```
//Complex:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
struct Complex
{
        int real,imag;
        Complex()
       {
       //
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->real=0;
                this->imag=0;
       }
        Complex(int r,int i)
       {
       //
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->real=r;
                this->imag=i;
       }
       void setReal(int r)
                                        //setters(mutator)
       {
                this->real=r;
        }
                                //setters(mutator)
       void setImg(int i)
       {
```

```
this->imag=i;
}
                      //getters(accessor)
int getReal()
{
       return this->real;
}
int getImag() //getters(accessor)
{
       return this->imag;
}
void display()
{
       cout<<"\ncomplex number: "<<this->real<<"+"<<this->imag<<"i"<<"\n";</pre>
}
Complex operator++(int a)
{
       Complex temp;
       temp.real=this->real++;
       temp.imag=this->imag++;
       return temp;
}
Complex operator++()
{
       Complex temp;
       temp.real=++this->real;
```

```
temp.imag=++this->imag;
               return temp;
       }
               Complex operator--(int a)
       {
               Complex temp;
               temp.real=this->real--;
               temp.imag=this->imag--;
               return temp;
       }
       Complex operator--()
       {
               Complex temp;
               temp.real=--this->real;
               temp.imag=--this->imag;
               return temp;
       }
};
int main()
{
        Complex c1(30,23);
       Complex c2,c3;
        cout<<"\nNumber is: ";</pre>
       c1.display();
       cout<<"\nAfter post increamentation\n";</pre>
```

```
c2=c1++;
        c2.display();
        cout<<"\nNumber is ";
        c1.display();
        cout<<"\nAfter pre increamentation\n";</pre>
        c2=++c1;
        c2.display();
        cout<<"\nNumber is ";</pre>
        c1.display();
        c3=c1--;
        cout<<"\nAfter post decreamentation\n";</pre>
        c3.display();
        cout<<"\nNumber is ";</pre>
        c3=--c1;
        cout<<"\nAfter pre decreamentation\n";</pre>
        c3.display();
//Distance:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
struct Distance
{
```

int feet,inch;

Distance()

```
{
        cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->feet=-1;
        this->inch=-1;
}
Distance(int f,int i)
{
        cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->feet=f;
        this->inch=i;
}
void setFeet(int f)
                        //setter(mutator)
{
        this->feet=f;
}
                                 //setter(mutator)
void setInch(int i)
{
        this->inch=i;
}
                //getter(accessor)
int getFeet()
{
        return this->feet;
}
                //getter(accessor)
int getInch()
{
```

```
return this->inch;
}
void display()
{
        cout << "\ndistance is: " << this-> feet << "feet and " << this-> inch << "inches \n";
}
Distance operator++(int p)
{
        Distance temp;
        temp.feet=this->feet++;
        temp.inch=this->inch++;
        return temp;
}
Distance operator++()
{
        Distance temp;
        temp.feet=++this->feet;
        temp.inch=++this->inch;
        return temp;
}
Distance operator--(int p)
{
        Distance temp;
        temp.feet=this->feet--;
        temp.inch=this->inch--;
```

```
return temp;
        }
        Distance operator--()
        {
                Distance temp;
                temp.feet=--this->feet;
                temp.inch=--this->inch;
                return temp;
        }
};
int main()
{
        Distance d1,d2,d3;
        int feet,inch;
        d1.display();
        cout<<"\nenter distance in feet:\n";</pre>
        cin>>feet;
        cout<<"\nenter distance in inch:\n";</pre>
        cin>>inch;
        d1.setFeet(feet);
        d1.setInch(inch);
        cout<<"\nDistance is:";
        d1.display();
        d2=d1++;
        cout<<"\nDistance after post incrementation:";</pre>
```

```
d2.display();
         cout<<"\nDistance is:";</pre>
         d1.display();
         cout<<"\nDistance after pre incrementation:";</pre>
         d2=++d1;
         d2.display();
         cout<<"\nDistance is:";
         d1.display();
         cout<<"\nDistance after post decrementation:";</pre>
         d3=d1--;
         d3.display();
        cout<<"\nDistance is:";</pre>
         d1.display();
         d3=--d1;
         cout<<"\nDistance after pre increamentation:";</pre>
         d3.display();
         return 0;
}
```

Structure using "new" keyword (dynamic memory allocation):

```
1. Student:
```

```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
int n;
```

```
struct Student
{
        int roll_no;
        char name[20];
        Student()
       {
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->roll_no=0;
                strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
       }
       Student(int r,char* n)
       {
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->roll_no=r;
                strcpy(this->name,n);
       }
