Exam 1 Study Guide

A few study and test-taking hints:

- 1. Read over **all** the keynotes carefully. Most of the questions will come from there.
- 2. A few simple exam-taking tips:
 - 1. Answer a question if you can, but **use your time wisely**: if you don't know the answer after a few moments reflection, move on.
 - 2. Allocate time based on how many points the question is worth. Your goal is to optimize your overall score. If you don't know the answer to a 2 point question, **move on**.
- 3. Do not write more than you need to. For instance, if the guestion says:
 - 1. "What keyword does x?" just write the keyword that does x, not a novella.
 - 2. write a stored property, just write the stored property, not the enclosing class.
 - 3. assume you have a stored property -- you do! Do not rewrite it, just use it.
- 4. Do not answer a question twice, using "or" to distinguish between your two answers. The grader will grade the first answer.
- 5. Bring your own pencil(s), pen(s) and eraser(s). Seriously, it's a paper-based exam, people, why would you *not* bring these??
- 6. While exam coverage focuses on material since the last exam, you are still expected to be able to write basic Swift code.
- 7. You may bring a 8.5x11x0.0 sheet of paper with hand-written notes

Topics:

- 1. Life without storyboards
- 2. AutoLayout
- 3. TabBarControllers
- 4. Table Views
- 5. Table View Controllers
- 6. Closures
- 7. Navigation Controllers
- 8. Segues
- 9. MBaaS
- 10. Strings

Life Without Storyboards

- 1. True or false: an app resides in a window that occupies the entire screen
- 2. What is the purpose of a window's rootViewController?
- 3. How do you make a ViewController in code?
- 4. How do you make a UILabel in code, and give its text a particular value?
- 5. What does loadView() do? viewDidLoad()? viewWillAppear? When are they called, and who calls them?
- 6. What is a ViewController's **view** property good for?
- 7. What does addSubview() do?
- 8. Give 2 reasons why you might not want to use storyboards

Autolayout

- 1. What information establishes a view's frame?
- 2. What is the relationship between a view's frame and its constraints?
- 3. What is a constraint?
- 4. What do dashed orange lines represent on storyboard?
- 5. What are meant by ambiguous constraints?
- 6. What are meant by satisfiable constraints? Unsatisfiable constraints?
- 7. What are prototype constraints? How do they work?

Tab Bar Controllers

- 1. What is contained in a tab bar controller's viewControllers property?
- 2. What type is viewControllers?
- 3. Name the 3 properties in a UITabBarltem, including their types.
- 4. Assign a title "Stats", and image (named "Stats.jpg" to a view controller's tabBarltem property. Do this both in code and in storyboard.
- 5. Which class defines **tabBarItem** as a property?
- 6. If you assign a title and image to a tabBarltem in code, why can it **not** be done in viewDidLoad() or viewWillAppear()?
- 7. True or false: every view controller has a tabBarController property, but it only becomes relevant when that view controller is in a tabbed application
- 8. In storyboard, how do you add a view controller to a tab bar controller?
- 9. What is the point of making a property in the AppDelegate static?
- 10. Can a static property be changed?
- 11. What is the purpose of a singleton?
- 12.

Table Views

- 1. Where does a table view get its data from?
- 2. Give the signatures of the 3 key methods in UITableViewDataSource
- 3. Name a method, found in the UITableViewDelegate method, that is invoked when a user taps on a table view cell.
- 4. How do you designate a UIViewController subclass as a UITableViewDataSource or UITableViewDelegate in storyboard?
- 5. What does dequeueReusableCell(withIdentifier: for:) do?
- 6. What is the purpose of a table view cell's reuse identifier?
- 7. What is the appearance of a cell if it is Basic, Right Detail, Left Detail, or Subtitle?
- 8. How do you make multiple sections in a table view?
- 9. Do you specify multiple sections in code or storyboard?
- 10. How do you specify different cells for different sections?
- 11. How do you specify that different sections have different numbers of cells.
- 12. What is a custom cell type?
- 13. How do you access labels (or other views) in a custom cell?
- 14. What does viewWithTag(:_) do? What does it return? Do you need to use casting with it?
- 15. Practical problem: Given an array of structs, where the structs have multiple properties populate a table view with those structs. (e.g., see the Restaurant example in your last assignment).

16. Practical problem: a custom cell has 2 UILabels and a UIImageView, tagged 10, 20 and 30. Write code to populate them with values "I am a label", "I am another label", and the contents of "journey.jpg".

