## 4. GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE

## In this publication:

World includes OECD Total; Africa; Non-OECD Americas; Non-OECD Asia (excluding China); China (People's Republic of China and Hong Kong, China); Non-OECD Europe and Eurasia; Middle East; World aviation bunkers and World marine bunkers. It is also the sum of Africa, Americas, Asia, Europe, Oceania, World aviation bunkers and World marine bunkers.

Africa includes Algeria; Angola; Benin; Botswana; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cabo Verde; Cameroon; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; the Republic of the Congo (Congo); Côte d'Ivoire; the Democratic Republic of the Congo; Djibouti; Egypt; Equatorial Guinea; Eritrea; Ethiopia; Gabon; Gambia; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Kenya; Lesotho; Liberia; Libya; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Morocco; Mozambique; Namibia; Niger; Nigeria; Réunion; Rwanda; Sao Tome and Principe; Senegal; the Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; South Africa; South Sudan (from 2012); Sudan; Swaziland; the United Republic of Tanzania (Tanzania); Togo; Tunisia; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

Americas includes Antigua and Barbuda; Argentina; Aruba; the Bahamas; Barbados; Belize; Bermuda; the Plurinational State of Bolivia (Bolivia); Bonaire (from 2012); the British Virgin Islands; Brazil; Canada; the Cayman Islands; Chile; Colombia; Costa Rica; Cuba; Curaçao<sup>1</sup>; Dominica; the Dominican Republic; Ecuador; El Salvador; the Falkland Islands (Malvinas);

Asia (from 1990) includes Afghanistan; Armenia; Azerbaijan; Bahrain; Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia; the People's Republic of China; Cyprus<sup>3</sup>; Georgia; Hong Kong, China; India; Indonesia; the Islamic Republic of Iran; Iraq; Israel<sup>4</sup>; Japan; Jordan; the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Korea; Kazakhstan; Kuwait; Kyrgyzstan; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Lebanon; Macau, China; Malaysia; the Maldives; Mongolia; Myanmar; Nepal; Oman; Pakistan; the Philippines; Qatar; Saudi Arabia; Singapore; Sri Lanka; the Syrian Arab Republic; Tajikistan; Chinese Taipei; Thailand; Timor-Leste;

The information in this document with reference to "Cyprus" relates to the southern part of the Island. There is no single authority representing both Turkish and Greek Cypriot people on the Island. Turkey recognises the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus (TRNC). Until a lasting and equitable solution is found within the context of the United Nations, Turkey shall preserve its position concerning the "Cyprus issue".

Note by all the European Union member states of the OECD and the European Union:

The Republic of Cyprus is recognised by all members of the United Nations with the exception of Turkey. The information in this document relates to the area under the effective control of the Government of the Republic of Cyprus.

4. The statistical data for Israel are supplied by and under the responsibility of the relevant Israeli authorities. The use of such data by the OECD is without prejudice to the status of the Golan Heights, East Jerusalem and Israeli settlements in the West Bank under the terms of international law.

Guatemala; French Guiana; Grenada; Guadeloupe; Guyana; Haiti; Honduras; Jamaica; Martinique; Mexico; Montserrat; Nicaragua; Panama; Paraguay; Peru; Puerto Rico (for natural gas and electricity)<sup>2</sup>; Saba (from 2012); Saint Kitts and Nevis; Saint Lucia; Saint Pierre and Miquelon; Saint Vincent and the Grenadines; Sint Eustatius (from 2012); Sint Maarten (from 2012); Suriname; Trinidad and Tobago; the Turks and Caicos Islands; the United States; Uruguay; the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (Venezuela).

Oil statistics as well as coal trade statistics for Puerto Rico are included under the United States.

<sup>3.</sup> Note by Turkey:

<sup>1.</sup> The Netherlands Antilles was dissolved on 10 October 2010 resulting in two new 'constituent countries' (Curaçao and Sint Maarten) with the other islands joining The Netherlands as "special municipalities'. However, due to lack of detailed data the IEA Secretariat's data and estimates under the "Netherlands Antilles" still refer to the whole territory of the Netherlands Antilles as it was known prior to 10 October 2010 up to the end of 2011. Data refer only to the island of Curaçao from 2012. The other islands of the former Netherlands Antilles are added to Other non-OECD Americas from 2012.

Turkey; Turkmenistan; the United Arab Emirates; Uzbekistan; Viet Nam; and Yemen.

Europe (from 1990) includes Albania; Austria; Belarus; Belgium; Bosnia and Herzegovina; Bulgaria; Croatia; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia; France; Germany; Gibraltar; Greece; Hungary; Iceland; Ireland; Italy; Kosovo<sup>5</sup>; Latvia; Lithuania; Luxembourg; Malta; the Republic of Moldova (Moldova); Montenegro; the Netherlands; Norway; Poland; Portugal; Romania; the Russian Federation; Serbia<sup>6</sup>; the Slovak Republic; Slovenia; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; Ukraine; the United Kingdom.

