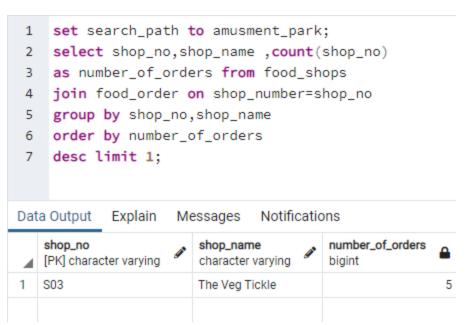
### **Queries:**

Query: Write a query to find out which shop was frequented most by the customers.

```
select shop_no,shop_name,count(shop_no)
as number_of_orders from food_shops
join food_order on shop_number=shop_no
group by shop_no,shop_name
order by number_of_orders
desc limit 1;
```



Query: Write a query to find out the dish that was ordered most by the customers.

```
select item_no,item_name,count(item_no)
as no_of_orders from food_order
join food_items on item_no=food_item_no
group by item_no,item_name
order by no_of_orders desc limit 1;
```

```
set search_path to amusment_park;
1
    select item_no,item_name, count(item_no)
2
3
    as no_of_orders from food_order
    join food_items on item_no=food_item_no
4
    group by item_no,item_name
5
    order by no_of_orders
6
    desc limit 1;
Data Output
            Explain
                     Messages
                                 Notifications
   item_no
                 item_name
                                  no_of_orders
   [PK] integer
                 character varying
                                  bigint
1
             101 Chicken Makhani
                                               3
```

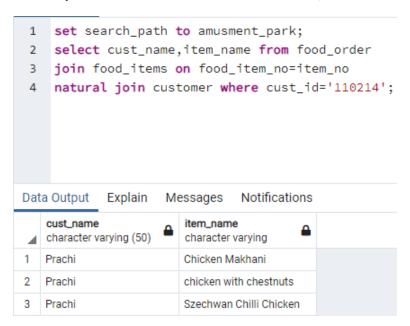
### Query: Write a query to find out which customer ordered the most food items.

select cust\_id,cust\_name,count(cust\_id)
as no\_of\_orders from food\_order
natural join customer
group by cust\_id,cust\_name
order by no\_of\_orders desc limit 1;



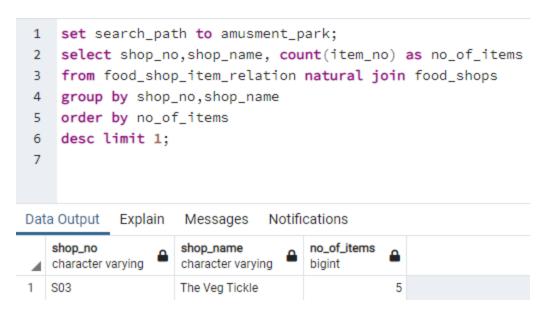
# Query: Write a query to display the food items ordered by the customer having customer id='110214'.

select cust\_name, item\_name from food\_order join food\_items on food\_item\_no=item\_no natural join customer where cust\_id='110214';



### Query: Write a query to display the name of the shop having the most items.

select shop\_no,shop\_name,count(item\_no) as no\_of\_items from food\_shop\_item\_relation natural join food\_shops group by shop\_no,shop\_name order by no\_of\_items desc limit 1;



