

MedMate

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Github 🖸



INTRODUCTION

Inventory management is critical to any pharmaceutical business, particularly for non-moving and short-expiry drugs. It is essential to keep track of expiration dates and ensure that products are used or disposed of appropriately. Proper inventory management can help prevent losses due to expired or damaged products and ensure sufficient stock is available to meet customer demand.

Medmate is a platform designed to help pharmacists streamline these processes and improve the efficiency of their operations. By providing a centralized database of available drugs, customers, manufacturers, and delivery partners, Medmate can help pharmacies keep track of their inventory, manage medical records, and ensure that customers receive the medications they need promptly and efficiently.

Medmate can help pharmaceutical companies improve their inventory management, enhance customer service, and streamline their operations, ultimately leading to improved outcomes for both the company and its customers.

STAKEHOLDERS

CUSTOMERS

Medmate's customers are the primary users interacting with the platform's database. They have the freedom to browse the available medicines, add them to their cart, and place orders for delivery. Furthermore, customers can view medicines from specific drug manufacturers and access detailed product information before purchasing.

EMPLOYEES

Through Medmate, employees can easily access information about the medicines available within the company, including details about the drug manufacturers that supply them, information about delivery partners, and records of orders placed. Medmate provides a platform for employees to monitor their monthly sales and track their performance.

DRUG MANUFACTURERS & DELIVERY PARTNER

In addition, Medmate's delivery partners and drug manufacturers are also crucial stakeholders. These organizations rely on the platform to access information about orders and inventory, communicate with customers and pharmacies, and track their own performance and sales.

FUNCTIONALITIES AND WORKING

We have made two interfaces for the users, one for customers and one for employees

CUSTOMER INTERFACE

Customers first get an option to log-in to their existing accounts or create a new account by signing up. After they log-in to their accounts, they get a range of options to choose from:

- 1. Buy Medicines
- 2. View all medicines available
- 3. View Medicines by a specific Drug Manufacturer
- 4. View Cart
- 5. Remove medicines from cart or Update quantities
- 6. Proceed to Checkout

EMPLOYEE INTERFACE

Employees have access to perform special tasks like adding a new medicine to the stock etc. They first log into their accounts and then can choose from the following set of options:

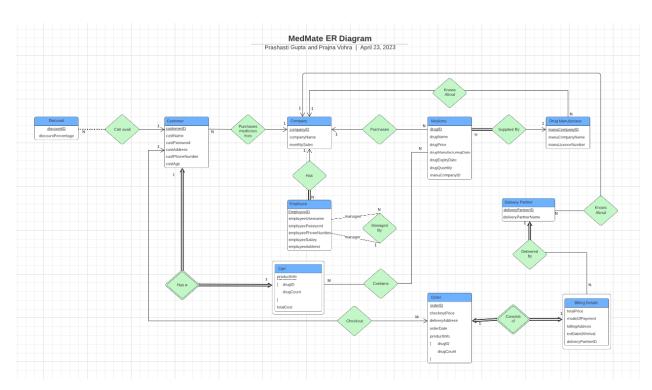
- 1. Add new medicines to stock
- 2. Delete a medicine from stock
- 3. Increase the quantity of medicine in stock
- 4. View all medicines and their details
- 5. View medicines sold by a particular drug manufacturer
- 6. Display the customer details of those who bought drugs from a particular company
- 7. Display records of all employees
- 8. View all orders
- 9. View orders between given dates
- 10. Get total sales of branch
- 11. Show details of delivery partners

RELATIONAL SCHEMA

MEDMATE RELATIONSHIP SCHEMA



ENTITY RELATIONSHIP SCHEMA



ENTITIES, ATTRIBUTES & SCHEMA

1) Company:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
companyID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
companyName	varchar(255)	NO	UNI	NULL	
monthlySales	Int	NO		NULL	

Constraints: `salesCheck` CHECK ((`monthlySales` >= 0))

2) Customer:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
-------	------	------	-----	---------	-------

customerID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
custName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
custPassword	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
custAddress	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
custPhoneNumber	bigint	NO	UNI	NULL	
custAge	int	YES		NULL	

Constraints: `ageCheck` CHECK ((`custAge` >= 13)),

`numberConstraint` CHECK ((`custPhoneNumber` > 0))

