```
# function as parameter
def f1(f):
  return 'hello ' +f
def f2():
  return 'ravi'
f1(f2())
     'helloravi'
# inner function
def outer ():
  def inner():
    print('hello')
  return inner()
outer()
     hello
inner()
     NameError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-7-bc10f1654870> in <module>
     ----> 1 inner()
     NameError: name 'inner' is not defined
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
def outer(x):
  def inner():
    print('i am inner func')
    y = x + 100
    return y
  return inner()
outer(10)
     i am inner func
     110
# decorator
def div (x,y):
  return x/y
```

```
div(10,2)
     5.0
div(20,5)
     4.0
div(5,10)
     0.5
def div(x,y):
  if x<y:</pre>
    x,y=y,x
    return x/y
div(2,10)
     5.0
def div_modify(func):
  def inner(x,y):
    if x<y:</pre>
      x,y=y,x
    return func(x,y)
  return inner
def div (x,y):
  return x/y
d=div_modify(div)
d(10,2)
     5.0
d(2,10)
     5.0
def div_modify(func):
  def inner(x,y):
    if x<y:</pre>
      x,y=y,x
    return func(x,y)
  return inner
@div_modify
def div (x,y):
  return x/y
```

```
div(4,10)
     2.5
def outer_decor(func):
  def inner():
    val=func()
    s=val+100
    d=val-50
    return s,d
  return inner
@outer_decor
def show():
  x=10
  return x
@outer_decor
def func2():
  return 20
def func3():
  return 40
show()
     (110, -40)
func2()
     (120, -30)
def show():
  x=20
  s=x+100
  d=x-50
  return s,d
show()
     (120, -30)
func3()
     40
# iterable
1=[1,2,3,4]
for i in 1:
  print(i)
```

```
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                                                Decorator-2.ipynb - Colaboratory
         2
         3
         4
   s='sai ravi'
   for i in s:
     print(i)
         S
         а
         i
         а
         i
   x=45
   for i in x:
     print(i)
                                                      Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-27-eff6014ecc17> in <module>
               1 x = 45
         ----> 2 for i in x:
               3 print(i)
         TypeError: 'int' object is not iterable
          SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
   1=[10,20,30,40]
   for i in 1:
     print(i)
         10
         20
         30
         40
   next(1)
         TypeError
                                                      Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-29-cdc8a39da60d> in <module>
         ----> 1 next(1)
         TypeError: 'list' object is not an iterator
```

```
https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1kebRII1P8zOYKQ4VS0izjqpDF51EzGjx\#scrollTo=90h9fig9Iqu9\&printMode=true
```

SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW

```
# to convert iterable into iterator ...use iter()
b=iter(1)
b
     <list_iterator at 0x7f3a65342090>
next(b)
     10
next(b)
     20
next(b)
     30
next(b)
     40
next(b)
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-35-adb3e17b0219> in <module>
     ----> 1 next(b)
     StopIteration:
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
t=(1,2,3,4) # iterable
x=iter(t)
            # iterator
next(x)
     1
next(x)
     2
next(x)
     3
next(x)
```

4

```
next(x)
     StopIteration
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-41-92de4e9f6b1e> in <module>
     ----> 1 next(x)
     StopIteration:
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
z=10
y=iter(z)
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-42-449c9cdb63cc> in <module>
           1 z=10
     ----> 2 y=iter(z)
     TypeError: 'int' object is not iterable
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
# yield #
            generator
range(4)
     range(0, 4)
list(range(4))
     [0, 1, 2, 3]
for i in range(4):
  print(i)
     0
     1
     2
     3
def func2(n):
  v=[v for v in range(n)]
  return v
func2(4)
```

