

# RDFS Entailments

# Data, Information & Knowledge

## Continuum

- Data: raw facts
- Information, knowledge: facts with semantics
- Knowledge: deduce new data, information and knowledge

# Inference / Entailment

Knowledge + Inference Rules

=>

new Knowledge

# INFERENCE / ENTAILMENT

# Inference Rule

if A then B

$A \Rightarrow B$

$B :- A$

# Inference Rule

Hominidae(?x) :- Human(?x)

Mammal(?x) :- Hominidae(?x)

Vertebrate(?x) :- Mammal(?x)

# Modus Ponens

$B \text{ :- } A \ \& \ A$

$\Rightarrow B$

# Modus Ponens

grandParent(?x, ?z) :-

parent(?x, ?y) & parent(?y, ?z)

parent(John, Mary)

parent(Mary, James)

=>

grandParent(John, James)



# **RDFS ENTAILMENT**

# RDF

RDF: triples

subject predicate object

```
ex:John foaf:knows ex:James ;  
  rdfs:label "John" .
```

# RDFS

RDFS: Class Hierarchy & Property definition

foaf:Person rdfs:subClassOf ex:Living

foaf:knows rdfs:domain foaf:Person

# RDF(S) Semantics

- RDF 1.1 Semantics
- W3C Recommendation 25 February 2014
- <https://www.w3.org/TR/rdf11-mt/>

# RDFS Entailment

- Type inference
- Class subsumption
- Property subsumption
- Domain & range inference

