**Prachi Yadav** 

### **Assignment 1**

```
1.Print hello world.
public class Hello{
public static void main(String[]args){
System.out.println("Hello World");
}
```

### **Output:**

}

```
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab1 > gedit Hello.java
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab1 > java Hello
Hello World
```

### 2.Add two number/binary/character.

```
public class Add{
public static void main(String[] args){
int a=15;
int b=20;
int add=(a+b);
System.out.println("Two number a and b:" +(a)+" "+(b));
System.out.println("Add="+(add));
}
}
```

## **Output:**

```
public class Binary{
public static void main(String[] args){
```

```
int a=0b0100,b=0b0010;
int add=a+b;
System.out.println (add);
}

osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab1 javac Binary.java
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab1 java Binary
addition of binary number is:6
```

#### 3. Calculate compound interest.

```
public class Compound{
public static void main(String[] args){
float p=2000;
float r=5;
float n=3;
float pow=(float)Math.pow((1+r/100),n);
float ci=p*(pow-1);
System.out.println("p="+(p)+" "+"r="+(r)+" "+"n="+(n));
System.out.println("ci:="+(ci));
}
```

#### **Output:**

### 4.calculate the power of number.

```
public class Power{
public static void main(String[] args){
```

```
int base=3;
int expo=4;
long power = 1;
System.out.println("value of base and expo=" +(base)+":"+(expo));
for (;expo != 0; --expo) {
   power *= base;
}
System.out.println("power: " + power);
}
```

## **Output:**

### 5.swap two numbers.

```
public class Swap{
  public static void main(String[] args){
  int a=10,b=20;
  System.out.println("Number before swap:" +(a)+" " +(b));
  a=a+b;
  b=a-b;
  a=a-b;
  System.out.println("Number after swap:" +(a) +" " +(b));
}
```

### **Output:**

```
osboxes ~ Java > assign1 > lab1 > javac Swap.java
osboxes ~ Java > assign1 > lab1 > java Swap
Number before swap:10 20
Number after swap:20 10
```

### 6 calculate area of rectangle.

```
public class Area{
public static void main(String []args){
int l=20,b=30;
int area=0;
System.out.println("Lenght and Breath are:"+(I)+" "+(b));
area=I*b;
System.out.println("Area of rectangle are:"+(area));
}
```

### **Output:**

```
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab1 > javac Area.java
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab1 > java Area
Lenght and Breath are:20 30
Area of rectangle are:600
```

#### 8. Java program to find ASCII value of a character

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Ascii {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Input a character: ");

// reading a character

char ch = sc.next().charAt(0);

int ascii = ch;

System.out.println("The ASCII value of " + ch + " is: " + ascii);
```

```
}
```

### **Output:**

```
osboxes~Javaassign1lab1java AsciiInput a character: AThe ASCII value of A is: 65osboxes~Javaassign1lab1java AsciiInput a character: rThe ASCII value of r is: 114
```

9. Print default values of primitive data type variables.

```
class Default
{
        static byte b;
        static short s;
        static int i;
        static long I;
        static float f;
        static double d;
        static char c;
        static boolean bl;
  public static void main(String[] args)
  {
    System.out.println("Byte:"+b);
    System.out.println("Short :"+s);
    System.out.println("Int:"+i);
    System.out.println("Long :"+I);
    System.out.println("Float :"+f);
    System.out.println("Double :"+d);
    System.out.println("Char:"+c);
    System.out.println("Boolean:"+bl);
```

}

```
}
```

```
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab1 javac Default.java
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab1 java Default

Byte :0
Short :0
Int :0
Long :0
Float :0.0
Double :0.0
Char : VBox GAS
Boolean :false
```

# 10. .swap two numbers without using third variable.

