**Network Troubleshooting Guideline:**

Network troubleshooting involves systematically identifying, diagnosing, and resolving issues within a computer network, ensuring devices can communicate effectively, minimizing downtime, and addressing security breaches.

Here's a breakdown of key aspects and techniques:

1. Identifying the Problem:

* **Gather Information:** Collect details about the issue, including symptoms, affected users or devices, and any recent changes.
* **Define the Scope:** Determine the extent of the problem and its impact.
* **Check for Outages:** Use tools like Downdetector or contact your ISP to see if there's a widespread outage.

2. **Steps of Network troubleshooting**:

* **Check Google, Google map, Google news are opening in browser**
* **Use Network Configuration Commands:**
  + ipconfig (Windows) or ifconfig (Unix-based systems) to display network configuration.
  + netstat to show active network connections.
* **Restart Router:**
  + ping to test reachability to a specific device.
* **Check Physical Connections:** Ensure cables and hardware are properly connected and functional.
* **DNS Troubleshooting:**
  + Verify DNS settings and resolve issues related to domain name resolution.
  + Clear DNS cache using ipconfig /flushdns (Windows) or sudo systemd-resolve --flush-caches (Linux).
* **Speedtest.net:** Test your local network upload/download speeds.
* **Network Protocol Troubleshooting:** Understand and troubleshoot issues related to network protocols like TCP/IP.
* **Network Troubleshooting Applications:** Utilize specialized software tools for network monitoring and analysis.
* **Review Database Logs:** Examine logs for clues about network issues.

3. Network Troubleshooting Methodology:

* **Systematic Approach:** Follow a structured process for identifying and resolving problems.
* **Isolate the Problem:** Focus on the specific area or component causing the issue.
* **Document Findings:** Keep records of the troubleshooting steps and solutions.
* **Minimizing Downtime:** Implement solutions quickly to reduce disruption to network users.
* **Security Breaches:** Network troubleshooting can also be used to identify and address security threats.

4. Importance of Network Troubleshooting:

* **Ensures Network Functionality:** Maintains smooth communication and connectivity.
* **Minimizes Downtime:** Reduces disruptions to network users.
* **Improves Network Performance:** Identifies and resolves issues that impact speed and efficiency.
* **Enhances Security:** Helps detect and address potential security vulnerabilities.