```
Inheritance:
1. Employee:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
                               //Base class
struct Employee
{
        int emp_id;
        char name[20];
        double salary;
        Employee()
        {
                cout<<"\n\nEmp default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->emp_id=0;
                strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
                this->salary=0;
        }
        Employee(int i,const char* n,double s)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nEmp parameterised called\n";</pre>
                this->emp_id=i;
                strcpy(this->name,n);
                this->salary=s;
       }
        void setId(int i) //setters(mutators)
```

```
{
       this->emp_id=i;
}
void setName(const char* n) //setters(mutators)
{
       strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setSalary(double s) //setters(mutators)
{
       this->salary=s;
}
int getId()
          //getters(accessors)
{
       return this->emp_id;
}
                 //getters(accessors)
char* getName()
{
       return this->name;
}
double getSalary() //getters(accessors)
{
       return this->salary;
}
void display()
{
```

```
cout<<"\nemployees detail: \nid: "<<this->emp_id<<"\tname: "<<this-
>name<<"\tsalary: "<<this->salary<<"\n";
       }
};
                                        //step 1
struct SalesMan:public Employee
{
        int target;
        double intensive;
        SalesMan():Employee() //step 2(a)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nSM default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->target=0;
                this->intensive=0;
        }
                                                                                        //step 2(b)
        SalesMan(int i,const char* n,double s,int t,int in):Employee(i,n,s)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nSM parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->target=t;
                this->intensive=in;
        }
        void setTarget(int t)
                                        //extra setters(mutator) required for Sales manager
        {
                this->target=t;
        }
       void setIntense(double in)
                                                //extra setters(mutator) required for Sales manager
        {
```

```
this->intensive=in;
       }
                               //extra getters(accessor) required for sales manager
        int getTarget()
        {
                return this->target;
        }
        double getIntense()
                                       //extra getters(accessor) required for sales manager
        {
                return this->intensive;
        }
        void display()
       {
                Employee::display();
                                       //step 3
                cout<<"\ntarget: "<<this->target<<"\tintensive: "<<this->intensive;
       }
};
struct Admin:public Employee //step 1
{
        double allowance;
        Admin():Employee()
                               //step 2(a)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nAdmin default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->allowance=0;
        }
        Admin(int i,const char* n,double s,double a):Employee(i,n,s)
                                                                       //step 2(b)
```

```
{
                cout<<"\n\nAdmin parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->allowance=a;
        }
       void setAllow(double a)
                                        //extra setters(mutator) required for Admin
        {
                this->allowance=a;
        }
        double getAllow()
                               //extra getters(accessor) required for Admin
        {
                return this->allowance;
       }
       void display() //step 3
       {
                Employee::display();
                cout<<"\tallowance: "<<this->allowance<<"\n";</pre>
        }
};
struct HrManager:public Employee
                                        //step 1
{
        double commission;
                                        //step 2(a)
        HrManager():Employee()
        {
                cout<<"\n\nHR default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->commission=0;
```

```
}
                                                                               //step 2(b)
        HrManager(int i,const char* n,double s,double c):Employee(i,n,s)
       {
               cout<<"\n\nHR parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
               this->commission=c;
       }
       void setComm(double c)
                                               //extra setters(mutator) required for HR manager
       {
               this->commission=c;
       }
        double getComm()
                              //extra getters(accessor) required for HR manager
       {
               return this->commission;
       }
       void display()