       void setRoll(int r)
                                        //setters(mumtator)
       {
                this->roll_no=r;
        }
       void setName(const char* n)
       {
                strcpy(this->name,n); //setters(mumtator)
       }
                               //getters(accessors)
        int getRoll()
```

```
{
                return this->roll_no;
        }
        char* getName()
                                //getters(accessors)
        {
                return this->name;
        }
        void display()
        {
                cout<<"\nroll no "<<this->roll_no<<" is "<<this->name<<"\n";
        }
};
int search(Student*,int);
int main()
{
        Student *s;
        int roll,i,ans;
        char name[20];
        cout<<"\nEnter no of students: ";</pre>
        cin>>n;
        s=new Student[n];
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                s[i].display();
                cout<<"\nEnter roll no of the student: ";</pre>
```

```
cin>>roll;
                cout<<"\nEnter name of the student: ";
                cin>>name;
                s[i].setRoll(roll);
                s[i].setName(name);
                s[i].display();
        }
        cout<<"\nEnter roll no to search: ";</pre>
        cin>>roll;
        ans=search(s,roll);
        if(ans==-1)
        cout<<"\nroll number not found\n";</pre>
        else
        s[ans].display();
        Student *s1;
        s1=new Student(42,"pragati");
        s1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Student* s,int r)
{
        int i,count=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                if(s[i].getRoll()==r)
```

```
{
                        count++;
                       break;
               }
       }
       if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
2. Employee:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
int n;
struct Employee
{
       int emp_id;
       char name[20];
       double salary;
       Employee()
       {
               cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
               this->emp_id=0;
               strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
```

```
this->salary=0;
}
Employee(int i,const char* n,double s)
{
        cout<<"\n\nparameterised called\n";</pre>
        this->emp_id=i;
        strcpy(this->name,n);
        this->salary=s;
}
void setId(int i) //setters(mutators)
{
        this->emp_id=i;
}
void setName(const char* n) //setters(mutators)
{
        strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setSalary(double s) //setters(mutators)
{
        this->salary=s;
}
int getId()
               //getters(accessors)
{
        return this->emp_id;
}
```

```
char* getName()
                               //getters(accessors)
       {
                return this->name;
        }
        double getSalary()
                                //getters(accessors)
       {
                return this->salary;
       }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\nemployees detail: \nid: "<<this->emp_id<<"\tname: "<<this-
>name<<"\tsalary: "<<this->salary<<"\n";</pre>
       }
};
int search(Employee*,int);
int main()
{
        Employee *e;
        int id,i,ans;
        char name[20];
        double salary;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of employees: ";</pre>
        cin>>n;
        e=new Employee[n];
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
```

```
e[i].display();
        cout<<"\nenter employee id:\n";</pre>
        cin>>id;
        cout<<"enter employee name: \n";</pre>
        cin>>name;
        cout<<"enter employee salary: \n";</pre>
        cin>>salary;
        e[i].setId(id);
        e[i].setName(name);
        e[i].setSalary(salary);
        e[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter employee id to search: ";</pre>
cin>>id;
ans=search(e,id);
if(ans==-1)
cout<<"\nEmployee id not found\n";</pre>
else
cout<<"\nEmployee id found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
e[ans].display();
Employee *e1;
e1=new Employee(42,"pragati",60000);
e1->display();
return 0;
```

}

```
int search(Employee *e,int id)
{
        int i,count=0;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
                if(e[i].getId()==id)
                {
                        count++;
                        break;
                }
       }
       if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
3. Sales Manager:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
int n;
struct SalesMan
{
        int id, target;
        char name[20];
```

```
double salary, intensive;
SalesMan()
{
        cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->id=0;
        strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
        this->salary=0;
        this->target=0;
        this->intensive=0;
}
SalesMan(int i,const char* n,double s,int t,int in)
{
        printf("\n\nparameterised constructor called\n");
        this->id=i;
        strcpy(this->name,n);
        this->salary=s;
        this->target=t;
        this->intensive=in;
}
