

DAY-3 EXPERIMENTS

17. LEX PROGRAM FOR NO.OF CHARS,LINES,WORDS

Program:

```
%{  
int i=0,l=0,c=0;  
%}  
%%  
[\n] {l++;}  
[ ] {i++;}  
[a-zA-Z0-9] {c++;}  
%%  
  
int yywrap(){}  
  
int main()  
{  
printf("enter the string: ");  
yylex();  
printf("no of lines:%d\n",l);  
printf("no of words is:%d",i+1);  
printf("no of characters:%d",c);  
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>cd Cprachar  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>set path=C:\Program Files\GnuWin32\bin  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>flex Char.l.txt  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>set path=C:\MinGW\bin  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>gcc lex.yy.c  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe  
enter the string: pradeeep@  
@123 56  
Bandwidth Allocation: Ensure that each server has sufficient bandwidth to  
avoid congestion or bottlenecking.  
:..^Z  
no of lines:3  
no of words is:22no of characters:140  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe  
enter the string: pradeep@123  
@^Z  
no of lines:1  
no of words is:1no of characters:10  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe  
enter the string: sky in the blue colour  
^Z  
no of lines:1  
no of words is:5no of characters:18
```

18. LEX PROGRAM FOR COUNT VOWELS AND CONSONANTS

Program:

```
%{  
int vcount=0;  
int ccount=0;  
%}  
%%  
[aeiouAEIOU] {vcount++;}  
[a-zA-Z] {ccount++;}  
%%  
int yywrap(){}  
int main()  
{  
printf("enter the string with vowels and consonants:");  
yylex();  
printf("\n no of vowels ::%d \n",vcount);  
printf("\n no of consonants ::%d \n",ccount);  
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpravowels>set path=C:\Program Files\GnuWin32\bin  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpravowels>flex vowels.l.txt  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpravowels>set path=C:\MinGW\bin  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpravowels>gcc lex.yy.c  
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpravowels>a.exe  
enter the string with vowels and consonants:bhanu teja  
^Z  
no of vowels ::4  
no of consonants ::5
```

19. Write a LEX program to count the number of Macros defined and header files

Program:

```
%{
int nmacro, nheader;
%}
%%

"#define" {nmacro++;}
"#include" {nheader++;}

.\n { }
%%

int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

int main()
{
printf("enter the string:\n");
yylex();
printf("Number of macros defined = %d \n Number of
header files included = %d\n",nmacro,nheader);
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>cd Cpraheadermarco
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>set path=C:\Program Files\GnuWin32\bin
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>flex headermarco.l.txt
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>set path=C:\MinGW\bin
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>gcc lex.yy.c
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>a.exe
enter the string:
#include
#define
^Z
Number of macros defined = 1
Number of header files included = 1
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraheadermarco>|
```

20. Write a LEX program which adds line numbers to the given C program file and display the same in the standard

Program:

```
%{
int ln=0;
%}
%%

.* {ln++; fprintf(yyout, "\n%d:%s", ln, yytext);}

%%

int yywrap(){}

int main()
{
yyin=fopen("simple1.txt", "r");
yyout=fopen("out.txt", "w");
yylex();
}
```

Output:

```
1:#include<stdio.h>
2:int main() {
3:int a[10][10], b[10][10], c[10][10], n, i, j, k;
4:printf("Enter the value of N (N <= 10): ");
5:scanf("%d", & n);
6:printf("Enter the elements of Matrix-A: \n");
7:for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
8:for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
9:scanf("%d", & a[i][j]);
```