       {
               Employee::display();
                                       //step 3
               cout<<"\tCommission: "<<this->commission<<"\n";</pre>
       }
};
int main()
{
        int id, target;
        char name[20];
        double salary, intensive, allowance, commission;
```

```
Employee e1;
Employee e2(42,"pragati",60000);
SalesMan m1;
cout<<"enter sale managers id:\n";</pre>
cin>>id;
cout<<"\nenter the name of sales manager:\n";
cin>>name;
cout<<"\nenter salary of sales manager:\n";</pre>
cin>>salary;
cout<<"\nenter target of sales manager:\n";</pre>
cin>>target;
cout<<"\nenter intensive for target completion:\n";</pre>
cin>>intensive;
m1.setId(id);
m1.setName(name);
m1.setSalary(salary);
m1.setTarget(target);
m1.setIntense(intensive);
m1.display();
SalesMan m3;
m3.display();
SalesMan m2(22,"pragati",50000,45,4500);
m2.display();
Admin a1;
a1.display();
```

```
cout<<"enter admin id:\n";</pre>
cin>>id;
cout<<"\nenter name of the admin:\n";</pre>
cin>>name;
cout<<"\nenter salary of admin:\n";</pre>
cin>>salary;
cout<<"\nallowance for admin:\n";</pre>
cin>>allowance;
a1.setId(id);
a1.setName(name);
a1.setSalary(salary);
a1.setAllow(allowance);
cout<<"\nafter setting values\n";</pre>
a1.display();
Admin a2(101,"pragati",50000,4500);
a2.display();
HrManager h1;
h1.display();
cout<<"\nenter hr managers id:\n";</pre>
cin>>id;
cout<<"\nenter name of hr manager:\n";</pre>
cin>>name;
cout<<"\nenter salary of hr manager:\n";</pre>
cin>>salary;
cout<<"\nenter commission for hr manager:\n";</pre>
```

```
cin>>commission;
        h1.setId(id);
        h1.setName(name);
        h1.setSalary(salary);
        h1.setComm(commission);
        h1.display();
        HrManager h2(202,"pragati",50000,5000);
        h2.display();
        return 0;
}
2. Shape:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
struct Shape
{
        double area;
        Shape()
        {
                cout<<"\nShape default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->area=0;
        }
        Shape(double a)
       {
                cout<<"\nShape parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
```

```
this->area=a;
       }
       void setArea(double a)
       {
                this->area=a;
        }
        double getArea()
       {
                return this->area;
       }
       void drawn()
       {
                cout<<"\nArea of shape is: "<<this->area<<"\n";
       }
};
struct Circle:public Shape
{
        double radius;
       Circle():Shape()
       {
                cout<<"\nCircle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->area=0;
        }
       Circle(double r,double a):Shape(a)
       {
```

```
cout<<"\nCircle Parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->radius=r;
        }
        void setRadius(double r)
        {
                this->radius=r;
        }
        double getRadius()
        {
                return this->radius;
        }
        void drawn()
        {
                cout<<"\nRadius of circle is: "<<this->radius<<"\n";</pre>
                Shape::drawn();
        }
};
struct Rectangle:public Shape
{
        double length, breadth;
        Rectangle():Shape()
        {
                cout<<"\nRectangle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->length=0;
                this->breadth=0;
```

```
}
Rectangle(double I,double b,double a):Shape(a)
{
        cout<<"\nRectangle parameterized constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->length=l;
       this->breadth=b;
}
void setLength(double I)
{
        this->length;
}
void setBreadth(double b)
{
        this->breadth;
}
double getLength()
{
        return this->length;
}
double getBreadth()
{
        return this->breadth;
}
void drawn()
{
```

```
cout<<"\nLength of Rectangle is: "<<this->length<<"\nLength of Rectangle is: "<<this-
>breadth<<"\n";
                Shape::drawn();
        }
};
struct Triangle:public Shape
{
        double height, base;
        Triangle():Shape()
       {
                cout<<"\nTriangle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->base=0;
                this->height=0;
        }
       Triangle(double b,double h,double a):Shape(a)
       {
                cout<<"\nTriangle parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->base=b;
                this->height=h;
        }
       void setBase(double b)
        {
                this->base=b;
       }
       void setHeight(double h)
       {
```

```
this->height=h;
        }
        double getBase()
        {
                return this->base;
        }
        double getHeight()
        {
                return this->height;
        }
        void drawn()
        {
                cout<<"\nBase of Triangle is: "<<this->base<<"\nHeight of Triangle is: "<<this-
>height<<"\n";
                Shape::drawn();
        }
};
int main()
{
        double radius, length, breadth, base, height;
        Circle c1;
        cout<<"\nEnter radius of circle: ";</pre>
