

Exp-5 Study of Activation Function and its Role

AIM:

To study different activation function in neural network and understand their importance in learning by implementing them in PyTorch.

Objective

1. To implement and compare activation function (sigmoid, ReLU, Tanh) using PyTorch
2. To analyze how each function transforms input values

Pseudocode

Start

1. Import torch library
2. Define input tensor with positive, negative, zero value
3. Apply Pytorch activation function.
 - `torch.sigmoid()`
 - `torch.relu()`
 - `torch.tanh()`
4. Display the transformed outputs?

END.

function =
activation function

Observation :

sigmoid : smooth, s-shaped, compresses values between 0 and 1
but gradients vanishes for large (n):

ReLU : Efficient, sparse, activation

tanh : similar to sigmoid but centered at 0.

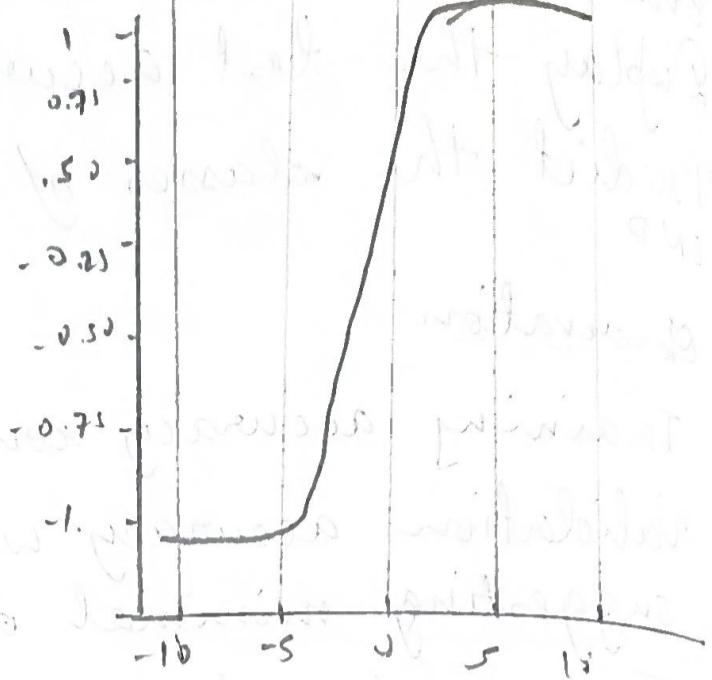
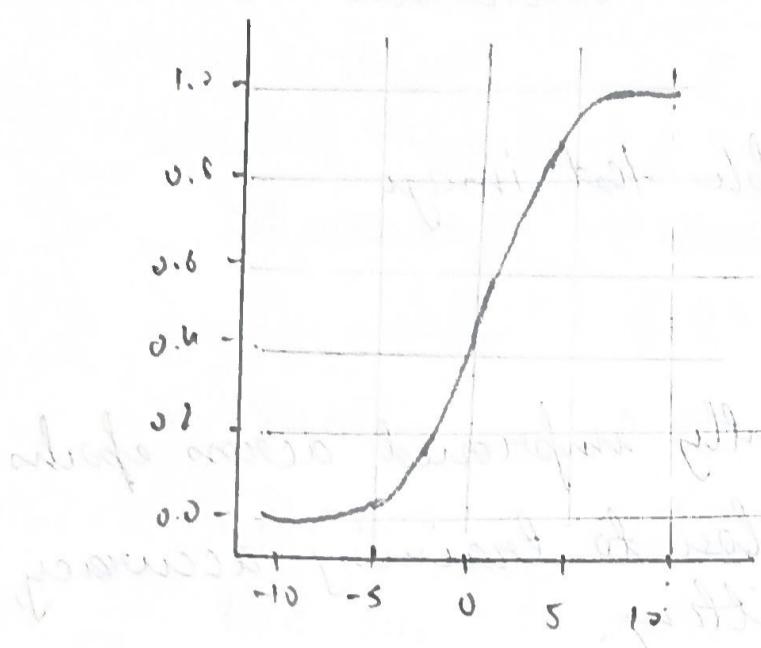
Result :

Implementation of activation function that are commonly used in deep learning was successfully done.

