



# PRAGMA VBE

## Lifemapper



### Lifemapper Evolves

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<http://lifemapper.org>



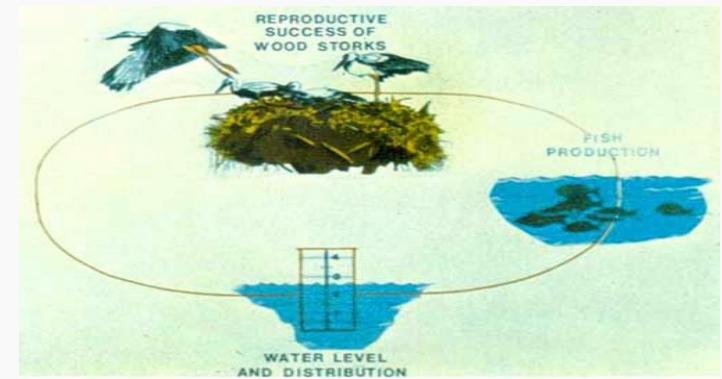
# PRAGMA VBE

Lifemapper brings together ...

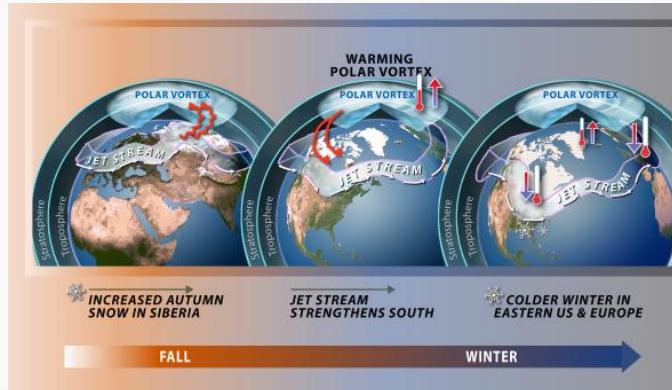
## Biodiversity Inventory



## Macro-Ecological Modeling



## Global Climate Change

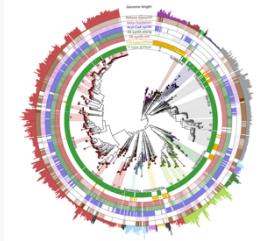
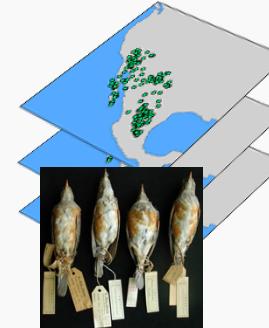
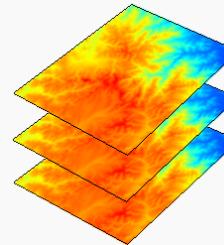




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## Lifemapper Analyses

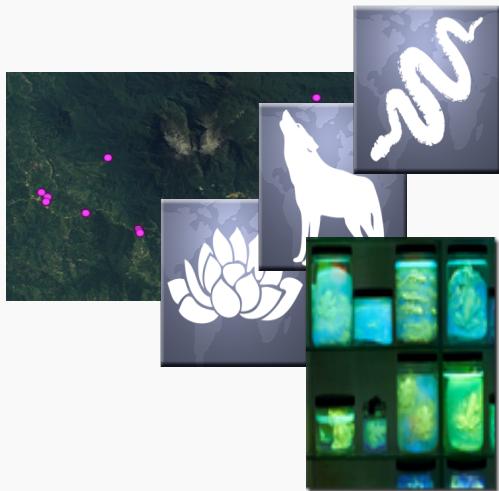
- Inputs
  - Environmental
  - Specimen occurrence points
  - Phylogenetic tree
- Tools
  - Species Distribution Modeling (SDM)
  - Macro-Ecological Analyses
  - Meta-Community Phylogenetic Analyses (MPCA)
- Results
  - Potential species habitat maps
  - Biodiversity / Phylogenetic Maps and Analyses





