

**EE403**

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M S RAMAIAH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE, AFFILIATED TO VTU)

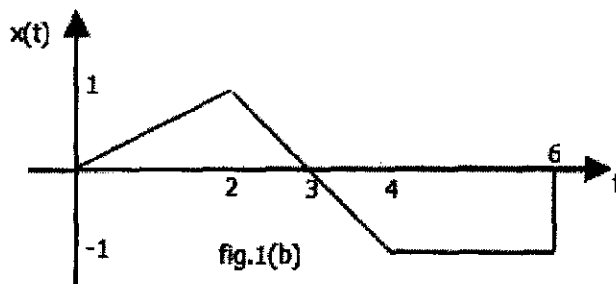
BANGALORE - 560 054

SEMESTER END EXAMINATIONS - JUNE 2015Course & Branch : **B.E.- Electrical & Electronics Engg.**Semester : **IV**Subject : **Signals and Systems**Max. Marks : **100**Subject Code : **EE403**Duration : **3 Hrs****Instructions to the Candidates:**

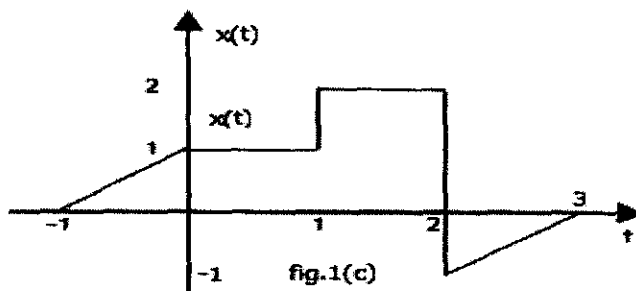
- Answer one full question from each unit.
- Assume suitably any missed data

UNIT - I

1. a) Explain these terms (i) even and odd signals (ii) invertible and inverse system (06)
With Suitable examples.
- b) Is the signal shown in fig.1(b) is power or energy signal? Give reasons for (08)
your answer and further determine its energy and power.



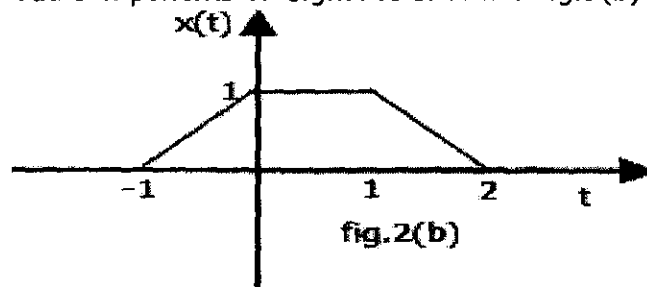
- c) The signal $x(t)$ as shown in fig.1(c) Sketch the followings (06)
(i) $x(2t+1)$ (ii) $x(t)u(t-1)$ (iii) $x(-t+2)$.



2. a) Determine whether the following signals are periodic (05)
(i) $\cos^2(\pi/4)$
(ii) $3\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) + 4\sin\left(\frac{3\pi t}{4}\right)$. If periodic, find the fundamental period.



- b) Find even and odd components of signal as shown in fig.2(b) (06)



- c) Determine whether the following systems are linear, time invariant and stable (09)

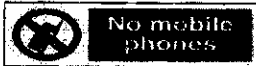
(i) $y(n) = \sum_{k=-n-n_0}^{n+n_0} x(k)$ (ii) $y(t) = x(2t) + 5$

UNIT - II

3. a) Express the relation between step response and impulse response of the Continuous Time system. (04)
- b) If $x(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ and $h(t) = \delta(t-1) + 0.5\delta(t-2)$, perform the convolution $x(t)$ and $h(t)$. Also draw the convolved signal. (06)
- c) Compute the convolution of the following signals (10)
 $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$ and $h(n) = \beta^n u(n)$ where $\alpha \neq \beta$.
4. a) Check whether the following system are causal and stable. (06)
 (i) $h(t) = e^t u(-1-t)$ (ii) $h(n) = a^{|n|}$
- b) Explain the following properties of LTI system (05)
 (i) LTI system with and without memory (ii) Invertibility of LTI system.
- c) Evaluate the response of a system if input to the system with impulse response $h(t) = u(t) + u(t-1) - 2u(t-2)$ is $[u(t-1) - u(t-4)]$. (09)

UNIT - III

5. a) Draw the Direct form I and II structure of the system represented by the following difference equation (06)
 $y(n) = -y(n-1) + 0.2y(n-2) + x(n) + 0.4x(n-1)$.
- b) Solve the difference equation $y(n) + 3y(n-1) + 2y(n-2) = x(n)$, assume that the system is initially relaxed, for $x(n) = u(n)$. (08)
- c) Explain these terms (i) sampling and (ii) quantization. (06)
6. a) A system is described by the differential equation $\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + \omega_0^2 y(t) = x(t)$ with initial conditions are zero. Find the impulse response of the system. (07)
- b) Obtain the natural response of a system described by the difference equation (06)
 $y(n) + \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = 0$ with $y(0) = 1$ and $y(-1) = 6$



- c) Consider an analog signal $x_a(t) = \sin(480\pi t) + 3\cos(720\pi t)$ (i) determine the Nyquist sampling rate for $x_a(t)$? (06)
(ii) what is the discrete time signal $x(n)$ if the signal is sampled at 600Hz?
(iii) if the signal $x(n)$ is converted back to analog what is reconstructed signal?

UNIT - IV

7. a) Obtain the DTFT of the sequence $n\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$. (05)
b) State and prove the following properties of DTFS (i) Parseval's (ii) duality. (08)
c) Evaluate and sketch the magnitude and phase spectra of the signal $x(n) = (-1)^n$ for $-\infty < n < \infty$. (07)
8. a) A discrete time system has impulse response $h(n) = 0.5\delta(n) + 0.3\delta(n-1) - 0.5\delta(n-2)$. Find the frequency response of the system. (04)
b) State and prove the following properties of DTFT (i) frequency differentiation (ii) modulation. (08)
c) Evaluate the DTFT of the signal $x(n) = (0.5)^n u(n-4)$ and hence draw the magnitude and phase spectra. (08)

UNIT - V

9. a) State and prove the following properties of Z-transform (i) scaling and (ii) convolution in time. (08)
b) Find the Z-transform of $x(n) = \frac{1}{n}(-a)^n u(-n-1)$ using properties of Z-transform. (07)
c) Consider a stable and causal system defined by $y(n) + \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = -2x(n) + \frac{5}{4}x(n-1)$. Find the impulse response of the system. (05)
- 10 a) Solve the difference equation $y(n) - 0.9y(n-1) = x(n)$ with $x(n) = u(n)$ and $y(-1) = 2$ using unilateral Z-transform. (06)
b) Consider the two signals $x_1(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} u(n+1)$ and $x_2(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$ perform the convolution of $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$ using Bilateral Z-Transform. (08)
c) Suppose $X(z)$ is given by $X(z) = \frac{z(z^2 - 4z + 5)}{(z-3)(z-2)(z-1)}$ find $x(n)$ for the ROC $2 < |z| < 1$. (06)
