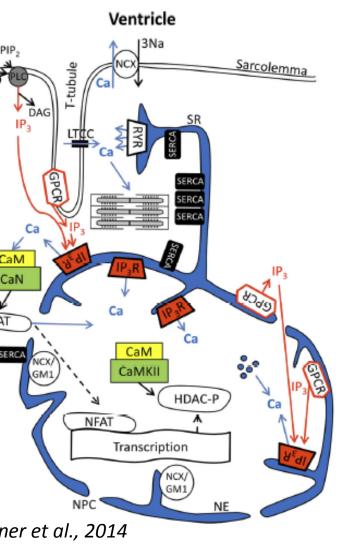
lodeling Nuclear and Intracellular Calcium ynamics in Rabbit Ventricular Cardiomyocytes

Kyle-David Lim Suico
University of Queensland
July 30 2014
UCSD PRIME



earch Proposal



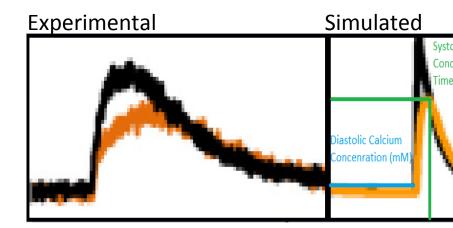
Using the Nimrod toolkit, a set of tools that allows for investigating high complicated parametric systems, my goal is to optimize Excitation-Contraction-Transcription-Coupling Model (Shannon-Bers-Michailova Model) for a ventricular cardiomyocyte in rabbits and run sensitivity analysis in order to elucidate how the model behaves under various sting

The model will be optimized and fitted for 4 kinetic measurements calcium:

- Systolic (mM)
- Diastolic (mM)
- Time-to-peak (ms)
- Resting time to 50% peak calcium concentration (ms)

Left: Schematic for a ventricular cardiomyocyte.

Right: Experimental calcium vs. simulated data from MATLAB, Both plots show calcium vs. time (non-dimensionalized).



gress: Nimrod/E & PLS Tool Results

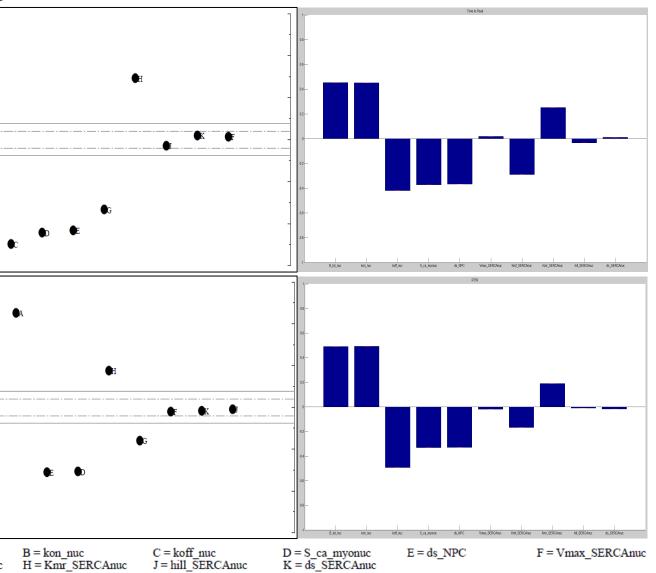


Figure: Results from a ±10% perturbation in nu parameter values. The left column of plots are to plots from Nimrod /E and to the right are the corresponding PLS regression plots explaining to correlation.

Left: Nimrod/E's Lenth Plot. Top plot correspont to peak and bottom corresponds to resting time calcium measurement.

Right: Results from the PLS Tool. Variables going to right correspond to (A-K). Note there is no va

Parameters A & B are directly correlated with ti create a "lag" in the calcium transient.

Parameters C, D, & E are indirectly correlated w time kinetic parameters.

