```
#functions in Python
         #Positional parameters
         def add(a,b):
            #Body of a function
            print(a)
            print(b)
            print("Addition")
            return a+b
         result = add(30,40)
         print(result)
        30
        40
        Addition
        70
In [4]: #Defining the fucntion
         def display():
            print("hello") #Inside the function body print statement is written
         display() #Calling the function
        hello
In [5]: #Keyword parameters
         def name(fname, lname):
            print("Hello",fname,lname)
         #Calling function
        name(lname="Sundaramoorthy",fname="Rekha")
        Hello Rekha Sundaramoorthy
        def greetings(msg,name):
In [17]:
            print(msg)
            print(name)
            print(name, msg)
         greetings("Good Morning ","Dinesh")
         greetings("Dinesh","Good Morning ")
         greetings(name="Dinesh", msg="Good Morning") #Calling the function using key word parameters
```

```
print("*******************************")
        greetings(msg="Python makes me sleepy",name="Devendra")
        print("*************************")
        greetings("Python makes me sleepy",name="Devendra")
        Good Morning
        Dinesh
        Dinesh Good Morning
        ***********
        Dinesh
        Good Morning
        Good Morning Dinesh
        ***********
        Good Morning
        Dinesh
        Dinesh Good Morning
        ***********
        Python makes me sleepy
        Devendra
        Devendra Python makes me sleepy
        ***********
        Python makes me sleepy
        Devendra
        Devendra Python makes me sleepy
In [20]: #default parameters
        def def par (a,b,c,d=0,e=0):
            print(a+b+c+d+e)
            print(d)
            print(e)
        def_par(10,20,30)
        60
        0
        0
In [24]: def personDetails(name,age=18):
            print(name," ",age)
         personDetails("Rakesh")
        personDetails("Rakesh",25)
        personDetails("Chintu",15)
```

```
Rakesh 18
         Rakesh 25
         Chintu 15
        #Variable length arguments
In [25]:
         def displayNumbers(*nums):
             print(nums)
         displayNumbers(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)
         #def disNum(n1,n2,n3,n4,n5,n6,n7,n8,n9,n10)
         (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
        #Variable length arguments
In [26]:
         def var len(*argv):
             for arg in argv:
                 print(arg)
         var_len("Hello","We have","come to the","end of the session", "Happy Learning")
         Hello
         We have
         come to the
         end of the session
         Happy Learning
In [29]: #Variable length arguments
         def var_len(str1,str2,*argv):
             print(str1)
             print(str2)
             print("************")
             for arg in argv:
                 print(arg)
         var_len("Hello","We have","come to the","end of the session", "Happy Learning")
         Hello
         We have
         ******
         come to the
         end of the session
         Happy Learning
```

```
#Anonymous function
In [33]:
        sum=lambda x,y:x+y
        res=sum(15,10) #Calling the lambda
        print(res)
        #Anonymous function without any parameters
        msg = lambda:print("Hello All")
        msg() #Calling the Lambda
        #Another example
        #Lambda accepts one argument
        greet user=lambda name:print("Hey there, ",name," don't sleep")
        greet_user('John')
        25
        Hello All
        Hey there, John don't sleep
In [41]:
            A function which takes another function as an argument is known as higher order
            function
         111
        #Function 1
        def display(n):
            print(n*2)
        #Function 2 takes 2 argument- 1st n is just for a number, 2nd argument another function
        def myFunc(n,anotherFunc):
            anotherFunc(n)
        myFunc(10,display)
        #lambda for function 1
        #lambda n:print(n*2)
        def myFunct2(n):
            return lambda n:print(n*2)
        res = myFunct2(15)
        res(15)
        20
        30
```

```
listOfNumbers=[1,3,2,6,5,1,7,8,9,10,12,14,16,18,19]
In [54]:
         newlist = filter(lambda x:x%2==0,listOfNumbers)
         print(list(newlist))
         #Using Lambda
         oddNumbers = filter(lambda x:x%2!=0,listOfNumbers)
         print(list(oddNumbers))
         #Using classic function definition
         def oddNumbers(n):
             return n%2!=0
         oddNums=filter(oddNumbers,listOfNumbers)
         print(list(oddNums))
         [2, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18]
         [1, 3, 5, 1, 7, 9, 19]
         [1, 3, 5, 1, 7, 9, 19]
In [55]: #map function
         numbers = [1,2,3,4,5]
         squareOfNumbers=list(map(lambda x:x*x,numbers))
         print(squareOfNumbers)
         [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
         #reduce function
In [61]:
         from functools import reduce
         numbers =[1,2,3,4,5]
         sumOfItems=reduce(lambda x,y:x+y,numbers)
         print(sumOfItems)
         maximumValue= reduce(lambda x,y: x if(x>y) else y,numbers)
         print(maximumValue)
         15
         5
In [ ]:
```