$$\Phi(\boldsymbol{x},t) = (\phi_{\boldsymbol{x},t} * K)(\boldsymbol{x},t) .$$

$$\Phi(\boldsymbol{x},t) = (\phi \delta_{\boldsymbol{x}_s(t)} * f)(\boldsymbol{x},t) .$$

$$\Phi(\boldsymbol{x},t) = (\phi \delta_{\boldsymbol{x}_s} * K)(\boldsymbol{x},t)$$

$$\Phi(\boldsymbol{x},t) = (\phi \delta_{\boldsymbol{x}_s} * K)(\boldsymbol{x},t)$$

$$\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q) = \int_{\mathcal{P} \times [0,T]} \Phi(\mathrm{d}\boldsymbol{x} \times \mathrm{d}t) .$$

$$\boldsymbol{m}^* = \arg \max_{\boldsymbol{m} \in \mathcal{M}} P(?|\boldsymbol{m}) .$$

$$\boldsymbol{m}^* = \arg\inf_{\boldsymbol{m} \in \boldsymbol{M}} \big(\operatorname{nll}(\boldsymbol{y}|\boldsymbol{m}) - \log(P(\boldsymbol{m}))\big)$$

$$\mu(\mathbf{x}_q) = \phi \, A \, T \, K(\mathbf{x}_q - \mathbf{x}_s) \quad , \tag{1}$$

$$\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q) = \phi A T \sum_{k=1}^{N} w_k f_k(\boldsymbol{x}_q - \boldsymbol{x}_s)$$
 (2)

$$P(y_q) = \frac{(\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q))^{y_q}}{y_q!} \exp(-\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q)) \quad ,$$

$$\operatorname{nll}(\boldsymbol{y}|\boldsymbol{m}) = \sum_{q \in \mathcal{P}} (\mu_q(\boldsymbol{m}) - y_q \log(\mu_q(\boldsymbol{m})))$$
(3)

$$K_N(\boldsymbol{x}) = \sum_{k=1}^N w_k f_k(\boldsymbol{x}) \quad , \tag{4}$$

$$\mu(m{x}_q) = C_0 \, \phi \; PSF_N(m{x}_q - m{x}_s) \quad ext{for} \quad C_0 = T \, A \, ext{and} \; q \in 1, 2....M$$
 $= C_0 \, \phi \, \sum_{k=1}^N w_k \, f_k(m{x}_q - m{x}_s) \quad .$

$$\operatorname{nll}(.) = \sum_{\boldsymbol{x}_q} \left(\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q) - y_q \log(\mu(\boldsymbol{x}_q)) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{\boldsymbol{x}_n} \left(C_0 \phi \sum_{k=1}^N w_k f_k(\boldsymbol{x}_q - \boldsymbol{x}_s) - y_q \log \left(C_0 \phi \sum_{k=1}^N w_k f_k(\boldsymbol{x}_q - \boldsymbol{x}_s) \right) \right] .$$
(5)

$$nll(\phi, \mathbf{w}) = \sum_{x_q} \left(\phi \mathbf{D} \mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y} log(\phi \mathbf{D} \mathbf{w}) \right) . \tag{6}$$

$$\inf_{oldsymbol{w} \in \Delta \atop \phi \in \mathbb{R}^+} \mathrm{nll}(\phi, \, oldsymbol{w}) \, + \, \lambda \, \mathbf{card}(oldsymbol{w}) \quad .$$

$$\inf_{\substack{\boldsymbol{w} \in \Delta \\ \phi \in \mathbb{R}^+}} \operatorname{nll}(\phi, \, \boldsymbol{w}) \, + \, \lambda \, \|\boldsymbol{w}\|_1$$

$$\inf_{\boldsymbol{w} \in \mathbb{R}^+} \operatorname{nll}(\boldsymbol{w}') + \lambda \|\boldsymbol{w}'\|_1$$

$$S(\phi, \boldsymbol{w}) = \text{nll}(\phi, \boldsymbol{w}) + \lambda \|\boldsymbol{w}\|_1 \quad . \tag{7}$$

$$\operatorname{nll}(\boldsymbol{w}') = \sum_{x_a} \left(\boldsymbol{D} \boldsymbol{w}' - \boldsymbol{I} \cdot \log(\boldsymbol{D} \boldsymbol{w}') \right) . \tag{8}$$

$$\inf_{\boldsymbol{w}\in\Delta} S(\boldsymbol{w}) = \inf_{\boldsymbol{w}} \, \operatorname{nll}(\boldsymbol{w}) + \lambda \, \|\boldsymbol{w}\|_1 + i_{\Delta}(\boldsymbol{w})$$

$$\inf_{\substack{\boldsymbol{v}_1,\boldsymbol{v}_2,\boldsymbol{v}_3\\\boldsymbol{v}_1=\mathbf{Dw}\\\boldsymbol{v}_2=\boldsymbol{w},\,\boldsymbol{v}_3=\boldsymbol{w}}} \mathrm{S}_1(\boldsymbol{v}_1) + \mathrm{S}_2(\boldsymbol{v}_2) + \mathrm{S}_3(\boldsymbol{v}_3) \quad .$$