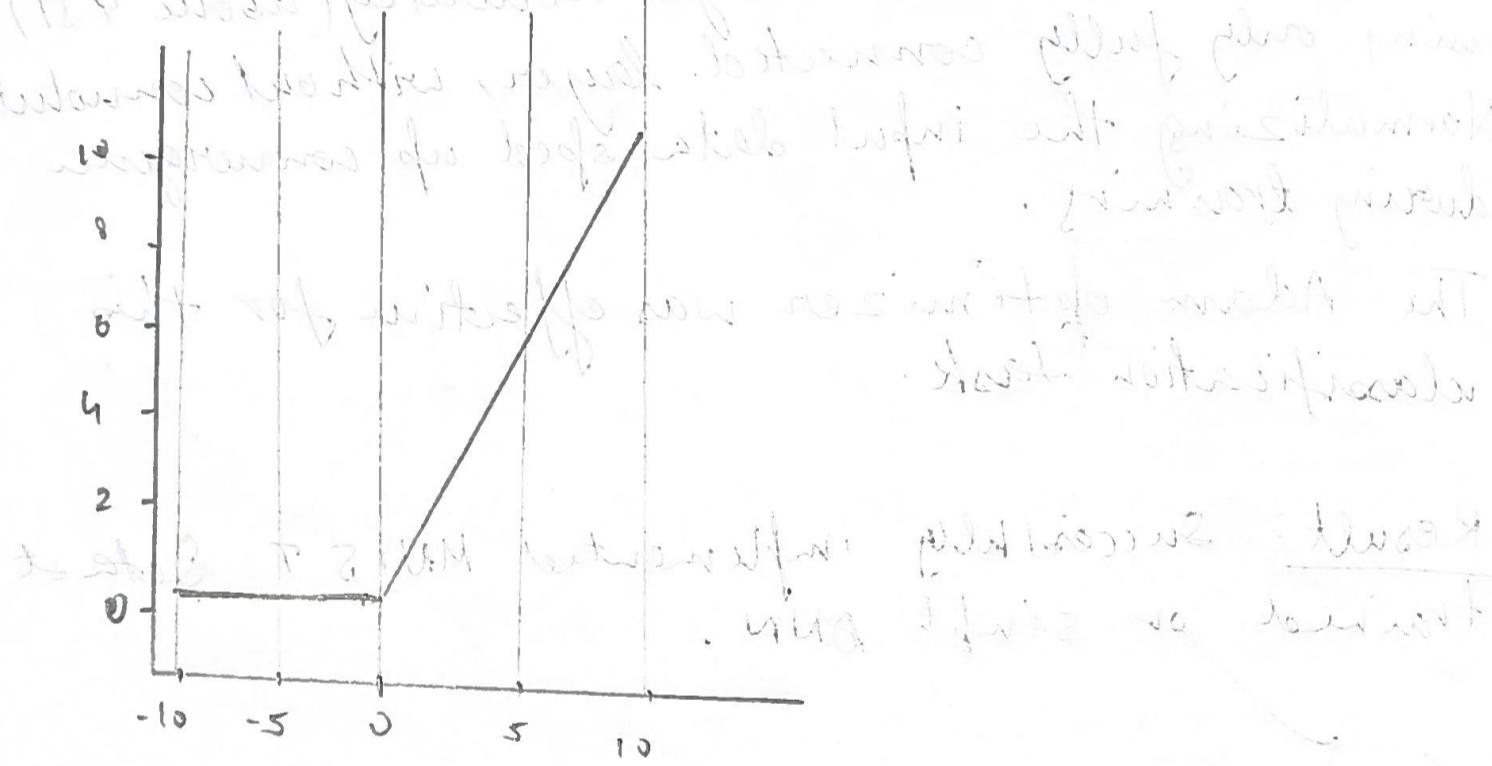
Output

sigmoid function

Tanh

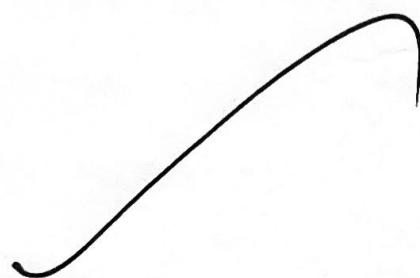


(ReLU mode) processes input towards output with forward propagation. Between each layer, it is processed with backpropagation. This is done to find the gradients of weights before updating them.



ReLU Function

o/p range?



* sigmoid func

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$* \text{tanh} = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

* ReLU

$$f(x) = \max(0, x)$$