**Oceania** includes Australia; New Zealand; Cook Islands; Fiji; French Polynesia; Kiribati; New Caledonia; Palau; Papua New Guinea; Samoa; the Solomon Islands; Tonga; Vanuatu.

The International Energy Agency (IEA) includes Australia; Austria; Belgium; Canada; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia<sup>7</sup>; Finland; France; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Ireland; Italy; Japan; Korea; Luxembourg; Mexico; the Netherlands; New Zealand; Norway; Poland; Portugal; the Slovak Republic; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; Turkey; the United Kingdom; the United States.

The **IEA** and Accession/Association countries includes: IEA member countries: Australia; Austria; Belgium; Canada; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia<sup>7</sup>; Finland; France; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Ireland; Italy; Japan; Korea; Luxembourg; Mexico; the Netherlands; New Zealand; Norway; Poland; Portugal; the Slovak Republic; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; Turkey; the United Kingdom and the United States; Accession country: Chile; Association countries: Brazil; the People's Republic of China; India; Indonesia; Morocco; Singapore; Thailand.

The Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD) includes Australia; Austria; Belgium; Canada; Chile; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France; Germany;

Greece; Hungary; Iceland; Ireland; Israel; Italy; Japan; Korea; Latvia<sup>8</sup>; Luxembourg; Mexico; the Netherlands; New Zealand; Norway; Poland; Portugal; the Slovak Republic; Slovenia; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; Turkey; the United Kingdom; the United States.

Lithuania was not an OECD Member at the time of preparation of this publication. Accordingly, Lithuania does not appear in the list of OECD Members and is not included in the zone aggregates.

**OECD Americas** includes Canada; Chile; Mexico; the United States.

**OECD Asia Oceania** includes Australia; Israel; Japan; Korea; New Zealand.

**OECD Europe** includes Austria; Belgium; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Iceland; Ireland; Italy; Latvia<sup>8</sup>; Luxembourg; the Netherlands; Norway; Poland; Portugal; the Slovak Republic; Slovenia; Spain; Sweden; Switzerland; Turkey; the United Kingdom.

Estonia, Latvia and Slovenia are included starting in 1990. Prior to 1990, Estonia and Latvia are included in Former Soviet Union and Slovenia is included in Former Yugoslavia.

## Within the **OECD**:

- Australia excludes the overseas territories;
- Denmark excludes Greenland and the Faroe Islands, except prior to 1990, where data on oil for Greenland were included with the Danish statistics. The administration is planning to revise the series back to 1974 to exclude these amounts;
- France includes Monaco and excludes the following overseas departments: Guadeloupe; French Guiana; Martinique; Mayotte; and Réunion; and collectivities: New Caledonia; French Polynesia; Saint Barthélemy; Saint Martin; Saint Pierre and Miquelon; and Wallis and Futuna;
- **Germany** includes the new federal states of Germany from 1970 onwards;
- The statistical data for Israel are supplied by and under the responsibility of the relevant Israeli authorities. The use of such data by the OECD is

<sup>5.</sup> This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244/99 and the Advisory Opinion of the International Court of Justice on Kosovo's declaration of independence.

<sup>6.</sup> Serbia includes Montenegro until 2004 and Kosovo until 1999.

<sup>7.</sup> Estonia is included starting in 1990. Prior to 1990, data for Estonia are included in Former Soviet Union.

<sup>8.</sup> Latvia is included starting in 1990. Prior to 1990, data for Latvia are included in Former Soviet Union.

without prejudice to the status of the Golan Heights, East Jerusalem and Israeli settlements in the West Bank under the terms of international law;

- Italy includes San Marino and the Holy See;
- **Japan** includes Okinawa;
- **Netherlands** excludes Suriname, Aruba and the other former Netherlands Antilles (Bonaire, Curaçao, Saba, Saint Eustatius and Sint Maarten);
- Portugal includes the Azores and Madeira;
- Spain includes the Canary Islands;
- **Switzerland** includes Liechtenstein for oil data; data for other fuels do not include Liechtenstein;
- Shipments of coal and oil to the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man from the United Kingdom are not classed as exports. Supplies of coal and oil to these islands are, therefore, included as part of UK supply. Exports of natural gas to the Isle of Man are included with the exports to Ireland;
- United States includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but generally excludes all territories, and all trade between the U.S. and its territories. Oil statistics include Guam, Puerto Rico<sup>9</sup> and the United States Virgin Islands; trade statistics for coal include international trade to and from Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands.

Non-OECD Europe and Eurasia includes Albania; Armenia; Azerbaijan; Belarus; Bosnia and Herzegovina; Bulgaria; Croatia; Cyprus³; the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia; Georgia; Gibraltar; Kazakhstan; Kosovo⁵; Kyrgyzstan; Lithuania¹⁰; Malta; the Republic of Moldova (Moldova); Montenegro; Romania; the Russian Federation; Serbia⁶; Tajikistan; Turkmenistan; Ukraine; Uzbekistan; the Former Soviet Union; the Former Yugoslavia.

