# "Paul Prince’s MPX"

R1

Generated by Doxygen 1.7.3

Sun Feb 27 2011 00:13:17

# Contents

# Chapter 1

# Introduction

## 1.1 Repository

Version-control information is managed by Git, and hosted by GitHub:

- Website: https://github.com/pprince/cs450
- Public Repo: git://github.com/pprince/cs450.git
- Comitters: git@github.com:pprince/cs450.git

## 1.2 Documentation

Documentation for developers is generated by Doxygen; for detailed information about the files, functions, data structures, etc. that make up MPX and how they relate to each other, refer to:

"MPX Programmer's Manual"

which can be found in the doc/ directory. Also, in the same directory, you can find the current version of:

"MPX User's Manual"

# Chapter 2

# Bug List

**Global mpx_shell(void)** A command should be able to depend on argv[argc] == NULL, but we do not currently implement this feature.

# Chapter 3

# Data Structure Documentation

## 3.1 date_rec Struct Reference

### Data Fields

- int **month**
- int **day**
- int **year**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- mpx/mpx_supt.h

## 3.2 mpx_command Struct Reference

```
#include <mpx_cmds.h>
```

### Data Fields

- char * **name**
- void(* **function** )(int argc, char *argv[ ])
- struct mpx_command * **next**

### 3.2.1 Detailed Description

Node type for a singly-linked list of MPX commands.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- mpx/mpx_cmds.h

## 3.3 params Struct Reference

### Data Fields

- int **op_code**
- int **device_id**
- char * **buf_p**
- int * **count_p**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- mpx/mpx_supt.c

# Chapter 4

# File Documentation

## 4.1 mpx/mpx.c File Reference

MPX main() Function.

```
#include "mpx_supt.h"
#include "mpx_util.h"
#include "mpx_sh.h"
#include "mpx_cmds.h"
```

### Functions

- void main (int argc, char *argv[ ])

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

MPX main() Function.

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**Date**

2011

This file contains the start-of-execution, i.e. function main(), for MPX.

### 4.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 void main ( int *argc,* char * *argv[]* )

This is the start-of-execution for the MPX executable.

```
                                {

  sys_init( MODULE_R1 );  /* System-specific initialization.              *
/
  init_commands();        /* Initialization for MPX user commands.        *
/
  mpx_shell();            /* Execute the command-handler loop.            *
/


  /* mpx_shell() should never return, so if we get here, then
   * we should exit with error status (but don't actually...). */
  printf("FATAL ERROR: mpx_shell() returned! That should never happen...\n"
);
  sys_exit();     /* Terminate, after doing MPX-specific cleanup. */
}
```

## 4.2 mpx/mpx_cmds.c File Reference

MPX User Commands.

```
#include "mpx_cmds.h"

#include "mpx_supt.h"

#include "mpx_util.h"

#include <string.h>
```

### Functions

- void add_command (char *name, void(*function)(int argc, char *argv[]))
- void **dispatch_command** (char *name, int argc, char *argv[])
- void **mpxcmd_commands** (int argc, char *argv[])
- void mpxcmd_date (int argc, char *argv[])
- void **mpxcmd_exit** (int argc, char *argv[])
- void **mpxcmd_help** (int argc, char *argv[])
- void **mpxcmd_version** (int argc, char *argv[])
- void **mpxcmd_ls** (int argc, char *argv[])
- void **init_commands** (void)

### Variables

- static struct mpx_command * **list_head** = NULL

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

MPX User Commands. This file implements each of the user commands for MPX.