```
public class Swap{
  public static void main(String[] args){
  int a=10,b=20;
  System.out.println("Number before swap:" +(a)+" " +(b));
  a=a+b;
  b=a-b;
  a=a-b;
  System.out.println("Number after swap:" +(a) +" " +(b));
}
```

### **Output:**

```
osboxes ~ Java assign | Jabi javac Swap.java osboxes ~ Java assign1 | labi java Swap.java Swap Number before swap:10 20 | Number after swap:20 10
```

#### 11. Print Fibonacci series till n.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Fibonacci
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner s=new Scanner();
}
```

```
int t1 = 0, t2 = 1;
    System.out.print("Enter the number of terms: ");
    int n=s.nextInt();
    System.out.println("First " + n + " terms of fibonnaci series: ");
    //Print the fibonacci series
    int i = 1;
    while (i \le n)
    {
      System.out.print(t1 + " ");
      int sum = t1 + t2;
     t1 = t2;
     t2 = sum;
     j++;
    }
System.out.println();
  }
}
                                                    javac Fibonacci.java
java Fibonacci
 osboxes
                    Java
                              assign1
 osboxes
                    Java )
                                          lab1
Enter the number of terms: 20
 irst 20 terms of fibonnaci series:
     1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610 987 1597 2584 4181
```

## Lab2

#### 1.Display prime number between 1 to 100 or 1 to n.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Prn{
public static void main(String[] args){
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the number:" );
int n =s.nextInt();
```

```
for(int num=2;num<=n;num++)</pre>
{ int temp=0;
        for(int i=2;i<=num-1;i++)</pre>
        {
                if(num%i==0)
                        {
                        temp=temp=1;
                        }
        }
        if(temp==0)
        {
                System.out.print(num+" ");
        }
}
        System.out.println();
}
}
```

```
      osboxes
      ~ > Java > assign1 > lab2 > java Prn

      Enter the number:100
      2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97
```

### 2.Find factorial of a number.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Factorial{
public static void main(String args []){
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the number:");
int n=s.nextInt();
int fact=1;
if(n<0)</pre>
```

```
{ System.out.println("cannot find factorial");}
else
{
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
  fact=fact*i;
}
System.out.println("Factorial of "+n+" is "+fact);
}
}</pre>
```

```
osboxes ~ \ Java \ assign1 \ lab2 \ java Factorial

Enter the number:0

Factorial of 0 is 1

osboxes ~ \ Java \ assign1 \ lab2 \ java Factorial

Enter the number:6

Factorial of 6 is 720

osboxes ~ \ Java \ assign1 \ lab2 \ java Factorial

Enter the number:-4 \ cannot find factorial
```

#### 3. Check number palindrome or not.

```
import java.util.*;
class Palidrome{
public static void main(String[]args){
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the number:");
int n=s.nextInt();
  int rev = 0, rem;
  // store the number to originalNum
  int originaln = n;
  // get the reverse of originalNum
  while (n != 0) {
    rem = n%10;
```

```
rev = rev *10 + rem;
  n /= 10;
 }
 if (originaln == rev) { //compare original num and reverse number equal or not
  System.out.println(originaln + " is Palindrome.");
 }
 else {
  System.out.println(originaln + " is not Palindrome.");
 }
}
}
                                                    java Palidrome
              ~ > Java >
                              assign1 > lab2
Enter the number:121
121 is Palindrome.
                    Java > assign1 > lab2 | java Palidrome
 osboxes
Enter the number:234
234 is not Palindrome.
```

### 4.Add two interger variable using different ways

```
osboxes ~ Java > assign1 > lab2 | javac A2.java
osboxes ~ Java > assign1 > lab2 | java A2
Enter the value of a and b:34 67
Addition of a and b:101 | Linux Lite Terminal -
```

```
//using function
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class A4{
public static void main(String[]args){
int n1,n2,add=0;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("enter the value of n1 and n2:");
n1=s.nextInt();
n2=s.nextInt();
add = add(n1, n2);
System.out.println("add of two number are: " + add);
}
public static int add(int a, int b)
 {
   int add=a+b;
   return add;
 }
}
```

```
osboxes ~> Java > assign1 > lab2 > javac A4.java
osboxes ~> Java > assign1 > lab2 > java A4
enter the value of n1 and n2:20 34
add of two number are : 54
```

### //using - operator

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class A3{
public static void main(String[]args){
```

```
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter two number a and b:");

int a=s.nextInt();

int b=s.nextInt();

System.out.println("Addition of two number:"+(a-(-b)));

}

osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 javac A3.java osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 java A3

Enter two number a and b:23 45

Addition of two number:68
```

### 5. Find square root of a number with out sqrt method

```
import java.util.*;
class Square{
  static void squareRoot(int num){
  double temp;
  double b=num/2;
  do{
     temp=b;
     b=(temp+(num/temp))/2;
     }while((temp-b)!=0);
     System.out.println("square root of "+num+" "+"is:"+b);
  }
    public static void main(String[]args){
     System.out.print("Enter any number:");
     Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
     int c=sc.nextInt();
```

