

CloudWatch Logging with Python and AWS

Introduction

In this project, I have developed a logging solution that integrates with AWS CloudWatch. This solution sends log data to AWS CloudWatch Logs using Python's watchtower library. The logs are formatted in JSON format, providing detailed information such as timestamp, log level, message, file name, line number, and function name.

Prerequisites

- **AWS Account:** To use AWS services like CloudWatch.
- **Python:** I used Python to write the script.

Install Required Libraries

To install the required libraries, I ran the following commands:

```
pip install boto3 watchtower
```

AWS Setup

1.Create an IAM User for Programmatic Access:

1.First, I created an IAM (Identity and Access Management) user in the AWS console with **Programmatic Access** enabled.

2.I ensured that the user had sufficient permissions to write logs to CloudWatch.

2.Attach Policies to the IAM User:

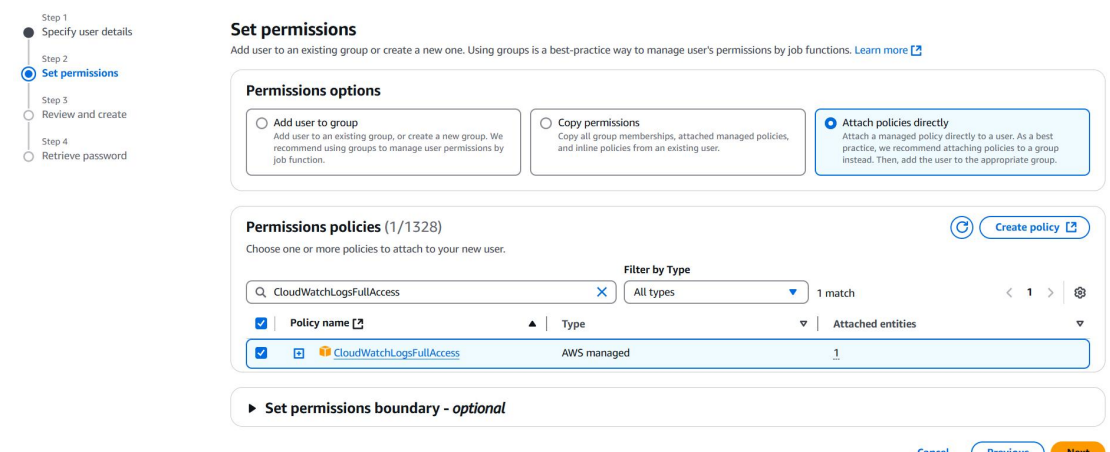
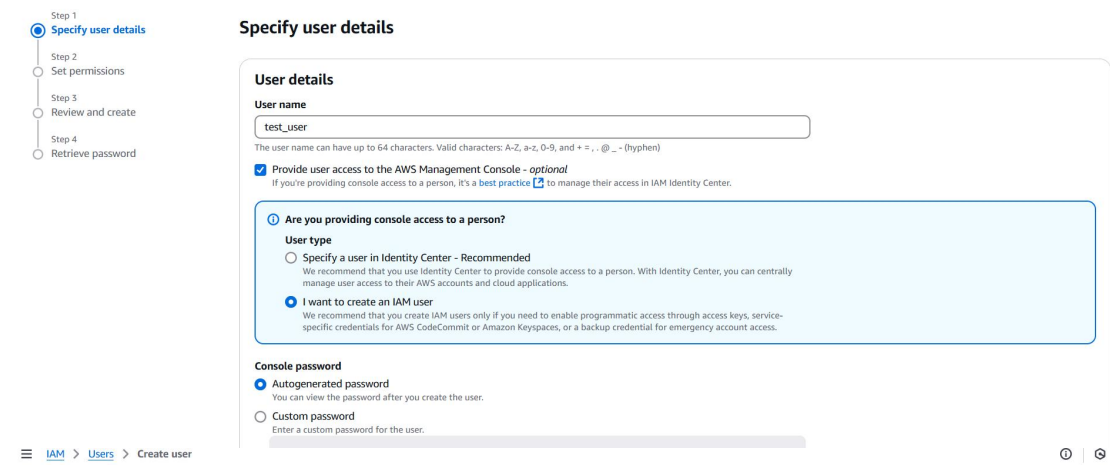
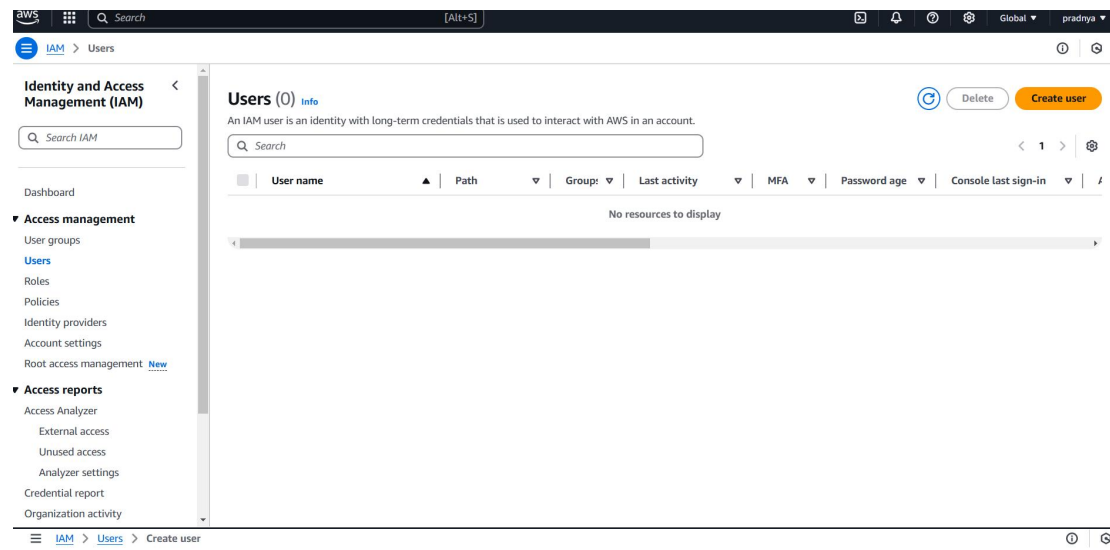
1.I attached the CloudWatchLogsFullAccess policy to the IAM user. This policy grants full access to AWS CloudWatch Logs.

