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Roll no-12

Experiment no-13

Experiment name-Implementing java programs based on multithreading.

### Multithreading in Java

**Multithreading in Java** is a process of executing multiple threads simultaneously.

A thread is a lightweight sub-process, the smallest unit of processing. Multiprocessing and multithreading, both are used to achieve multitasking.

However, we use multithreading than multiprocessing because threads use a shared memory area. They don't allocate separate memory area so saves memory, and context-switching between the threads takes less time than process.

### What is Thread in java

A thread is a lightweight subprocess, the smallest unit of processing. It is a separate path of execution.

Threads are independent. If there occurs exception in one thread, it doesn't affect other threads. It uses a shared memory area.

#### 1.program on multithreading using thread class.

class my extends Thread

```
{
    public void run()
    {
        try{
            System.out.println("Thread:"+Thread.currentThread().getId());
            Thread.sleep(1000);
        }
        catch(Exception e)
        {
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

class me

```
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int n=5;

        for(int i=1;i<5;i++)
        {
            my m1=new my();
            m1.start();
            System.out.println(m1.getState());
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
}  
Output-
```

```
C:\Users\LENOVO-PC\Desktop>java me  
RUNNABLE  
RUNNABLE  
RUNNABLE  
RUNNABLE  
Thread: 22  
Thread: 20  
Thread: 23  
Thread: 21
```

## 2.program for multithreading using runnable interface.

class my1 implements Runnable

```
{  
    public void run()  
    {  
        try{  
            System.out.println("Thread:"+Thread.currentThread().getId());  
            Thread.sleep(1000);  
        }  
        catch(Exception e)  
        {  
            System.out.println(e);  
        }  
    }  
}  
class hari  
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        int n=10;  
        for(int i=1;i<10;i++)  
        {  
            Thread t1=new Thread(new my1());  
            t1.start();  
            System.out.println(t1.getState());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output-

Note: me2.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.  
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

```
C:\Users\Vaishnavi\Desktop\v>javac -Xlint:deprecation me2.java
me2.java:6: warning: [deprecation] getId() in Thread has been deprecated
    System.out.println("Thread:"+Thread.currentThread().getId());
                                           ^
```

1 warning

```
C:\Users\Vaishnavi\Desktop\v>java me2
```

```
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
Thread:22
Thread:23
Thread:21
Thread:24
Thread:28
Thread:29
Thread:26
Thread:25
Thread:27
```