In [1]:

```
#Importing dataset
 3
    import pandas as pd
    hr_df = pd.read_csv("D:\Data Science and Deep Learning for Business\datascienceforbu
 5
 6 print(hr_df.info())
    print("\n",hr_df.shape)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 14999 entries, 0 to 14998
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#
    Column
                            Non-Null Count Dtype
    _____
                            -----
0
    employee_id
                            14999 non-null int64
 1
    number project
                           14999 non-null int64
 2
    average_montly_hours
                           14999 non-null int64
 3
    time_spend_company
                            14999 non-null int64
 4
    Work_accident
                            14999 non-null int64
 5
                            14999 non-null int64
    promotion_last_5years 14999 non-null int64
 6
 7
    department
                            14999 non-null object
     salary
 8
                            14999 non-null object
dtypes: int64(7), object(2)
memory usage: 1.0+ MB
None
 (14999, 9)
In [2]:
    #view categorical data and viewing their unique value
 1
 2
    print(hr_df.select_dtypes(exclude=['int', 'float']).columns)
    print("\n",hr_df['department'].unique())
    print("\n",hr_df['salary'].unique())
Index(['department', 'salary'], dtype='object')
 ['sales' 'accounting' 'hr' 'technical' 'support' 'management' 'IT'
 'product_mng' 'marketing' 'RandD']
 ['low' 'medium' 'high']
```

In [3]:

```
#Loading employee satisfication dataset

#loading employee satisfication dataset

emp_stats = pd.read_excel("D:\Data Science and Deep Learning for Business\datascience emp_stats.head()
```

Out[3]:

	EMPLOYEE #	satisfaction_level	last_evaluation
0	1003	0.38	0.53
1	1005	0.80	0.86
2	1486	0.11	0.88
3	1038	0.72	0.87
4	1057	0.37	0.52

In [4]:

```
#joining two datasets based on employee id column
main_df = hr_df.set_index('employee_id').join(emp_stats.set_index('EMPLOYEE #'))
main_df.head()
```

Out[4]:

	number_project	average_montly_hours	time_spend_company	Work_accident	l
employee_id					
1003	2	157	3	0	
1005	5	262	6	0	
1486	7	272	4	0	
1038	5	223	5	0	
1057	2	159	3	0	
4				•	•

In [5]:

```
#flattening the dataset after merge
main_df = main_df.reset_index()
main_df.head()
```

Out[5]:

	employee_id	number_project	average_montly_hours	time_spend_company	Work_accident
0	1003	2	157	3	С
1	1005	5	262	6	С
2	1486	7	272	4	С
3	1038	5	223	5	С
4	1057	2	159	3	С
4					•

In [6]:

```
#checking any NULL values or missing values
print(main_df.isnull().sum())
#viewing null value records
main_df[main_df.isnull().any(axis=1)]
```

```
employee_id
                           0
number_project
                           0
                           0
average_montly_hours
time_spend_company
                           0
Work_accident
                           0
left
                           0
promotion_last_5years
                           0
department
                           0
salary
                           0
satisfaction_level
                          27
last_evaluation
                          27
dtype: int64
```

Out[6]:

	employee_id	number_project	average_montly_h	ours	time_spend_compa	any	Work_acc
18	3794	2		160		3	
19	1140	5		262		5	
33	1230	2		140		3	
53	1340	2		132		3	
72	22316	2		149		3	
92	1581	2		143		3	
107	17376	2		148		3	
120	1739	4		158		4	
137	1847	2		129		3	
175	32923	4		164		2	
191	2160	4		226		6	
352	3150	4		262		6	
376	3250	4		296		2	
402	3405	5		275		5	
427	78130	3		180		4	
442	3635	5		229		5	
468	3755	5		245		5	
543	4150	5		237		5	
892	43615	4		276		5	
1588		5		264		5	
2 ma	fi <i>lling</i> _{l1} 895s ain_df.fillr ain_df.1 14 830(na(main_df.me	th mean values an(numeric_only=	225 =Tru 6 115	e),inplace=True	5 2	
4 2743	16445	5		149		2	
3:1[70]	: 18980	5		186		2	
3609	21580	3		263		2	
		nber_project av	erage_montly_hours		e_spend_company	Woı	rk_accident
4122	100 <u>3</u> 24505	2 3		192	3	3	С
4740	100 <u>5</u> 27950	5 3	262	253	6	3	С
² 5028	¹⁴⁸⁶ 29640	7 4	272	180	4	4	С
³ 6453	¹⁰³ 88090	⁵ 5	223	166	5	2	С
⁴ 7005	¹⁰⁵⁷ 41535	2 4	159	150	3	3	С
							•
8630	50960	4		167		3	
9455	55770	4		270		3	
9901	58630	5		252		3	
10647	62595	4		165		3	
10962	64350	5		233		3	

In [8]: employee_id number_project average_montly_hours time_spend_company Work_acc