[0, 1, 2, 3]

```
def func2(n):
  v=[v for v in range(n)]
  yield v
d=func2(4)
     <generator object func2 at 0x7f3a652af1d0>
list(d)
     [[0, 1, 2, 3]]
for i in d:
  print(i)
     [0, 1, 2, 3]
def fib(n):
  a=1
  b=1
  1=[]
  for i in range(n):
    1.append(a)
    a,b=b,a+b
  return 1
fib(1000000)
def fib_gen(n):
  a=1
  b=1
  for i in range(n):
    yield a
    a,b=b,a+b
fb=fib_gen(100000)
fb
     <generator object fib_gen at 0x7f7b45c6e050>
list(fb)
def f(*args,a,b,c):
  return args,a,b,c
f(1,2,3,a=4,b=10,c=0)
     ((1, 2, 3), 4, 10, 0)
```

```
def f(a,b,c,*args):
 return args,a,b,c
f(1,2,3,4,5,6)
    ((4, 5, 6), 1, 2, 3)
def f(**kwargs):
  return kwargs
f(1,2,3)
     ______
    TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent call last)
    <ipython-input-6-57badc479b1e> in <module>
          1 def f(**kwargs):
          2 return kwargs
    ---> 3 f(1,2,3)
    TypeError: f() takes 0 positional arguments but 3 were given
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
f(x=1,y=2,z=3)
    {'x': 1, 'y': 2, 'z': 3}
def display(f):
 return 'hello'+f
def show():
 return ' prabhat'
display(show())
     'hello prabhat'
def decor_(fun):
 def inner():
   val=fun()
   val+=100
   return val
 return inner
@decor_
def fn1():
  return 10
fn1()
    110
##
def f1(func):
```

```
def wrapper():
    print('started')
    func()
    print('ended')
  return wrapper
@f1
def f2():
  print('hello')
f2()
     started
     hello
     ended
##
def sales(no_of_items,price_per_item):
  p=no_of_items*price_per_item
  if p > = 500:
    p=p-p*0.1
    return p
  else:
    return p
sales(30,20)
     540.0
## discount decorator
def discount(func):
  def inner(x,y):
    p=func(x,y)
    if p>=500:
      p=p-p*0.1
      return p
    else:
      return p
  return inner
@discount
def sales(no_of_items,price_per_item):
  return no_of_items*price_per_item
sales(5,20)
     100
def discount(func):
  def inner(*args):
    p=func(*args)
    if p > = 500:
      p=p-p*0.1
      return p
    else:
      return p
  return inner
@discount
```

```
def sales(no_of_items,price_per_item,length):
  return no_of_items*price_per_item*length
sales(10,20,3)
def discount(func):
  def inner():
    p=func()
    if p>=500:
      p=p-p*0.1
      return p
    else:
      return p
  return inner
@discount
def sales():
  return 500
sales()
     450.0
# decorator can be used in class also
def before_after(func):
  def wrapper(*args):
                        # wrapper(x)
    print('before')
    func(*args)
                        # func(x)
    print('after')
  return wrapper
class Test:
  @before_after
  def decor method(self):
    print('Run')
t=Test()
t.decor_method()
     before
     Run
     after
# time decorator
import time
def timer(f):
  def wrapper():
    before=time.time()
    #print(before)
    f()
    #print(time.time())
    print('function took :',time.time()-before," seconds")
  return wrapper
@timer
```

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```

```
##
def main_func(fun):
  def inner_func(*args):
    print('Function that is running : ',fun.__name__)
    print(fun.__name__,fun(*args))
    op=fun(*args)+10
    print('final op= ',op)
  return inner_func
@main func
def add(*args):
  s=0
  for i in args:
    s+=i
  return s
@main func
def mul(*args):
  m=1
  for i in args:
    m*=i
  return m
add(1,2,3,4)
     Function that is running: add
     add 10
     final op= 20
mul(1,2,3,4)
     Function that is running: mul
     mul 24
     final op= 34
###
import time
def main func(fun):
  def inner_func(*args):
    print('Function that is running : ',fun. name )
    before=time.time()
    print(fun.__name__,fun(*args))
    op=fun(*args)+10
    print('function took :',time.time()-before, " seconds")
    print('final op= ',op)
  return inner_func
@main_func
def add(*args):
  s=0
  for i in args:
    s+=i
  return s
@main_func
```

```
def mul(*args):
  m=1
  for i in args:
    m*=i
  return m
add(1,2,3,4)
     Function that is running: add
     function took: 6.079673767089844e-05 seconds
     final op= 20
mul(1,2,3,4)
     Function that is running: mul
     function took: 5.030632019042969e-05 seconds
     final op= 34
## decorator for writing log file
import datetime
import time
def log(func):
  def wrapper(*args):
    val=func(*args)
    with open('log_file.txt','a') as f:
      f.write('The running function is : '+func.__ name +' of '+
              ' '.join([str(arg) for arg in args])+
              ' at '+str(datetime.datetime.now())+ ' and value= '+str(val)+
              '\n')
    return val
  return wrapper
@log
def sum(a,b,c):
  return a+b+c
sum(10,20,30)
    60
time.time()
     1668499189.9967787
```

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