### 4.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 void add_command ( char * *name*, void(*)(int argc, char *argv[]) *function* )

Temporary variable for iterating through the list of commands.

```
                                                                        {

        struct mpx_command *this_command;

        /* Allocate space for the new command structure. */
        struct mpx_command *new_command = (struct mpx_command *)sys_alloc_mem(siz
      eof(struct mpx_command));
        new_command->name = (char *)sys_alloc_mem(MAX_ARG_LEN+1);
                /* FIXME: check for malloc failure! */

        /* Initialize the structure. */
        strcpy( new_command->name, name );
        new_command->function = function;
        new_command->next = NULL;

        /* Insert the new command into the list of commands. */
        this_command = list_head;
        if ( this_command == NULL ) {
                list_head = new_command;
        } else {
                while ( this_command->next != NULL ){
                        this_command = this_command->next;
                }
                this_command->next = new_command;
        }
}
```

#### 4.2.2.2 void mpxcmd_date ( int *argc*, char * *argv[]* )

< Temp. storage for the return value of sys_ functions.

< Structure to hold a date (day, month, and year). Will be used for both getting and setting the MPX system date.

```
                                        {
        int retval;
        date_rec date;

        if ( argc == 1 ){
                sys_get_date(&date);
                printf("Current MPX system date (yyyy-mm-dd): %04d-%02d-%02d\n",
      date.year, date.month, date.day);
                return;
        }

        if ( argc == 4 ){

                date.year  = atoi(argv[1]);
                date.month = atoi(argv[2]);
                date.day   = atoi(argv[3]);

                if ( ! mpx_validate_date(date.year, date.month, date.day) ) {
                        printf("ERROR: Invalid date specified; MPX system date is
       unchanged.\n");
                        printf("       Valid dates are between 1900-01-01 and 299
      9-12-31, inclusive.\n");
                        return;
                }

                retval = sys_set_date(&date);
                if ( retval != 0 ) {
                        printf("ERROR: sys_set_date() returned an error.\n");
                        return;
                }

                printf("The MPX system date has been changed.\n");
                return;
        }

        printf("ERROR: Wrong number of arguments to 'date'.\n");
        printf("       Type 'help date' for usage information.\n");
}
```

## 4.3 mpx/mpx_sh.c File Reference

MPX Shell, aka Command Handler.

```
#include "mpx_sh.h"

#include "mpx_supt.h"

#include "mpx_util.h"

#include "mpx_cmds.h"

#include <string.h>
```

## Functions

- void mpx_setprompt (char *new_prompt)

  *Sets the current prompt to whatever string is given.*

- void mpx_shell (void)

## Variables

- static char * mpx_prompt_string = NULL

  *The current prompt string.*

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

MPX Shell, aka Command Handler. This file implements the user interface for MPX.

### 4.3.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 void mpx_setprompt ( char * *new_prompt* )

Sets the current prompt to whatever string is given.

If new_prompt is NULL, this is a no-op.

```
                                    {
        if (new_prompt == NULL) return;
        if (mpx_prompt_string != NULL) {
                sys_free_mem(mpx_prompt_string);
        }
        mpx_prompt_string = (char *)sys_alloc_mem(strlen(new_prompt)+1);
        strcpy(mpx_prompt_string, new_prompt);
}
```

#### 4.3.2.2 void mpx_shell ( void )

This function implements the MPX shell (command-line user interface).

mpx_shell() never returns!

