

LIST

1. List is an ordered sequence of items
2. we can have different data types under a list E.g we can have integer, float and string items in a same list

List Creation

```
In [1]: list1 = [] #empty list
```

```
In [2]: print(type(list1))
```

```
<class 'list'>
```

```
In [3]: list2 = [10,30,60] # List of integers
```

```
In [4]: list3 = [10.77 , 30.66, 89.90] #list of float numbers
```

```
In [5]: list4 = ['one' , 'two', 'three'] #list of strings
```

```
In [6]: list5 = ['Asif', 25 , [50,100],[150,90]] # Nested Lists
```

```
In [7]: list6 = [100, 'RAM',45.67] # List of mixed data types
```

```
In [8]: list7 = ['Asif', 25 , [50,100],[150,90],{'john','kiran'}]
```

```
In [9]: len(list6) #Length of List
```

```
Out[9]: 3
```

list indexing 1. forward indexing 2. backward indexing

```
In [10]: list2[0] #Retrieve first element of the list
```

```
Out[10]: 10
```

```
In [11]: list4[0] #Retrieve first element of the list
```

```
Out[11]: 'one'
```

```
In [12]: list4[0][0] # Nested indexing - Access the first character of the first list
```

```
Out[12]: 'o'
```

```
In [13]: list4[-1] #last item of the list
```

```
Out[13]: 'three'
```

```
In [14]: list5[-1] #last item of the list
```

```
Out[14]: [150, 90]
```

list slicing

```
In [15]: mylist = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [16]: mylist[0:3] # return all items from 0th to 3rd index location excluding th
```

```
Out[16]: ['one', 'two', 'three']
```

```
In [17]: mylist[2:5] # return all items from 2nd to 5th index location excluding the i
```

```
Out[17]: ['three', 'four', 'five']
```

```
In [18]: mylist[:3] # return first three items
```

```
Out[18]: ['one', 'two', 'three']
```

```
In [19]: mylist[:2] # return first two items
```

```
Out[19]: ['one', 'two']
```

```
In [20]: mylist[-3:] # return last two items
```

```
Out[20]: ['six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [21]: mylist[-2:] # return last two items
```

```
Out[21]: ['seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [22]: mylist[-1] # Return last item of the list
```

```
Out[22]: 'eight'
```

```
In [23]: mylist[:] # Return whole list
```

```
Out[23]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

Add Remove & change items

```
In [24]: mylist
```

```
Out[24]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [25]: mylist.append('nine') # add an item to the end of the list  
mylist
```

```
Out[25]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [26]: mylist.insert(9, 'ten') # Add item at index location 9  
mylist
```

```
Out[26]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'ten']
```

```
In [27]: mylist.insert(1, 'ONE') # Add item at index location 1  
mylist
```

```
Out[27]: ['one',  
          'ONE',  
          'two',  
          'three',  
          'four',  
          'five',  
          'six',  
          'seven',  
          'eight',  
          'nine',  
          'ten']
```

```
In [28]: mylist.remove('ONE') # Remove item "ONE"  
mylist
```

```
Out[28]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'ten']
```

```
In [29]: mylist.pop()  
mylist
```

```
Out[29]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [30]: mylist.pop(4) # Remove item at index location 4  
mylist
```

```
Out[30]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [31]: del mylist[7] # Remove item at index location 7  
mylist
```

```
Out[31]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [32]: # change value of the string
mylist[0] = 1
mylist[1] = 2
mylist[2] = 3
mylist
```

```
Out[32]: [1, 2, 3, 'four', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [33]: mylist.clear() # Empty list / Delete all items in the list
mylist
```

```
Out[33]: []
```

```
In [34]: del mylist      # Delete the whole list
mylist
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[34], line 2
      1 del mylist      # Delete the whole list
----> 2 mylist

NameError: name 'mylist' is not defined
```

Copy List

```
In [35]: mylist = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [36]: mylist1 = mylist # Create a new reference "mylist1"
```

```
In [37]: id(mylist), id(mylist1) # The address of both mylist & mylist1 will be same
```

```
Out[37]: (29694446879872, 29694446879872)
```

```
In [38]: mylist2 = mylist.copy() # Create a copy of the list
```

```
In [39]: id(mylist2) # The address of mylist2 will be different from mylist
```

```
Out[39]: 2969446733184
```

```
In [40]: mylist[0] = 1
```

```
In [41]: mylist
```

```
Out[41]: [1, 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [42]: mylist1      # mylist1 will be also impacted as it is pointing to the same list
```

