

The spread of globalisation has triggered rise in populism and ~~populist~~ protectionism challenging foundation of global integration

Ans INDIA ie BHARAT, one of oldest Civilization in World. Here Civilization shows society which has own Culture and way of life. Recalling Ancient glory of past. Memories of our Ancient glory. Has Anyone think What kind of society was Harappan Civilization. ?? - The Answer is trade based economy. Evidence of Teracotta, seals found Connection with Iran, China, Egyptian Civilization. It will be very interesting to figure out how these trade Activities happened at that time. Globalization Concept has already embedded in our oldest civic society in form of Trade.

This period continues further. We progressed from ancient past to modern. We all know how British came with Commercial purpose and became ruling hegemony. Their exploitation still echoing in mind of every Indian. On Independence, ~~we~~ India adopted followed socialistic approach although it was Not official. We have already experienced how this Capitalistic approach exploit resource and people created inequality, desparity, poverty.

Now some interesting question intrigues in our mind that -

- ① What is populism and protectionism
- ② How expansion of globalisation gave rise to populism and protectionism
- ③ How protectionism Challenging foundation of global integration

Starting from addressing first question
Rise of populism started with expansion
of globalisation. Populism is political
philosophy that represent or claimed to
represent interest of ordinary people of country.
Economic populism is one of dimension
which start growing where people are
getting aware of economic policies of state
and asking question from government.
This help in economic development of Nation.
Another important
dimension is protectionism. It is one
of deglobalisation ideology which restrict
expansion of globalisation. It is done by
state to protect Local domestic Manufacturer
from foreign Companies.

With expansion of globalisation
starting from ~~early~~ 20th century to present
situation. It gave rise to various restrictive
methodology to mitigate speed of globalisation.
The answer to second question lies in below

Starting from Russian revolution in 1918 era of expansion of communism in world during time, two economy model were started flourishing in early 20th Century ie Capitalist and socialist ideology.

In 1929, there was great depression which shocks Capitalistic market.

Now era of World War II started in 1940s. It gave rise to two bipolar world ie US and USSR. There was fall down of Europe after 1950s. Now question arose Why ~~Europe~~ Europe suddenly started falling down. The reason behind is rise of freedom struggle movement in Colonial territorial.

Also Europe got fragmented into smaller part which deeply affected Market and Economy creating artificial barriers disrupting demand and supply. This barrier created restrictive flow of goods in market and deglobalisation started.

Era of Cold War (1950s to 1990s) began with two power US and USSR. They involved other Countries in proxy war. In Meantime Both have strengthened their economies.

In 1970s Capitalism started saturating and they looked for New Country to trade. Capitalistic market always expand their market and increase reach of product.

e.g: Margret Thatcher (UK PM) and Ronald Reagan (US President) focused on expanding market in Asia region like India, China, Indonesia etc. India having closed economy pull pull out from offer given by UK, US PM. Meanwhile China brought various economic reforms.

Deng Xeng Piaong Chinese President focused on making manufacturing hub. He accepted expansion of expansionist policies of Capitalistic. Deng quoted "Hide Your Strength and Bide your Time" meaning - staying out of spotlight, Not getting attention and working toward goal.

During 1980s Islamisation started. The situation in Middle East countries Iran, Saudi, Afghanistan changed. USA wanted to expand market in Afghanistan. US funded Local population to fight against USSR puppet ruler. By supporting providing arms to people, Capitalist market keep expanding. As result P. USSR ruler threw out and gave rise to many radical Islamist organisation like Taliban. Similarly USA expanded Market in ~~Pakistan~~ Pakistan and Created "Deep State" in Pakistan.

During 1990s with fall of USSR, there was rapid rise of Capitalism. Expert said "It is end of History" and considered last stage of evolution. Famous Francis Fukuyama said end of History is Capitalism and govt will be Liberal democracy.

Culture is identity of Large population of any country. Due to globalisation expansion lead to Cultural homogenisation which will create class of Civilization.

