INTRODUCTION

Crop production is a common agricultural practice followed by worldwide farmers to grow and produce crops to use as food and fibre.

crop production involves the use of land, water, and other resources to grow crops.

OVERVIEW

According to the world bank, India is a global agricultural power house. It is the world's largest producer of milk, pulses, and spices, and has the world's largest area under wheat, rice and cotton. It is the second largest producer of rice, wheat, cotton, sugarcane, farmed fish, sheep&goat meat, fruit, vegetables and tea.

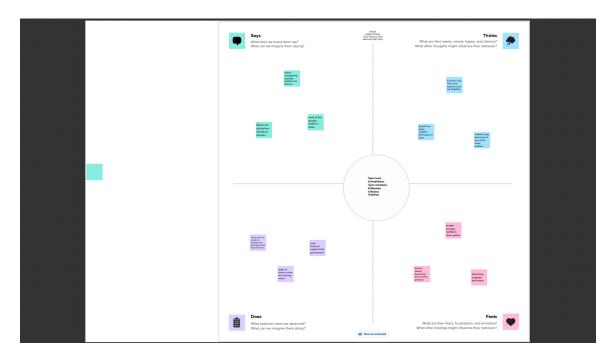
while agriculture's share in India's economy has progressively declined to less than 15% due to the high growth rates of the industrial and services sectors, the sector's importance in India's economic and social fabric goes well beyond this indicator.

PURPOSE

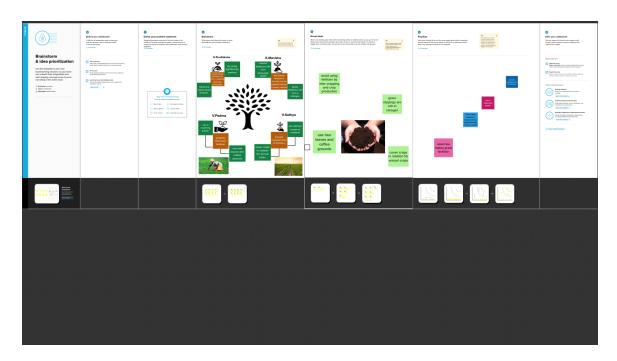
Agriculture is the foundation of the Indian economy. The population of India mostly depends on agriculture for their livelihood and agriculture contributes to 40 percent of the total GDP of the country. Agriculture employed more than 50% of the Indian workforce and contributed 20.2% to the country's GDP.

PROBLEM DEFINITION AND DESIGN THINKING

EMPATHY MAP



IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING MAP



RESULT

DATA MODEI

object name	Field in tne object	
STATE WISE	Field label	Data type
AGRICULTURAL LAND	state	Text
	Land	Numbers

AREA VS PRODUCTION

Field label	Data type
Area	Text
Production	Numbers

YIELD BY SEASON

Field label	Data type
Yield	Numbers
Season	Text

CROP PLANTATION BY AREA

Field label	Data type
Crop	Text
Area	Numbers

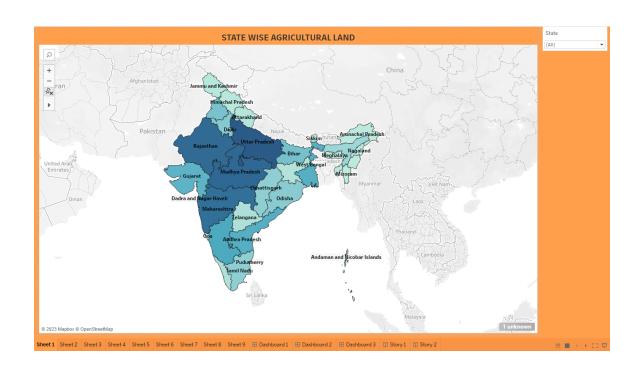
MAJOR CROPS	Field label Crops	Data type Numbers
CROP PLANTATION BY COUNT	Field label Crop	Data type Text
SEASON WISE PRODUCTION	Field label Season Production	Data type Text Numbers
KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	Field label Area	Data type Numbers

