

# Package ‘SIHR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Statistical Inference in High Dimensional Regression

**Version** 1.1.0

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**Description** Inference procedures in the high-dimensional setting for

- (1) linear functionals in generalized linear regression ('Cai et al.' (2019) <arXiv:1904.12891>, 'Guo et al.' (2020) <arXiv:2012.07133>, 'Cai et al.' (2021)),
- (2) individual treatment effects in generalized linear regression,
- (3) quadratic functionals in linear regression ('Guo et al.' (2019) <arXiv:1909.01503>).

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.0

**URL** <https://github.com/prabrishar1/SIHR>

**Imports** CVXR,  
glmnet,  
stats

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ITE	<i>Inference for difference of linear combinations of the regression vectors in high dimensional generalized linear regressions</i>
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## Description

Computes the bias-corrected estimator of the difference of linear combinations of the regression vectors for the high dimensional generalized linear regressions and the corresponding standard error.

**Usage**

```
ITE(
  X1,
  y1,
  X2,
  y2,
  loading.mat,
  model = "linear",
  intercept = TRUE,
  intercept.loading = FALSE,
  beta.init1 = NULL,
  beta.init2 = NULL,
  lambda = NULL,
  mu = NULL,
  rescale = 1.1,
  alpha = 0.05,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

X1	Design matrix for the first sample, of dimension $n_1 \times p$
y1	Outcome vector for the first sample, of length $n_1$
X2	Design matrix for the second sample, of dimension $n_2 \times p$
y2	Outcome vector for the second sample, of length $n_1$
loading.mat	Loading matrix, $nrow=p$ , each column corresponds to a loading of interest
model	The high dimensional regression model, either ``linear'' or ``logistic'' or ``logistic_alternative'' or ``probit''
intercept	Should intercept(s) be fitted for the initial estimators (default = TRUE)
intercept.loading	Should intercept term be included for the loading (default = FALSE)
beta.init1	The initial estimator of the regression vector for the 1st data (default = NULL)
beta.init2	The initial estimator of the regression vector for the 2nd data (default = NULL)
lambda	The tuning parameter in fitting initial model. If NULL, it will be picked by cross-validation. (default = NULL)
mu	The dual tuning parameter used in the construction of the projection direction. If NULL it will be searched automatically. (default = NULL)
rescale	The constant to enlarge the standard error, considering finite sample bias. (default = 1.0)
alpha	Level of significance to construct two-sided confidence interval (default = 0.05)
verbose	Should intermediate message(s) be printed (default = TRUE)

**Value**

est.plugin.vec The vector of plugin(biased) estimators for the linear combination of regression coefficients, length of `ncol(loading.mat)`; corresponding to different column in `loading.mat`

<code>est.debias.vec</code>	The vector of bias-corrected estimators for the linear combination of regression coefficients, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; corresponding to different column in <code>loading.mat</code>
<code>se.vec</code>	The vector of standard errors of the bias-corrected estimators, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; corresponding to different column in <code>loading.mat</code>
<code>ci.mat</code>	The matrix of two.sided confidence interval for the linear combination, of dimension <code>ncol(loading.mat) x 2</code> ; the row corresponding to different column in <code>loading.mat</code>
<code>prob.debias.vec</code>	The vector of bias-corrected estimators after probability transformation, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; corresponding to different column in <code>loading.mat</code> . The value would be NULL for non-logistic model.
<code>prob.se.vec</code>	The vector of standard errors of the bias-corrected estimators after probability transformation, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; corresponding to different column in <code>loading.mat</code> . The value would be NULL for non-logistic model.

### Examples

```
X1 = matrix(rnorm(100*10), nrow=100, ncol=10)
y1 = -0.5 + X1[,1] * 0.5 + X1[,2] * 1 + rnorm(100)
X2 = matrix(rnorm(90*10), nrow=90, ncol=10)
y2 = -0.4 + X2[,1] * 0.48 + X2[,2] * 1.1 + rnorm(90)
loading1 = c(1, 1, rep(0,8))
loading2 = c(-0.5, -1, rep(0,8))
loading.mat = cbind(loading1, loading2)
Est = ITE(X1, y1, X2, y2, loading.mat, model="linear")

## compute confidence intervals
ci(Est, alpha=0.05, alternative="two.sided")

## summary statistics
summary(Est)
```

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LF

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*Inference for linear combination of the regression vector in high dimensional generalized linear regression*


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### Description

Inference for linear combination of the regression vector in high dimensional generalized linear regression

### Usage

```
LF(
  X,
  y,
  loading.mat,
  model = c("linear", "logistic", "logistic_alternative", "probit"),
  intercept = TRUE,
  intercept.loading = FALSE,
```