        cin>>radius;
        c1.setRadius(radius);
        c1.setArea(2*3.14*radius);
        Circle c2(5,2*3.14*5);
```

```
c2.drawn();
        Triangle t1;
        cout<<"\nEnter base and height of triangle: ";</pre>
        cin>>base>>height;
        t1.setBase(base);
        t1.setHeight(height);
        t1.setArea(0.5*base*height);
        Triangle t2(3,5,0.5*3*5);
        t2.drawn();
        Rectangle r1;
        cout<<"\nEnter length and breadth of rectangle: ";</pre>
        cin>>length>>breadth;
        r1.setLength(length);
        r1.setBreadth(breadth);
        r1.setArea(length*breadth);
        Rectangle r2(5,3,5*3);
        r2.drawn();
        return 0;
}
3. Payement Method:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
struct PaymentMethod
```

```
{
        char sender[20],receiver[20];
        double amount;
        PaymentMethod()
       {
                cout<<"\nPayment default construct called\n";</pre>
                strcpy(this->sender,"not_given");
                strcpy(this->receiver,"not_given");
                this->amount=0;
        }
        PaymentMethod(char* s,char* r,double a)
        {
                cout<<"\nPayment parameterised construct called\n";</pre>
                strcpy(this->sender,s);
                strcpy(this->receiver,r);
                this->amount=a;
        }
       void setSender(char* s)
        {
                strcpy(this->sender,s);
        }
       void setReceiver(char* r)
        {
                strcpy(this->receiver,r);
       }
```

```
void setAmount(double a)
       {
               this->amount=a;
       }
       char* getSender()
       {
               return this->sender;
       }
       char* getReceiver()
       {
               return this->receiver;
       }
       double getAmount()
       {
               return this->amount;
       }
       void display()
       {
               cout<<"\nPayment Details:\nSender name: "<<this->sender<<"\t Receiver name:</pre>
"<<this->receiver<<"\t Amount: "<<this->amount<<"\n";
       }
};
struct DebitCard:public PaymentMethod
{
       int accNo,cvv;
       DebitCard():PaymentMethod()
```

```
{
        cout<<"\nDebit card default constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->accNo=0;
        this->amount=0;
}
DebitCard(char* s,char* r,double a,int acc,int cvv):PaymentMethod(s,r,a)
{
        cout<<"\nDebit card default constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->accNo=acc;
        this->cvv=cvv;
}
void setAccNo(int acc)
{
        this->accNo=acc;
}
void setCvv(int cvv)
{
        this->cvv=cvv;
}
int getAccNo()
{
        return this->accNo;
}
int getCvv()
{
```

```
return this->cvv;
       }
       void display()
       {
                PaymentMethod::display();
                cout<<"\nAccount no: "<<this->accNo<<"\t cvv: "<<this->cvv<<"\n";
       }
};
struct UPI:public PaymentMethod
{
        int upild;
        UPI():PaymentMethod()
       {
                cout<<"\nUpi default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->upiId=0;
       }
        UPI(char* s,char* r,double a,int ui):PaymentMethod(s,r,a)
       {
                cout<<"\nUpi default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->upild=ui;
       }
       void setUpiId(int ui)
       {
                this->upild=ui;
       }
```

```
int getUpiId()
        {
                return this->upild;
        }
        void display()
        {
                PaymentMethod::display();
                cout<<"\nUPI id: "<<this->upild<<"\n";
        }
};
int main()
{
        char sender[20],receiver[20];
        int accNo,cvv,upild;
        double amount;
        DebitCard d1;
        cout<<"\nEnter sender name: ";</pre>
        cin>>sender;
        cout<<"\nEnter receiver name: ";</pre>
        cin>>receiver;
        cout<<"\nEnter amount to pay: ";</pre>
        cin>>amount;
        cout<<"\nEnter account no.: ";</pre>
        cin>>accNo;
        cout<<"\nEnter cvv: ";</pre>
```

```
cin>>cvv;
d1.setSender(sender);
d1.setReceiver(receiver);
d1.setAmount(amount);
d1.setAccNo(accNo);
d1.setCvv(cvv);
d1.display();
DebitCard d2("Prakruti", "Pragati", 50000, 2330409, 234);
d2.display();
UPI u1;
cout<<"\nEnter sender name: ";</pre>
cin>>sender;
cout<<"\nEnter receiver name: ";</pre>
cin>>receiver;
cout<<"\nEnter amount to pay: ";</pre>
cin>>amount;
cout<<"\nEnter upi id: ";</pre>
cin>>upild;
u1.setSender(sender);
u1.setReceiver(receiver);
u1.setAmount(amount);
u1.setUpild(upild);
u1.display();
UPI u2("Prakruti","Pragati",50000,2330904);
u2.display();
```

```
return 0;
}
4. Bicycle:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
struct Cycle
{
        int no_of_wheel,no_of_bottle_holder;
        char cname[20],brake_type[20];
        Cycle()
       {
                cout<<"\nCycle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                strcpy(this->cname,"not given");
                this->no_of_wheel=0;
                this->no_of_bottle_holder=0;