gress: Nimrod/E & PLS Tool Results

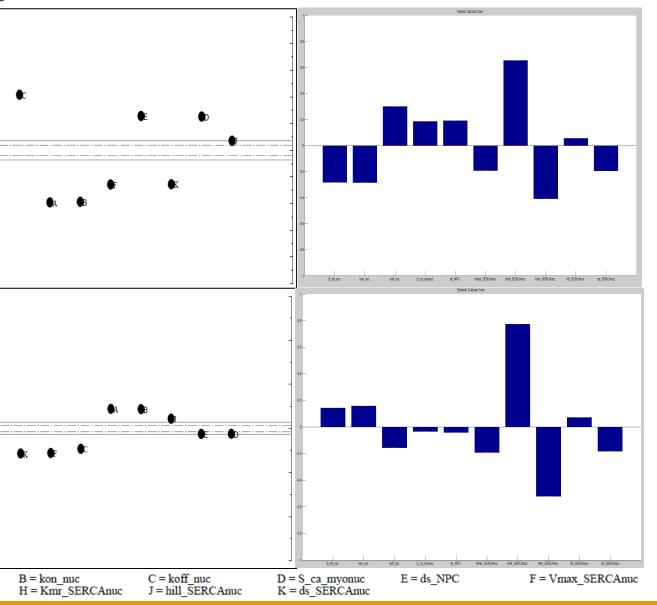


Figure: Results from a ±10% perturbation in nu parameter values. The left column of plots are to plots from Nimrod /E and to the right are the corresponding PLS regression plots explaining the correlation.

Left: Nimrod/E's Lenth Plot. Top plot corresponds to systolic calcium and the bottom corresponds to diastolic calcium measurement.

Right: Results from the PLS Tool. Variables going to right correspond to (A-K). Note there is no va

Parameter G has a relatively strong correlation and diastolic calcium measurements.

Parameter H has an relatively strong indirect co with both systolic and diastolic calcium measure

ection Slide

oad blocks:

xperienced problems quantifying relationship nd the degree of correlation between key arameters.

ncountered issues with fitting experimental ata.

ssues estimating parameter values.

Successes:

Learned how to use PLS regression tool and make corresponding plots to Nimrod/E data.

Cleaned up data analysis methods - reducing variation across samples allowing for accurate fits.

Refined optimization script, creating 4 additional versions serving different purposes.

e Plans

Extract more kinetic parameter data from experimental data and calculate population statistics.

Carry out parameter estimation using experimental data.

Conduct sensitivity analysis by perturbing parameters in the nucleus by ±10, 30, 50, and 100%.

Identify mechanisms that contribute to nuclear Ca²⁺ transport.

ırfer's Paradise, Gold Coast

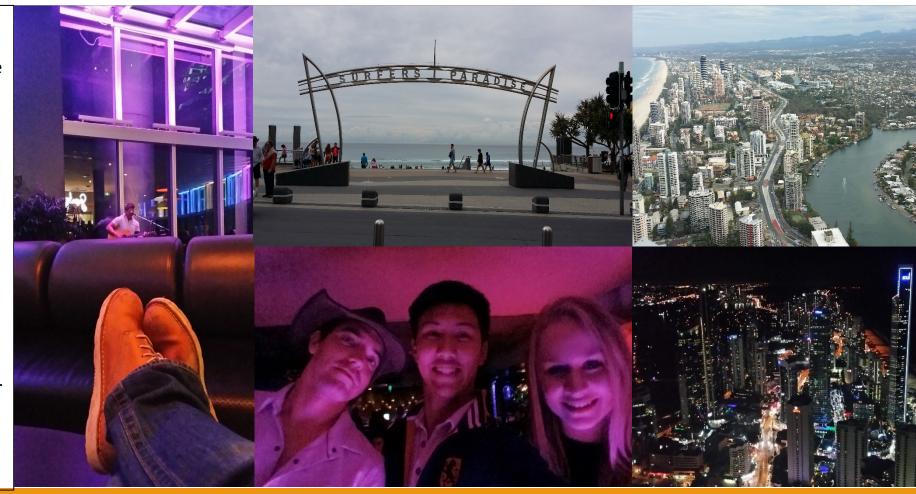
Relaxing with some t SkyPoint's

elcoming sign to

View of the Gold the SkyPoint the 77th floor!

t: Group selfie!

ht: Beautiful night he Skypoint tower.



cknowledgements

iversity of California, San Diego

Dr. McCulloch, Department of Bioengineering

Dr. Sukriti Dewan and Britton Boras

UCSD PRIME - Dr. Gabriele Wienhausen and Ms. Teri Simas

iversity of Queensland

Dr. David Abramson, Centre of Research Computing

Timos Kipouros and Blair Bethwaite

Minh Dinh, Hoang Nguyen, and Minh Huynh

nding by:

velli Family Scholarship

me Alumna Haley-Hunter Zinck

tional Science Foundation

.I.P. Dr. Anushka Michailova



In memory of Dr. Michailova... a mother, mentor, and scientist.