Samuel P Helington quoted that Next war of will for "identity" ie Assumption identity.

eg: Westernisation influence is seen in India and many Asian Countries. Eating habit, lifestyle have evolved. Islamic Recent exit of US from Afghanistan shows Islamic Countries protecting identity and keeping them away from Westernisation.

Now Talking about expansion of Capitalistic Market. The Main purpose of market is profit which focuses on sales Target.

eg of way as Consumerism promote consumption of good and service. It create culture mass Consumption. In some Commodification also treated everything commodity p with purpose buy and sell.

eg: Recent example of Tariff imposed by US on China lead to Trade war. China started dumping good at cheaper rate to other Nation.

US followed protectionist strategy to reduce import of product. Similarly India also imposed an Anti-dumping duty on China in a steel product.

Now our mind is searching answer of third question - How protectionism policy challenging founding of global integration. Starting with concept of "sweat shopping" practice that exploit workers in unsafe and unhealthy condition. It can risk life of workers during early 20th century there were no regulating agencies and workers get exploited. With expansion of market, condition of workers and labourer challenging life.

e.g.: Incident of fire in Kuwait raised question in which 45 Indian workers died raised question of "Kafala System", a system which manage security, safety and regulation of workers.

Another aspect which challenged foundation incident of "platform Capitalism"

It is business Model uses digital platform to connect and facilitate transaction

e.g.: WhatsApp, Facebook Companies largest MNC having large data about ~~users~~ users which can lead to privacy violation

Companies have Monopoly power can use data to give trade benefit to particular MNC

Recent example of Twitter owner Elon Musk spent \$ 274 Million for Donald Trump.

No Doubt Globalisation

has acted as equalisation force for past decade which shifted accumulation of wealth from ~~the~~ Western to China.

India etc. There is famous quote

"Global has become local and local has become global". Connectivity of

people is required in present era.

as 21st Century is era of cooperation

With Multilateral engagement, sustainable and Collective approach. Concept of globalization would be flourished mitigating incidence of populism and protectionism.

The Globalization should be inclusive approach to connect world. India sets example by including African Union in 620 On Tagline of "Vasudha Kutumbakam" All Major power work together and cooperative for development of underdeveloped Nation. so that Sustainable and meaningful human dignity ~~life existed~~ started existing keeping view of SDG Goal of UN to be Achieved by 2030.

Let us pledge to globalize Compassion
Let us pledge to bring peace
Let us pledge to be united.

Q2 future of globalization is being reshaped in multipolar world, driven by growing influence of emerging powers like China and India.

Sol The Term GLOBAZIATION was purely a economical concept. Its impact is also seen in political domain. how the dynamics of geopolitics has changed from bipolar to Multi polar World.

Starting from Russian Revolution in 1918 which led to rise and spread of Communism in global Level. Subsequently A Great depression incident happened in 1929. which Completely Shocked American Stock Market. It raised question on future of Capitalistic economy model.

During 1930s, Many Indian Leaders

JL Nehru, SC Bose, Jay Prakash etc started

advocating Socialistic planned economy.

They advocated socialist economy would be sustainable economy, maintaining equilibrium, and prevent from Market Shocks.

During 1940-50s, period of World War, there was rise of

① free bipolar economic ie US & USSR

② US has recovered gradually from depression and USSR was progressing

A New era of Cold War (1950s - 1990)

Continued, where series of proxy wars by US, USSR was fought in global level.

At some time, China was staying out of series of war and bringing ~~on~~ series of reform in its economy. This

Led to progress of China and transforming it into global Manufacturing hub.

on the other hand, India got independence in mid 1947, 20th Century. Influenced by Socialist ideology India chosen Non Alignment Policy in 1961 in Belgrade Conference along with other countries like Egypt, Indonesia etc. In fact, India had experienced very bad repercussion of joining one party. We adopted middle path and started working towards achieving aspiration of preamble i.e. justice, equality, liberty, fraternity.

In similar way the famous Chinese Dexing Xeng Piaong quote "Hide your Strength and Bide your Time" which implies staying out of spotlight working towards goal. China during 1970s, Saturation Level in Capitalist list took New Country (India, China, Indonesia) to expand market.