                strcpy(this->brake_type,"not given");
        }
        Cycle(char* cn,int w,int bh,char* b)
        {
                cout<<"\nCycle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                strcpy(this->cname,cn);
                this->no_of_wheel=w;
                this->no_of_bottle_holder=bh;
```

```
strcpy(this->brake_type,b);
}
void setCompany(char* cn)
{
       strcpy(this->cname,cn);
}
void setWheels(int w)
{
       this->no_of_wheel=w;
}
void setBottleHolder(int bh)
{
       this->no_of_bottle_holder=bh;
}
void setBrake(char* bt)
{
       strcpy(this->brake_type,bt);
}
char* getCompany()
{
       return this->cname;
}
int getWheel()
{
       return this->no_of_wheel;
```

```
}
        int getBottleHolder()
       {
               return this->no_of_bottle_holder;
       }
        char* getBrake()
       {
               return this->brake_type;
       }
       void display()
       {
               cout<<"\nCycles details:\nCompany name: "<<this->cname<<"\nNo of wheels: "<<this-
>no_of_wheel<<"\nNo of bottle holder: "<<this->no_of_bottle_holder<<"\nBrake type: "<<this-
>brake_type<<"\n";
       }
};
struct GearCycle:public Cycle
{
        int no_of_gears;
        GearCycle():Cycle()
       {
               cout<<"\nGear cycle default constructor called\n";</pre>
               this->no_of_gears=0;
       }
       GearCycle(char* cn,int w,int bh,char* bt,int g):Cycle(cn, w, bh, bt)
        {
```

```
cout<<"\nGear cycle parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->no_of_gears=g;
        }
        void setGear(int g)
        {
                this->no_of_gears=g;
        }
        int getGear()
        {
                return this->no_of_gears;
        }
        void display()
        {
                Cycle::display();
                cout<<"No of gears: "<<this->no_of_gears<<"\n";</pre>
        }
};
struct ElectricCycle:public Cycle
{
        double battery_power;
        ElectricCycle():Cycle()
        {
                cout<<"\nElectric cycle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->battery_power=0;
        }
```

```
ElectricCycle(char* cn,int w,int bh,char* bt,double b):Cycle(cn, w, bh, bt)
        {
                cout<<"\nElectric cycle default constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->battery_power=b;
        }
        void setBattery(double b)
        {
                this->battery_power=b;
        }
        double getBattery()
        {
                return this->battery_power;
        }
        void display()
        {
                Cycle::display();
                cout<<"Battery power: "<<this->battery_power<<"\n";</pre>
        }
};
int main()
{
        GearCycle g1;
        g1.display();
        GearCycle g2("keysto",2,1,"disc_brake",14);
        g2.display();
```

```
ElectricCycle e1;
        e1.display();
        ElectricCycle e2("keysto",2,2,"drum_brake",5000);
        e2.display();
        return 0;
}
5. Water Source:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
struct WaterSource
{
        char name[20];
        double waterSalinity;
        char waterQuality[20];
        WaterSource()
       {
               cout<<"\nWater source default constructor called\n";</pre>
               strcpy(this->name,"not given");
               this->waterSalinity=-1;
               strcpy(this->waterQuality,"not_given");
       }
       WaterSource(char* n,double s,char* q)
       {
```

```
cout<<"\nWater source parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
        strcpy(this->name,n);
        this->waterSalinity=s;
        strcpy(this->waterQuality,q);
}
void setName(char* n)
{
        strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setWaterQuality(char* q)
{
        strcpy(this->waterQuality,q);
}
void setWaterSalinity(double s)
{
        this->waterSalinity=s;
}
char* getName()
{
        return this->name;
}
char* getWaterQuality()
{
        return this->waterQuality;
}
```

```
double getWaterSalinity()
       {
               return this->waterSalinity;
       }
       void display()
       {
               cout<<"\nName: "<<this->name<<"\t Quality: "<<this->waterQuality<<"\t Salinity:
"<<this->waterSalinity<<"\n";
       }
};
struct Dam:public WaterSource
{
        int noDoors;
        double capacity;
        Dam():WaterSource()
       {
               cout<<"\nDam default constructor called\n";</pre>
               this->noDoors=0;
               this->capacity=0;
       }
        Dam(char* n,double s,char* q,int d,double c):WaterSource(n,s,q)
       {
               cout<<"\nDam parameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
               this->noDoors=d;
               this->capacity=c;
       }
```

```
void setDoors(int d)
        {
                this->noDoors=d;
        }
        void setCapacity(double c)
        {
                this->capacity=c;
        }
        int getDoors()
        {
                return this->noDoors;