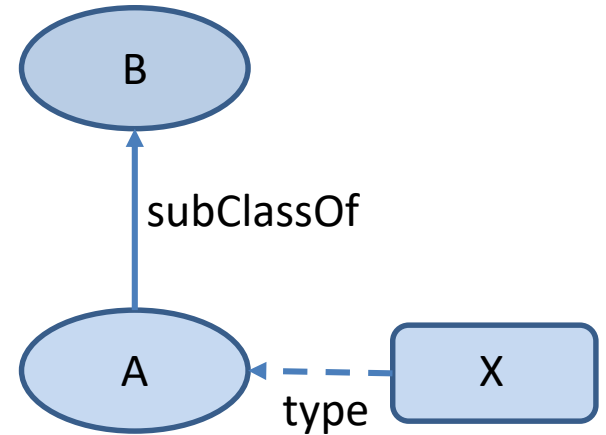
# Type

`?x rdf:type ?b`

`:-`

`?x rdf:type ?a &`

`?a rdfs:subClassOf ?b`



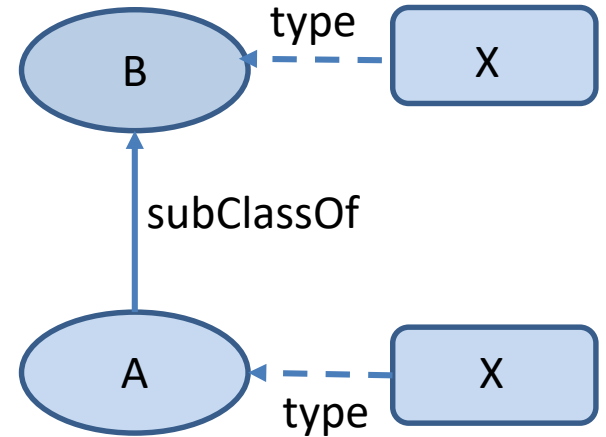
# Type

`?x rdf:type ?b`

`:-`

`?x rdf:type ?a &`

`?a rdfs:subClassOf ?b`



# Type

`?x rdf:type rdfs:Resource`

`:-`

`?x rdf:type ?y`



# Type

`?y rdf:type rdfs:Resource`

`:-`

`?x rdf:type ?y`

# Class subsumption

`rdfs:subClassOf` is transitive

`?x rdfs:subClassOf ?z`

:-

`?x rdfs:subClassOf ?y &`

`?y rdfs:subClassOf ?z`

# Class subsumption

`?c rdfs:subClassOf ?c`

`:-`

`?c rdf:type rdfs:Class`

# Class subsumption

`?c rdfs:subClassOf rdfs:Resource`

`:-`

`?c rdf:type rdfs:Class`

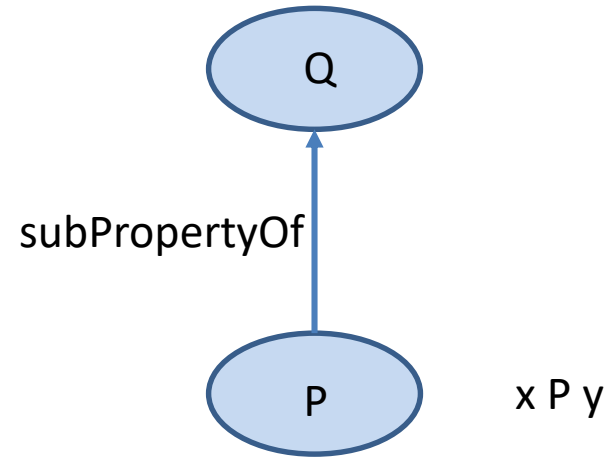
# Property subsumption

$?x \ ?q \ ?y$

$\vdash$

$?x \ ?p \ ?y \ \&$

$?p \ \text{rdfs:subPropertyOf} \ ?q$



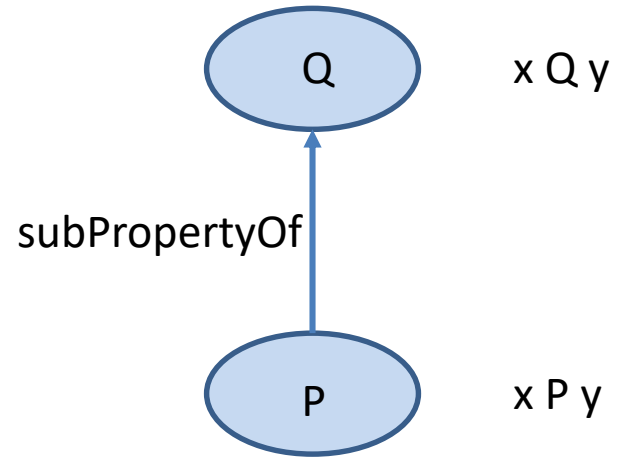
# Property subsumption

$?x \ ?q \ ?y$

$\vdash$

$?x \ ?p \ ?y \ \&$

$?p \ \text{rdfs:subPropertyOf} \ ?q$



# Property subsumption

ex:author *rdfs:subPropertyOf* ex:creator

foaf:name *rdfs:subPropertyOf* rdfs:label

foaf:knows *rdfs:subPropertyOf* rdfs:seeAlso

# Property subsumption

`?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?p`

`:-`

`?p rdf:type rdf:Property`



# Property subsumption

rdfs:subPropertyOf is transitive

?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?r

:-

?p rdfs:subPropertyOf ?q &

?q rdfs:subPropertyOf ?r &

# Domain

?s rdf:type ?d

:-

?p rdfs:domain ?d &

?s ?p ?o

foaf:name rdfs:domain foaf:Person .

ex:John foaf:name 'John' .

=>

ex:John rdf:type foaf:Person .

# Domain

A property may have several domains

```
ex:speed rdfs:domain ex:Object, ex:Mobile .
```

```
ex:soyuz a ex:SpaceCraft ; ex:speed 28000 .
```

```
ex:soyuz a ex:Object, ex:Mobile .
```

# Range

```
?o rdf:type ?r
```

```
:-
```

```
?p rdfs:range ?r &
```

```
?s ?p ?o
```

```
foaf:knows rdfs:range foaf:Person .
```

```
ex:John foaf:knows ex:Jack .
```

```
=>
```

```
ex:Jack rdf:type foaf:Person .
```

# Range

A property may have several ranges

```
ex:hasVehicule rdfs:range ex:Object, ex:Mobile .
```

```
ex:witch ex:hasVehicule ex:broom .
```

```
ex:broom a ex:Object, ex:Mobile .
```

# Container (rdf:Bag ...)

ex:riviera

rdf:\_1 ex:Nice ;

rdf:\_2 ex:Antibes ;

rdf:\_3 ex:Cannes .

# Container (rdf:Bag ...)

rdf:\_1 a rdfs:ContainerMembershipProperty

rdf:\_2 a rdfs:ContainerMembershipProperty

...

?p rdfs:subPropertyOf rdfs:member

:-

?p a rdfs:ContainerMembershipProperty

# Use Case

RDFS Entailments:

- « *complement* » RDF graphs
- used to answer SPARQL queries