Name: left, dtype: int64

In [9]:

```
# Perform One Hot Encoding on Categorical Data

categorial = ['department', 'salary']
main_df_final = pd.get_dummies(main_df_final, columns=categorial, drop_first=True)
main_df_final.head()
```

Out[9]:

	number_project	average_montly_hours	time_spend_company	Work_accident	left	promot
0	2	157	3	0	1	
1	5	262	6	0	1	
2	7	272	4	0	1	
3	5	223	5	0	1	
4	2	159	3	0	1	
4						>

In [10]:

```
#splitting the data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

#Removing target column

X = main_df_final.drop(['left'],axis=1).values

#Assigning target column

y = main_df_final['left'].values

#Splittng the data

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3)
```

In [11]:

```
# Normalize the data
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
```

In [12]:

```
1
   #Logistic Regression
 2
 3
   from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
 4
   from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_score
 6
   model = LogisticRegression()
 7
   model.fit(X_train, y_train)
 8
 9
   predictions = model.predict(X_test)
10
11
   print("Accuracy {0:.2f}%".format(100*accuracy_score(predictions, y_test)))
   print("\nConfusion Matrix\n",confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions))
12
   print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
14
15
```

Accuracy 78.47%

```
Confusion Matrix [[3142 249]
```

[720 389]]

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.81 0.61	0.93 0.35	0.87 0.45	3391 1109
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.71 0.76	0.64 0.78	0.78 0.66 0.76	4500 4500 4500

In [13]:

```
1 #Deep Learning
 2 | import tensorflow.keras
3 from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
4 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
   from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12
   from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout
7
8
   model2 = Sequential()
9
10 # Hidden Layer 1
   model2.add(Dense(270, activation='relu', input_dim=18, kernel_regularizer=12(0.01)))
11
   model2.add(Dropout(0.3))
12
13
14 # Hidden Layer 1
   model2.add(Dense(180, activation='relu', input_dim=18, kernel_regularizer=12(0.01)))
15
16
   model2.add(Dropout(0.3))
17
18 # Hidden Layer 2
   model2.add(Dense(90, activation = 'relu',input_dim=18, kernel_regularizer=12(0.01))
19
   model2.add(Dropout(0.3))
20
21
22
   model2.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
23
24
25
   model2.summary()
26
   model2.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	 Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 270)	5130
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 270)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 180)	48780
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 180)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 90)	16290
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 90)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	91

Total params: 70,291 Trainable params: 70,291 Non-trainable params: 0

In [14]:

```
1 # training
 2 batch_size = 10
   epochs = 25
 5
   history = model2.fit(X_train,
 6
                       y_train,
 7
                       batch_size = batch_size,
 8
                       epochs = epochs,
 9
                        verbose = 1,
10
                       validation_data = (X_test, y_test))
11
   score = model2.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
12
13
   print('Test loss:', score[0])
   print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

```
Epoch 1/25
accuracy: 0.9007 - val_loss: 0.2846 - val_accuracy: 0.9498
Epoch 2/25
accuracy: 0.9377 - val loss: 0.2444 - val accuracy: 0.9507
Epoch 3/25
accuracy: 0.9380 - val_loss: 0.2374 - val_accuracy: 0.9524
Epoch 4/25
accuracy: 0.9403 - val_loss: 0.2247 - val_accuracy: 0.9593
Epoch 5/25
accuracy: 0.9412 - val_loss: 0.2338 - val_accuracy: 0.9476
Epoch 6/25
accuracy: 0.9409 - val_loss: 0.2297 - val_accuracy: 0.9507
Epoch 7/25
accuracy: 0.9412 - val_loss: 0.2206 - val_accuracy: 0.9576
accuracy: 0.9412 - val_loss: 0.2176 - val_accuracy: 0.9544
Epoch 9/25
1050/1050 [=============== ] - 5s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2492 -
accuracy: 0.9445 - val_loss: 0.2182 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 10/25
accuracy: 0.9433 - val_loss: 0.2157 - val_accuracy: 0.9529
Epoch 11/25
1050/1050 [============== ] - 5s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2433 -
accuracy: 0.9445 - val_loss: 0.2073 - val_accuracy: 0.9580
Epoch 12/25
accuracy: 0.9446 - val_loss: 0.2059 - val_accuracy: 0.9567
Epoch 13/25
accuracy: 0.9429 - val_loss: 0.2098 - val_accuracy: 0.9531
Epoch 14/25
accuracy: 0.9436 - val loss: 0.2177 - val accuracy: 0.9518
accuracy: 0.9454 - val_loss: 0.2006 - val_accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 16/25
accuracy: 0.9436 - val_loss: 0.2088 - val_accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 17/25
accuracy: 0.9444 - val_loss: 0.2016 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
Epoch 18/25
accuracy: 0.9436 - val loss: 0.2034 - val accuracy: 0.9584
Epoch 19/25
accuracy: 0.9459 - val_loss: 0.1956 - val_accuracy: 0.9596
Epoch 20/25
accuracy: 0.9480 - val loss: 0.2192 - val accuracy: 0.9529
Epoch 21/25
```

```
accuracy: 0.9445 - val loss: 0.1934 - val accuracy: 0.9631
Epoch 22/25
1050/1050 [=============== ] - 4s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2310 -
accuracy: 0.9469 - val_loss: 0.1924 - val_accuracy: 0.9622
Epoch 23/25
1050/1050 [============== ] - 4s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2338 -
accuracy: 0.9453 - val_loss: 0.1953 - val_accuracy: 0.9618
Epoch 24/25
accuracy: 0.9457 - val_loss: 0.1960 - val_accuracy: 0.9598
Epoch 25/25
1050/1050 [============= ] - 4s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2286 -
accuracy: 0.9470 - val_loss: 0.2119 - val_accuracy: 0.9511
Test loss: 0.2119394838809967
Test accuracy: 0.9511111378669739
```