# PRAGMA VBE

## Lifemap Species Distribution Modeling

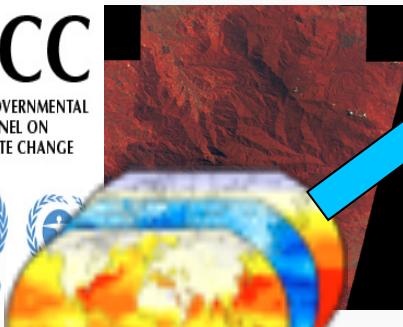


IPCC

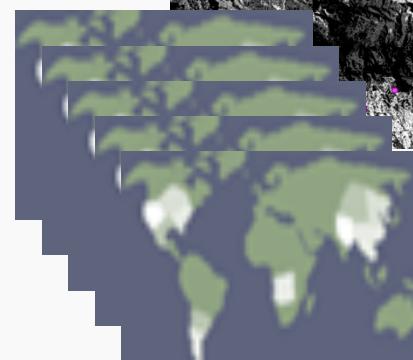
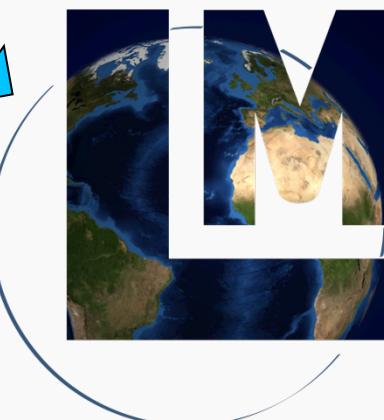
INTERGOVERNMENTAL  
PANEL ON  
CLIMATE CHANGE



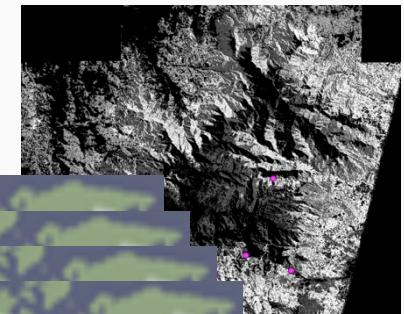
WMO



Environmental Data



Potential Habitat





# PRAGMA VBE

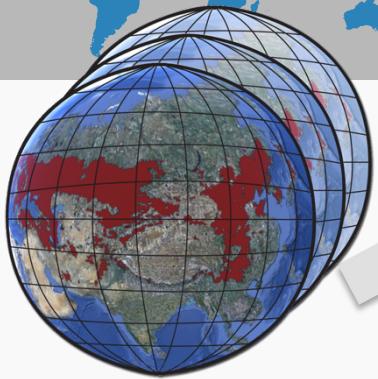
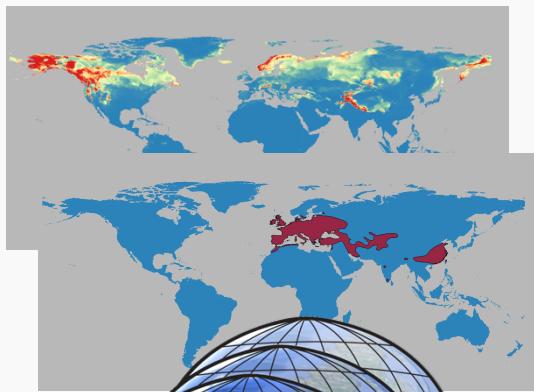
## Lifemapper

# Demo



# PRAGMA VBE

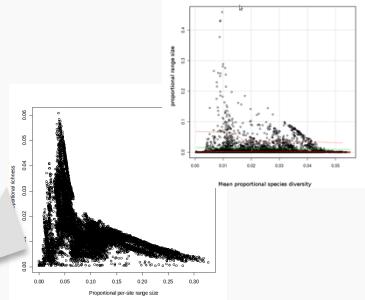
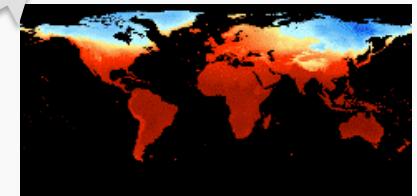
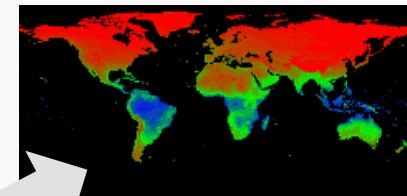
## Lifemapper Macro-ecological Analyses