Table View Controllers

- 1. What is a table view controller?
- 2. What protocols does it implement?
- 3. What is its view look like, and how is it constrained?
- 4. If a view required a table view by itself, could it subclass UITableViewController? What if the view required a table view and a button or text field?
- 5. Describe the advantages of a UITableViewController over a UITableView + UIViewController

Closures

- 1. What is meant by a first-class type?
- 2. What is a closure? How you write one?
- 3. Describe the syntax of a closure.
- 4. How do you write a function that can be passed in a closure?
- 5. What shortcuts are available when defining closures?
- 6. Is $\{(x:Int) \rightarrow Bool \text{ in return } x \% 2 == 0 \}$ a legitimate closure?
- 7. What could you leave out of the closure and still be syntactically correct.
- 8. Write a method, **uselt()** with 3 parameters -- **start** and **stop** (Ints) and **okToPrint**, that can be passed in a closure of the form shown in question 6. It will print out all the numbers from start to stop (exclusive) for which okToPrint() returns true. For example, uselt(start:0, stop: 24, okToPrint:{(x:Int) -> Bool in return x % 2 == 0 }) would print out 0, 2, 4, 6, ..., 22
- 9. Write a method, loselt(min:max:data:check:), that will be passed in two Doubles, min and max, an array, data, and a closure, check(), that accepts two Doubles and returns a Bool. loselt() will print out the elements of data, between min and max inclusive, that satisfy check (that is, for which check returns true).
- 10. Explain how map() and filter() work.
- 11. Given an array of Ints, **data**, write a map() statement to return an array of Bools, true for each even element of data, false for each odd element
- 12. Given an array of ints, **data**, write a filter statement to return just those elements that are divisible by 5.

Navigation Controllers

- 1. What data structure does a navigation controller use to store its view controllers?
- 2. What is a rootViewController? When is it visible?
- 3. Name 3 properties in a UINavigationItem.
- 4. Which class defines **navigationItem** as a property?
- 5. True or false: every view controller has a property, navigationController, that becomes relevant when that view controller is contained in a navigation controller.
- 6. What do pushViewController(_:animated:) and popViewController(animated:) do?

Segues

- 1. What is a seque?
- 2. What objects can a user tap on to trigger a segue?
- 3. How do you create a segue in storyboard?
- 4. Give the signature of the method that gets invoked as a segue is about to occur
- 5. What is a segue's identifier? When is it needed?
- 6. A user taps on a button on view controller **AVC**, to invoke a segue to view controller **BVC**. In prepare(for segue:sender:), what is segue.sourceViewController? segue.destinationViewController?
- 7. Explain what is meant by a presentation
- 8. What is an unwind segue? How do you create one in storyboard? To unwind to a view controller, what method would need to be in that view controller?
- 9. When calling an unwind segue, does prepare(for segue:sender:) get called? In which view controller, the source or destination?

MBaaS

- 1. What does MBaaS stand for?
- 2. To use a class in Backendless:
 - 1. what class must it subclass?
 - 2. what initializer must it define?
 - 3. what properties must be non-optional?
 - 4. how many properties must it define?
- 3. What does a class's objectId represent?
- 4. What, on Backendless 'servers, corresponds to an IDataStore?
- 5. Given an IDataStore cityDataStore, what does cityDataStore.save() do?
- 6. Explain the difference between synchronous and asynchronous method calls. Which one gets control back to the user faster?
- 7. Does Backendless use closures? Why?
- 8. What is the purpose of Types.tryblock(:catchblock:)?
- 9. If you want to update an object's values, how would you do that in Backendless?
- 10. In a 1:n relationship, would you use addRelation() or setRelation() to establish the relationship between a parent and children
- **11**. In code, what property needs to be defined in a parent class to establish a 1:n relationship with children? What will its type be?
- 12. True or false: the NotificationCenter can be used to post notifications, and establish methods to be invoked when a notification is posted.
- 13. What does this statement do: NotificationCenter.default.post(name: .CitiesReloaded, object:nil)
- 14. What does this statement do: NotificationCenter.default.addObserver(self, selector:#selector(handleThis), name:.CitiesReloaded, object:nil)
- 15. What are the capabilities of Backendless' User Service?
- 16. Describe the 3 different permission categories in Backendless.
- 17.

Dictionaries

- 1. What is the purpose of a Dictionary? What is the equivalent in Java?
- 2. Declare a dictionary that has a key of String, and a value of Double.
- 3. Given var pop:[String:Int], write a statement to add "Maryville", with a value of 11972, to pop.

- 4. What would the type of pop["Maryville"] be? Why is it optional?
- 5. What would the following output? (Assume that pop has several entries): for city in pop.keys { print(city, pop[city])
- 6. How would you delete Maryville from pop?

Strings

- 1. What is the purpose of """ ?
- 2. How many characters are in this String? "\n\nHello!\\"
- Write code to iterate through a String, message, and print the number of times a Character, key, appears in it. For instance, if message were "this is a test", and key was "t", you would print 3.
- 4. Wrap the code into a function, **count(**occurrencesOf:Character, within:Int). It should return the number of times key appears in message.
- 5. What is the value of "".isEmpty?
- 6. Given message = "hello", what get's printed?
 - loc = message.startIndex
 - print(message[loc])
 - loc = message.endIndex
 - print(message[loc])
 - loc = message.index(before:message.endIndex)
 - print(message[loc])
 - loc = message.index(message.startIndex, offsetBy:3)
 print(message[loc])

message.insert(contentsOf:"Oh,", at:message.startIndex) print(message)

print(message.contains("llo"))
print(message.hasPrefix("Oh"))

print(message.hasSuffix("lo"))

message.lowercased()