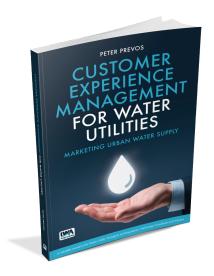
# R<sup>4</sup>H<sub>2</sub>O: R for Water Professionals: Session 3

Dr Peter Prevos

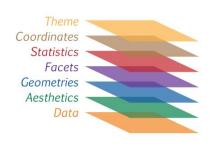
## Session 3 Program

- Recap
- Data cleaning
- Exploring customer perception



#### Recap

- ► Read CSV file
- ► Filter data
- Group data
- Arithmetic
- Descriptive statistics
- Visualise data
- Export to PowerPoint



### Cleaning Data

- ► Go to the the casestudy2 folder
- Open the chapter\_08.R file
- ► Cleaning data with code

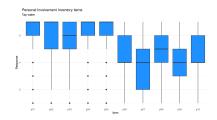


Figure 1: Tap water consumer involvement.

### Joining Data

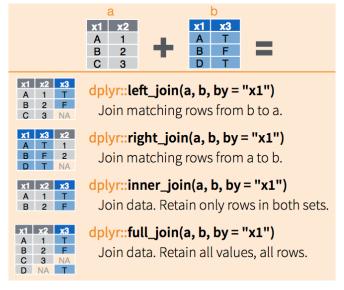
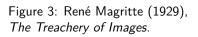


Figure 2: Tidyverse functions to join data.

#### **Pipes**

```
customers <- rawdata[-1, ] %>%
  type_convert() %>%
  filter(is.na(term)) %>%
  left_join(cities) %>%
  select(c(-2:-20, -33)) %>%
  rename(survey_id = V1)
Ceci n'est pas une pipe.
```



#### Consumer Involvement

- Cognitive involvement (importance, relevance, meaning, value and need)
- Affective involvement (involvement, fascination, appeal, excitement and interest)



Figure 4: Personal Involvement Index differential semantic scale.

#### Pivoting Data

Sample	Date	Turbidity	THM	E. coli
S1234	13/12/2017	0.05	0.12	0
S1235	14/12/2017	0.1	0.07	
S1236	15/12/2017	0.23	0.21	0

Date	Sample	Analyte	Result Unit
13/12/2017	S1234	Turbidity	0.05 mg/l
13/12/2017	S1234	THM	0.12 mg/l
13/12/2017	S1234	E. coli	0 orgs/100ml
14/12/2017	S1235	Turbidity	0.1 mg/l
14/12/2017	S1235	THM	0.07 mg/l
15/12/2017	S1236	Turbidity	0.23 mg/l
15/12/2017	S1236	THM	0.21 mg/l
15/12/2017	S1236	E. coli	0 orgs/100ml

Figure 5: pivot\_longer(lab\_wide, cols = -1:-2, names\_to = "Analyte", values\_to = "Result")