Species Habitat Data

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Presence Absence Matrix (PAM)



Multi-species analyses

Range and Diversity Quantifications



# PRAGMA VBE

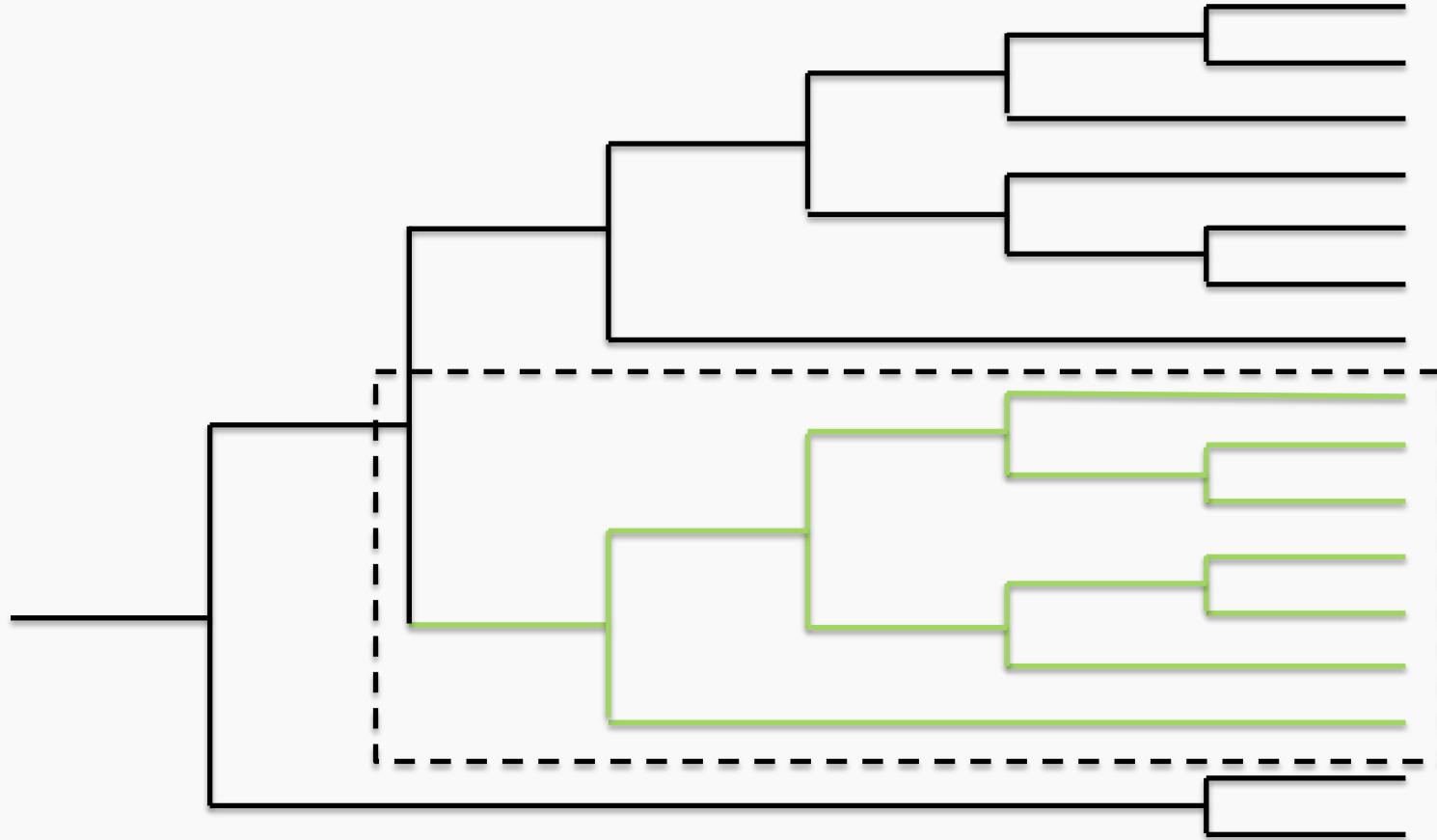
## LifeMapper How to create a PAM

- What species group?
  - Subset by species in a study area
  - Subset by taxonomic or phylogenetic tree
- Define the area
  - Region bounding box
  - Site / cell size
- For every species, find presence/absence for every site
  - Lifemapper automates using input SDMs and thresholds
  - Calculate presence based on coverage and values in site