Due to availability of cheap labour and less stringent environment regulation there was rapid growth in economic of China. Investment in Chinese economy being brought transformations and reform in political, social and security sector.

Talking about India. It globalized economy in 1991, which created huge rapid growth in every sector. Initially it was mainly focus on economical sector, later expanded to political, geo-strategic, cultural, political dimension

FACTORS RESPONSIBLE FOR RISE OF

INDIA AND CHINA

The world is witnessing Multipolar World with rise of emerging power like India, China, Brazil etc.

India has become 5th largest economy leaning behind UK. Size of economy has been reached to ₹ 3.89 trillion

From globalization period to present, a series of reform and multilateral engagement gave us positive outcome, becoming 4th largest stock Market, one of highest FDI source. Jumping to political domain, Now entire global Community consider India as major stakeholder. eg: Recently Russian president had proposed name of India for solving dispute between Russia-Ukraine War. India also suggested two state theory for peaceful resolution of Israel-Palestine. It had good relation with both Israel-Palestine. In South Asia India is largest economy. The Nations considered India as Voice of global South at global platform.

In environmental dimension we are working day and night. India passed Japan in installed capacity of solar power energy production, which aligns with our commitment to achieve goal of Net zero Carbon emission by 2070.

बि. लो. से. आ.

B.P.S.C

Target to reduce emission by 45% below by 2020. Global Biofuel Alliance launched under leadership of India's aim to promote sustainable development. Almost 119 Nation has become part of International Solar Alliance which was initiative of India. This shows India's leadership in climate sector.

Similarly China has become world largest producer of renewable energy. It produce almost double unit of India. China and India both have emerged as strongest Contender in multipolar World.

None shifting our focus to Military domain, ~~expending~~ expenditure of China on Military is almost three time of India. Both have Nuclear Warfare, Submarine, Missile. Expansion policy of China threatening security and peace of Indian ocean. Using Anaconda Strategy, China pressurised and threatening sovereignty of South Asian countries.

Nation like Philippines, Vietnam, Taiwan
see India as their counterpart to China
Recent Bay of Brahmos Missile by Philippines
shows that, India has becoming exporting
hub of military equipment

QUAD agreement between
India, Japan, Australia, US unifies to
secure safe and free Indo Pacific Region
Many expert said it is group to counter
counter increasing influence of China in global
China Called QUAD ^{as} "ASIAN NATO"
and accused US interference in region.

India and China were
founding Members of BRICS. They thought
of establishing a new Development Bank
whose function will be similar to
World Bank and IMF. These institutions
are dominated by Western Countries.

Both China and India has becoming
powerhouse in world from Asia.

In Space sector India is leading by example. The success rate of ISRO is higher than other space agencies. Achievement of ISRO marked it placed it above Launch of 104 satellite in single Mission of different Country's satellite. India is first country to successfully enter Mars orbit on 1st attempt. Recent Recent success of Chandrayaan 3 have attracted young mind to collaborate. Private Companies like Skyroot, Agniyaan participation bring innovation and efficiency to Indian space programme. The future of Indian space programme is scheduled with series of event of Gaganyaan, Shukrayaan. India aim to have own space station by 2028. Similarly China has also excelled in space. It has own Tiangong space station.

Recently it become first Nation to bring back soil from dark side of Moon

China and India have shown their Capability to world. Both Nation

have their own GPS ie Beidou

and NAVIC which - Shift dependency on US for global positioning Mapping

The present global situation is very Tensed, creating multipolar world. Taliban back in power forced American forces to withdraw from Afghanistan. We all know funding of US in Afghanistan during 1980s against USSR gave rise to Islamisation which created Radicalist Terrorist and organisation. China became 1st to recognise Taliban. It had close relation with Taliban. Can play role in restoring peace and development

The Middle East has remains serious conflict region from starting. Sanction of US on Iran had put restriction on trade with Iran. Western & some European Countries had used region for battle battleground. By this, they will supply arm & ammunition which would result in boost their economy.

