

Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Name:	
Roll No:	
Class/Sem:	TE/V
Experiment No.:	3
Title:	Tutorial on: a) Data Exploration b) Data pre-processing
Date of Performance:	
Date of Submission:	
Marks:	
Sign of Faculty:	



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Aim: To solve problems on Data Exploration and Data Pre-processing.

Objective: To enable students to effectively identify sources of data and process it for data mining.

- 1. Suppose that the data for analysis includes the attribute age. The age values for the data tuples are (in increasing order) 13, 15, 16, 16, 19, 20, 20, 21, 22, 22, 25, 25, 25, 30, 33, 33, 35, 35, 35, 35, 36, 40, 45, 46, 52, 70.
 - (a) What is the mean of the data? What is the median?
 - (b) What is the mode of the data? Comment on the data's modality (i.e., unimodal, bimodal, trimodal, etc.).
 - (c) What is the midrange of the data?
 - (d) Can you find (roughly) the first quartile (Q1) and the third quartile (Q3) of the data?
 - (e) Give the five-number summary of the data.
 - (f) Show a boxplot of the data.
- 2. Suppose that the values for a given set of data are grouped into intervals. The intervals and corresponding frequencies are as follows:

age	frequency
1–5	200
6–15	450
16–20	300
21–50	1500
51–80	700
81–110	44

Compute an approximate median value for the data.

3. Consider the data given below and compute the Euclidean distance between each point. P1 (0,2), P2(2,0), P3(3,1) and P4(5,1).



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- 4. Suppose that the minimum and maximum values for the attribute income are \$12,000 and \$98,000 respectively. Normalize income value \$73,600 to the range [0.0, 1.0] using minmax normalization method.
- 5. Partition the given data into bins of size 3 using equi-depth binning method and perform smoothing by bin mean, bin median and bin boundaries. Consider the data: 2, 10, 18, 18, 19, 20, 22, 25, 28.

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9.1]				
()	Me	$an = \overline{x} = 0$		
		= X = (!	21+72+	···+ \(\chi_n\)
		7 - 0	4 25 (11:	-
	2 =	13+15+16+19+	20+20+21	102 + 22 + 25 125 125 125 20132
	+33.	777757	25 T 36 + 4	U+47 + 46+52+7n
		x = 2	xi' = 800	6 = 305
			N 2	6
	Mea	lian =:		
			Sug i Has	C. t. i. polal
		Median -10	K) = 2	Set is odd. 5+30: median= 27.5
		1.7. 7. 5.4	4)	2
(2)		Number	Freque	enu
		13	1	
		15)	
		16	1	
		19	1	
	-	20	2	The number 25 and 35
		21	1	are occurring 4 times.
	-	22	2	: mode = 25 A 35 !
		25	4	
		30		
		33	2	
		35	4	
		36		
		40		
		45		
		46		
		52		
		70		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

(2)	Age Frequency Cumulative Frequency 1-5 200 200 6-15 450 200+4500=650 16-20 300 950 21-50 1500 2450 51-80 700 3150 81-110 44 3194 N=3194 N=3194 N=3194 Median class= 21-50 Median class= 21-50
	L1=21 \leq freq = 950 frequentian = 1500 Width = 30 Median = L1 + (N)2 - \leq freq) width. frequentian = 21 + 1597 - 950 = 30 = 1500 [median = 33.94]
	Consider the given below and compute edulidean distance between each paint. $P_1(0_12)$, $P_2(z_10)$, $P_3(5311)$ $P_4(51)$ $d = \sqrt{(2-21)^2 + (92-91)^2}$ $d(P_1P_2) = \sqrt{(2-0)^2 + (0-2)^2} = \sqrt{8} = 2.828$ $d(P_1P_2) = \sqrt{(3-0)^2 + (1-2)^2} = \sqrt{10} = 2.162$ $d(P_1, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-0)^2 + (1-2)^2} = \sqrt{26} = 5.099$ $d(P_1, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-0)^2 + (1-0)^2} = \sqrt{2} = 1.414$ $d(P_2, P_3) = \sqrt{(6-2)^2 + (1-0)^2} = \sqrt{10} = 2.162$ $d(P_3, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$ $d(P_1, P_2) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$ $d(P_2, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$ $d(P_3, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$ $d(P_3, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$ $d(P_3, P_4) = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (1-1)^2} = \sqrt{4}$

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9.4] Suppose that the maximum and minimum value for the
      V' = V- mina (new_maxa-new_mina) + new_mina
         max mina
      Where v= 73600, min A=12000, maxA=95000
      new_minA = 0.0 & new_maxA = 1.0
      -. V'= 73600 12000 (1.0-0.0) + 1.0
           95000 - 12000
        : [V'= 0,716]
Q.5 - 2,10,18,18,19,20,22,25,28.
     Bin Size= 3 bin= 3.
   (1) Bin1: 2,10,18
     Bin 2 18, 19, 20
      B3n3: 22,25,28.
  (2) Smoothing by bin mean.
     Bis1: 10,10,10
      Bin 2: 19,19,19
     Bin3: 25,25,25
 (3) Smoothung by bin boundanies.
     Bin 2: 18,18,20
     Bin 3: 22, 22, 28.
    Smoothing by bin median.
     Bin 1: 10, 10, 10
Bin 2: 19, 19, 19
      Bin3: 25,25,25
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Midrange: smallest value = 13 , largest value = 70 Midsange = 13+70 = [41.5 Q1 = 13+15+16+19+20+20+21+22+22+25+25+25+25 -: P1= 21 93=30+33+33+35+35+35+36+40+45+46+52+70 -: 93=35 The Fire Summary of the data

91= 21, 92= 27.5, 93= 35 min = 13 , max = 70 27.5 Box plot: 8 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 Frequency. N=3194=1597 1-5 200 450 6-15 11=21 300 16-20 12 = 50 1500 21-50 700 51-80 81-100 44 median = l+ (lo-l) (N/2-(-F) = 21+(50-21)(1599-950) Median = 33.508