```
Out[42]: [1, 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
In [43]: mylist2 # copy of list won't be impacted due to changes made on the original l
```

```
Out[43]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

Join Lists

```
In [44]: list1 = ['one','two','three','four']  
list2 = ['five','six','seven','eight']
```

```
In [45]: list3 = list1 + list2 #join two lists by '+' operator  
list3
```

```
Out[45]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [46]: list1.extend(list2) #append list2 with list1  
list1
```

```
Out[46]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

List Membership

```
In [47]: list1
```

```
Out[47]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [48]: 'one' in list1 #check if 'one' exist in the list
```

```
Out[48]: True
```

```
In [49]: 'ten' in list1 #check if 'ten' in the list
```

```
Out[49]: False
```

```
In [50]: if 'eight' in list1:  
    print('eight is present in the list')  
else:  
    print('eight is not present in the list')
```

```
eight is present in the list
```

```
In [51]: if 'nine' in list1:  
    print('nine is present in the list')  
else:  
    print('nine is not present in the list')
```

```
nine is not present in the list
```

Reverse & Sort List

```
In [52]: list1
```

```
Out[52]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [53]: list1.reverse()  
list1
```

```
Out[53]: ['eight', 'seven', 'six', 'five', 'four', 'three', 'two', 'one']
```

```
In [54]: list1 = list1[::-1] # reverse the list  
list1
```

```
Out[54]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [55]: list1 = list1[::-1] # reverse the list  
list1
```

```
Out[55]: ['eight', 'seven', 'six', 'five', 'four', 'three', 'two', 'one']
```

```
In [56]: mylist3 = [9,5,99,12,88,34]  
mylist3.sort()      # Sort list in ascending order  
mylist3
```

```
Out[56]: [5, 9, 12, 34, 88, 99]
```

```
In [57]: mylist3 = [9,5,99,12,88,34]  
mylist3.sort(reverse=True) # Sort list in descending order  
mylist3
```

```
Out[57]: [99, 88, 34, 12, 9, 5]
```

```
In [58]: mylist4 = [88,34,56,12,76,34,65]  
sorted(mylist4) #Returns a new sorted list and doesn't c
```

```
Out[58]: [12, 34, 34, 56, 65, 76, 88]
```

```
In [59]: mylist4
```

```
Out[59]: [88, 34, 56, 12, 76, 34, 65]
```

Loop through a list

```
In [62]: list1 = ['one','two','three','four','five','six','seven','eight']
```

```
In [63]: list1
```

```
Out[63]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [64]: for i in list1:
        print(i)
```

```
one
two
three
four
five
six
seven
eight
```

```
In [65]: for i in enumerate(list1):
        print(i)
```

```
(0, 'one')
(1, 'two')
(2, 'three')
(3, 'four')
(4, 'five')
(5, 'six')
(6, 'seven')
(7, 'eight')
```

Count

```
In [66]: list1
```

```
Out[66]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
```

```
In [67]: list1.count('one')
```

```
Out[67]: 1
```

```
In [68]: list4 = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'one', 'two', 'three', 'six']
```

```
In [69]: list4.count('three')
```

```
Out[69]: 2
```

```
In [70]: list4.count('one')
```

```
Out[70]: 2
```

```
In [71]: list4.count('six')
```

```
Out[71]: 1
```

ALL / ANY

The all() method returns:

True = If all elements in a list are true
False = If any element in a list is false

The any() function returns True if any element in the list is true . If not, any() returns False

```
In [90]: L1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,11] # will not return false as there is no false value(0)
```

```
In [91]: all(L1)
```

```
Out[91]: True
```

```
In [92]: any(L1)
```

```
Out[92]: True
```

```
In [75]: L2 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0] # Will Return false as one value is false
```

```
In [76]: any(L2)
```

```
Out[76]: True
```

```
In [77]: all(L2)
```

```
Out[77]: False
```

```
In [87]: L3 = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
```

```
In [88]: any(L3)
```

```
Out[88]: True
```

```
In [89]: all(L3)
```

```
Out[89]: False
```

```
In [93]: L4 = [1,2,3,4,True]
```

```
In [94]: any(L4)
```

```
Out[94]: True
```

```
In [95]: all(L4)
```

```
Out[95]: True
```

```
In [96]: L5 = [1,2,3,4,True,False]
```

```
In [97]: any(L5) # Will return true as we have items in the list with true value
```

```
Out[97]: True
```



```
In [98]: all(L5)      # Returns false as one value is false
```

```
Out[98]: False
```