Introduction Terraform

Terraform Infrastructure as Code

Syntax name: HCL (HashiCorp Configuration Language) with file extension .tf, .hcl, .tfvars

Programming like syntax but different paradigm

Codify workflow to create/change/configure infrastructure

Why terraform

- Supports multi-cloud & hybrid infrastructure
- Migrate from other cloud providers
- Increase provisioning speed
- Improve efficiency
- Reduce risk

HCL language overview

- Terraform block for provider and state backend configuration, see more
- Provider block to configure cloud or service provider, <u>see more</u>
- Resource block to configure the resource to particular provider
- DataTypes
 - String
 - Number
 - Boolean
 - List
 - Set
 - Map
 - Object
 - Tuple
- Functions https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/language/functions
- Expressions

Check out https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/language

HCL language overview

```
resource "aws_instance" "example" {

ami = "abc123"

network_interface {

# ...

ami =

"exar

ami =
```

| resource "aws_instance" | resource provided by provider |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| "example" | arbitrary name of resource |
| ami = "abc123" | resource argument |

Code convention https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/language/syntax/style. Run `terraform fmt` to auto format

Terraform CLI

- "terraform init": For downloading providers and initializing terraform state
- "terraform plan": For verifying the plan change of infrastructure
- "terraform apply": For applying the change to target infrastructure

Development workflow