3) Customer:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
manuCompanyID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
manuCompanyName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
manuLicenseNumber	bigint	NO		NULL	

Constraints: `ageCheck` CHECK ((`custAge` >= 13)),

4) Medicine:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
drugID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
drugName	varchar(255)	NO	UNI	NULL	
drugPrice	int	NO		NULL	
drugManufacturingDa te	date	NO		NULL	
drugExpiryDate	date	NO		NULL	
drugQuantity	int	YES		NULL	
drugCompanyID	Int	YES	MUL	NULL	

5) Delivery Partner:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
deliveryPartnerID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
deliveryPartnerName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	

6) Drug Manufacturer:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
manuCompanyID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
manuCompanyName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
manuLicenceNumber	bigint	NO		NULL	

7) Order Details:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
orderID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
checkoutPrice	int	NO		NULL	
deliveryAddress	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
orderDate	date	NO		NULL	
drugCount	int	NO		NULL	
orderDrugID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	

8) Product Information:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
cartCustomerID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
cartDrugID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
cartDrugQuantity	int	NO	PRI	NULL	

9) Cart:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
cartCustomerID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
totalCost	int	YES		NULL	

Constraints: `ageCheck` CHECK ((`custAge` >= 13)),

10) Billing Details:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
medicineOrderID	int	NO	MUL	NULL	
totalPrice	int	NO		NULL	
modeOfPayment	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
billingAddress	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	

Constraints: `ageCheck` CHECK ((`custAge` >= 13)),

11) Contains:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
medID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
custID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	

12) Billing Details:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
discountID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
discountPercentage	int	NO		NULL	

Constraints: `ageCheck` CHECK ((`custAge` >= 13)),

SQL QUERIES

DIVERSE QUERIES

1. Display customer names and their cart's total cost who are eligible for a discount (with total cart cost greater than 5000)

SELECT customer.custName AS "Customers Eligible for Discount", cart.totalCost AS "Cart Cost (Rs)"FROM customer

INNER JOIN cart ON cart.cartCustomerID=customer.customerID

WHERE cart.totalCost>5000

ORDER BY cart.totalCost DESC;

2. Count number of orders with mode of payment as COD/UPI/Card

SELECT modeOfPayment as "Mode of Payment", count(*) "Number Of Orders" FROM billingdetails

GROUP BY modeOfPayment;

3. Find all the drugs manufactured by a given Drug Manufacturer (example: for drug manufacturer name = "Oxygen")

SELECT medicine.drugID, medicine.drugName,

drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName

FROM medicine

INNER JOIN drugManufacturer

ON drugManufacturer.manuCompanyID=medicine.drugCompanyID

WHERE drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName="Oxygen";

4. Update the stock: Remove a particular batch of drugs if it has expired

DELETE FROM medicine

WHERE drugExpiryDate<CURDATE();

5. Rank the manufactured by each company on the basis of their Manufacturing Dates

SELECT drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName, medicine.drugID, medicine.drugName, dense rank()

OVER

(PARTITION BY drugCompanyID ORDER BY drugManufacturingDate) AS "Rank of Medicine"

FROM medicine INNER JOIN drugManufacturer

ON drugManufacturer.manuCompanyID=medicine.drugCompanyID order by drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName;

6. Display the average total cost of each cart

SELECT AVG(totalCost)

FROM cart;

7. Display the medicines which have less than 10 units in stock

DROP VIEW if exists medicinesgoingoutofstock;

CREATE VIEW medicinesGoingOutOfStock

AS SELECT medicine.drugName

FROM medicine

WHERE drugQuantity<10;

8. Increase the salaries of employees who are managers

UPDATE employee

SET employeeSalary = employeeSalary * 1.2

WHERE managerID=1;

9. Display names of customers who have a given drug in their cart

SELECT customer.custName, productinfo.cartDrugID

FROM productinfo

INNER JOIN customer ON productinfo.cartCustomerID= customer.customerID

WHERE productinfo.cartDrugID=23

OR productinfo.cartDrugID=45;

10. Display all customers who bought a medicine manufactured by a given drug manufacturer

SELECT customer.customerID, customer.custName, medicine.drugID,

drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName

FROM (((customer

INNER JOIN productinfo ON customer.customerID=productInfo.cartCustomerID)

