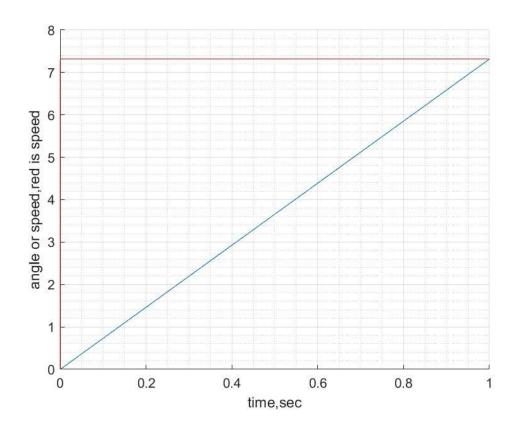


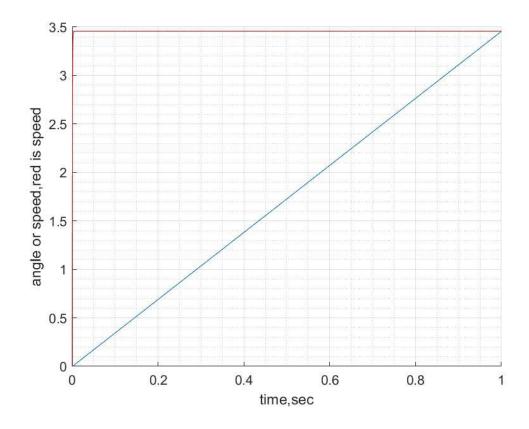


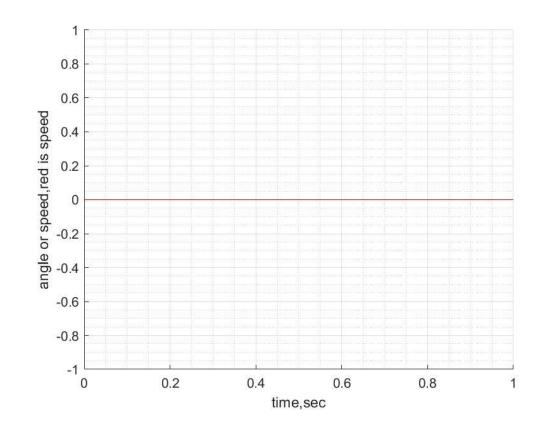


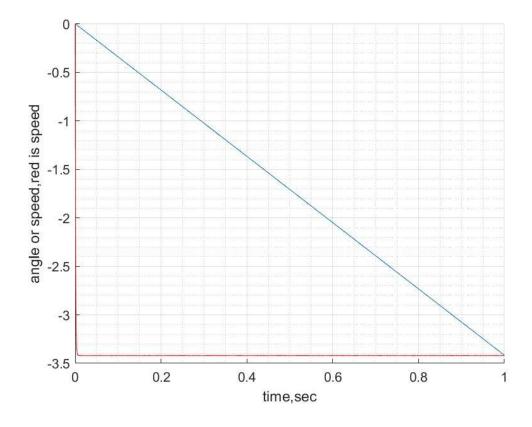


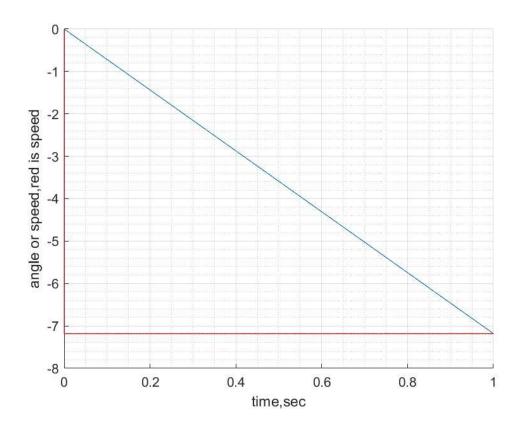


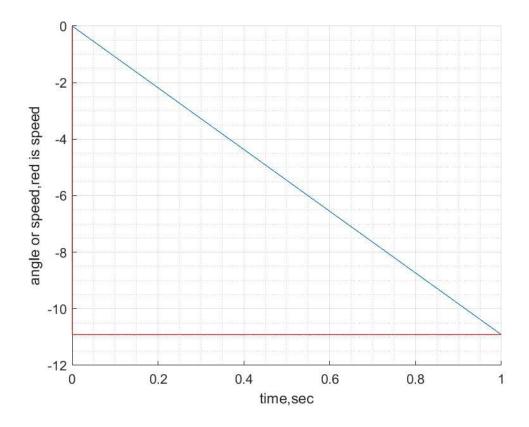


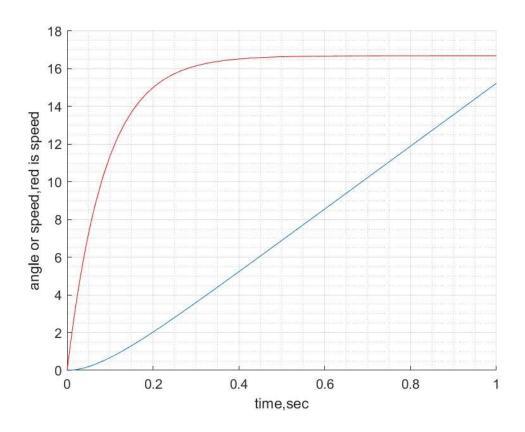


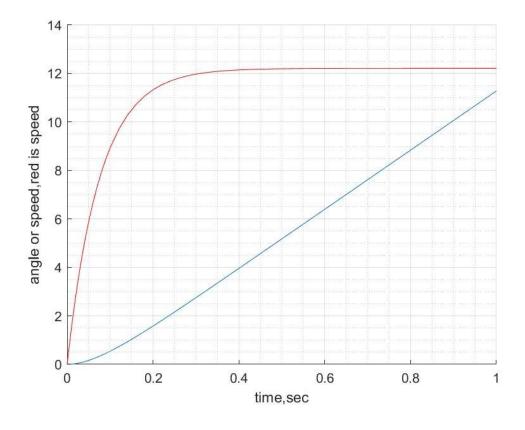


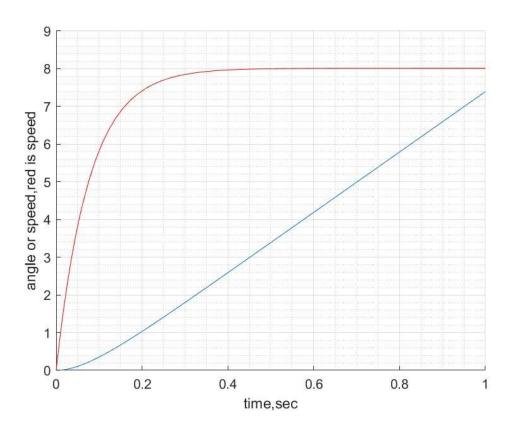


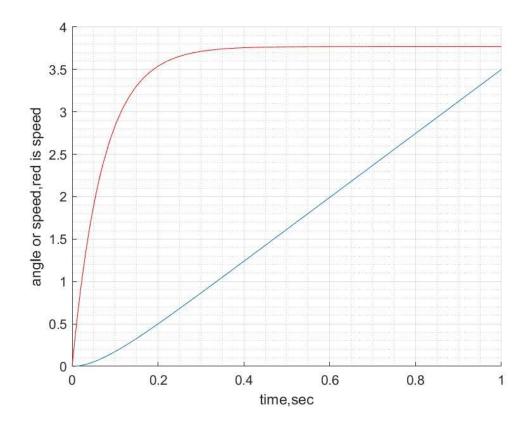


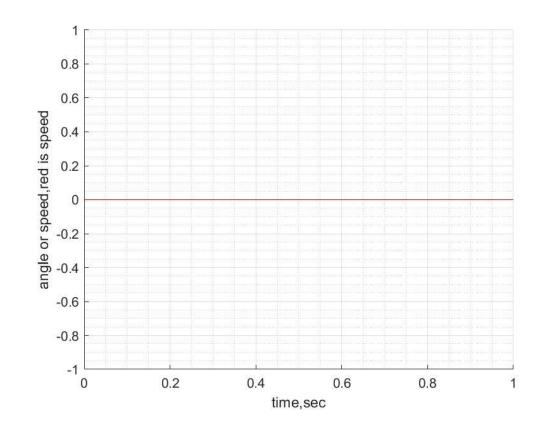