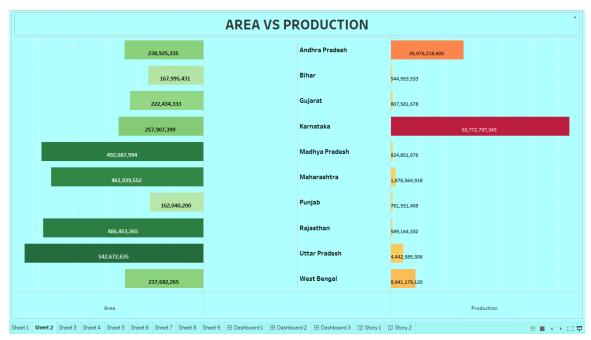
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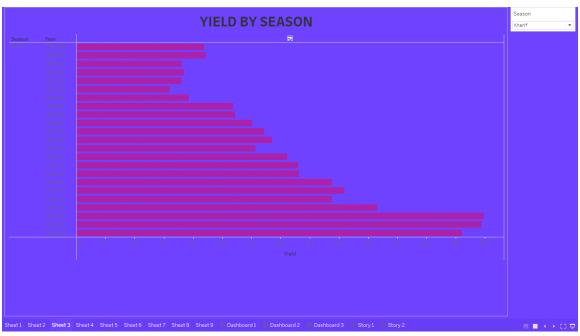
SEASON
BASED
CULTIVATION
AREA

Field label	Data type
Crop	Text
Area	NUMBERS

ACTIVITY AND SCREENSHOT





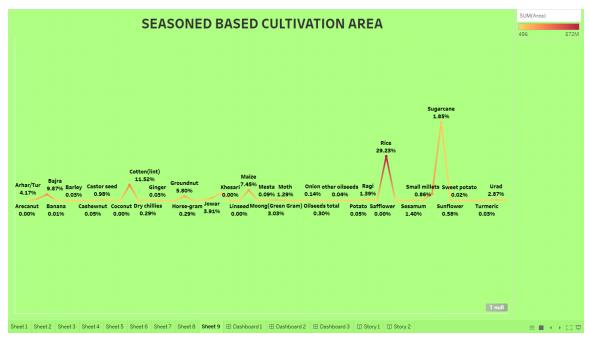


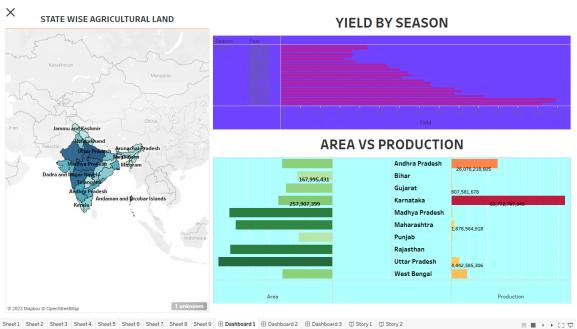


Other oilseeds Safflower Groundnut Cashewnut Castor seed Moth Black pepper Horse-gram Sugarcane Sannhamp Mesta Urad Barley Wheatonion Rice Other Kharif pulses Niger seed Other Summer Pulses Sunflower Small millets Ragi Rapeseed & Mustard Potato Peas & beans (Pulses) Arbay/Turmeric Other Rabi pulses Masoor Sesamum Sweet potato Garlic Bay/a Moong (Green Gram) Soyabean Other Cereals Cowpea (Lobia) Orychillies Tobacco Oilseeds total Khesari Jowar Ginger Coconut Guar seed Sheet Sheet Sheet Sheet Sheet Sheet Sheet Blashboard Blashb