void setId(int i) //setters(mutator)
{
        this->id=i;
}
void setName(const char* n)
                                         //setters(mutator)
{
```

```
strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setSalary(double s)
                               //setters(mutator)
{
        this->salary=s;
}
                               //setters(mutator)
void setTarget(int t)
{
       this->target=t;
}
                                       //setters(mutator)
void setIntense(double in)
{
        this->intensive=in;
}
                       //getters(accessor)
int getId()
{
        return this->id;
}
char* getName()
                               //getters(accessor)
{
        return this->name;
}
double getSalary()
                               //getters(accessor)
{
        return this->salary;
```

```
}
                               //getters(accessor)
        int getTarget()
       {
                return this->target;
       }
                                        //getters(accessor)
        double getIntense()
       {
                return this->intensive;
        }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\nsales managers details:\nid: "<<this->id<<"\tname: "<<this->name<<"\tsalary:
"<<this->salary<<"\ttarget: "<<this->target<<"\tintensive: "<<this->intensive;
       }
};
int search(SalesMan*,int);
int main()
{
        SalesMan *m;
        int id,target,i,ans;
        char name[20];
        double salary, intensive;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of sales manager: ";</pre>
        cin>>n;
        m=new SalesMan[n];
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
{
        m[i].display();
        cout<<"enter sale managers id:\n";
        cin>>id;
        cout<<"\nenter the name of sales manager:\n";</pre>
        cin>>name;
        cout<<"\nenter salary of sales manager:\n";</pre>
        cin>>salary;
        cout<<"\nenter target of sales manager:\n";</pre>
        cin>>target;
        cout<<"\nenter intensive for target completion:\n";</pre>
        cin>>intensive;
        m[i].setId(id);
        m[i].setName(name);
        m[i].setSalary(salary);
        m[i].setTarget(target);
        m[i].setIntense(intensive);
        m[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter sales mans id to search: ";</pre>
cin>>id;
ans=search(m,id);
if(ans!=-1)
{
        cout<<"\nId found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
```

```
m[ans].display();
       }
        else
               cout << "\nId not found\n";
        SalesMan *m1;
        m1=new SalesMan(42,"pragati",60000,40,5000);
        m1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(SalesMan* m,int id)
{
       int i,count=0;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
               if(m[i].getId()==id)
                {
                        count++;
                        break;
                }
       }
        if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
```

```
4. Admin:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
int n;
struct Admin
        int id;
        char name[20];
        double salary, allowance;
        Admin()
        {
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->id=0;
                strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
                this->salary=0;
                this->allowance=0;
        }
       Admin(int i,const char* n,double s,double a)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->id=i;
                strcpy(this->name,n);
                this->salary=s;
                this->allowance=a;
```

```
}
void setId(int i) //setters(mutator)
{
       this->id=i;
}
                            //setters(mutator)
void setName(const char* n)
{
       strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setSalary(double s) //setters(mutator)
{
       this->salary=s;
}
void setAllow(double a)
                             //setters(mutator)
{
       this->allowance=a;
}
int getId()
                     //getters(accessor)
{
       return this->id;
}
                             //getters(accessor)
char* getName()
{
       return this->name;
}
```

```
double getSalary()
                                       //getters(accessor)
       {
                return this->salary;
        }
        double getAllow()
                               //getters(accessor)
       {
                return this->allowance;
       }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\nadmins details:\nid: "<<this->id<<"\tname: "<<this->name<<"\tsalary: "<<this-
>salary<<"\tallowance: "<<this->allowance<<"\n";
       }
};
int search(Admin*,int);
int main()
{
        Admin *a;
        int id,i,ans;
        char name[20];
        double salary, allowance;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of admin: ";
        cin>>n;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
                a[i].display();
```

```
cout<<"enter admin id:\n";</pre>
        cin>>id;
        cout<<"\nenter name of the admin:\n";</pre>
        cin>>name;
        cout<<"\nenter salary of admin:\n";</pre>