```
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 java Square
Enter any number:5
square root of 5 is:2.23606797749979
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 java Square
Enter any number:2
square root of 2 is:1.414213562373095
```

#### 6.Check Armstrong number

Square.squareRoot(c);

```
public class Armstrong {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
    int originalnum, rem, result = 0;
    originalnum = num;
    while (originalnum != 0)
    {
      rem = originalnum % 10;
      result += Math.pow(rem, 3);
      originalnum /= 10;
    }
    if(result == num)
      System.out.println(num + " is an Armstrong number.");
    else
```

System.out.println(num + " is not an Armstrong number.");

```
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab2 > java Armstrong 721
721 is not an Armstrong number.
osboxes ~ > Java > assign1 > lab2 > java Armstrong 371
371 is an Armstrong number.
```

#### 6. Calculate grades of students using their marks

import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class Grade{
  public static void main(String args[]){
  int marks[] = new int[6];
    int i;
    float total=0, avg;
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    for(i=0; i<6; i++) {
      System.out.print("Enter Marks of Subject"+(i+1)+":");
      marks[i] = scanner.nextInt();
      total = total + marks[i];
    }
    //Calculating average here
    avg = total/6;
    System.out.print("The student Grade is: ");
    if(avg>=80)
    {
      System.out.print("A");
    else if(avg>=60 && avg<80)
      System.out.print("B");
    else if(avg>=40 && avg<60)
      System.out.print("C");
    }
    else
    {
      System.out.print("D");
    }
  System.out.println();
```

```
}
```

```
osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 gedit Grade.java osboxes ~ Java assign1 lab2 java Grade

Enter Marks of Subject1:20
Enter Marks of Subject2:45
Enter Marks of Subject3:67
Enter Marks of Subject4:78
Enter Marks of Subject5:90
Enter Marks of Subject6:56
The student Grade is: C
```

### 8. Use switch case, recursion, print patterns, etc

```
public class Switc{
public static void main(String[]args){
int monthno=Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
switch(monthno)
{
        case 1:
        case 2:
        case 3:System.out.println("January");
                break;
        case 4:
        case 5:System.out.println("hello");
                break;
        case 6:
        case 7:
        case 8:
        case 9:
        case 10:System.out.println("hii");
                break;
        case 11:
        case 12:
        default:
                System.out.println("Please select valid case");
                }
```

```
}
```

```
osboxes
                Java
                       assign1
                                  lab2
                                              java Switc 1
January
                                         java Switc 2
 osboxes
                Java
                                  lab2
                       assign1
January
osboxes
                                  lab2
                                         java Switc 4
                Java
                       assign1
hello
                                  lab2
                                         java Switc 7
 osboxes
                Java
                       assign1
hii
osboxes
                Java 🗦
                                  lab2
                                         java Switc 11
                       assign1
Please select valid case
```

#### Recursion

```
osboxes ~ > Java > java Recursion 7
factorial of 7 is:5040
```

### **Pattern**

```
public class Pattern
{
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
  int r=5; String num="hii";
```

```
for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
{
    for(int j=0; j<=i; j++)
        System.out.print(num+ " ");
        System.out.print("\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

```
public class Pattern1
{
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
     int r=5; String n="{vp}";

     for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
        {
        for(int j=i; j<r; j++)
            System.out.print(n+ " ");
        System.out.print("\n");
      }
   }
}</pre>
```

```
public class Pattern2{
public static void main(String args[]){
 int r=5; String s="%%";
   for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
   {
    for(int k=i; k<r; k++)
      System.out.print(" ");
    for(int j=0; j<=i; j++)
      System.out.print(s+ " ");
    System.out.print("\n");
   }
 }
}
  osboxes
                                                           javac Pattern1.java
  osboxes
                                                lab2
                                                          javac Pattern2.java
                                 assign1
                                                          java Pattern2
  osboxes
                                                lab2
                       Java
                                 assign1
```

```
public class Pattern3
{public static void main(String args[])
  {
   int r=8; String s="@";
```

