# NCERT Discrete

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## EE23BTECH11050

### Question 10.5.2.8:

An AP consists of 50 terms of which  $3^{rd}$  term is 12 and the last term is 106. Find the  $29^{th}$  term.

#### Solution:

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
x_3 & x_{50} \\
12 & 106
\end{array}$$

Table 1: Given inputs

General form of  $n^{th}$  term of an AP is

$$x_n = x_0 + nd \tag{1}$$

Where d is the common difference of an AP. Given that  $x_3$  is 12.

$$x_0 + 3d = 12 (2)$$

Given that  $x_{50}$  is 106.

$$x_0 + 50d = 106 \tag{3}$$

By solving equations (2) and (3) we get d = 2 and  $x_0 = 6$ .

From (1), we know that

$$x_{29} = x_0 + 29d \tag{4}$$

By substituting values of  $x_0$  and d in equation (4) we get  $x_{29} = 64$ .