        }
        double getCapacity()
        {
                return this->capacity;
        }
        void display()
        {
                cout<<"\nWater source: Dam\nDetails:\n";</pre>
                WaterSource::display();
                cout << "\nNo\ of\ doors:\ "<< this-> noDoors<< "\tCapacity:\ "<< this-> capacity<< "\ tmc\n";
        }
};
struct River:public WaterSource
{
```

```
double depth, width;
char origin[20];
River():WaterSource()
{
        cout<<"\nRiver default constructor called\n";</pre>
        strcpy(this->origin,"not given");
        this->depth=0;
        this->width=0;
}
River(char* n,double s,char* q,char* sn,double d,double w):WaterSource(n,s,q)
{
        cout<<"\nRiver default constructor called\n";</pre>
        strcpy(this->origin,sn);
        this->depth=d;
        this->width=w;
}
void setOrigin(char* sn)
{
        strcpy(this->origin,sn);
}
void setDepth(double d)
{
        this->depth=d;
}
void setWidth(double w)
```

```
{
               this->width=w;
       }
       char* getOrigin()
       {
               return this->origin;
       }
       double getDepth()
       {
               return this->depth;
       }
       double getWidth()
       {
               return this->width;
       }
       void display()
       {
               cout<<"\nWater source: River\nDetails:\n";</pre>
               WaterSource::display();
               cout<<"\nOrigin of river: "<<this->origin<<"\t Depth: "<<this->depth<<"\t Width:
"<<this->width<<"\n";
       }
};
int main()
{
        Dam d1;
```

```
Dam d2("koyana_dam",20,"Medium",36,98.77);
d2.display();
River r1;
River r2("koyana",32,"good","krishna_river",130,81);
r2.display();
return 0;
}
// Short notes:
```



	# Software Developement Life Cycle (SDLC):
	T
151 - 5	the street of this streets
4 15	are reffered to as the software development
	Oite Cucle (SDIC)
- 1	LITT is the process used by software moustry
100 A	to design, developed & test high quality
	software
	L It aims to produce a high quality software
	that meet customers expectation, reaches
	completion within time & cost estimates.
. 24 1	- Activities of SDLC:
	i) Prelimary investigation
	ii) System Design Determination of system requirement
	iii) system Design
	iv) System development transmission
	v) system testing
	vi) System implementation
	vii) system maintanance
4.	dramagnation ainst per bearingston.
	1) Preliminary investigation:
1	L Any person related with the system, initiate the
	request, when the request is made, preliminary
	investigation start. It has 3 parts:
15-31 W	1) request clarification
E-3185	2) feasibility study
111147	1) techniqual feasibility
3,70	ii) Economical feasibility
1 1	ii) Economical feasibility iii) Operational feasibility
il polit	3) request approval



	ii) Determination of suctem
	ii) Determination of system requirements:  L Business analyst & project organizer set up a  meeting with the
	meeting with a project organizer set up a
	meeting with the client to gother all the data
	7/1/ (1104-000)
	Compared the condition of the condition of the
0	knowledge of the product is very necessary.
1	T WILL STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
	iii) Designing 1:
1	This step/phase is the product of inputs
7	from customer & requirement gathering
-	This phase is about to bring down all the
	knowledge of requirements, analysis &
	design of software project.
-	• 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	iv) Development:
	The implementation of design begins concerning
-	withing code
-	L Developers have to follow coding guidelines
	described by their management & program-
	ming tools like compiler, interpreters,
	debuggers etc. are used to develop &
	implement the code.
	V) Testing: 1 of trute portugitarion
	L After the code is generated, it is tested
	against the requirements to make sure that
	the product are solving the needs addressed
	& gothered during the requirements stage.
	L During this stage, unit testing, integration
	testing, system testing, acceptance testing is
	done.



	vi) System implementation:
	Lonce system has been clearify fully developed
	8 tested, It is ready for implementation/
	deployment.
	- Then based on the assessment, software may
	be released as it is or with suggested
	enhancement in the object segment
	vii) Maintenance:
	L Once when the client starts using the
	developed systems, then the real issues come
	up & requirements to be solved from time
	to time.
	L This procedure where the care is taken for
	the developed product is known as
	co maintenance.
	# Reference variable:
	L It is defined as an alias for another
	variable.
	In short, it is like giving a different name
	to pre-existing variable
	- Once reference is initialized to the variable,
	we can use either the reference name or
	the variable to refer to that variable
	eq. in void myfun (int f);
	int main()
	{ int a=10;
	myfun (a)
	cowter ais: " ea;
	3
de la	void myfun (intf b)
	£, b = 30;
	Marie Committee