```

    beta.init = NULL,
    lambda = NULL,
    mu = NULL,
    rescale = 1,
    alpha = 0.05,
    verbose = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	Design matrix, of dimension $n \times p$
<code>y</code>	Outcome vector, of length $n$
<code>loading.mat</code>	Loading matrix, $nrow=p$ , each column corresponds to a loading of interest
<code>model</code>	The high dimensional regression model, either <code>``linear``</code> or <code>``logistic``</code> or <code>``logistic_alternative``</code> or <code>``probit``</code>
<code>intercept</code>	Should intercept be fitted for the initial estimator (default = TRUE)
<code>intercept.loading</code>	Should intercept term be included for the loading (default = FALSE)
<code>beta.init</code>	The initial estimator of the regression vector (default = NULL)
<code>lambda</code>	The tuning parameter in fitting initial model. If NULL, it will be picked by cross-validation. (default = NULL)
<code>mu</code>	The dual tuning parameter used in the construction of the projection direction. If NULL it will be searched automatically. (default = NULL)
<code>rescale</code>	The constant to enlarge the standard error, considering finite sample bias. (default = 1.0)
<code>alpha</code>	Level of significance to construct two-sided confidence interval (default = 0.05)
<code>verbose</code>	Should intermediate message(s) be printed (default = TRUE)

### Value

<code>est.plugin.vec</code>	The vector of plugin(biased) estimators for the linear combination of regression coefficients, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; each corresponding to a loading of interest
<code>est.debias.vec</code>	The vector of bias-corrected estimators for the linear combination of regression coefficients, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; each corresponding to a loading of interest
<code>se.vec</code>	The vector of standard errors of the bias-corrected estimators, length of <code>ncol(loading.mat)</code> ; each corresponding to a loading of interest
<code>ci.mat</code>	The matrix of two.sided confidence interval for the linear combination, of dimension <code>ncol(loading.mat) x 2</code> ; each row corresponding to a loading of interest
<code>proj.mat</code>	The matrix of projection directions; each column corresponding to a loading of interest

## Examples

```
X = matrix(rnorm(100*10), nrow=100, ncol=10)
y = -0.5 + X[,1] * 0.5 + X[,2] * 1 + rnorm(100)
loading1 = c(1, 1, rep(0, 8))
loading2 = c(-0.5, -1, rep(0, 8))
loading.mat = cbind(loading1, loading2)
Est = LF(X, y, loading.mat, model="linear")

## compute confidence intervals
ci(Est, alpha=0.05, alternative="two.sided")

## summary statistics
summary(Est)
```

QF

*Inference for quadratic forms of the regression vector in high dimensional generalized linear regressions*

## Description

Inference for quadratic forms of the regression vector in high dimensional generalized linear regressions

## Usage

```
QF(
  X,
  y,
  G,
  A = NULL,
  model = c("linear", "logistic", "logistic_alternative", "probit"),
  intercept = TRUE,
  tau.vec = c(0, 0.5, 1),
  beta.init = NULL,
  lambda = NULL,
  mu = NULL,
  alpha = 0.05,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

X	Design matrix, of dimension $n \times p$
y	Outcome vector, of length $n$
G	The set of indices, G in the quadratic form
A	The matrix A in the quadratic form, of dimension $ G  \times  G $ . If NULL A would be set as the $ G  \times  G $ submatrix of the population covariance matrix corresponding to the index set G (default = NULL)
model	The high dimensional regression model, either linear or logistic or logistic_alternative or probit

<code>intercept</code>	Should intercept be fitted for the initial estimator (default = TRUE)
<code>tau.vec</code>	The vector of enlargement factors for asymptotic variance of the bias-corrected estimator to handle super-efficiency (default = $c(0, 0.5, 1)$ )
<code>beta.init</code>	The initial estimator of the regression vector (default = NULL)
<code>lambda</code>	The tuning parameter in fitting initial model. If NULL, it will be picked by cross-validation. (default = NULL)
<code>mu</code>	The dual tuning parameter used in the construction of the projection direction. If NULL it will be searched automatically. (default = NULL)
<code>alpha</code>	Level of significance to construct two-sided confidence interval (default = 0.05)
<code>verbose</code>	Should intermediate message(s) be printed (default = TRUE)

### Value

<code>est.plugin</code>	The plugin(biased) estimator for the quadratic form of the regression vector restricted to G
<code>est.debias</code>	The bias-corrected estimator of the quadratic form of the regression vector
<code>se.vec</code>	The vector of standard errors of the bias-corrected estimator, length of <code>tau.vec</code> ; corresponding to different values of <code>tau.vec</code>
<code>ci.mat</code>	The matrix of two.sided confidence interval for the quadratic form of the regression vector; row corresponds to different values of <code>tau.vec</code>
<code>proj</code>	The projection direction

### Examples

```
X = matrix(rnorm(100*10), nrow=100, ncol=10)
y = X[,1] * 0.5 + X[,2] * 1 + rnorm(100)
G = c(1,2)
A = matrix(c(1.5, 0.8, 0.8, 1.5), nrow=2, ncol=2)
Est = QF(X, y, G, A, model="linear")
## compute confidence intervals
ci(Est, alpha=0.05, alternative="two.sided")

## summary statistics
summary(Est)
```

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