# PRAGMA VBE

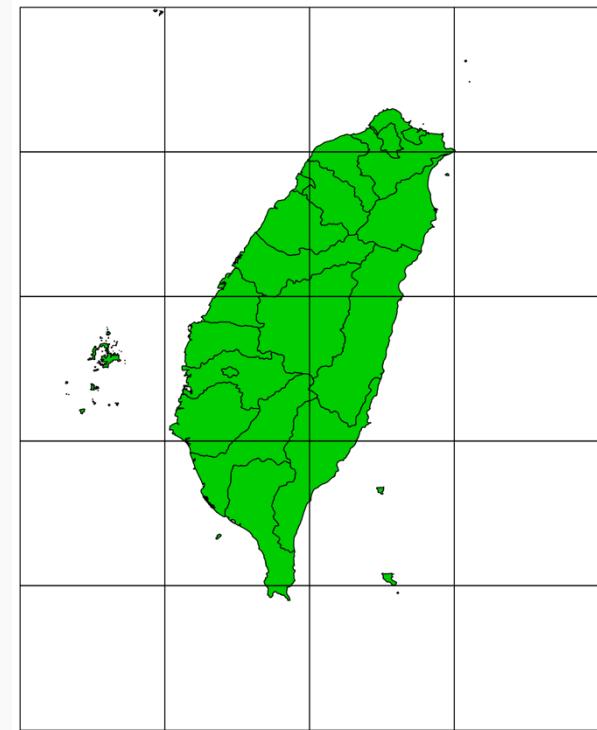
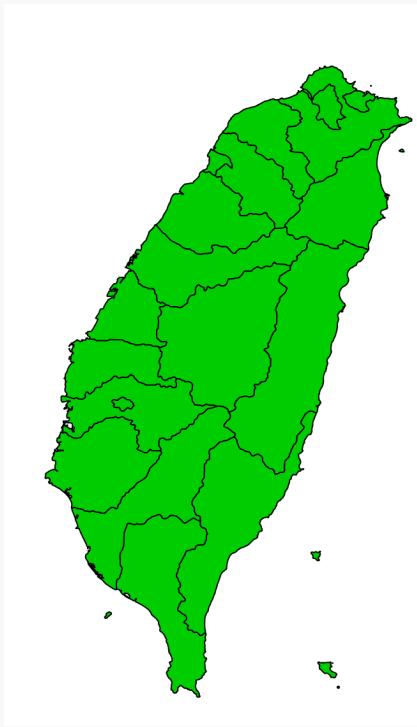
LifSelect species pool