2.To attach the policy, I navigated to **IAM > Users > [username] > Permissions > Add Permissions**, then selected the **CloudWatchLogsFullAccess** policy.

3.Generate AWS Access Keys:

1.After creating the IAM user, I generated **Access Key ID** and **Secret Access Key**.

2.I downloaded the .csv file containing the keys or saved them for later use in the code.



IAM > Users > Create user

Step 1

Specify user details

Step 2

Set permissions

Step 3

Review and create

Step 4

Retrieve password

Review and create

Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password, if enabled.

User details

User name

test_user

Console password type

Custom password

Require password reset

Yes

Permissions summary

Name

CloudWatchLogsFullAccess

Type

AWS managed

Used as

Permissions policy

Name

IAMUserChangePassword

Type

AWS managed

Used as

Permissions policy

Tags - optional

Tags are key-value pairs you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources. Choose any tags you want to associate with this user.

No tags associated with the resource.

Add new tag

You can add up to 50 more tags.

Cancel

Previous

Create user

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

Access reports

test_user

Info

Delete

Summary

ARN

arn:aws:iam::039612863156:user/test_user

Console access

Enabled without MFA

Access key 1

Create access key

Created

February 14, 2025, 22:30 (UTC+05:30)

Last console sign-in

Never

Permissions

Groups

Tags

Security credentials

Last Accessed

Console sign-in

Manage console access

Console sign-in link

https://039612863156.signin.aws.amazon.com/console

Console password

Updated Now (2025-02-14 22:30 GMT+5:30)

Last console sign-in

Never

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) (0)

Remove Resync Assign MFA device

Use MFA to increase the security of your AWS environment. Signing in with MFA requires an authentication code from an MFA device. Each user can have a maximum of 8 MFA devices assigned. Learn more

Type

Identifier

Certifications

Created on

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) (0)

Remove Resync Assign MFA device

Use MFA to increase the security of your AWS environment. Signing in with MFA requires an authentication code from an MFA device. Each user can have a maximum of 8 MFA devices assigned. Learn more

No MFA devices. Assign an MFA device to improve the security of your AWS environment

Assign MFA device

Access keys (0)

Create access key

Use access keys to send programmatic calls to AWS from the AWS CLI, AWS Tools for PowerShell, AWS SDKs, or direct AWS API calls. You can have a maximum of two access keys (active or inactive) at a time. Learn more

No access keys. As a best practice, avoid using long-term credentials like access keys. Instead, use tools which provide short term credentials. Learn more

Create access key

SSH public keys for AWS CodeCommit (0)

Actions Upload SSH public key

User SSH public keys to authenticate access to AWS CodeCommit repositories. You can have a maximum of five SSH public keys (active or inactive) at a time. Learn more

SSH Key ID

Uploaded

Status

Step 1

Access key best practices & alternatives

Step 2 - optional

Set description tag



Step 3

Retrieve access keys

Retrieve access keys [info](#)

Access key

If you lose or forget your secret access key, you cannot retrieve it. Instead, create a new access key and make the old key inactive.

Access key	Secret access key
 AKIAQ5OI4KK2GGFEFGMOA	 ***** Show

Access key best practices

- Never store your access key in plain text, in a code repository, or in code.
- Disable or delete access key when no longer needed.
- Enable least-privilege permissions.
- Rotate access keys regularly.

For more details about managing access keys, see the [best practices for managing AWS access keys](#).

The Python script is used to send logs to AWS CloudWatch, formatted as JSON.

Code Explanation

1. **boto3 client:** I created a boto3 client to communicate with AWS CloudWatch using the credentials provided.
2. **Logger:** I initialized the logger and set the logging level to DEBUG to capture all log levels (DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL).
3. **Custom JSON Formatter:** I created a custom JSONFormatter class that formats the logs as JSON, including timestamp, log level, message, logger name, filename, line number, and function name.
4. **Log Group and Log Stream Creation:** Using boto3, I created the log group and log stream programmatically .
5. **CloudWatch Log Handler:** I configured the watchtower.CloudWatchLogHandler to send logs to the AWS CloudWatch log group and stream.
6. **Logging Loop:** I used an infinite loop (while True) to log messages continuously every 5 seconds.

Conclusion

In this project, I successfully created a logging system using AWS CloudWatch, utilizing a Python script to send JSON-formatted logs. The logs are continuously sent to CloudWatch, providing a detailed record of events. This logging solution ensures that I can easily monitor and troubleshoot the application by centralizing logs in AWS CloudWatch.