

# PDM Calculation of Molecule using Finite Field

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## 1 Introduction

The permanent dipole moment of a molecule is a fundamental property that describes the separation of positive and negative charges. The finite field method offers a numerical technique to estimate by observing the variation of the molecular energy in response to an external electric field.

## 2 Perturbative Finite Field Method

When an external electric field  $\vec{E}$  is applied along the  $z$ -direction, the Hamiltonian of the molecular system is perturbed as:

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \epsilon \hat{O}, \quad (1)$$

where  $\hat{H}_0$  is the unperturbed molecular Hamiltonian and  $\hat{O}$  is the dipole moment operator in the  $z$ -direction and  $\epsilon$  is the perturbation strength.

From first-order perturbation theory, the energy correction due to the field is given by:

$$E(\epsilon) = E_0 + \epsilon \langle \Psi_0 | \hat{O} | \Psi_0 \rangle, \quad (2)$$

where  $E_0$  is the unperturbed energy and  $\Psi_0$  is the unperturbed wavefunction.

Thus, the dipole moment in the  $z$ -direction can be obtained as:

$$\langle \hat{O} \rangle = \left. \frac{\partial E}{\partial \epsilon} \right|_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \quad (3)$$

Instead of computing the derivative analytically, we approximate it numerically using the central difference formula:

$$\langle \hat{O} \rangle \approx \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(-\epsilon)}{2\epsilon} \quad (4)$$

A small perturbative field (typically on the order of  $10^{-4}$  to  $10^{-3}$  a.u.) is applied along the  $z$ -axis, and the total energy is computed for both positive and negative field values. We will get the both values of  $E(\epsilon)$  using Quantum annealing eigensolver.

## 3 Background

The electronic Schrödinger equation can be expressed as:

$$\hat{H} |\Psi\rangle = E |\Psi\rangle, \quad (5)$$

where  $\hat{H}$  is the Hamiltonian operator,  $|\Psi\rangle$  is the exact electronic wavefunction, and  $E$  is the electronic energy.

In CI methods, the wavefunction  $|\Psi\rangle$  is expanded as a linear combination of Slater determinants:

$$|\Psi\rangle = \sum_i c_i |\Phi_i\rangle, \quad (6)$$

where  $|\Phi_i\rangle$  are the determinants and  $c_i$  are the expansion coefficients.

## 4 Wavefunction Representation

The electronic wavefunction is expressed as:

$$|\Psi\rangle = c_0 |\Phi_0\rangle + \sum_{n=1} c_n |\Phi_n\rangle, \quad (7)$$

where:

- $|\Phi_0\rangle$ : Hartree-Fock (HF) determinant.
- $|\Phi_n\rangle$ : Electronically excited determinants from HF.
- $c_0, c_n$ : Coefficients representing contributions for respective state.

## 5 Hamiltonian Formulation

The second-quantized Hamiltonian is:

$$H = \sum_{pq} h_{pq} a_p^\dagger a_q + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pqrs} h_{pqrs} a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r \quad (8)$$

where:

- $h_{pq}$ : One-electron integrals.
- $h_{pqrs}$ : Two-electron integrals.
- $a_p^\dagger, a_q$ : Creation and annihilation operators.

## 6 Energy Calculation

We have used SrF molecule with reduce active space 23, 24, 25, 26 having specification as:

- Number of orbitals: 8
- Number of electrons: 3
- Number of up spin electrons: 2
- Number of down spin electrons: 1
- Number of states with higher excitation : 24
- Number of states with lower SD : 22

## 6.1 From DIRAC 22 :

1 D = 0.3934 a.u.

Nuclear dipole moment = 35.290635377386 a.u.

Total CCSD energy( $\epsilon = 0$ ): -3241.560827750358385

Total CCSD energy( $\epsilon = -0.001$ ): -3241.596815215792049

Total CCSD energy( $\epsilon = +0.001$ ): -3241.524873497649423

### 6.1.1 Backwards Finite Difference CCSD:

$$\begin{aligned} EDM &= \left| \frac{E(-\epsilon) - E(0)}{\epsilon} \right| \\ &= \frac{3241.596815215792049 - 3241.560827750358385}{0.001} = 35.987465433664 \end{aligned}$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.987465433664 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.696830056278 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.696830056278/0.3934 = **1.7713016173817 D**

### 6.1.2 Forwards Finite Difference CCSD:

$$\begin{aligned} EDM &= \left| \frac{E(0) - E(+\epsilon)}{\epsilon} \right| \\ &= \frac{3241.560827750358385 - 3241.524873497649423}{0.001} = 35.954252708962 \end{aligned}$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.954252708962 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.663617331576 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.663617331576/0.3934 = **1.6868767960753 D**