# PRAGMA VBE

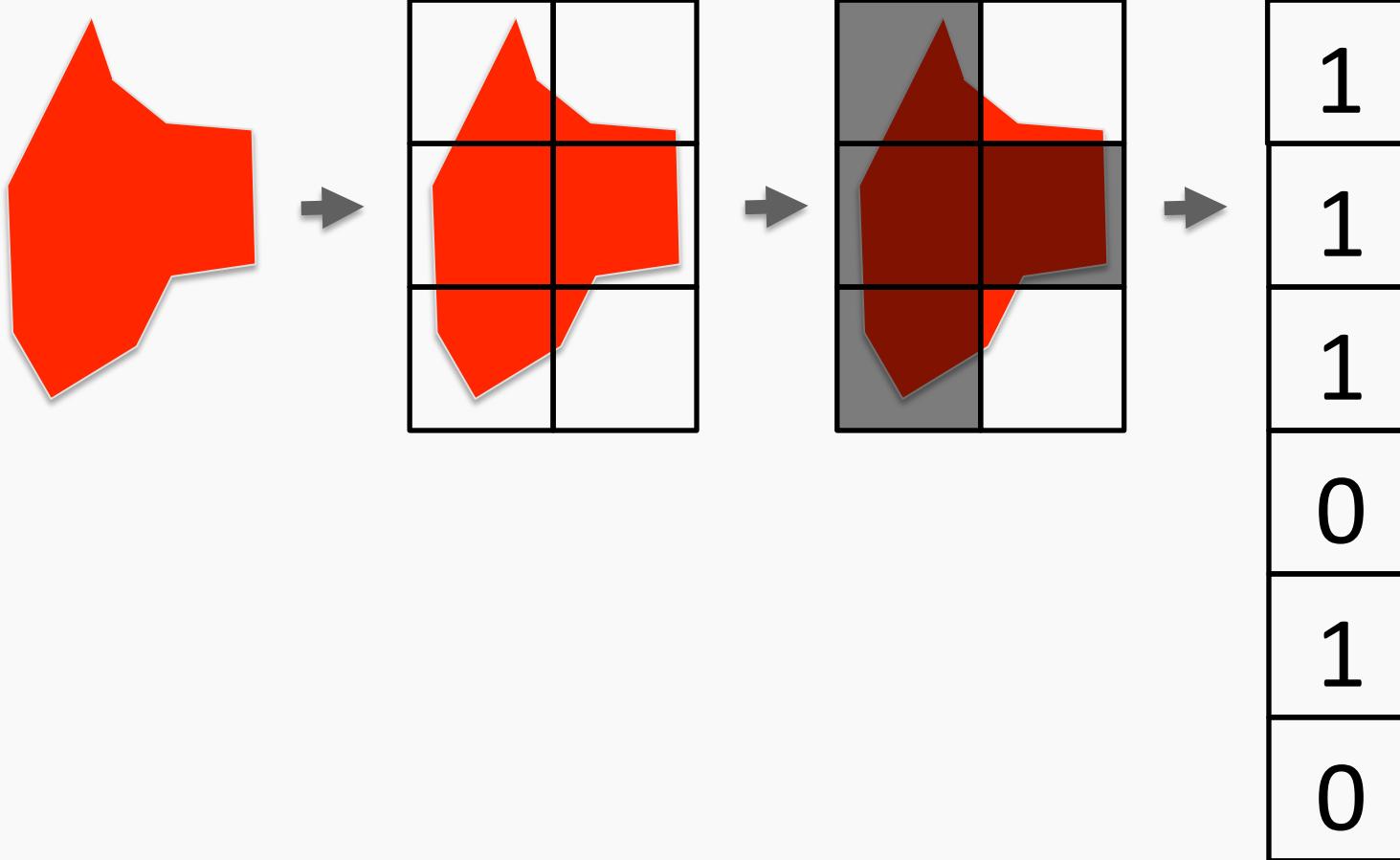
## Lifemapper Create the grid





# PRAGMA VBE

## Determining presence





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## Lifemapper Site Statistics

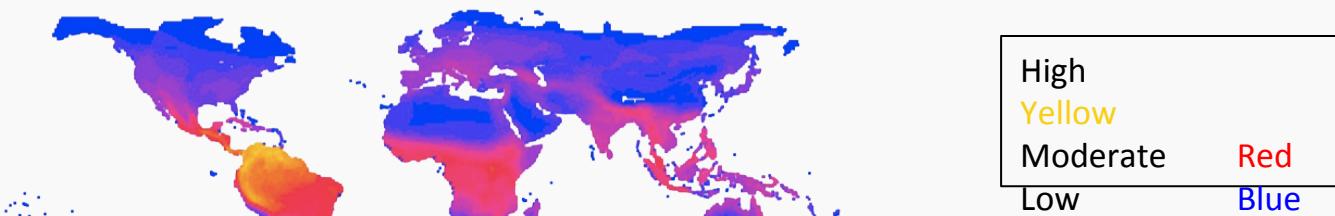
- Species richness
  - The number of species present at each site
- Proportional species richness
  - The proportion of the number of species present at each site compared to the total number of species in the species pool
- Total range size
  - The sum of the range sizes of all of the species present at each site
- Proportional species range size
  - The proportion of the sum of the range sizes of all species at a site compared to the sum of the range sizes for all species in the species pool



