Practice

Implement all the techniques introduced in material cover so far:

Focusing on the several types of links – absolute, relative, and internal links

Absolute Reference ( link )

* Absolute reference links are best used to link to external web sites/pages

The hyperlink reference ( href link ) needs to have fully formed URL

What does a URL consist of? A URL needs to have

* A Protocol
* A Host
* Optionally the document

Take the url or web address <http://google.com/imghp>

* href = “http://google.com/imghp ”

http://– protocol

google.com – host (domain name )

/imghp – document

The relative references ( link )

* Relative references ( link ) are used to link to internal pages ( same host/domain – information located in the same root folder )

A relative reference only contains the path of the document or file requested

For example – <file://mysite.com/page2.html>

* href = “page2.html”

Relative reference – page2.html ( file name )

An Internal reference ( link )

* href = “#history”

So in this case we'd be going to the file called page2.html but

it's in a different folder called docs the third

way we can use a relative reference is to what we call use the ID tag.

So when you have href equals hash pound or history, we're

saying there's another location inside the same file and it's called history.