        cin>>salary;
        cout<<"\nallowance for admin:\n";</pre>
        cin>>allowance;
        a[i].setId(id);
        a[i].setName(name);
        a[i].setSalary(salary);
        a[i].setAllow(allowance);
        cout<<"\nafter setting values\n";</pre>
        a[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter admin id to search: ";</pre>
cin>>id;
ans=search(a,id);
if(ans!=-1)
{
        cout<<"\nAdmin id found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
        a[ans].display();
}
else
        cout<<"\nld not found\n";
```

```
Admin *a1;
       a1=new Admin(42,"pragati",60000,5000);
       a1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Admin* a,int id)
{
        int i,count=0;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
               if(a[i].getId()==id)
                {
                        count++;
                        break;
                }
       }
       if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
5. HR Manager:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
```

```
int n;
struct HrManager
{
        int id;
        char name[20];
        double salary, commission;
        HrManager()
        {
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->id=0;
                strcpy(this->name,"not_given");
                this->salary=0;
                this->commission=0;
        }
        HrManager(int i,const char* n,double s,double c)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->id=i;
                strcpy(this->name,n);
                this->salary=s;
                this->commission=c;
        }
        void setId(int i) //setters(mutator)
        {
                this->id=i;
```

```
}
void setName(const char* n) //setters(mutator)
{
       strcpy(this->name,n);
}
void setSalary(double s) //setters(mutator)
{
       this->salary=s;
}
                            //setters(mutator)
void setComm(double c)
{
       this->commission=c;
}
                    //getters(accessor)
int getId()
{
       return this->id;
}
char* getName()
                 //getters(accessor)
{
       return this->name;
}
                           //getters(accessor)
double getSalary()
{
       return this->salary;
}
```

```
//getters(accessor)
        double getComm()
       {
                return this->commission;
        }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\nHR Managers detail: \nid: "<<this->id<<"\tName: "<<this->name<<"\tSalary:
"<<this->salary<<"\tCommission: "<<this->commission<<"\n";
       }
};
int search(HrManager*,int);
int main()
{
        HrManager *h;
        int id,i,ans;
        char name[20];
        double salary, commission;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of HR manager ";</pre>
        cin>>n;
        h=new HrManager[n];
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                h[i].display();
                cout<<"\nenter hr managers id:\n";</pre>
                cin>>id;
                cout<<"\nenter name of hr manager:\n";</pre>
```

```
cin>>name;
        cout<<"\nenter salary of hr manager:\n";</pre>
        cin>>salary;
        cout<<"\nenter commission for hr manager:\n";</pre>
        cin>>commission;
        h[i].setId(id);
        h[i].setName(name);
        h[i].setSalary(salary);
        h[i].setComm(commission);
        h[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter HR managers id to search: ";</pre>
cin>>id;
ans=search(h,id);
if(ans!=-1)
{
        cout<<"\nId found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
        h[ans].display();
}
else
cout<<"\nId not found\n";
HrManager *h1;
h1=new HrManager(42,"pragati",60000,5000);
h1->display();
return 0;
```

```
}
int search(HrManager* h,int id)
{
        int i,count=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                if(h[i].getId()==id)
                {
                        count++;
                        break;
                }
       }
        if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
6. Date:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
int n;
struct Date
{
        int day,month,year;
        Date()
```

```
{
        cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->day=0;
        this->month=0;
        this->year=0;
}
Date(int d,int m,int y)
{
        cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
        this->day=d;
        this->month=m;
        this->year=y;
}
                        //setter(mutator)
void setDay(int d)
{
        this->day=d;
}
void setMonth(int m) //setter(mutator)
{
        this->month=m;
}
void setYear(int y)
                                //setter(mutator)
{
        this->year=y;
}
```

```
//getters(accessor)
        int getDay()
       {
                return this->day;
       }
                               //getters(accessor)
        int getMonth()
       {
                return this->month;
       }
       int getYear()
                               //getters(accessor)
       {
                return this->year;
       }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\n\ndate is: \n"<<this->day<<"/"<<this->month<<"/"<<this->year<<"\n";
