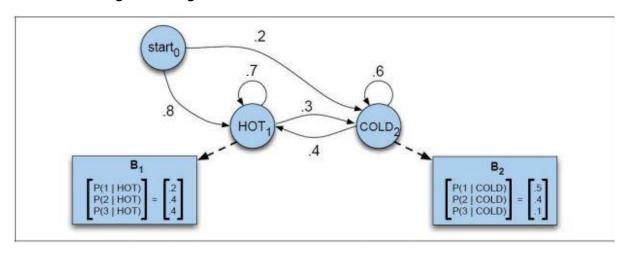
### **NLP Homework 3**

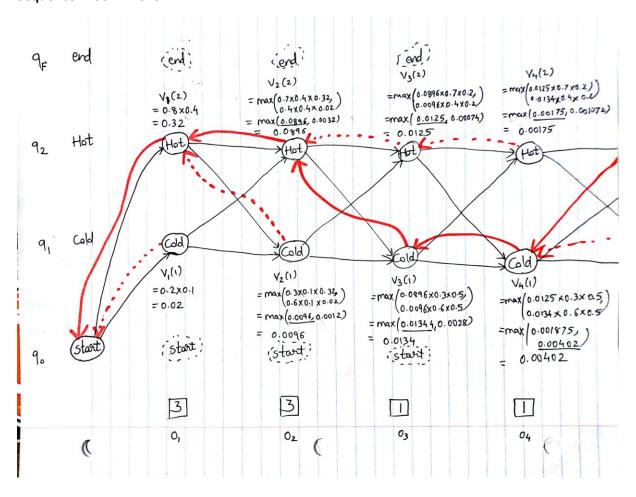
Submitted By: Yash Pradhan

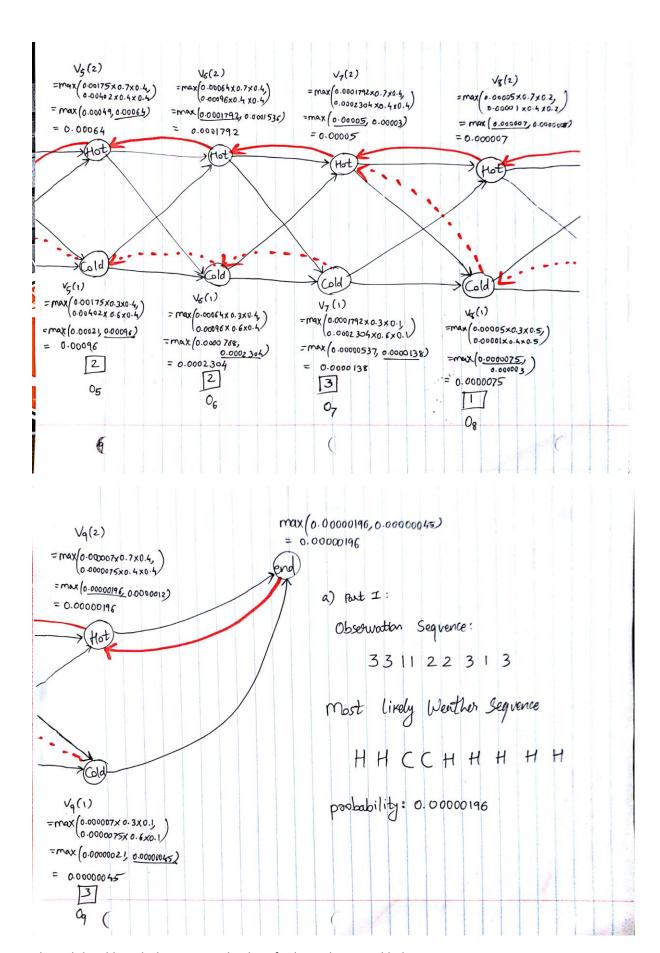
## 1. HMM Decoding: Viterbi Algorithm



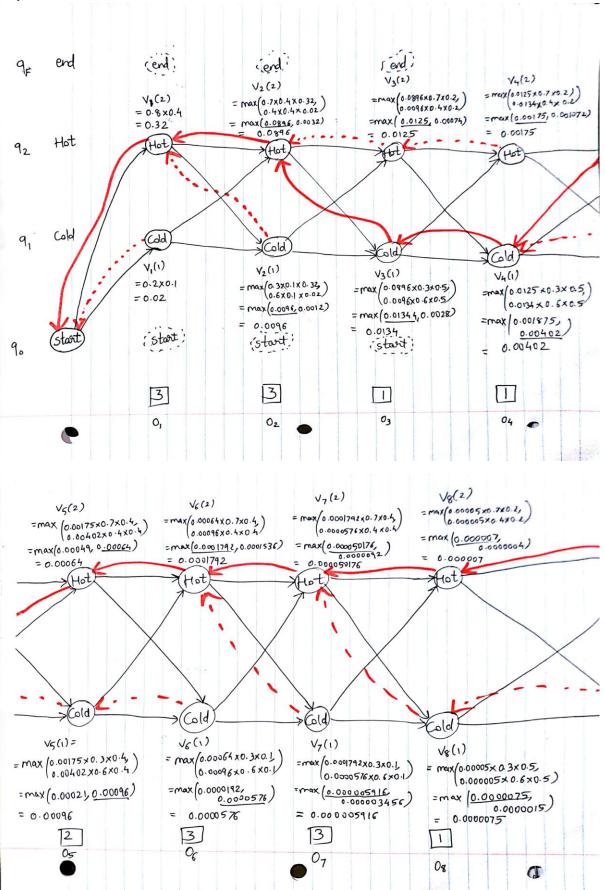
Manually build the Viterbi trellis to compute the most likely weather sequences for each of the two observation sequences

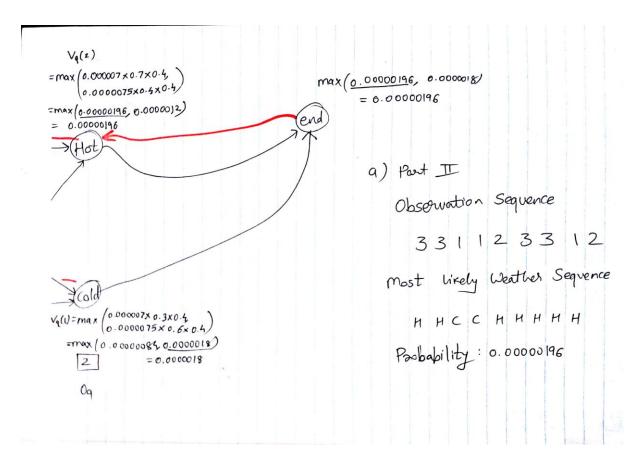
Sequence 1: 331122313





The solid red line, helps us trace back to find out the most likely sequence.





The solid red line, helps us trace back to find out the most likely sequence.

# 2. Maximum Entropy Modelling

$$\begin{split} f_1(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } word_i = \text{"race" \& } c = \text{NN} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ f_2(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } t_{i-1} = \text{ TO } c = \text{VB} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ f_3(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } t_{i-1} = \text{ DT } c = \text{NN} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ f_4(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if is\_lower\_c ase}(word_i) = \text{"race" \& } c = \text{VB} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ f_5(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } word_i = \text{"race" \& } c = \text{VB} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ f_6(c,x) &= \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } t_{i-1} = \text{TO \& } c = \text{NN} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{split}$$

		Weights					
		f1	f2	f3	f4	f5	f6
Tags	VB	0	0.75	0	0.10	0.15	0
	NN	0.3	0	0.9	0	0	-0.2

### Sentences:

- a. Secretariat/NNP is/VBZ expected/VBN to/TO race/?? tomorrow/NN
- b. the/DT race/?? for/IN outer/JJ space/NN

b. the/DT 
$$vace/??$$
 for/IN outer/JJ space/NN.

f1 f2 f3 f4 f5 f6

VB f 0 0 0 1 1 0

NN f 1 0 1 0 0 0

$$p(VB | vace) = \underbrace{e^{0.10} e^{0.15}}_{e^{0.10} e^{0.15} + e^{0.3} e^{0.9}}$$

$$= 1.2840$$

$$1.2840 + 3.3201$$

$$P(NN | race) = \underbrace{e^{0.3} e^{0.9}}_{e^{0.10} e^{0.15} + e^{0.3} e^{0.9}}$$

### **Answers:**

- a. Secretariat/NNP is/VBZ expected/VBN to/TO race/VB tomorrow/NN
- b. the/DT race/NN for/IN outer/JJ space/NN