```
for(int i=0; i<r; i++)
{
    for(int k=0; k<i; k++)
        System.out.print(" ");
    for(int j=i; j<r; j++)
        System.out.print(s+ " ");
        System.out.print("\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

```
      osboxes
      ~
      Java > assign1 > lab2 > javac Pattern3.java osboxes
      ~
      Java > assign1 > lab2 > java Pattern3

      @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @
      @ @ @ @ @ @
      @ @ @ @ @
      @ @ @ @

      @ @ @ @ @ @ @
      @ @ @ @
      @ @ @
      @ @

      @ @ @ @
      @ @
      @ @
      @
      @

      @ @ @
      @
      @
      @
      @
      @
```

### Lab-3

1.Build a class Employee which contains details about the employee and compile and run its instance.

```
public class Employee{
int id;
String name;
int age;
String Dept;
int mobileno;
void setData(int i,String n,int a,String d,int m){
id=i;
name=n;
```

```
age=a;
Dept=d;
mobileno=m;
}
void display(){
System.out.println("id="+id+"\n"+"name="+name+"\n"+"age="+age+"\n"+"dept="+Dept+"\n"+"mob
ile="+mobileno);
}
public static void main(String[]args){
Employee e=new Employee();
e.setData(1002,"Prachi",24,"C-DAC",87654);
e.display();
}
}
                                      javac Employee.java
java Employee
  osboxes
 osboxes
id=1002
name=Prachi
age=24
dept=C-DAC
```

2.Build a class which has references to other classes .Instantiate these reference variables and invoke instance methods

```
class Emp{
int id;
String name;
double salary;
static String org="C-DAC";
Address add;  //using object reference----Address
```

mobile=87654

```
//constructor
Emp(int id,String name,double salary,Address add){
this.id=id;
this.name=name;
this.salary=salary;
this.add=add;
}
void display(){
System.out.println("Employee Id:"+id+"\nEmployee Name:"+name+"\nEmployee
Salary:"+salary+"\nEmployee Org:"+org);
               add.display();
               }
//define main method
public static void main(String[]args){
Address a=new Address("C-876", "Spring Valley", "New Delhi", "Delhi", 201005);
Emp e=new Emp(1003,"Prachi Yadav",40000,a); //create object of employee class
e.display();
              //access method display using object
}
}
Create another file Address.java
class Address{
String hno;
String street;
String city;
String state;
int pin;
```

Address(String hno, String street, String city, String state, int pin){

```
this.hno=hno;
this.street=street;
this.city=city;
this.state=state;
this.pin=pin;
}
//method to display data
void display(){
System.out.println("Employee Address");
System.out.println("#################");
System.out.println("House
No:"+hno+"\nStreet:"+street+"\nCity:"+city+"\nState:"+state+"\nPin:"+pin);
}
                                                javac Address.java
 osboxes
                   Java
 osboxes
                                        lab3
                                                java Emp
                   Java 🕽
                           assign1
Employee Id:1003
Employee Name:Prachi Yadav
Employee Salary:40000.0
Employee Org:C-DAC
Employee Address
##############################
House No:C-876
Street:Spring Valley
City:New Delhi
State:Delhi
Pin:201005
```

#### LAB-4

### 1. Calculate average of numbers using Array

```
import java.util.*;
class Avg{
public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
```

```
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter the array length:");

int n=s.nextInt();

System.out.print("Enter the array elements:");

int []a=new int [n];

int sum=0;

for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)

{ a[i]=s.nextInt();}

//add array element.

for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)

{ sum = sum + a[i];}

float avg=sum/a.length;

System.out.println("Average of array element is:" +avg);
}
```

```
osboxes ~ Java javac Avg.java
osboxes ~ Java java Avg
Enter the array length:5
Enter the array elements:1 2 5 7 8
Average of array element is:4.0
```

#### 2. Reverse an array

```
import java.util.*;
public class Reverse{
public static void main(String[]args){
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the length of array:");
int n =s.nextInt();
int[]arr=new int [n];
System.out.print("Enter the element of array:");
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
arr[i] =s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Array before reverse");
for(int x:arr)
{
System.out.print(+x+" ");}
System.out.println();
System.out.println("**************);
System.out.println("Array after reverse");
for( int i=n;i>0;i--)
System.out.print(+arr[i-1]+" ");
System.out.println();
}
}
                               javac Reverse.java
 osboxes
                     Java java Reverse
 osboxes
Enter the length of array:7
Enter the element of array:2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Array before reverse
Array after reverse
```