In [15]:

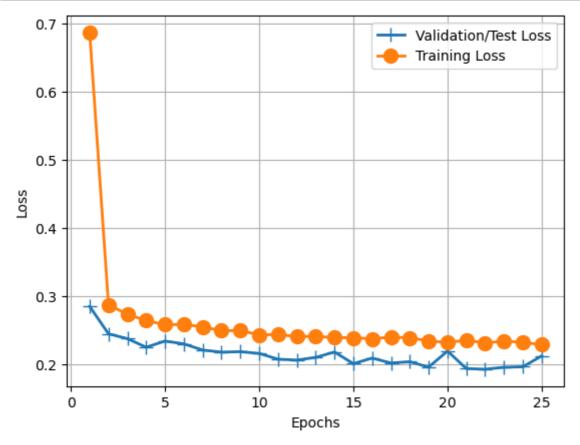
```
predictions = model2.predict(X_test)
predictions = (predictions > 0.5)

print(confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions))
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
```

```
141/141 [========== ] - 0s 2ms/step
[[3334
      571
[ 163 946]]
            precision
                       recall f1-score
                                          support
                 0.95
                          0.98
                                   0.97
                                            3391
                 0.94
                          0.85
                                   0.90
                                            1109
          1
   accuracy
                                   0.95
                                            4500
                 0.95
                          0.92
                                   0.93
                                            4500
  macro avg
weighted avg
                 0.95
                          0.95
                                   0.95
                                            4500
```

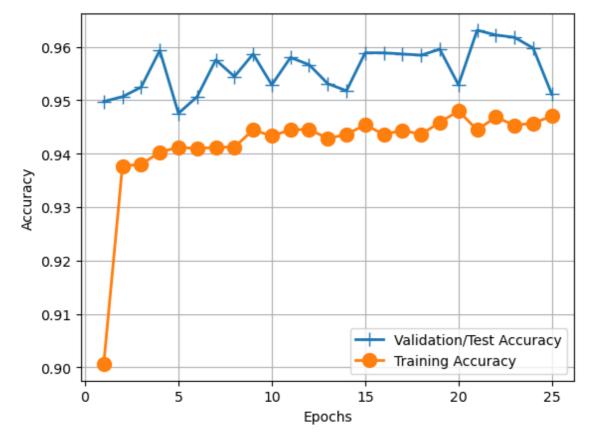
In [16]:

```
# Loss charts
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 2
4
   history_dict = history.history
 5
   loss_values = history_dict['loss']
 6
 7
   val_loss_values = history_dict['val_loss']
   epochs = range(1, len(loss_values) + 1)
8
9
10
   line1 = plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_values, label='Validation/Test Loss')
   line2 = plt.plot(epochs, loss_values, label='Training Loss')
11
   plt.setp(line1, linewidth=2.0, marker = '+', markersize=10.0)
   plt.setp(line2, linewidth=2.0, marker = 'o', markersize=10.0)
13
   plt.xlabel('Epochs')
15 | plt.ylabel('Loss')
16
   plt.grid(True)
17 plt.legend()
18 plt.show()
```



In [17]:

```
# accuracy charts
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4
   history_dict = history.history
 5
   acc_values = history_dict['accuracy']
 6
7
   val_acc_values = history_dict['val_accuracy']
   epochs = range(1, len(loss_values) + 1)
8
9
10 line1 = plt.plot(epochs, val acc values, label='Validation/Test Accuracy')
   line2 = plt.plot(epochs, acc_values, label='Training Accuracy')
11
   plt.setp(line1, linewidth=2.0, marker = '+', markersize=10.0)
   plt.setp(line2, linewidth=2.0, marker = 'o', markersize=10.0)
13
   plt.xlabel('Epochs')
15 plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
16
   plt.grid(True)
17 plt.legend()
18 plt.show()
```



In []:

1