Non-OECD Asia excluding China includes Bangladesh; Brunei Darussalam; Cambodia (from 1995); India; Indonesia; the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; Malaysia; Mongolia (from 1985); Myanmar; Nepal; Pakistan; the Philippines; Singapore; Sri Lanka; Chinese Taipei; Thailand; Viet Nam; Other non-OECD Asia.

**China** includes the (People's Republic of) China; Hong Kong, China.

**Non-OECD Americas** includes Argentina; the Plurinational State of Bolivia (Bolivia); Brazil; Colombia; Costa Rica; Cuba; Curaçao<sup>1</sup>; the Dominican Republic; Ecuador; El Salvador; Guatemala; Haiti; Honduras; Jamaica; Nicaragua; Panama; Paraguay; Peru; Suriname (from 2000), Trinidad and Tobago; Uruguay; the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (Venezuela); **Other non-OECD Americas**.

**Middle East** includes Bahrain; the Islamic Republic of Iran; Iraq; Jordan; Kuwait; Lebanon; Oman; Qatar; Saudi Arabia; the Syrian Arab Republic; the United Arab Emirates: Yemen.

Other Africa includes Botswana (until 1980); Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cabo Verde; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Djibouti; Equatorial Guinea; Gambia; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Namibia (until 1990); Niger (until 1999); Réunion; Rwanda; Sao Tome and Principe; the Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; Swaziland; Uganda.

Other non-OECD Americas includes Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda; Aruba; the Bahamas; Barbados; Belize; Bermuda; Bonaire (from 2012); the British Virgin Islands; the Cayman Islands; Dominica; the Falkland Islands (Malvinas); the French Guiana; Grenada; Guadeloupe; Guyana; Martinique; Montserrat; Puerto Rico (for natural gas and electricity)<sup>9</sup>; Saba (from 2012); Saint Eustatius (from 2012); Saint Kitts and Nevis; Saint Lucia; Saint Pierre and Miquelon; Saint Vincent and the Grenadines; Sint Maarten (from 2012); Suriname (until 1999); the Turks and Caicos Islands.

Other non-OECD Asia includes Afghanistan; Bhutan; Cambodia (until 1994); Cook Islands; Fiji; French Polynesia; Kiribati; Lao People's Democratic Republic; Macau, China; the Maldives; Mongolia (until 1984); New Caledonia; Palau (from 1994); Papua New Guinea; Samoa; the Solomon Islands; Timor-Leste; Tonga; Vanuatu.

The **European Union - 28 (EU-28)** (from 1990) includes Austria; Belgium; Bulgaria; Croatia; Cyprus<sup>3</sup>; the Czech Republic; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Ireland; Italy; Latvia; Lithuania; Luxembourg; Malta; the Netherlands; Poland; Portugal; Romania; the Slovak Republic; Slovenia; Spain; Sweden; the United Kingdom.

<sup>9.</sup> Natural gas and electricity data for Puerto Rico are included under Other non-OECD Americas.

<sup>10.</sup> Lithuania was not an OECD Member at the time of preparation of this publication. Accordingly, Lithuania does not appear in the list of OECD Members and is still included in the non-OECD aggregates.

Please note that in the interest of having comparable data, all these countries are included since 1990 despite different entry dates into the European Union.

**G7** includes Canada; France; Germany; Italy; Japan; United Kingdom; the United States.

**G8** includes Canada; France; Germany; Italy; Japan; the Russian Federation; the United Kingdom; the United States

**G20** includes Argentina; Australia; Brazil; Canada; China (including Hong Kong, China); India; Indonesia; Japan; Korea; Mexico; the Russian Federation; Saudi Arabia; South Africa; Turkey; the United States; the European Union – 28.

The **Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)** includes Algeria; Angola; Ecuador; Gabon; the Islamic Republic of Iran; Iraq; Kuwait; Libya; Nigeria; Qatar; Saudi Arabia; the United Arab Emirates; the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (Venezuela). <sup>11</sup>

Please note that the following countries have not been considered:

- Non-OECD Europe and Eurasia: Andorra; Faroe Islands (after 1990); Liechtenstein<sup>12</sup> (except for oil data); the Palestinian Authority; Svalbard; Jan Mayen Islands;
- Africa: British Indian Ocean Territory; French Southern and Antarctic Lands; Mayotte; Saint Helena; Western Sahara;
- Non-OECD Americas: Bouvet Island; Saint Barthélemy; Greenland (after 1990); Saint Martin (French Part); South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands;
- Antarctica;
- Non-OECD Asia excluding China: American Samoa; Cocos (Keeling) Islands; Christmas Island; Heard Island and McDonald Islands; Marshall Islands; Micronesia (Federated States of); Nauru; Niue; Norfolk Island; Northern Mariana Islands; Pitcairn; Tokelau; Tuvalu; United States Minor Outlying Islands; Wallis and Futuna Islands.

<sup>11.</sup> Data for Equatorial Guinea, that joined OPEC in May 2017, and for Congo, that joined OPEC in June 2018, are not included in the OPEC aggregate in this edition.

<sup>12.</sup> Oil data for Liechtenstein are included under Switzerland.