EXERCISE 10

ERROR CORRECTION

AIM:

To implement hamming code to detect and correct error in message transmission from client to server using socket programming in C.

CODE:

Server:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(int argc,char **argv){
    int len;
    int sockfd, newfd, n;
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr, cliaddr;
    char buff[1024];
    sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
    if(sockfd < 0) {</pre>
        perror("cannot create socket");
       exit(1);
    }
    bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
```

```
servaddr.sin family = AF INET;
servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
servaddr.sin port = htons(7228);
if(bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) < 0) {</pre>
    perror("Bind error");
   exit(1);
}
if(listen(sockfd, 2)) {
   perror("listen");
   exit(1);
}
len = sizeof(cliaddr);
newfd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&cliaddr, &len);
if(newfd < 0) {</pre>
   perror("accept error");
   exit(1);
}
// Receiving the message
if((n = recv(newfd, buff, sizeof(buff), 0)) < 0) {</pre>
    perror("read error");
   exit(1);
}
printf("\nReceived Message is: %s\n", buff);
int num = strlen(buff);
printf("num = %d\n", num);
int r = 0;
```

```
while ((1 << r) < num + 1) {
   r++;
}
printf("r = %d\n", r);
int errorPos = 0;
// Error detection using parity check
for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
   int x = 1 \ll i; // Calculate 2<sup>i</sup>
   int sum = 0;
    // Perform parity check
    for (int j = 1; j \le num; j++) {
        if (j & x) {
            sum ^= (buff[j - 1] - '0'); // Convert char to int for XOR
    }
   // Calculate the error position
   errorPos += sum * x;
}
if (errorPos) {
   printf("Error detected at position: %d\n", errorPos);
   // Correct the error (flip the bit at errorPos)
   buff[errorPos - 1] = (buff[errorPos - 1] == '0') ? '1' : '0';
   printf("Corrected Message is: %s\n", buff);
} else {
   printf("No error detected in received data.\n");
}
```

```
close(sockfd);
close(newfd);
return 0;
}
```

Client:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(int argc,char **argv){
    int len;
    int sockfd,n;
    struct sockaddr_in servaddr,cliaddr;
    char str[1000];
    char buff[1024];
    sockfd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
    if(sockfd < 0) {</pre>
        perror("cannot create socket");
       exit(1);
    }
    bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
    servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(argv[1]);
    servaddr.sin_port = htons(7228);
```

```
if(connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) < 0)</pre>
{
        perror("connect error");
        exit(1);
    }
    // Getting input message
    printf("Enter the message: ");
    scanf("%s", buff);
    int m = strlen(buff);
    printf("m = %d\n", m);
    int r = 0;
    while ((1 << r) < (m + r + 1)) {
        r++;
    printf("r = %d\n", r);
    // Constructing the Hamming code
    int totalBits = m + r;
    int hammingCode[totalBits];
    memset(hammingCode, 0, sizeof(hammingCode));
    // Placing data bits into their positions (excluding parity bit
positions)
    int j = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < totalBits; i++) {</pre>
        if ((i + 1) == (1 << j)) {
            j++; // Skip parity bit positions
        } else {
            hammingCode[i] = buff[m - 1] - '0'; // Place data bits
            m--;
        }
```

```
}
// Calculate parity bits and place them in the correct positions
for (int i = 0; i < r; i++) {
    int parityPos = 1 << i;</pre>
    int sum = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < totalBits; <math>j++) {
        if ((j + 1) \& parityPos) {
            sum ^= hammingCode[j]; // XOR for parity calculation
        }
    hammingCode[parityPos - 1] = sum; // Set the calculated parity bit
}
// Display the generated Hamming code
printf("\nCorrect Message: ");
for (int i = 0; i < totalBits; i++) {</pre>
    printf("%d", hammingCode[i]);
printf("\n");
//Introduce error
int ch;
printf ("\nEnter 1 to introduce error, 0 to send correctly: ");
scanf ("%d", &ch);
if (ch==1)
{
    printf ("\nEnter the position of error: ");
    scanf ("%d", &ch);
    if (hammingCode[ch-1]==0)
        hammingCode[ch-1]=1;
    else
        hammingCode[ch-1]=0;
```

```
}
// Display the generated Hamming code
printf("\nMessage sent: ");
for (int i = 0; i < totalBits; i++) {</pre>
    printf("%d", hammingCode[i]);
}
printf("\n");
\ensuremath{//} Convert to string to send via socket
char newbuff[totalBits + 1];
for (int i = 0; i < totalBits; i++) {</pre>
    newbuff[i] = hammingCode[i] + '0'; // Convert back to characters
newbuff[totalBits] = ' \0';
// Send Hamming code to the server
if((n = send(sockfd, newbuff, sizeof(newbuff), 0)) < 0) {
    perror("write error");
   exit(1);
}
close(sockfd);
return 0;
```

}

OUTPUT:

Server:

```
~/Networks/Error$ gcc s.c -lm
~/Networks/Error$ ./a.out

Received Message is: 10000111001
num = 11
r = 4
Error detected at position: 3
Corrected Message is: 10100111001
~/Networks/Error$
```

Client:

```
~/Networks/Error$ gcc c.c
~/Networks/Error$ ./a.out 127.0.0.1
Enter the message: 1001101
m = 7
r = 4

Correct Message: 10100111001
Enter 1 to introduce error, 0 to send correctly: 1
Enter the position of error: 3

Message sent: 10000111001
~/Networks/Error$ ■
```