### 6.1.3 Midpoint Finite Difference CCSD:

$$\begin{aligned} EDM &= \left| \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(-\epsilon)}{2\epsilon} \right| \\ &= \frac{3241.596815215792049 - 3241.524873497649423}{2 * 0.001} = 35.970859071313 \end{aligned}$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.970859071313 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.680223693927 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.680223693927/0.3934 = **1.72908920672852 D**

## 6.2 From FCI and SA:

### 6.2.1 Before adding Nuclear repulsion term:

Energy calculation for zero perturbation :

Ground state energy from SA: -1.90096767

Ground state energy FCI: -1.88887208

Minimum error percentage: 0.640361%

After applying the perturbation -0.001:

Ground state energy from SA: -1.90179514

Ground state energy FCI: -1.89124202

Minimum error percentage: 0.557999%

After applying the perturbation +0.001

Ground state energy from SA: -1.89067440

Ground state energy FCI: -1.88660713

Minimum error percentage: 0.215586%

### 6.2.2 After adding Nuclear repulsion term:

Without perturbation:

Ground state energy from SA: -3241.57505095

Ground state energy FCI: -3241.56295535

Minimum error percentage: 0.000373%

After applying the perturbation -0.001:

Ground state energy from SA: -3241.60932570

Ground state energy FCI: -3241.59877259

Minimum error percentage: 0.000326%

After applying the perturbation +0.001:

Ground state energy from SA: -3241.53124943

Ground state energy FCI: -3241.52718217

Minimum error percentage: 0.000125%

### 6.2.3 Forwards Finite Difference FCI:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(0)}{\epsilon} \right|$$
$$= \frac{3241.56295535 - 3241.52718217}{0.001} = 35.77317318$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.77317318 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.482537802614 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.482537802614 \* 2.54158 = **1.225 D**

### 6.2.4 Backwards Finite Difference FCI:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(0) - E(-\epsilon)}{\epsilon} \right|$$
$$= \frac{3241.59877259 - 3241.56295535}{0.001} = 35.81624$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.81624 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.525604622614 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.525604622614 \* 2.54158 = **1.335 D**

### 6.2.5 Midpoint Finite Difference FCI:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(-\epsilon)}{2\epsilon} \right|$$
$$= \frac{3241.59877259 - 3241.52718217}{2 * 0.001} = 35.535295$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 35.535295 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 0.244659622614 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 0.244659622614 \* 2.54158 = **0.621 D**

### 6.2.6 Forward Finite Difference SA:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(0)}{\epsilon} \right|$$
$$= \frac{3241.57505095 - 3241.53124943}{0.001} = 43.80152$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 43.80152 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 8.510884622614 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 8.510884622614 \* 2.54158 = **21.64 D**

### 6.2.7 Backward Finite Difference SA:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(0) - E(-\epsilon)}{\epsilon} \right|$$

$$= \frac{3241.60932570 - 3241.57505095}{0.001} = 34.27475$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 34.27475 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = -1.015885377386 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 1.015885377386\* 2.54158 = **-2.58 D**

### 6.2.8 Midpoint Finite Difference SA:

$$EDM = \left| \frac{E(+\epsilon) - E(-\epsilon)}{2\epsilon} \right|$$

$$= \frac{3241.60932570 - 3241.53124943}{2 * 0.001} = 39.038135$$

Total PDM in a.u. = 39.038135 a.u. - 35.290635377386 a.u. = 3.747499622614 a.u.

Total PDM in debye = 3.747499622614\* 2.54158 = **9.52 D**

Table 1: Energy Values for CCSD, FCI, and SA

Perturbation	CCSD Energy (a.u.)	FCI Energy (a.u.)	SA Energy (a.u.)
$\epsilon = 0.000$	-3241.56 <b>0827750358385</b>	-3241.56 <b>295535</b>	-3241.5 <b>7505095</b>
$\epsilon = -0.001$	-3241.59 <b>6815215792049</b>	-3241.59 <b>877259</b>	-3241.60 <b>932570</b>
$\epsilon = +0.001$	-3241.52 <b>4873497649423</b>	-3241.52 <b>718217</b>	-3241.5 <b>3124943</b>

Table 2: PDM Values in Debye

Method	Finite Difference Type	PDM (D)
CCSD	Backwards	1.7713
	Forwards	1.6869
	Midpoint	1.7291
FCI	Backwards	1.335
	Forwards	1.225
	Midpoint	0.621
SA	Backwards	-2.58
	Forwards	21.64
	Midpoint	9.52

## References