21. Write a LEX program to print all HTML tags in the input file

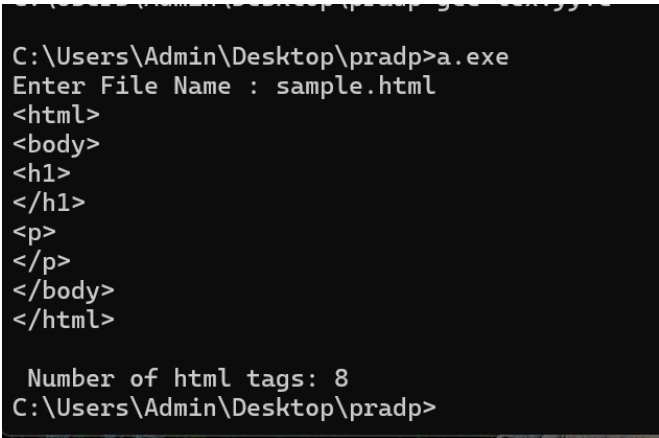
Program:

```
%{int tags;
%}
%%
"<"[^>]*> { tags++; printf("%s \n", yytext); }
.\n { }
%%

int yywrap(void) {
return 1; }

int main(void)
{
FILE *f;
char file[10];
printf("Enter File Name : ");
scanf("%s",file);
f = fopen(file,"r");
yyin = f;
yylex();
printf("\n Number of html tags: %d",tags);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\pradp>a.exe
Enter File Name : sample.html
<html>
<body>
<h1>
</h1>
<p>
</p>
</body>
</html>

Number of html tags: 8
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\pradp>
```

22. Write a LEX specification count the number of characters, number of lines & number of words.

Program:

```
%{
int i =0,l=0,c=0;
}%
%%
[\n] {l++;}
[ ] {i++;}
[a-zA-Z0-9] {c++;}
%%

int yywrap(){}

int main()
{
printf("enter the string: ");
yylex();
printf("no of lines:%d\n",l);
printf("no of words is:%d",i+1);
printf("no of characters:%d",c);
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>cd Cprachar
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>set path=C:\Program Files\GnuWin32\bin
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>flex Char.l.txt
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>set path=C:\MinGW\bin
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>gcc lex.yy.c
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe
enter the string: pradeeep@
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ongestion or bottlenecking.
.^Z
no of lines:3
no of words is:22no of characters:140
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe
enter the string: pradeep@123
@^Z
no of lines:1
no of words is:1no of characters:10
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cprachar>a.exe
enter the string: sky in the blue colour
^Z
no of lines:1
no of words is:5no of characters:18
```

23. Write LEX program to recognize a word and relational operator.

Program:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>

%}

%%

[a-zA-Z]+ { printf("WORD: %s\n", yytext); }

"=="      { printf("EQUALS: %s\n", yytext); }

"!="      { printf("NOT EQUALS: %s\n", yytext); }

"<="      { printf("LESS THAN OR EQUAL: %s\n", yytext); }

">="      { printf("GREATER THAN OR EQUAL: %s\n", yytext); }

"<"       { printf("LESS THAN: %s\n", yytext); }

">"       { printf("GREATER THAN: %s\n", yytext); }

[ \t\n]+  { /* Ignore whitespace */ }

.         { printf("UNKNOWN: %s\n", yytext); }

%%

int main() {
    while (1) {
        printf("Enter input: ");
        yylex();
    }
    return 0;
}

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>"Z
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>set path=C:\Program Files

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>flex operatorrecor.l.txt

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>set path=C:\MinGW\bin

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>gcc lex.yy.c

C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraoperatorreco>a.exe
Enter input: a<b
WORD: a
LESS THAN: <
WORD: b
a==b
WORD: a
EQUALS: ==
WORD: b
|
```

24. Develop a lexical Analyzer to test whether a given identifier is valid or not.

Program:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>

%}

%%

[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { printf("%s: Identifier\n", yytext); }
[^a-zA-Z0-9_ \t\n]+ { printf("%s: Not an Identifier\n", yytext); }
[ \t\n]+
. { printf("%s: Not an Identifier\n", yytext); }

%%

int main(void) {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}

int yywrap() {
    return 1;}
}
```


Output:

```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>cd Cpraidentifier
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraidentifier>set pa
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraidentifier>flex i
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraidentifier>set pa
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraidentifier>gcc le
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Cpraidentifier>a.exe
id
id: Identifier
A
A: Identifier
123
1: Not an Identifier
2: Not an Identifier
3: Not an Identifier
```