# PRAGMA VBE

## Lifemapper

Terrestrial Mammals



Proportional Species Richness



Per-site Range Size



# PRAGMA VBE

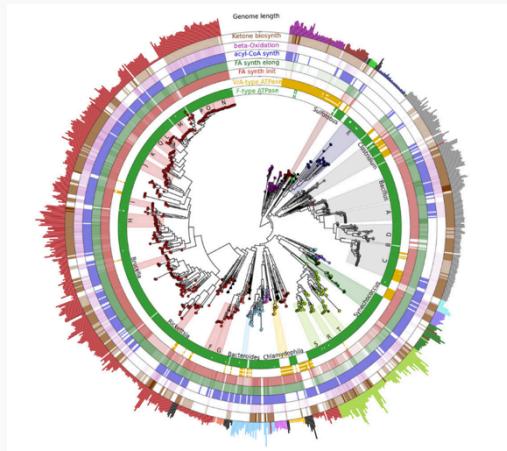
## Global PAM and subsetting

- Lifemapper creates a “**Global PAM**” for all species in a dataset
- Subsets of the Global PAM may be requested for analyses. Subset by:
  - Species
  - Geography
  - Time
- Study the effects of scale and time
  - Do patterns remain the same?

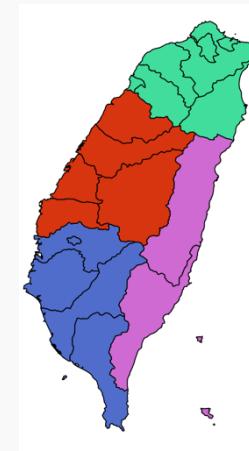


# PRAGMA VBE

# Meta-Community Phylogenetic Analyses (MCPA)



$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \dots$$





# PRAGMA VBE

## MCPA Mapper

Evaluates the interaction between

- phylogenetic structure
- historical biogeographic events
- environmental filtering

in driving species distributions in a community

### Inputs

- PAM – inputs can be SDMs or range maps
- Phylogenetic tree
  - Must be binary
  - If it has branch lengths, the tree must be ultrametric
  - Encoded into a species X node matrix
- Environmental predictors
  - Intersected with sites to create a matrix matching PAM
- Biogeographic hypotheses (barriers or corridors for species distribution)
  - Encode all into a single matrix as (-1, 0, 1)



# PRAGMA VBE

## Lifemapper

# Demo



# PRAGMA VBE

Life in Open  
Virtualization Technologies



- Runs on Linux on x86 hardware
- Ideal to run on clusters
- Advantages in VBE
  - Can create bigger instance
  - Can have long running instance
  - Dynamic input data
  - Intended for use by multiple external clients



## VirtualBox

- Runs on Linux, Windows, OSX
- Ideal for laptops but
  - Must setup networking
  - Instance size/memory is limited by laptop hardware
- Advantages in VBE
  - Can special-purpose instance
  - Can have short-lived instance
  - Pre-defined stable input data
  - Intended for field work (with no network connection) and teaching tool



# PRAGMA VBE

## Lifemapper Virtualization Advantages

- Increase availability and flexibility of Lifemapper**

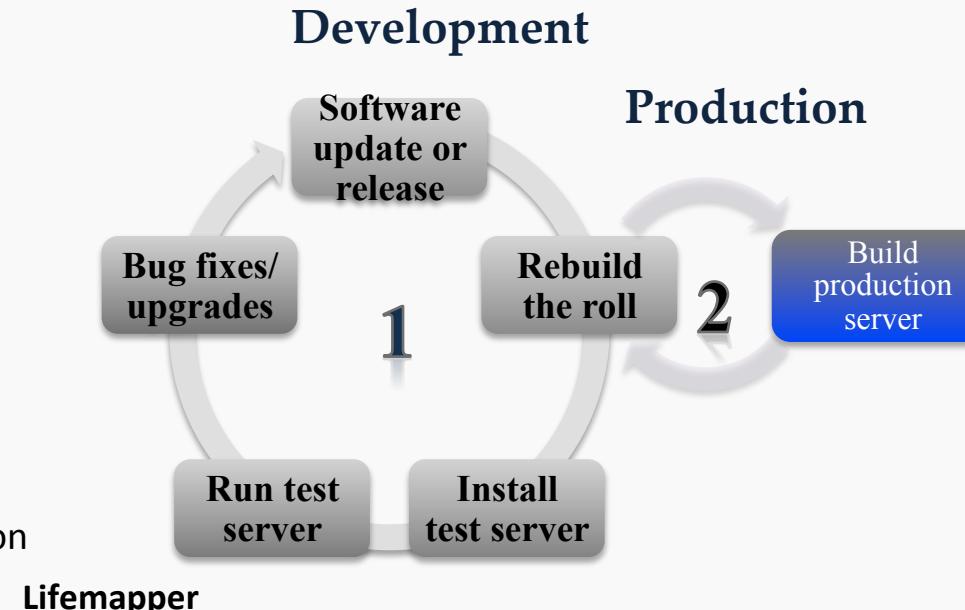
- Reduce cost of installing/configuring/replicating
- Ease burden of hardware and software integration