**Bug**

A command should be able to depend on argv[argc] == NULL, but we do not currently implement this feature.

```
{

  /* A buffer to hold the command line input by the user.
   * We include space for the \r, \n, and \0 characters, if any. */
  char cmdline[ MAX_CMDLINE_LEN+2 ];

  /* Buffer size argument for passing to sys_req(). */
  int line_buf_size = MAX_CMDLINE_LEN;

  /* Used to capture the return value of sys_req(). */
  int err;

  /* argc to be passed to MPX command; works just like the one passed to ma
in(). */
  int argc;
  /* argv array to be passed to MPX command; works almost just like the one
 passed to main().
   *
   * But there is one caveat: argv[argc] is undefined in my implementation,
 not garanteed to be NULL. */
  char **argv;

  /* Temporary pointer for use in string tokenization. */
  char *token;

  /* Delimiters that separate arguments in the MPX shell command-line envir
onment. */
  char *delims = "\t \n";

  /* An index for use in for(;;) loops. */
  int i;
  /* An index for use in nested for(;;) loops. */
  int j;

  /* We must initialize the prompt string. */
  mpx_setprompt(MPX_DEFAULT_PROMPT);

  /* Loop Forever; this is the REPL. */
  /* This loop terminates only via the MPX 'exit' command. */
  for(;;) {
          /* Output the current MPX prompt string. */
          printf("%s", mpx_prompt_string);

          /* Read in a line of input from the user. */
          sys_req( READ, TERMINAL, cmdline, &line_buf_size );

          /* Remove trailing newline. */
          mpx_chomp(cmdline);

          /* Allocate space for the argv argument that is to be sent to an
MPX command. */
          argv = (char **)sys_alloc_mem( sizeof(char**) * (MAX_ARGS+1) ); /
* +1 for argv[0] */
          for( i=0; i < MAX_ARGS+1; i++ ){                                /
* +1 for argv[0] */
                  argv[i] = sys_alloc_mem(MAX_ARG_LEN+1);                 /
* +1 for \0 */
```

```
		}


		/* Tokenize the command line entered by the user, and set argc. *
/
		/* 0 is a special value here for argc; a value > 0 after the for
loop indicates
		 * that tokenizing was successful and that argc and argv contain
valid data.
		 *
		 *****  NOTE:  argc includes argv[0], but MAX_ARGS does not!  ***
**/

		argc = 0; token = NULL;

		for( i=0; i < MAX_ARGS+1; i++ ){

			if (i==0) {
				token = strtok( cmdline, delims );
			} else {
				token = strtok( NULL, delims );
			}

			if (token == NULL) {
				/* No more arguments. */
				break;
			}

			if (strlen(token) > MAX_ARG_LEN) {
				/* This argument is too long. */
				printf("ERROR: Argument too long. MAX_ARG_LEN is
%d.\n", MAX_ARG_LEN);
				argc = 0;
				break;
			}

			argc++;
			strcpy( argv[i], token );
		}

		if ( strtok( NULL, delims ) != NULL ){
			/* Too many arguments. */
			printf("ERROR: Too many arguments. MAX_ARGS is %d.\n", MA
X_ARGS);
			continue;
		}

		if ( argc <= 0 ) {
			/* Blank command; just re-print the prompt. */
			continue;
		}

		/* Run the command, or print an error if it is invalid. */
		dispatch_command( argv[0], argc, argv );

		/* Free the memory for the dynamically-allocated *argv[] */
		for( i=0; i < MAX_ARGS+1; i++ ){
```

```
                sys_free_mem( argv[i] );
            }
            sys_free_mem( argv );
        }
}
```

## 4.4 mpx/mpx_util.c File Reference

Various utility functions used by all of MPX.

```
#include "mpx_util.h"
#include "mpx_supt.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
```

### Functions

- int mpx_chomp (char *str)
- int **mpx_validate_date** (int year, int month, int day)
- int **mpx_cat** (char *file_name)

### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Various utility functions used by all of MPX. This file contains the functions etc. to implement the user interface for MPX.

### 4.4.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 int mpx_chomp ( char * *str* )

Removes trailing newline, if any.

This function checks to see if the last character in a string is a newline, and, if so, removes it. Otherwise, the string is left unchanged.

The input must be a valid (allocated and null-terminated) C string, otherwise the results are undefined (but will most likley result in a segmentation fault / protection fault).

Returns the number of characters removed from the string.

**Parameters**

| | |
|---|---|
| *str* | The string to chomp. |

```
                        {
        if( strlen(str) > 0 ){
                if( str[ strlen(str)-1 ] == '\n' ){
                        str[ strlen(str)-1 ] = '\0';
                        return 1;
                }
        }
        return 0;
}
```

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