No one is permanent enemy, and No one is permanent friend in geopolitics. It is ~~one~~ Nation's interest which Every Country keep in mind while maintaining diplomatic ties. 21st Century is Not an Era of War. Multipolarity is good thing until it works for peace and humanity. If assure that power does not remain in single hand. World see India as balancing power between East and West.

Multipolarity should be compared with separation of power as given in our Constitution where each entity maintains check and balance, so that no one breach its ~~the~~ limit boundary. Similarly rising of many powers is positive consequence of globalisation where each parties collaborate together to promote sustainable and inclusive approach for peace and human existence.

keeping idea of Vasudha Kutumbakum,
ie one Earth one family one future

- "Let us pledge to work together for humanity
- Let us pledge to enhance cooperation
- Let us pledge to stop war
- Let us pledge to promote sustainability.

Q3

Globalization has proven to both a boon and bane for developing Nation offering opportunities for growth while exposing to New Challenge

Sol

Every Coin has two sides Showing two perspectives to any situation. Similarly globalization has both positive and negative effect on any Nation. These sides of effect can be more or less depending on strategy and planning of Country.

Our Father of Nation, Mahatma Gandhi went to South Africa, to fight Case of dada Abdulrah. The humiliation of race discrimination changed his approach, purpose and working style. Gandhi learned art of Civil Disobedience from work of author "Henry David Thoreau". He also inspired by writings of John Ruskin and Leo Tolstoy. He started his experiment of Satyagraha in South Africa. He

The work his first Satyagraha was against Transvaal Asiatic ~~and~~ Finance. He set up Phoenix and Tolstoy farm. But at some time, Gandhiji was attacked by Mob during his visit to Durban. A guy named Mir Alam Khan brutally killed him. which ~~out~~ almost felt like death. During stay in South Africa, Gandhiji struggled against British for discriminatory law and rule. Gandhiji founded Indian Ambulance Corps & made recruitment of Indian Volunteer and helping English in war. Gandhiji hoped to help British in hoping of with hope of returning better condition for Indians.

This shows that everything comprise of two perspective, which differ in meaning.

Globalisation having ample of opportunities to a developing Nation with some challenges.

During 1990s, LPG reform is adopted which invited private entities to invest in for investment. Some restriction were also lifted to facilitate easier movement. It brought investment in form of FDI, technology, facilities. Our Economy starts recovering and forex reserve increasing. It created employment opportunities in various sectors.

At some time IMF had put some restriction and implication before giving financial aid. It asked to devalue currency, interest rate increased, various challenging reform in taxation and public enterprises.

We shared long border with Bangladesh. Bangladesh is one of largest trading partner in South Asia. There are many areas of cooperation (railway line link project, Electricity supply to Bangladesh). India also operating terminal at Mongla port.

But at same time there are security challenges along borders. Illegal migration of Bangladesh is ~~the~~ serious concern for India. Turmoil happened in Bangladesh after Sheikh Hasina leaving country. India gave shelter to her on ~~but~~ good having good past relation. After this Negative sentiment spread in mind of Bangladeshi against India. Communal Tension situation started rising. India has committed to protect its minority and working with Bangladesh through ~~di~~ multiple dialogue. on going to ^{Northern} eastern side of Bihar have Nepal. We have old ~~to~~ traditional and cultural link from (Roti Beti Ko Rishtha) rooted in Treaty of Peace and Friendship. The relation of Nepal with India changed changes with ~~ruling~~ party government in Nepal.

Export of electricity from Nepal via

Muzaffarpur supplies Connectivity to India

There are many joint project of India-Nepal working hydropower. Apart from Cooperation

There were challenges also. Dispute of

Territories Kalapani, Lipulekh in Uttarakhand Nepal has shown these Territories in its Currency Note which surge stress in relation

Both Countries are engaging themselves in solving dispute.

Now a days importance of ~~soft~~ Soft power has emerged.