- Reduce time from software update to server availability:**

- Minimize time spent on build and configuration
- Automate most hands-on tasks.
- Implement tests components and configuration

- Prepare for larger, high quality data and increased computational complexity:**

- low resolution climate data → high resolution satellite imagery
- single-species SDM experiments → multi-species macro-ecology experiments



<http://lifemapper.org>

<https://github.com/lifemapper/>

Rocks

<http://www.rocksclusters.org>

PRAGMA

<https://github.com/pragmagrid/lifemapper-compute>

<https://github.com/pragmagrid/lifemapper-server>

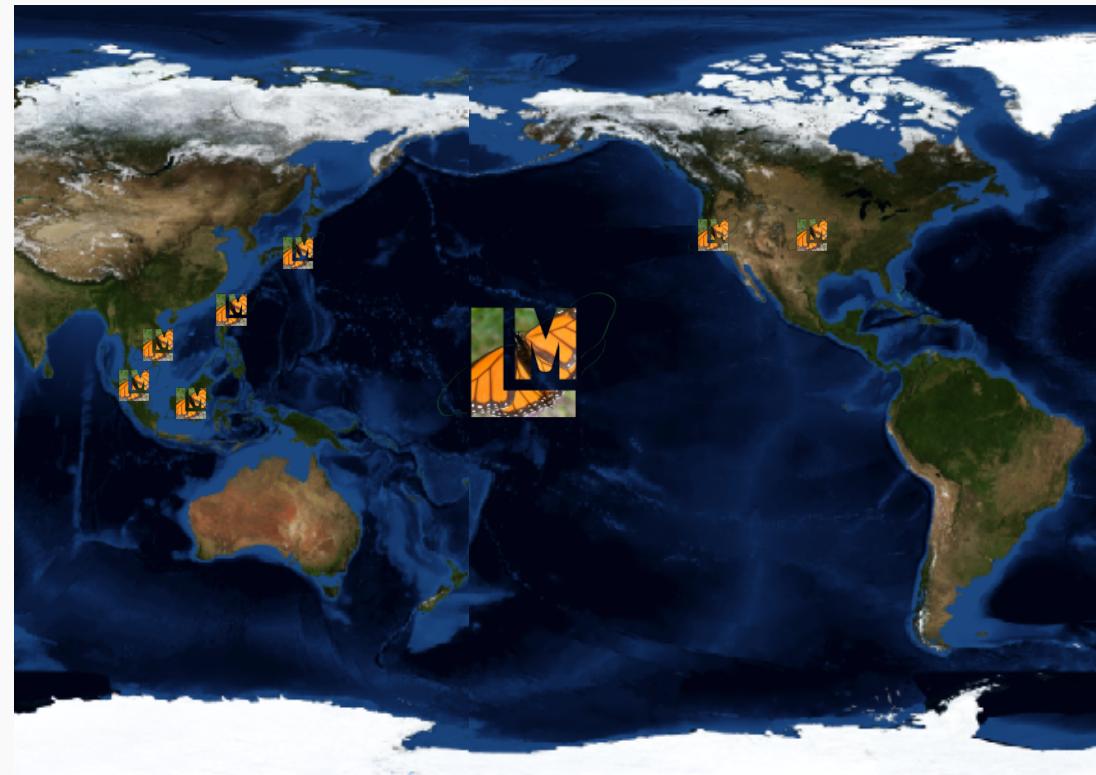




# PRAGMA VBE

Lifemapper Distributed Lifemapper

- Support focused and comparative studies
  - Taiwan at NCHC
  - Workshop for researcher introduction
  - Follow up with Taiwanese museums and researchers





