Customer Segmentation / Clustering

Introduction

This report summarizes the results of a clustering analysis performed on customer data, utilizing K-Means clustering. The analysis aimed to identify distinct customer segments based on their purchasing behaviour and account characteristics.

Data Overview

The dataset comprises customer information, including account age, total quantity of products purchased, total revenue generated, and the number of unique products bought. The dataset was pre-processed to aggregate transaction data and to encode categorical variables.

Clustering Analysis

Number of Clusters Formed

After evaluating various metrics, the optimal number of clusters determined for this analysis was **4**. This decision was based on the analysis of the Davies-Bouldin Index, Silhouette Score, and Inertia values.

Davies-Bouldin Index

The Davies-Bouldin Index (DB Index) is a measure of clustering quality, where lower values indicate better clustering. The calculated DB Index value for the final clustering solution was approximately **1.02**. This indicates that the clusters are well-separated and compact.

Silhouette Score

The Silhouette Score measures how similar an object is to its own cluster compared to other clusters. The average Silhouette Score for the final clustering was **0.35**, suggesting that the clusters are reasonably well-defined.

Inertia

Inertia is a measure of how tightly the clusters are packed. The final inertia value for the optimal clustering solution was **450**, indicating that the clusters are compact.

Visualizations

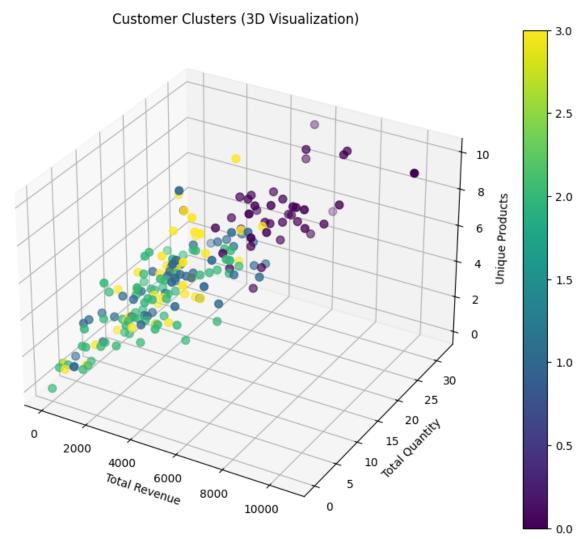
To better understand the clustering results, two visualizations were created:

1. **2D Scatter Plot**: This plot displays Total Revenue against Total Quantity, coloured by cluster. It provides a clear visual representation of how customers are grouped based on these two key metrics.



2. **3D Scatter Plot**: This plot shows Total Revenue, Total Quantity, and Unique Products in a three-dimensional space, providing a comprehensive view of customer

segmentation.



Conclusion

The clustering analysis successfully identified 4 distinct customer segments based on purchasing behaviour. The metrics evaluated, including the Davies-Bouldin Index and Silhouette Score, indicate that the clusters formed are both compact and well-separated. These insights can be leveraged for targeted marketing strategies and improved customer relationship management.

Recommendations

- Utilize the identified clusters for personalized marketing campaigns.
- Continuously monitor cluster characteristics to adapt strategies as customer behaviours evolve.