# Query: Write a query to display the names of items that the customers have not ordered.

 $select\ item\_no,item\_name\ from\ food\_items$ 

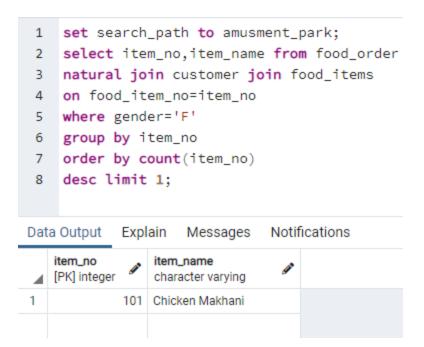
where item\_no not in

(select distinct food\_item\_no as item\_no from food\_order);

```
1
    set search_path to amusment_park;
    select item_no,item_name from food_items
 2
 3
   where item_no not in
    (select distinct food_item_no
 4
      as item_no from food_order);
 5
Data Output
             Explain
                      Messages
                                   Notifications
    item_no
                   item_name
    [PK] integer
                   character varying
1
              102 Samosas
              105 Jalebi
2
3
              107 Hot and Sour Soup
              108 Quick Noodles
4
5
              110 Spring Rolls
6
              114 Pimientos de Padron
7
              115 Tortilla
              116 Key lime pie
8
9
              117 Tater tots
10
              118 Cobb salad
              119 Twinkies
11
12
              120 Thin crust pizza
13
               122 Pineapple salad
```

### Query: Write a query to display the most popular dish among women.

select item\_no,item\_name from food\_order
natural join customer join food\_items on food\_item\_no=item\_no
where gender='F' group by item\_no
order by count(item\_no) desc limit 1;



### Query: Write a query to list the invoice numbers and their total amount.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;
select invoice\_number,sum(rate\*qty) as total\_price
from invoice natural join invoice\_details
natural join items group by(invoice\_number);

```
set search_path to amusment_park;
1
    select invoice_number, sum(rate*qty) as total_price
2
    from invoice natural join invoice_details
3
    natural join items group by(invoice_number);
4
5
Data Output
             Explain
                      Messages
                                   Notifications
     invoice_number
                      total_price
    [PK] integer
                      numeric
1
                12114
                             27000
2
                             32000
                12118
3
                12119
                              3600
4
                12116
                             10000
5
                12117
                              4500
6
                12112
                             13200
7
                12120
                             25200
                12115
                             70000
8
                             24000
9
                12111
                12113
10
                              3000
11
                12110
                              1600
```

### Query: Write a query to display the details of the customer who spent the highest amount at once.

```
set search_path to amusment_park;

select cust_name, phone, email, grand_total, purchase_date

from (select distinct invoice_number, sum(price) as grand_total

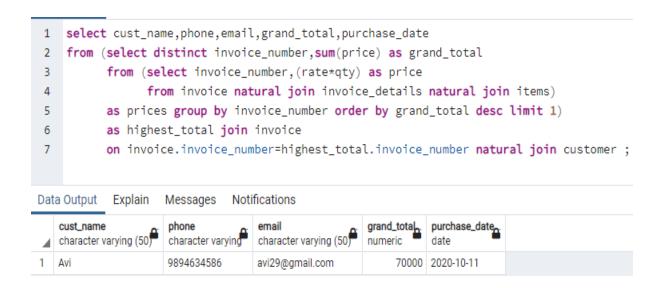
from (select invoice_number, (rate*qty) as price

from invoice natural join invoice_details natural join items)

as prices group by invoice_number order by grand_total desc limit 1)

as highest_total join invoice

on invoice.invoice_number=highest_total.invoice_number natural join customer;
```



Query: Write a query to display the customer id and invoice number of those who purchased items between 12:00 pm and 4:00 pm.

select \* from invoice

where purchace\_time between '12:00:00' and '16:00:00';

```
select * from invoice
 1
     where purchace_time between '12:00:00' and '16:00:00';
Data Output
              Explain Messages
                                    Notifications
                                    purchase_date,
   invoice_number,
                   cust_id
                                                   purchace_time
   [PK] integer
                   character varying
                                                   time without time zone
                                    date
            12110 110215
                                    2020-04-28
                                                   14:08:45
2
            12111 110215
                                    2020-04-28
                                                   14:16:43
3
            12112 110220
                                    2020-07-20
                                                   15:00:07
4
             12114 110222
                                    2020-12-13
                                                   12:32:58
5
            12115 110226
                                    2020-10-11
                                                   15:10:12
6
            12118 110229
                                    2020-11-29
                                                   15:00:24
7
            12119 110229
                                    2020-11-29
                                                   15:03:25
8
             12120 110230
                                    2021-02-04
                                                   12:35:52
```

### Query: Write a query to display the ride that generates the most revenue.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;
select ride\_name, sum(no\_of\_tickets\*price) as total\_revenue
from ride\_ticket natural join ride
group by ride\_id, ride\_name
order by total\_revenue
desc limit 1;



