Music Theory 2

MUSIC 271

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Preface

Disclaimer Much of the information on this set of notes is transcribed directly/indirectly from the lectures of MUSIC 271 during Winter 2020 as well as other related resources. I do not make any warranties about the completeness, reliability and accuracy of this set of notes. Use at your own risk.

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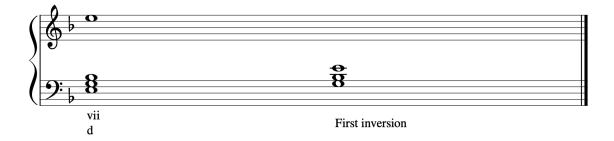
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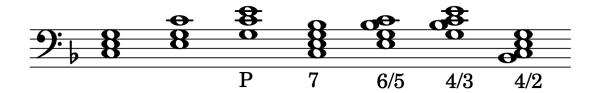
Tonic Confirmation (Review)

First let's take a look at F major triads (ignoring previous 6 triads).



We don't use the triad on seventh since it has a dissonant interval against the bass. Instead, we can use the first inversion, which has minor third and Major 6th. We call this **chord of dominant function**.

Together with



where P is P_4^6 . These 8 chords are chords of dominant function.

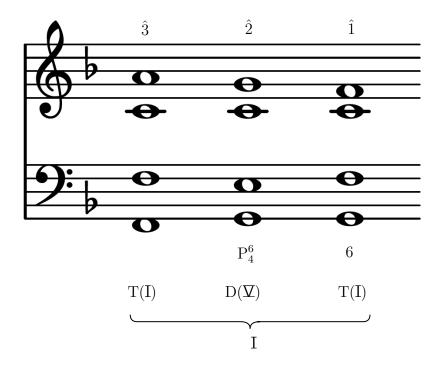
12.1 Voice Leading

$${ \underline{\mathsf{V}}}^{(7)(\mathrm{vii}^6)} \to I$$

(chords of dominant function)

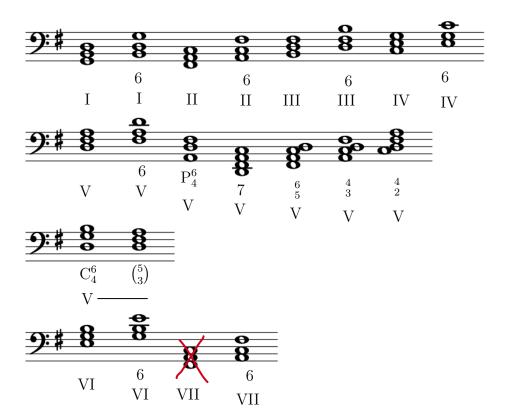
- $\hat{2} \rightarrow \hat{1}$
- $\hat{7} \rightarrow \hat{8}$
- $\hat{4} \rightarrow \hat{3} \text{ (NOT with } \hat{5} \rightarrow \hat{3})$
- $\hat{5} \rightarrow \hat{1}$ or $\hat{8}$ (In basis at Final Cadence)
- $\hat{5} \rightarrow \hat{3}$
- $\hat{5} \rightarrow \hat{5}$
- $\hat{2} \rightarrow \hat{3}$

An example of prolongation



Note that $\hat{7} \rightarrow \hat{5}$ is only allowed in inner voice and at final cadence.

G Major, all chords you can use



Chords By Function w/in Music

(not cadence)

Elaborative Chords = II, IV, VI, III

Chords of Dom. Function = V, VII^6

$$I = Tonic = I$$

$$\underbrace{I \quad Elab \quad V^7/VII^6 \quad I}_{I}$$

Chords by function at Cadence

Pre-Cadential-Dominants: II, IV, VI

Cadential₄⁶

Dominant = V or V^7

I = Tonic = I

 $PcD(V)(C_4^6)$ V I