# PRAGMA VBE

Scaling Computation from Desktop to National Grid

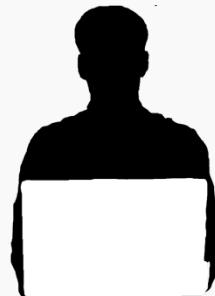
## Inputs

500,000 species

4 climate scenarios

3 model algorithms

(= 6 million  
models)



## Desktop

1.8

Years



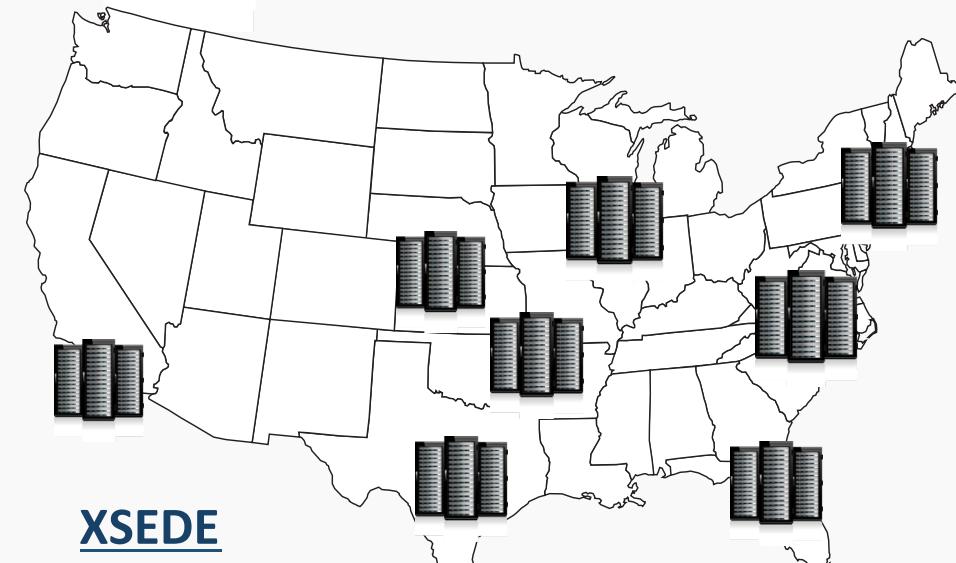
## KU ACF

5 Days



## KUBI Cluster

104 Days



## XSEDE

1 Day



# PRAGMA VBE

Lifemapper funded by:

**US NSF**

OCI-1234983

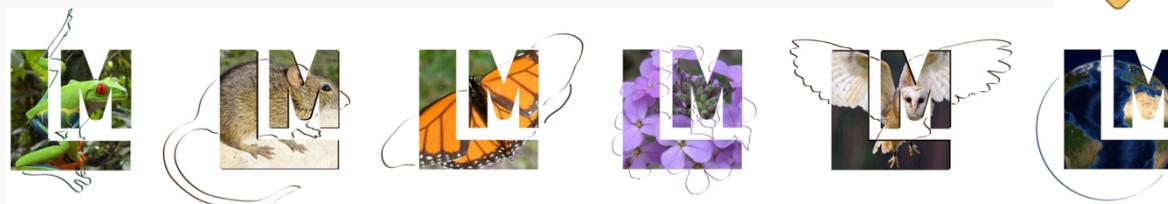
BIO-1458422

BIO-1356732



**USGS**

BIP-G14AC00285





# PRAGMA VBE

## Biodiversity Expedition Next Steps

- Regional installations
- Move to HPC challenges – scaling
  - management / computational resources
  - Tune Notre Dame's workflow tools + compute resources
- UI changes allowing display through SAGE2
  - Replaced QGIS with generic browser-based UI
  - Works on dynamic web service calls OR local data
- Next steps:
  - Create/populate then move VC?
  - Containers? Virtual frontend + containers for computations?
  - Live connection b/w iDigBio and OpenTree (Biotaphy)
  - Marine models with NMMST (CENTRA)