#### Query: Write a query to display the customer who has been to all rides.

```
set search_path to amusment_park;
1
    select cust_name,phone,email from customer
2
    where cust_id in (select cust_id
 3
4
                         from (select distinct cust_id, ride_id
5
                                from ride_ticket)
                         as c_r group by c_r.cust_id
 6
7
                         having count(c_r.cust_id)
                         in (select count(ride_id) from ride));
 8
                                 Notifications
Data Output
            Explain
                     Messages
   cust_name
                        phone
                                          character varying (50)
   character varying (50)
                        character varying
   Malavika
                        8469717232
                                          mal@gmail.com
```

## Query: Write a query to display the contractual employee with the longest duration of the contract.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;
select emp\_name,profession,age(end\_date,start\_date)
as length\_of\_contract from contractual\_employee
natural join employee order by length\_of\_contract
desc limit 1;



Query: Write a query to display the top three employees having the most expensive contracts.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;

1	<pre>set search_path to amusment_park;</pre>
2	with wages_per_year_employee_rel as
3	(select years.emp_id , years.profession ,
4	<pre>round(years.total_contract_wages/(years.end_year-years.start_year))</pre>
5	as wages_per_year from
6	(select *, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM start_date)
7	<pre>as start_year, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM end_date)</pre>
8	as end_year from contractual_employee) as
9	years) <b>select</b> emp_name, profession, email, wages_per_year
10	<pre>from wages_per_year_employee_rel</pre>
11	<pre>join employee on wages_per_year_employee_rel.emp_id = employee.emp_id</pre>
12	<pre>order by wages_per_year_employee_rel.wages_per_year</pre>
13	desc limit 3;

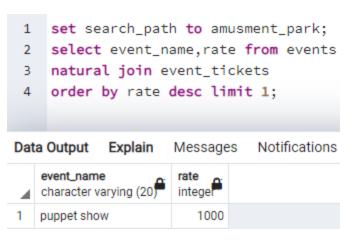
	•	_		
4	emp_name character varying (50) △	profession character varying	email character varying (50)	wages_per_year double precision
1	Anya Cummings	comedian	an12@gmailcom	60000
2	Lilah Sandoval	musician	lis_san@gmail.com	40000
3	Deon Stephens	musician	Deon_stephens@gmail.com	40000

Notifications

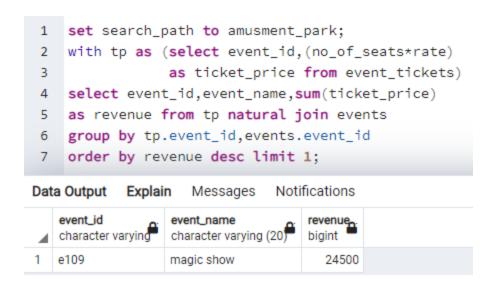
Query: Write a query to display the most expensive event.

Data Output Explain Messages

set search\_path to amusment\_park; select event\_name,rate from events natural join event\_tickets order by rate desc limit 1;



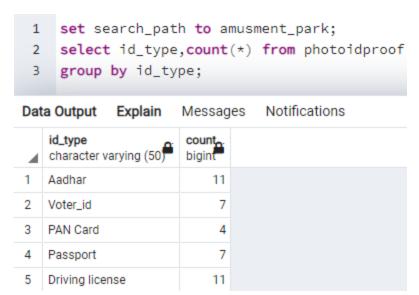
### Query: Write a query to display the event that generated the most revenue.



#### Query: Write a query to display the count of each Photo ID type.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;

select id\_type,count(\*) from photoidproof group by id\_type;



#### Query: Write a query to display the ratio of male is to female in employees.

set search\_path to amusment\_park;

select

(cast((select count(\*) from employee where gender='M') as float)/
(cast((select count(\*) from employee where gender='F') as float))

as Ratio\_Male\_is\_to\_female;

```
set search_path to amusment_park;
 1
 2
 3
         (CAST((SELECT COUNT(*) FROM employee WHERE Gender='M') AS FLOAT) /
          CAST((SELECT COUNT(*) FROM employee WHERE Gender='F') AS FLOAT))
4
         AS Ratio_Male_is_to_female;
 5
 6
                    Messages
                               Notifications
Data Output
            Explain
   ratio_male_is_to_female
  double precision
                     1.75
```