India through its Cultural, religious ethos connected with global world

Mahakumb 2025 had connected not only

from India, but also from Various Countries like Italy, Russia, America,

Europe etc. This global Connect

with India shows spiritual and pietyness. Spread of Yoga in

World shows acceptance and influence of India on global platform. Celebration of Diwali in diff Countries have linked to global Community. Talking About Indian diaspora in Gulf Countries, America, Europe & have played important role in maintaining & feeling of Indian on various soil. Their representation in foreign Countries shed influence on relation between Two Nation. eg: Influence of Indian Voter in US election is seen in recent presidential election. But some challenges like Tarif barrier, subsidies are seen between European and India. Recently European Union & US has gone to WTO against India on subsidies and export restriction. India is committed to solve trade & dispute interest of farmer in view. Keeping Multination Companies work for profit which exploit resource of area may have serious environmental impact eg: deforestation, green house gas emission.

In industrial sector, Companies opened factories and employed Labourers. This would give income opportunities to jobless people. There will be increased in living standard. But at some time, Workers and Labourer may get exploited, putting their life on risk which can have adverse effect on their life. Art 24

Prohibit Employment of Children under 14 in hazardous job. Also in DPST
under Art 43, Safe Working Condition.

Govt has brought Labour Codes, Workers protection Bill to safeguard their interest

Capitalistic Economy always look for expanding market. They when Market get Saturated They look for New Place to earn profit.

Sometimes It can lead to wealth Concentration where a small Number of people have disproportionate Amount of wealth

Q) Now shifting focus to political domain
India's NAM policy allowed to Maintain
good diplomatic relation with majority
countries in World. Recent Conduct of
Cop 20=2023 where ¹⁷⁶ delegate of 176 Countries
participated witnessing growing
influence of India on international Matter.
India is only Member who has joined
BRICS and QUAD. It shows strong
diplomacy and independent diplomacy.
Many a time America and Russia
criticise India for being everywhere. This
can be challenged for India to which
raised question in mind of Countries
about India's stand and clarity.

The concept of fintech
evolution has emerged with Globalisation.
With ~~the~~ revolution of Internet, all Countries
Global Village concept has developed which makes
~~the~~ easiest and fastest mean to share
photos, video, information, message worldwide.

बि. लो. से. आ.

Launch of UPI has Completely changes dynamics. India recorded highest digital transaction. From Businessman to Vegetable seller using UPI. This shown advancement, safety and security in Technology. India is sharing UPI tech with South Asian, UAE, etc even France became first European Country to adopt UPI. Silicon Silicon Valley of India Bengaluru is known for IT and Software product and service.

With advancement in Technology some risk factors existed. Issue of deepfakes, do's digital arrest have increased. Fraud Spam Call from Pakistan, Myanmar. Cambodia have become hub for Philippines. Almost Number of Indians Cyber Crime. Almost Number of Indians have fall in trap of culprit in name of job. Govt has brought Data Digital Personal Data protection Act to protect privacy. India also participated in AI summit 2023.

This technology has also brought reform in space sector. Now ISRO is collaborating with various Space agencies & for joint Mission. LUPEX Mission of ISRO and JAXA. India has joined Artemis Accord which promote Cooperation and understanding between Nations for future upcoming project. But The projects longer time to be completed. Due to various hurdle, ISRO is not facing related to Budgetary and cost, less private participation. Government regulation. There is high time to increase budget for space program Incentive to private Companies increase participation and regular Science (space) related exhibition in college, university level would boost Space economy.

Globalization has broader Concept which carries both good and bad effect.

It can increase Competition, but can also increase inequality

It can promote economic growth, promote wealth concentration can also ~~damage environment~~

It can expand inclusivity of Market can also lead to Cultural homogenization

It can spread Technology can also bring job loss

From above, It is very conclusive that It has both good and bad effect. It depends on our approach, planning how we balanced maintain balance between globalization and protectionism. With keeping view of Vikasit Bharat 2047,

let us pledge to globalize humanity

let us pledge to globalize peace

let us pledge to globalize sustainability

