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NCERT Discrete

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Question 10.5.2.8:

An AP consists of 50 terms of which 3^{rd} term is 12 and the last term is 106. Find the 29^{th} term. **Solution:**

Z-transform:

$$\Longrightarrow X(z) = \frac{8 - 6z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} \quad |z| > 1$$
 (12)

Parameter	Value	description
x(2)	12	Third term
x(49)	106	Last term
x(0)		First term
d		Common difference
x(n)	(x(0) + nd)u(n)	general term
TABLE I		

INPUT PARAMETERS

$$\begin{pmatrix} x(2) \\ x(49) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 49 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x(0) \\ d \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 12\\106 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x(0) + 2d\\x(0) + 49d \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

converting to augmented matrix (3)

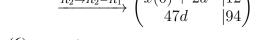
$$= \begin{pmatrix} x(0) + 2d & |12\\ x(0) + 49d & |106 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (4)

$$R_2 \to R_2 - R_1 \tag{5}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \to R_2 - R_1} \begin{pmatrix} x(0) + 2d & |12\\ 47d & |94 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (6)



Fig. 1. graph of the given AP



From (6), we get

$$\Longrightarrow x(0) = 8 \tag{7}$$

$$\implies d = 2$$
 (8)

From the Table I:

$$\implies x(n) = (8+2n)u(n) \tag{9}$$

Finding x(28):

$$x(28) = x(0) + 28(2) \tag{10}$$

$$\implies x(28) = 64 \tag{11}$$