# Query: Write a query to display the list of those items whose revenue decreased from december 2020 to january 2021.

on jan\_revenue.item\_name=dec\_revenue.item\_name where dec\_revenue > jan\_revenue;

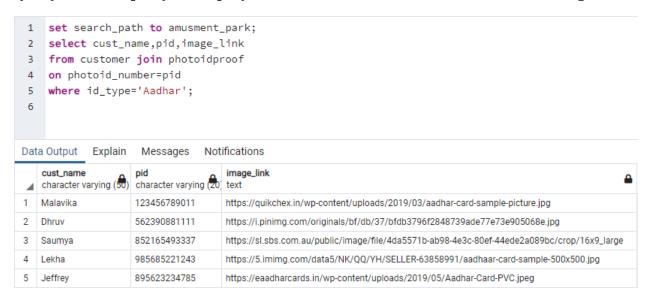
```
1
    set search_path to amusment_park;
2
    with dec_revenue as (
3
        select item_name, sum(rate*qty) as dec_revenue
        from food_order join food_items on item_no=food_item_no
4
        where date_part('month',order_date)=12
5
        and date_part('year',order_date)=2020
6
7
        group by item_name)
8
    , jan_revenue as (
9
        select item_name, sum(rate*qty) as jan_revenue
10
        from food_order join food_items on item_no=food_item_no
11
        where date_part('month',order_date)=1
12
13
        and date_part('year',order_date)=2021
14
        group by item_name)
15
    select * from dec_revenue join jan_revenue
16
    on jan_revenue.item_name=dec_revenue.item_name
17
    where dec_revenue > jan_revenue;
18
```

The state of the s	Data Output	Explain	Messages	Notifications
--	-------------	---------	----------	---------------

4	item_name character varying	dec_revenue numeric	item_name character varying	jan_revenue numeric	
1	Chicken Makhani	7750	Chicken Makhani	6500	
2	Mix fruit smoothie	750	Mix fruit smoothie	600	

#### **PRACTICE QUERIES:**

Query: Write a query to display the customers who have used Aadhar to register.



Query: Write a query to display the shop that can accommodate the maximum number of people.

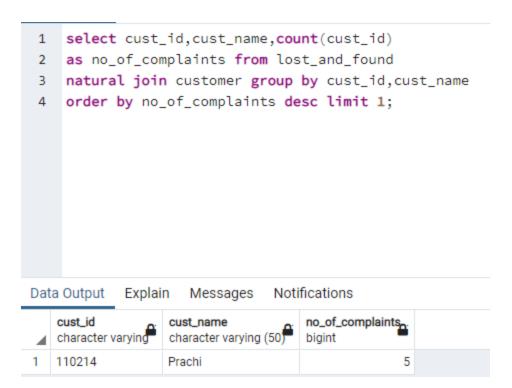


Query: Write a query to display the food items in the range 100-400.

```
1 set search_path to amusment_park;
2 select * from food_items
3 where rate between 100 and 400;
```

Data	Output Expla	in Messages Notific	cations
4	item_no [PK] integer	item_name character varying	rate numeric
1	101	Chicken Makhani	250
2	103	Matar paneer	200
3	104	Dhokla	150
4	106	chicken with chestnuts	300
5	107	Hot and Sour Soup	400
6	109	Szechwan Chilli Chicken	380
7	110	Spring Rolls	399
8	111	Patatas bravas	350
9	112	Paella Valenciana	300
10	113	Gazpacho	299
11	116	Key lime pie	250
12	117	Tater tots	280
13	118	Cobb salad	150
14	119	Twinkies	200
15	120	Thin crust pizza	380
16	121	Mix fruit smoothie	150
17	122	Pineapple salad	120

Query: Write a query to find out the customer who filed maximum complaints of lost items.