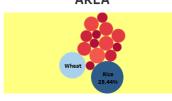




CROP PLANTATION BY AREA

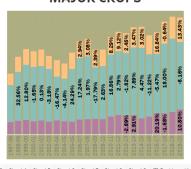
Crop
Rice
Sugarcane
Wheat

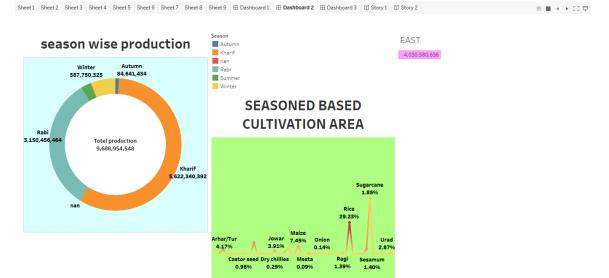
CROP PLANTATION BY COUNT



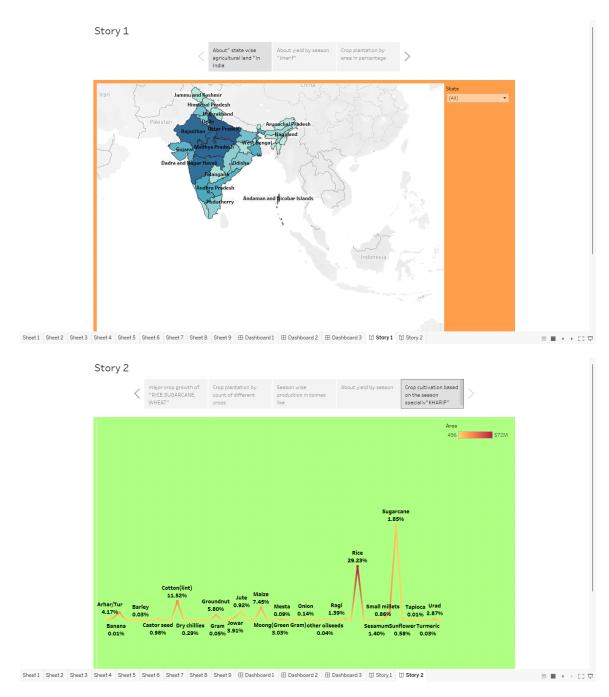
Superior of the Cereals Superior Committee Com

MAJOR CROPS





Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet3 Sheet5 Sheet6 Sheet6 Sheet7 Sheet8 Sheet9 🖽 Dashboard1 🖽 Dashboard2 🖽 Dashboard3 🖫 Story1 🖫 Story2



TRAIL HEAD PROFILE PUBLIC URL

TEAM LEADER: (S.PRADHIKSHA)

https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/pradhiksha.

PROJECTREPORT

ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES

- There is over all increase in yield of crops mainly due to maintaining physical-chemical properties of soil.
- It helps in controlling insects, pests and soil borne diseases.
- Prevent or limit periods of peak requirements of irrigation water.

DISADVANTAGES

- Crops loss only happens due to climate, pest attack.
- Hunger level would be more.
- Global warming happend.
- Deforestation case could be more.

- Carbon level would be higher.
- Healthy farming helps to get more energy,balance our nature.
- Climate might be worse without agriculture, farming, garden.

APPLICATIONS

A crop is a plant product that can be grown and harvested for profit or subsistence.

By use, crops fall into six categories: food crops, feed crops, fiber food, oil crops, ornamental crops, and industrial crops, food crops, such as fruit and vegetables, are harvested for human consumption.

CONCLUSION

The indian economy is an agroeconomy and depends highly on the agricultural sector.

Crops are plants that are produced and harvested by farmers for profit or subsistence. Crops may be ingested by both animals and humans and are necessary for life to exist.

FUTURE SCOPE

There is tremendous scope for agriculture because food & food pruducts are indispensable for the survival of humanity.

The scope for agriculture can be determined form the fact that ever since the war started, many countries are struggling with the food shortage.

This prove that agriculture sector is vital for survival highlighting the need for graduates with degree in Agriculture.