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{AS}(\boldsymbol{w},\,\boldsymbol{v},\,\boldsymbol{b}) &= \mathrm{S}_{1}(\boldsymbol{v}_{1}) + \mathrm{S}_{2}(\boldsymbol{v}_{2}) + \mathrm{S}_{3}(\boldsymbol{v}_{3}) + \\ &\frac{1}{2\gamma} \, \|\boldsymbol{b}_{1} + \boldsymbol{D}\boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{1}\|_{2}^{2} + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \, \|\boldsymbol{b}_{2} + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{2}\|_{2}^{2} + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \, \|\boldsymbol{b}_{3} + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{3}\|_{2}^{2} \quad . \end{split}$$

Primal updates:

$$\boldsymbol{w}^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{\boldsymbol{w}} AS(\boldsymbol{w}, \boldsymbol{v}_1^k, \boldsymbol{v}_2^k, \boldsymbol{v}_3^k, \boldsymbol{b}^k)$$
 (9)

$$v_1^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{v_1} AS(w^{k+1}, v_1, v_2^k, v_3^k, b^k)$$
 (10)

$$v_2^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{v_2} AS(w^{k+1}, v_1^{k+1}, v_2, v_3^k, b^k)$$
 (11)

$$v_3^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{v_3} AS(w^{k+1}, v_1^{k+1}, v_2^{k+1}, v_3, b^k)$$
 (12)

Dual updates:

$$egin{array}{ll} m{b}_1^{k+1} &= m{b}_1^k + m{D}m{w}^{k+1} - m{v}_1^{k+1} \ m{b}_2^{k+1} &= m{b}_2^k + m{w}^{k+1} - m{v}_2^{k+1} \ m{b}_3^{k+1} &= m{b}_3^k + m{w}^{k+1} - m{v}_3^{k+1} \end{array}$$

$$\boldsymbol{w}^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{\boldsymbol{w}} \frac{1}{2\gamma} \|\boldsymbol{b}_1^k + \boldsymbol{D}\boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_1^k\|_2^2 + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \|\boldsymbol{b}_2^k + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_2^k\|_2^2 + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \|\boldsymbol{b}_3^k + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_3^k\|_2^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \boldsymbol{D}^{T} \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{1}{}^{k} + \boldsymbol{D} \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{1}{}^{k} \right) + \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{2}{}^{k} + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{2}{}^{k} \right) + \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{3}{}^{k} + \boldsymbol{w} - \boldsymbol{v}_{3}{}^{k} \right) = 0 \\ & \Longrightarrow \ \boldsymbol{w}^{k+1} = \left[\boldsymbol{D}^{T} \boldsymbol{D} + 2 \boldsymbol{I} \right]^{-1} \left[\boldsymbol{D}^{T} \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{1}{}^{k} - \boldsymbol{v}_{1}{}^{k} \right) + \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{2}{}^{k} - \boldsymbol{v}_{2}{}^{k} \right) + \left(\boldsymbol{b}_{3}{}^{k} - \boldsymbol{v}_{3}{}^{k} \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$m{v}_1^{k+1} \, = \, rg \inf_{m{v}_1} \mathrm{S}_1(m{v}_1) + rac{1}{2\gamma} \, \|m{b}_1{}^k + m{D}m{w}^{k+1} - m{v}_1\|_2^2$$

$$\arg\inf_{v_q} \operatorname{nll}(v_q) + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \left[(\boldsymbol{b}_1^{\ k})_q + (\boldsymbol{D}\boldsymbol{w}^{k+1})_q - v_q \right]^2$$

$$(v_q)^2 + (\gamma - (\boldsymbol{b}_1^k)_q - (\boldsymbol{D}\boldsymbol{w}^{k+1})_q).v_q - \gamma.i_q = 0$$

$$oldsymbol{v}_2^{k+1} = rg\inf_{oldsymbol{v}_2} \mathrm{S}_2(oldsymbol{v}_2) + rac{1}{2\gamma} \left\lVert oldsymbol{b}_2^{k} + oldsymbol{w}^{k+1} - oldsymbol{v}_2
ight
Vert_2^2$$

$$\arg\inf_{v_n} \lambda \|v_n\| + \frac{1}{2\gamma} [(\boldsymbol{b}_2^k)_n + (\boldsymbol{w}^{k+1})_n - v_n]^2$$

$$v_n = \begin{cases} \left(1 - \frac{\lambda'}{\|x_n\|}\right), & \forall \|x_n\| \leqslant \lambda' \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases},$$

where, x_n equals $({\boldsymbol b_2}^k)_n + ({\boldsymbol w}^{k+1})_n$ and λ' is equal to $(\lambda\,\gamma)$.

$$v_3^{k+1} = \arg\inf_{v_3} S_3(v_3) + \frac{1}{2\gamma} \|b_3^k + w^{k+1} - v_3\|_2^2$$

$$\arg\inf_{{m v}_3\in\Delta}\|{m b}_3{}^k+{m w}^{k+1}-{m v}_3\|_2^2$$