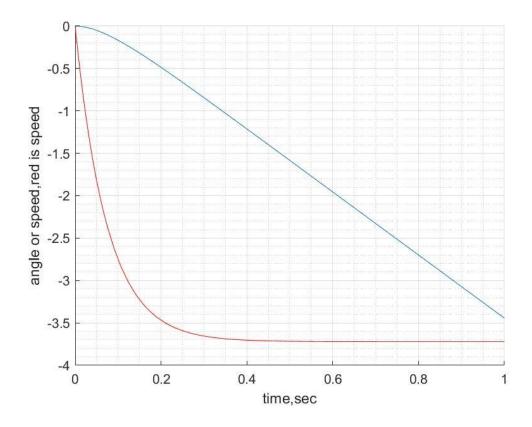


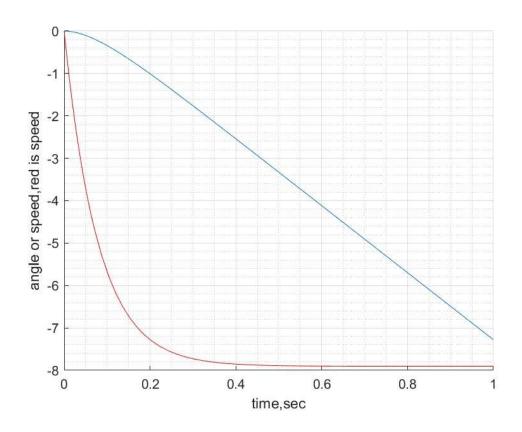


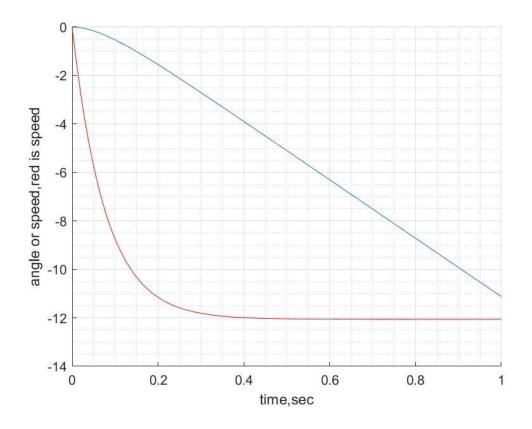












My answers for question:

Why graphics look different: The influence from time on angle have a delay. Why graphics look the same: The influence from time on omega almost have no delay. Why from step 7: We want to fastest way to control the motor to right angle, so we should focus on angle rather speed.