       }
};
int search(Date*,Date);
int main()
{
        Date *d;
        Date dt;
        int day, month, year;
        int i,ans;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of dates to store: ";</pre>
```

```
cin>>n;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
        d[i].display();
        cout<<"\nenter date: ";</pre>
        cin>>day;
        cout<<"\nenter month: ";</pre>
        cin>>month;
        cout<<"\nenter year: ";</pre>
        cin>>year;
        d[i].setDay(day);
        d[i].setMonth(month);
        d[i].setYear(year);
        d[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter date to search(dd/mm/yy): ";</pre>
cin>>day>>month>>year;
dt.setDay(day);
dt.setMonth(month);
dt.setYear(year);
ans=search(d,dt);
if(ans!=-1)
{
        cout<<"\nDate found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
        d[ans].display();
```

```
}
        else
        cout<<"\nDate not found\n";</pre>
        Date *d1;
        d1=new Date(23,4,2001);
        d1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Date* d,Date dt)
{
        int i,count=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
        if(d[i].getDay() == dt.getDay() \& d[i].getMonth() == dt.getMonth() \& d[i].getYear() == dt.getYear()) \\
                {
                         count++;
                         break;
                }
        }
        if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
```

```
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
int n;
struct Time
{
        int hr,min,sec;
       Time()
       {
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->hr=-1;
                this->min=-1;
                this->sec=-1;
       }
       Time(int h,int m,int s)
       {
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->hr=h;
                this->min=m;
                this->sec=s;
       }
       void setHour(int h)
                                        //setter(mutator)
       {
                this->hr=h;
       }
                                        //setter(mutator)
       void setMin(int m)
```

```
{
               this->min=m;
       }
       void setSec(int s)
                                    //setter(mutator)
       {
               this->sec=s;
       }
       int getHr()
                  //getter(accessor)
       {
               return this->hr;
       }
       int getMin() //getter(accessor)
       {
               return this->min;
       }
       int getSec() //getter(accessor)
       {
               return this->sec;
       }
       void display()
       {
              cout<<"\ntime is: "<<this->hr<<":"<<this->min<<":"<<this->sec;
       }
};
int search(Time*,Time);
```

```
int main()
{
        Time *t;
        Time tm;
        int hr,min,sec;
        int r,q,i,ans;
        cout<<"\nEnter no of time slot to store: ";</pre>
        cin>>n;
        t=new Time[n];
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                 t[i].display();
                 cout<<"\nenter hours:\n";</pre>
                 cin>>hr;
                 cout<<"\nenter minuits:\n";</pre>
                 cin>>min;
                 cout<<"\nenter seconds:\n";</pre>
                 cin>>sec;
                 t[i].setSec(sec);
                 t[i].setMin(min);
                 t[i].setHour(hr);
                 t[i].display();
        }
        cout<<"\nEnter time slot to search(hr/min/sec): ";</pre>
        cin>>hr>>min>>sec;
```

```
tm.setHour(hr);
        tm.setMin(min);
        tm.setSec(sec);
        ans=search(t,tm);
        if(ans!=-1)
        {
                cout<<"\nTime slot found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
                t[ans].display();
        }
        Time *t1;
        t1=new Time(10,49,55);
        t1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Time* t,Time tm)
{
        int i,count=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                if(t[i].getHr() == tm.getHr() \& \& t[i].getMin() == tm.getMin() \& \& t[i].getSec() == tm.getSec()) \\
                {
                         count++;
                         break;
                }
        }
```

```
if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return -1;
8. Distance:
using namespace std;
#include<iostream>
int n;
struct Distance
{
        int feet,inch;
        Distance()
        {
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->feet=-1;
                this->inch=-1;
        }
        Distance(int f,int i)
        {
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->feet=f;
                this->inch=i;
        }
```

void setFeet(int f)

//setter(mutator)

```
{
                this->feet=f;
       }
       void setInch(int i)
                                       //setter(mutator)
       {
                this->inch=i;
       }
        int getFeet() //getter(accessor)
       {
                return this->feet;
       }
       int getInch() //getter(accessor)
       {
                return this->inch;