### Query: Write a query to list the customers who have purchased souvenir items.

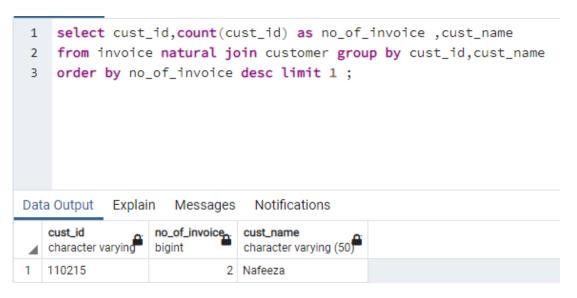


Da	ta Output Explain Me	ssages Notification	S			
4	cust_id [PK] character varying (20)	cust_name character varying (50)	gender character (1)	email character varying (50)	phone character varying	pid character varying (20)
1	110215	Nafeeza	F	naf12ba@gmail.com	9941241221	MZH2380426
2	110220	Lekha	F	cat2021@gmail.com	9429199532	985685221243
3	110222	Ruben	М	joseph67@gmail.com	8427183133	TN3420120005134
4	110226	Avi	F	avi29@gmail.com	9894634586	BNZPM2501F
5	110227	Seema	F	bist2323@gmail.com	9898764356	AN0120130003278
6	110228	Poojak	М	vag234rock@gmail.com	8756345466	ANRPM2537J
7	110229	Pruthvi	М	nagpal456@gmail.com	7845321211	GKC1134212
8	110230	Jeffrey	М	james567@gmail.com	7878912677	895623234785

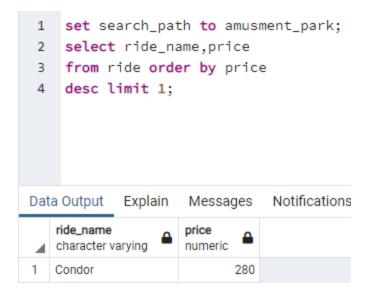
### Query: Write a query to list the top five souvenir items sold.

1 2 3		de,item_name, <mark>s</mark>		
_	from items natu		sum(qty) <b>as</b> to	otal_items_sold
		u <mark>ral join</mark> invo	ice_details g	group by item_code,item_name
- 5	order by total	_items_sold <mark>de</mark>	esc limit 5;	
Da	ta Output Explain	Messages Noti	fications	
Dat	ta Output Explain	Messages Noti	fications	
Dat				
Dat	item_code	item_name	total_items_sold_	
4	item_code [PK] character varying	item_name character varying	total_items_sold_ bigint	
1	item_code [PK] character varying	item_name character varying Toy automobiles	total_items_sold_bigint 40	
1 2	item_code [PK] character varying 1110 1106	item_name character varying  Toy automobiles Local liquor	total_items_sold_bigint 40	
1 2 3	item_code [PK] character varying 1110 1106 1102	item_name character varying  Toy automobiles Local liquor Tshirts	total_items_sold_bigint 40 28 24	

# Query: Write a query to select a customer who has generated the most number of invoices.



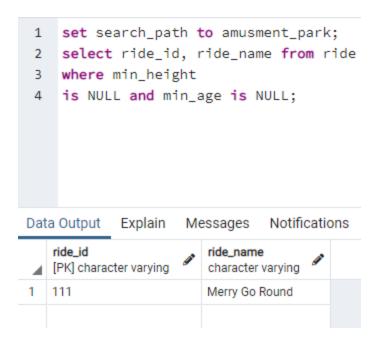
Query: Write a query to display the most expensive ride.



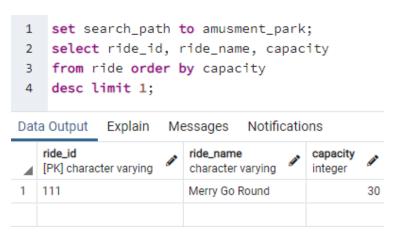
Query: Write a query to display the rides and the revenue generated from least revenue to most revenue.

```
set search_path to amusment_park;
1
   select ride_name,sum(no_of_tickets*price)
2
   as total_revenue
 3
   from ride_ticket
4
   natural join ride
5
   group by ride_id, ride_name
6
    order by total_revenue ;
Data Output
            Explain
                                Notifications
                     Messages
    ride_name
                     total_revenue
 numeric
1
    Disko
                                400
    Breakdance
                                600
2
3
    Bumper boats
                               1200
4
    Drop tower
                               1250
5
    Caterpillar
                               1250
    Bumper cars
                               1500
    Alpine slide
                               1800
8
    Pendulum ride
                               2600
                               3080
9
    Condor
10
    Balloon Race
                               4600
```

