NCERT Discrete

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Question 11.9.3.18:

Find the sum to n terms of the sequence 8, 88, 888, 8888...

Solution:

Value	description
8	First term
88	Second term
$\left(\sum_{k=0}^{n} 8(10)^{k}\right) u(n)$	General term
$S(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x(k)$	Sum of n terms

INPUT PARAMETERS

1) From (I)

$$S(n) = \sum_{l=0}^{n-1} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{l} 8(10)^{k}\right) u(l)$$
 (1)

2) On solving (1), we get

$$\implies S(n) = \left(\frac{8}{81}\right) (10^{n+1} - 9n - 10)$$
 (2)

3) Z transform of general term

$$X(z) = \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{l} 8(10)^{k}\right) u(n) z^{-l}$$
 (3)

$$X(z) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{l} 8(10)^{k}\right) z^{-l}$$
 (4)

$$\implies X(z) = \frac{8}{9} \left(\frac{100z^{-1}}{1 - 10z^{-1}} - \frac{z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1}} \right) \quad |z| > 10$$
(5)