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Assignment 10
//mystrcmp
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int mystrcmp(char*,char*);
void main(){
        char str1[]="abcd";
        char str2[]="abCd";
        int res=mystrcmp(str1,str2);
        if(res==0){
                printf("same string :0");
        }
        else{
                if(res==-1)
                {
                         printf("not same:1");
                }
                else
                         printf("not same:-1");
        }
}
int mystrcmp(char* str1, char* str2){
                         if(strlen(str1)==strlen(str2)){
                         for(int i=0;i<strlen(str1);i++){</pre>
                                 if(str1[i]!=str2[i]){
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//check asscii value
                                         if(str1[i]>str2[i])
                                                 return 1;
                                         else
                                                 return -1;
                                }
                        }
                return 0;//for loop exits by its end value (all iterations)
        }
        else{
                return NULL;
        }
}
//mystrstr
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
char* mystrstr(char*,char*);
void main() {
        /*
        char str[]="abdabeabxyz";
        char sub[]="axy";*/
        char str[]="prachiti";
        char sub[]="chiti";
        char* sub_str=mystrstr(str,sub);
        printf("%s",sub_str);
}
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//check the length first
        if(strlen(str)>=strlen(sub)) {
                int p,len;
                //compare sub string with sub
                for(int i=0; sub[i]!='\0'; i++) {
                         //i is for sub string
                         //check each sub element with entire string
                         for(int j=0; str[j]!='\0'; j++) {
                                 //j for string
                                 //compare
                                 if(sub[i]==str[j]) {
                                          //here we get 1st match char .. now from j+1 check for
another element in sub
                                          int x=i+1;
                                          len=1;//starting from 1 bcz we got 1st elemrnt already
                                          for(int k=j+1; k<strlen(str); k++) { //k is on str so its end on
length
                                                  if(sub[x]==str[k]) {
                                                           //get next match element so incremwnt sub
                                                           x++;
                                                           len++;//to check how much times condition
satisfied
                                                  } else {
                                                           break;
                                                  }
                                          }//end of k for loop
                                          if(strlen(sub)==len) {
                                                  return &str[j];
```

char* mystrstr(char* str,char* sub) {

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}
                                 }//end of j for loop
                        }//end of i for loop
                }
                return NULL;
        } else {
                return NULL;
        }
//mystrrev
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrrev(char*);
void main(){
        char str[5]="abcde";
        char* rev=mystrrev(str);
        printf("mystrrev :%s",rev);
char* mystrrev(char* str){
        int temp;
        int j=strlen(str)-1;
        for(int i=0;i<(strlen(str)/2);i++){}
                        temp=str[i];
                        str[i]=str[j];
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}

}

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str[j]=temp;
                        j--;
        }
        return str;
}
//strrchr (last occurance)
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrrchar(char*,char);
void main(){
        char str[]="ababncdn";
        char ch;
        printf("enter the char to(last occ) search:");
        scanf("%c",&ch);//b
        char* last_occ= mystrrchar(str,ch);
        printf("\nmystrrchr:%s",last_occ);
}
char* mystrrchar(char*str, char ch){
        //count
        int count=0;
        for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
                if(str[i]==ch)
                        count++;
        }
```

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int num=count;
        int k;
        for(k=0;num!=0;k++){
                        if(str[k]==ch){}
                                num--;
                                //printf("ch :%c\n",ch);
                                //printf("num:%d\n",num);
                                printf("K:%d\n",k);
                        }
       }
//
        k++ (last ieteartion ) k=8 then check num!='\0'
        printf("K:%d\n",k-1);
        //printf("str[k]:%c",str[k-1]);
        return &str[k-1];
}
//mystrncmp
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int mystrncmp(char*,char*,int);
void main(){
        char str1[5]="abcde";
        char str2[5]="absdc";
        int n;
        printf("Enter the number of character wants to compare:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        int res=mystrncmp(str1,str2,n);
```

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if(res==0)
                printf("same");
        else
                printf("not same");
}
int mystrncmp(char* str1,char* str2,int n){
                        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                                if(str1[i]!=str2[i])
                                {
                                         return 1;
                                }
                        }
                        return 0;
}
//mystrncat
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
char * mystrncat(char*,char*,int);
void main(){
        char str1[20]="prachiti";
        char str2[]="thakurFbs";
        int n;
        printf("Enter the number of character wants to concat:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
```