### 3. Sort an array in ascending order.

```
import java.util.*;
public class S{
public static void main(String[]args){
//int a[] = new int [n];
Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.print("Enter the lenght of array:");
int n=s.nextInt();
int a[] = new int [n];
System.out.print("Enter the element of array:");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        a[i]=s.nextInt();
        }
System.out.print("Array before sort:");
for (int x: a)
     {System.out.print(" "+x);}
     Arrays.sort(a);
     System.out.println();
     System.out.println("\n**********);
    System.out.print("Array after sort:");
    for(int x:a)
     {System.out.print(" " +x);}
     System.out.println();
}
}
```

#### 4. Convert char Array to String

```
import java.util.*;
public class Char {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the lenght of character array:");
int n=sc.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter the element of char array:");
char []ch=new char[n];
for(int i =0;i<ch.length;i++)</pre>
{
        ch[i]=sc.next().charAt(0);
}
//constructor of the String class that parses char array as a parameter
String s = new String(ch);
System.out.println(s);
}
}
```

```
osboxes ~ Java 1 java Char
Enter the lenght of character array:11
Enter the element of char array:H e l l o P r a c h i
HelloPrachi
```

## 5.Add two Matrix using Multi-dimensional Arrays.

```
import java.util.*;
class Threed{
public static void main(String[] args){
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
int[][]matrix1=new int[3][3];
int[][]matrix2=new int[3][3];
//int c[][]=new int[3][3];
System.out.println("Enter element of first matrix:");
for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
{
        for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
                 matrix1[i][j]=s.nextInt();
        }
}
        System.out.println("Enter the element of of second matrix:");
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        {for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
        { matrix2[i][j]=s.nextInt();
        }
        }
        //int i,j;
        int[][] c = new int[3][3];
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
        c[i][j] = matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j];
        }
        }
```

```
System.out.println("Addition of two matrix are:");
for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
for (int j=0;j<3; j++) {
   System.out.print(c[i][j]+" ");
}
}
</pre>
```

```
osboxes ~ Java javacuThreedijavaclick,
osboxes ~ Java java Threed
Enter element of first matrix:
1 2 3
4 5 6
2 1 4
Enter the element of of second matrix:
2 4 6
0 1 5
3 4 6
Additon of two matrix are:
3 6 9
4 6 11
5 5 10
```

# 6. Sort strings in alphabetical order

```
import java.util.*;
public class Sorting {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
    String s = sc.nextLine();
    char ch[] = s.toCharArray();
```

```
Arrays.sort(ch);
System.out.println(new String(ch)+ " ");
}
```

## 7 .Find out the highest and second highest numbers in an array

```
import java.util.*;
public class SecondHighest {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the lenght of array:");
int n =s.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter the elements of array:");
int []arr=new int [n];
for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++)</pre>
{ arr[i]=s.nextInt();}
    //Sort the array
   Arrays.sort(arr);
    System.out.println("First Highest Number: "+arr[n-1]);
    System.out.println("Second Highest Number: "+arr[n-2]);
 }
}
```

```
osboxes ~ Java gedit SecondHighest.java
osboxes ~ Java javac SecondHighest.java
osboxes ~ Java java SecondHighest
Enter the lenght of array:7
Enter the elements of array:3 1 9 7 3 0 4
First Highest Number: 9
Second Highest Number: 7
```

## 8. Concatenate two arrays.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Cat{
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Enter the first array");
                                                      //taking array elements from user
 int[]a = new int [5];
 for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)</pre>
 { a[i]=s.nextInt();}
  System.out.println("Enter the second array");
                                                        // taking second array elements
 int[]b = new int [5];
 for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++)</pre>
 { b[i]=s.nextInt();}
   int[]c = new int[a.length+b.length];
                                                    //concate
   int count = 0;
   for(int i = 0;i<a.length;i++) {</pre>
     c[i] = a[i];
     count++;
   }
   for(int j = 0; j < b.length; j++) {
```

```
c[count++] = b[j];
}
System .out.println("Array after concatenate");
for(int i=0;i<c.length;i++)
System.out.print(c[i]+" ");
System.out.println();
}</pre>
```

```
osboxes ~ Java javac Cat.java
osboxes ~ Java java C

Cat Char
osboxes ~ Java java Cat

Enter the first array
2 3 5 6 7

Enter the second array
9 7 3 2 1

Array after concatenate
2 3 5 6 7 9 7 3 2 1
```