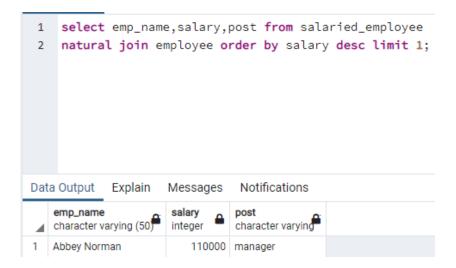
Query: Write a query to display the rides with no age and height constraints.



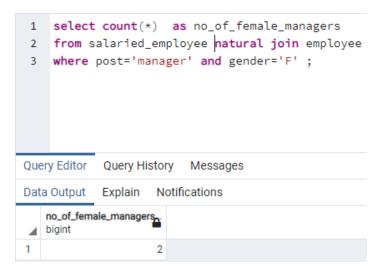
Query: Write a query to display the ride having the most capacity.



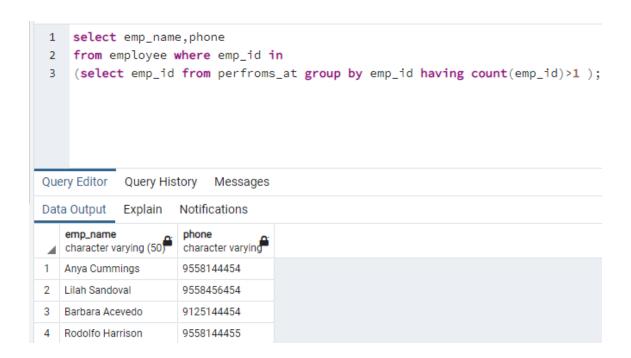
Query: Write a query to display the salaried employee with the highest salary.



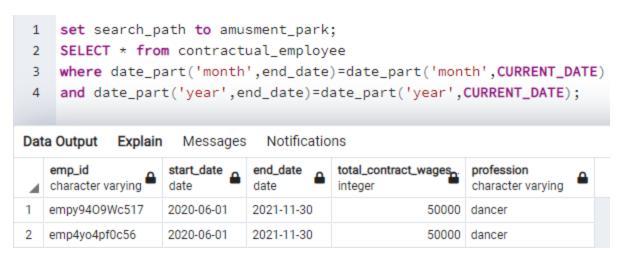
Query: Write a query to display the count of female managers.



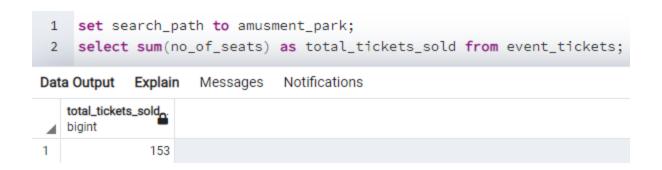
Query: Write a query to display the name and phone number of the employees who have performed more than once.



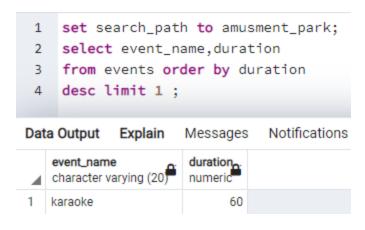
Query: Write a query to display those contractual employees whose contracts are ending this month.



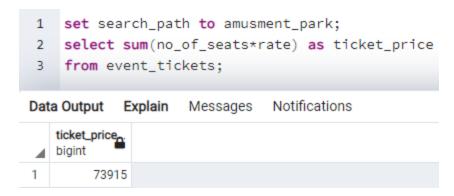
Query: Write a query to display the total number of event tickets sold.



Query: Write a query to display the event whose duration is the longest.



Query: Write a query to display the total revenue generated by all events.



Query: Write a query to display the event with most performers.