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char* n_cat=mystrncat(str1,str2,n);
        printf("mystrcat:%s",n_cat);
}
char * mystrncat(char* str1,char*str2,int n){
                if(strlen(str2)>=n){}
                        int len=strlen(str1);
                        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                                str1[len]=str2[i];
                                len++;
                        }
                        return str1;
                }else{
                        return NULL;
                }
}
//mystrncasecmp
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int mystrncasecamp(char*,char*,int);
void main(){
        char str1[5]="abcde";
        char str2[5]="ABCfE";
```

int n;

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printf("Enter the number of character wants to compare:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        int res=mystrncasecamp(str1,str2,n);
        if(res==0){
                printf("same");
        }
        else{
                printf("not same");
        }
}
int mystrncasecamp(char* str1,char*str2,int n){
                int count=0;
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                        if(str1[i]==str2[i]){
                                count++;
                        }else{
                                if((str1[i]==str2[i]-32)||str1[i]==str2[i]+32){
                                         count++;
                                }
                                else{
                                         return 1;
                                }
                        }
                }
                if(count==n){
                        return 0;
                }
}
```

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//strlwr
#include<stdio.h>
char* mystrlwr(char*);
void main(){
        char str[]="PRACHITI";
        char* lower=mystrlwr(str);
        printf("mystrlwr:%s",lower);
}
char* mystrlwr(char* s){
        for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
                if(s[i] > = 'A' \& \& s[i] < = 'Z')
                s[i]=s[i]+32;
        }
        return s;
}
//mystrrchr
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrrchar(char*,char);
void main(){
        char str[]="ababncdn";
        char ch;
        printf("enter the char to(last occ) search:");
        scanf("%c",&ch);//b
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char* last_occ= mystrrchar(str,ch);
        printf("\nmystrrchr:%s",last_occ);
}
char* mystrrchar(char* str,char ch){
                for(int i=(strlen(str)-1);i>=0;i--){
                         if(str[i]==ch)
                                 return &str[i];
                }
                return NULL;
}
//strcpy
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrcpy(char*,char*);
void main(){
        char str1[10]="prachiti";
        char str2[15];
        char* cpy=mystrcpy(str2,str1);
        printf("strcpy:%s",cpy);
}
char* mystrcpy(char* str2,char*str1){
        for(int i=0;str1[i]!='\0';i++){
                str2[i]=str1[i];
```

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}
        str2[i]='\0';
        return str2;
}
//strchr
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrchr(char*,char);
void main(){
        //char arry
        char str[10]="abdec";
        printf(" string :%s\n",str);
        char ch;
        printf("enter the char to search:");
        scanf("%c",&ch);
        char* chr=mystrchr(str,ch);
        printf("strchr:%s",chr);
}
//function defination
char* mystrchr(char* str,char ch){
        for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
                if(str[i]==ch)
                return &str[i];
```

```
}
}
//mystrcasecmp
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int mystrcasecmp(char*,char*);
void main(){
        char str1[]="abcd";
        char str2[]="ABCe";
        int res=mystrcasecmp(str1,str2);
        if(res==0)
                printf("same");
        else
                printf("not same");
}
int mystrcasecmp(char* str1,char* str2){
                                 if(strlen(str1)==strlen(str2)){
                                 int count=0;
                                 for(int i=0;i<strlen(str1);i++){</pre>
                                                 if(str1[i]==str2[i]){
                                                          count++;
                                                  }else{
                                                          if(str1[i]==str2[i]-32){
                                                                  count++;
```

```
}else{
                                                                if(str1[i]==str2[i]+32)\{\\
                                                                        count++;
                                                                }
                                                                else{
                                                                        return 1;//not match that
chac
                                                                }
                                                        }
                                                }
                               }
                               //after comparing whole string
                                if(count==strlen(str1)){
                                        return 0;
                               }
       }
       else{
                return NULL;
       }
}
//mystrupr
#include<stdio.h>
char* mystrupr(char*);
void main(){
       char str[]="prachiti";
       char* s=mystrupr(str);
```

```
printf("mystrupr: %s",s);
}
char* mystrupr(char* str){
        for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
                if(str[i]>='a' && str[i]<='z')
                str[i]=str[i]-32;
        }
        return str;
}
//mystrncpy
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char* mystrncpy(char*,char*,int);
void main(){
        char str1[10]="Prachiti";
        char str2[10];
        int n;
        printf("Enter n number:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        char* cpy=mystrncpy(str2,str1,n);
        printf("strncpy:%s",cpy);
}
```

```
char* mystrncpy(char* str2,char* str1,int n){
        //here we cant check the len of str2 bcz str2 size is 10 length ==count of charc but now is
nothing in str2
                 if(strlen(str1)>=n){
                                  int i;
                                  for(i=0;i<n;i++){
                                          str2[i]=str1[i];
                                          //printf("i :%d",i);
                                  }
                                 str2[i]='\0'; //if we cant do this . then str2 will char array without null
                                  //so %s will not get null after end ->in main while printing
                                  return str2;
                 }
                 else{
                         return NULL;
                 }
}
```