

1.

```
import requests

url = "https://example.com"

# Replace with your desired URL
response = requests.get(url)

if response.status_code == 200:
    print(response.text)
else:
    print(f"Failed to fetch data. Status
code: {response.status_code}")
```
2.

```
import os

total_size = 0
for file in os.listdir('.'):
    if os.path.isfile(file):
        total_size += os.path.getsize(file)

print(f"Total size of all files in the current
directory: {total_size} bytes")
```
3.

```
input_file = "input.txt" # Replace with your
input file
output_file = "output.txt"

with open(input_file, 'r') as infile, open(output
_file, 'w') as outfile:
    for i, line in enumerate(infile, start=1):
        outfile.write(f"{i}: {line}")
print(f"Contents copied to {output_file} with
line numbers.")
```

4. `file_name = "file.txt" # Replace with your file name`

```
tabs = spaces = newlines = 0
with open(file_name, 'r') as file:
    for line in file:
        newlines += 1
        tabs += line.count('\t')
        spaces += line.count(' ')
```

```
print(f"Tabs: {tabs}, Spaces: {spaces}, Newlines: {newlines}")
```

5. `file_name = "file.txt" # Replace with your file name`

```
vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
```

```
vowel_count = consonant_count = total_characters = 0
```

```
with open(file_name, 'r') as file:
```

```
    for line in file:
```

```
        for char in line:
```

```
            if char.isalpha():
```

```
                total_characters += 1
```

```
                if char in vowels:
```

```
                    vowel_count += 1
```

```
                else:
```

```
                    consonant_count += 1
```

```
vowel_percentage = (vowel_count / total_characters) *
```

```
100 if total_characters > 0 else 0
```

```
consonant_percentage = (consonant_count / total_
characters) * 100 if total_characters > 0 else 0
```

```
print(f"Vowel percentage: {vowel_percentage:.2f}%")
```

```
print(f"Consonant percentage: {consonant_percentage:.2f}
%")
```

6. Access modes in Python:

1. 'r' - Read mode (default).
2. 'w' - Write mode (overwrites file).
3. 'x' - Exclusive creation (fails if file exists).
4. 'a' - Append mode.
5. 'b' - Binary mode.
6. 't' - Text mode (default).
7. '+' - Read and write mode.

Example:

```
with open("file.txt", "r") as file:  
    data = file.read()
```

```
7. input_file = "input.txt"
   output_file = "output.txt"

   with open(input_file, 'r') as infile, open(output_file, 'w'
   ) as outfile:
       text = infile.read()
       formatted_text = ""
       capitalize = True
       for char in text:
           if char.isdigit():
               formatted_text += f"({char})"
           elif char == '.':
               formatted_text += '.'
               capitalize = True
           elif capitalize and char.isalpha():
               formatted_text += char.upper()
               capitalize = False
           else:
               formatted_text += char
       outfile.write(formatted_text)

   print(f"Formatted text written to {output_file}.")
```

```
8. input_file = "input.txt"
   output_file = "output.txt"

   with open(input_file, 'r') as infile, open(output
   _file, 'w') as outfile:
       for line in infile:
           outfile.write(line.replace('.', ','))

   print(f"File copied to {output_file} with full
   stops replaced by commas.")
```