Exercise 7: Flow Control

Server algorithm

- 1. Initialize socket and bind to address.
- 2. Continuously receive packets using recvfrom().
- 3. If packet sequence number matches expected seq, increment expected seq.
- 4. If out of sequence, print expected sequence number.
- 5. Send ACK (last correctly received sequence) using sendto().

Client algorithm

- 1. Initialize socket and server address.
- 2. Input data, source IP, and destination IP.
- 3. Calculate total packets based on data size.
- 4. Set window start and window end based on WINDOW SIZE.
- 5. For each packet in the window:
 - a. Extract data chunk.
 - b. Create a packet with sequence number, source IP, and destination IP.
 - c. Ask user if packet should be sent.
 - d. If "Y", send packet via sendto().
- 6. Wait for ACK using recvfrom().
- 7. If ACK >= window_start, update window_start and window_end.
- 8. Ask if transmission should end. If "Y", exit.
- 9. Close socket.

server.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define MAX PACKET SIZE 4
typedef struct {
  char src ip[16];
                          // Source IP address as a string
  char dest ip[16];
                           // Destination IP address as a string
  int sequence number;
                              // Sequence number
  char data[MAX PACKET SIZE + 1]; // Data + 1 for null terminator
  char fcs;
                        // Frame Check Sequence (dummy for now)
} Packet;
int main() {
  int sockfd;
  struct sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
  socklen t addr size;
```

```
Packet packet;
  int expected seq = 0, ack;
  sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK DGRAM, 0);
  memset(&server addr, 0, sizeof(server addr));
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
  bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
  addr size = sizeof(client addr);
  while (1) {
    recvfrom(sockfd, &packet, sizeof(Packet), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&client addr, &addr size);
    printf("Received Packet: Seq %d, Data %s\n", packet.sequence number, packet.data);
    if (packet.sequence number == expected seq) {
       printf("Packet %d is in sequence.\n", packet.sequence number);
       expected seq++;
    } else {
       printf("Packet %d is out of sequence, expecting %d.\n", packet.sequence_number,
expected seq);
    }
    ack = expected seq - 1;
    sendto(sockfd, &ack, sizeof(ack), 0, (struct sockaddr *) &client addr, addr size);
    printf("Sent ACK %d\n", ack);
  }
  close(sockfd);
  return 0;
}
client.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define PORT 8080
#define MAX PACKET SIZE 4
#define WINDOW SIZE 4
typedef struct {
  char src ip[16];
                          // Source IP address as a string
  char dest ip[16];
                           // Destination IP address as a string
  int sequence number;
                              // Sequence number
  char data[MAX PACKET SIZE + 1]; // Data + 1 for null terminator
```

```
char fcs:
                        // Frame Check Sequence (dummy for now)
} Packet;
void create packet(Packet *packet, int seq, const char *src, const char *dest, const char *data) {
  strcpy(packet->src ip, src);
  strcpy(packet->dest ip, dest);
  packet->sequence number = seq;
  strncpy(packet->data, data, MAX PACKET SIZE);
  packet->data[MAX PACKET SIZE] = '\0';
  packet->fcs = 'F';
}
void send packet(int sockfd, struct sockaddr in server addr, Packet *packet) {
  sendto(sockfd, packet, sizeof(Packet), 0, (struct sockaddr *) & server addr, sizeof(server addr));
}
int main() {
  int sockfd;
  struct sockaddr in server addr;
  socklen t addr size;
  Packet packet;
  char data[16];
  char src ip[16], dest ip[16];
  int window start = 0, window end = WINDOW SIZE - 1, seq = 0, ack;
  sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK DGRAM, 0);
  memset(&server addr, 0, sizeof(server addr));
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr("127.0.0.1");
  printf("Enter the data to send (in 8-bit chunks): ");
  scanf("%s", data);
  printf("Enter source IP address: ");
  scanf("%s", src_ip);
  printf("Enter destination IP address: ");
  scanf("%s", dest ip);
  int total packets = (strlen(data) + MAX PACKET SIZE - 1) / MAX PACKET SIZE;
  while (window start < total packets) {
    for (seq = window start; seq <= window end && seq < total packets; seq++) {
       char packet data[MAX PACKET SIZE + 1] = \{0\};
       strncpy(packet data, data + seq * MAX PACKET SIZE, MAX PACKET SIZE);
       create packet(&packet, seq, src ip, dest ip, packet data);
       printf("Send packet %d (Y/N)? ", seq);
       char send decision;
```

```
scanf(" %c", &send_decision);
       if (send decision == 'Y' || send decision == 'y') {
         send packet(sockfd, server addr, &packet);
         printf("Sent Packet: Seq %d, Data %s\n", packet.sequence number, packet.data);
         printf("Packet %d not sent.\n", seq);
     }
    recvfrom(sockfd, &ack, sizeof(ack), 0, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr, &addr size);
    printf("Received ACK %d\n", ack);
    if (ack >= window_start) {
       window start = ack + 1;
       window_end = window_start + WINDOW_SIZE - 1;
    printf("End transmission (Y/N)?");
    char end decision;
    scanf(" %c", &end_decision);
    if (end decision == 'Y' || end decision == 'y') {
       break;
     }
  close(sockfd);
  return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Pradeepkmaran@DESKTOP-3Q950K8:/mnt/d/clg/sem5/networks/lab/tutudu/ex7
-flow-control$ ./ser
Received Packet: Seq 0, Data 1111
Packet 1 is in sequence.

Sent ACK 1

Sent ACK 1
```