       }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\ndistance is: "<<this->feet<<"feet and "<<this->inch<<"inches\n";</pre>
       }
};
int search(Distance*,Distance);
int main()
{
        Distance *d;
        Distance ds;
```

```
int feet,inch;
int i,ans;
cout<<"\nEnter no of distance to store: ";</pre>
cin>>n;
d=new Distance[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
        d[i].display();
        cout<<"\nenter distance in feet:\n";</pre>
        cin>>feet;
        cout<<"\nenter distance in inch:\n";</pre>
        cin>>inch;
        d[i].setFeet(feet);
        d[i].setInch(inch);
        d[i].display();
}
cout<<"\nEnter distance to search (in feet and inch): ";</pre>
cin>>feet>>inch;
ds.setFeet(feet);
ds.setInch(inch);
ans=search(d,ds);
if(ans!=-1)
{
        cout<<"\nDistance found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
        d[ans].display();
```

```
}
        Distance *d1;
        d1=new Distance(5,2);
        d1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Distance* d,Distance ds)
{
        int i,count=0;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
               if(d[i].getFeet()==ds.getFeet()&&d[i].getInch()==ds.getInch())
                {
                        count++;
                        break;
                }
       }
        if(count!=0)
        return i;
        else
        return 0;
9. Complex:
using namespace std;
```

#include<iostream>

```
int n;
struct Complex
{
        int real,imag;
        Complex()
        {
        //
                cout<<"\n\ndefault constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->real=0;
                this->imag=0;
        }
        Complex(int r,int i)
        {
        //
                cout<<"\n\nparameterised constructor called\n";</pre>
                this->real=r;
                this->imag=i;
        }
                                        //setters(mutator)
        void setReal(int r)
        {
                this->real=r;
        }
        void setImg(int i)
                                //setters(mutator)
        {
                this->imag=i;
        }
                                //getters(accessor)
        int getReal()
```

```
{
                return this->real;
       }
       int getImag() //getters(accessor)
       {
                return this->imag;
       }
       void display()
       {
                cout<<"\ncomplex number: %d+%di\n",this->real,this->imag;
       }
};
int search(Complex*,Complex);
int main()
{
        Complex *c;
        Complex cm;
        int real,imag;
        int i,ans;
        c=new Complex[n];
       for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
               c[i].display();
                cout<<"\nenter real part of complex number:\n";</pre>
                cin>>real;
```

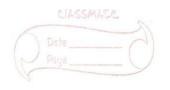
```
cin>>imag;
                c[i].setReal(real);
                c[i].setImg(imag);
                c[i].display();
        }
        cout<<"\nEnter complex number to search(real and imaginary part): ";</pre>
        cin>>real>>imag;
        cm.setReal(real);
        cm.setImg(imag);
        ans=search(c,cm);
        if(ans!=-1)
       {
                cout<<"\nComplex number found at "<<ans<<" location\n";</pre>
                c[ans].display();
       }
        Complex *c1;
        c1=new Complex(30,23);
        c1->display();
        return 0;
}
int search(Complex* c,Complex cm)
{
        int i,count=0;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

cout<<"\nenter imaginary part of complex number:\n";</pre>

```
{
     if(c[i].getReal()==cm.getReal()&&c[i].getImag()==cm.getImag())
     {
          count++;
          break;
     }
}
if(count!=0)
return i;
else
return -1;
}
```

Short notes:

# One liner macro: L macro is a adjustment which works like find & replace, by the value of macro. - Macro is defined by '#define' directive - Whenever marmo name is encountered by the compiler, it replaces the name with definition (value of marro) of the marro. eq. # include <stdio.h> # define MANUS LIMIT 5 void main () { printf ("The value of limit is: ".d", LIMIT! # Dangling pointers : L Most common bugs related to pointers & memory management is dangling / wild pointers. Some - Sometimes programmer fails to initialize the pointer with valid address, then this type of initialized pointer is known as dangling pointer. Dangling pointer occurs at the times of object destruction, when object is deleted or de-allocated. - When the variable goes out of the scope (out of the limitation of stack frame) then the pointer pointing to the variable becomes dangling pointer. Even when we call Founthe function, pointer can become dangling pointer. How? - If we are storing some data at in local variable of a function, & returning it's address to other function using pointer, But after returning the address, the stack frame of that function



vanished & segment when we try to access the data of that location that becomes unauthorised access. And segmentation fault at occurs, & Pointer returned pointer becomes dangling pointer.