INNER JOIN medicine on productInfo.cartDrugID=medicine.drugID)

INNER join drugManufacturer ON

drugManufacturer.manuCompanyID=medicine.drugCompanyID)

WHERE drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName="Antiseptic";

11. Display total sum of prices of all drugs sold by a drug manufacturer

SELECT medicine.drugCompanyID, sum(medicine.drugPrice)

FROM (medicine INNER JOIN orderdetails ON medicine.drugID=orderdetails.orderDrugID) GROUP BY medicine.drugCompanyID;

12. Display all orders with their drug names and drug manufacturer names

SELECT DISTINCT orderdetails.orderDrugID, medicine.drugName, drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName FROM (drugmanufacturer INNER JOIN (orderdetails INNER JOIN medicine)) WHERE orderdetails.orderDrugID=medicine.drugID AND medicine.drugCompanyID=drugManufacturer.manucompanyID;

RELATIONAL QUERIES

1. UNION

SELECT manuCompanyName from drugManufacturer UNION ALL SELECT drugCompanyID from medicine;

2. PROJECTION

SELECT drugID, drugName, drugManufacturingDate, drugExpiryDate FROM medicine WHERE drugName="Salicylic Acid";

3. INTERSECTION

SELECT drugID, drugName, drugPrice
FROM medicine left join orderdetails
ON medicine.drugID=orderdetails.orderDrugID
INTERSECT
SELECT drugID, drugName, drugPrice
FROM medicine right join orderdetails
ON medicine.drugID=orderdetails.orderDrugID;

4. SET DIFFERENCE

SELECT customerID
FROM customer cust
WHERE not exists
(SELECT null
FROM contains cont

WHERE (cust.customerID=cont.custID OR cust.customerID is null and cont.custID is null));

5. CARTESIAN PRODUCT

SELECT companyName, drugName FROM company, medicine;

CONSTRAINTS

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT

1. CART

SELECT TABLE_NAME,COLUMN_NAME,CONSTRAINT_NAME,
REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME,REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
FROM
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.KEY_COLUMN_USAGE
WHERE
REFERENCED_TABLE_SCHEMA = 'medmate' AND
REFERENCED TABLE NAME = 'cart';

TABLE_NAME COLUM	IN_NAME CONSTRAINT_	NAME REFERENCED_1	TABLE_NAME REFERENCE	D_COLUMN_NAME
productinfo cart(CustomerID productinfo	_ibfk_1 cart	cartCusto	

2. MEDICINE

SELECT TABLE_NAME,COLUMN_NAME,CONSTRAINT_NAME,
REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME,REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
FROM
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.KEY_COLUMN_USAGE
WHERE
REFERENCED_TABLE_SCHEMA = 'medmate' AND
REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME = 'medicine';

TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	CONSTRAINT_NAME	REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME	REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
		contains_ibfk_1 orderdetails_ibfk_1		drugID drugID

3. DRUG MANUFACTURER

SELECT TABLE_NAME,COLUMN_NAME,CONSTRAINT_NAME, REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME,REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME FROM

INFORMATION_SCHEMA.KEY_COLUMN_USAGE

WHERE

REFERENCED_TABLE_SCHEMA = 'medmate' AND

REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME = 'drugmanufacturer';

. –	 . – .		REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
•	 medicine_ibfk_1	drugmanufacturer	manuCompanyID

4. CUSTOMER

SELECT TABLE_NAME,COLUMN_NAME,CONSTRAINT_NAME, REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME,REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME FROM

INFORMATION_SCHEMA.KEY_COLUMN_USAGE

WHERE

REFERENCED_TABLE_SCHEMA = 'medmate' AND

REFERENCED TABLE NAME = 'customer';

+ TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	CONSTRAINT_NAME	REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME	REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
contains	custID	contains_ibfk_2	customer	customerID
cart	cartCustomerID	cart_ibfk_1	customer	customerID

5. ORDER DETAILS

SELECT TABLE_NAME,COLUMN_NAME,CONSTRAINT_NAME, REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME,REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME FROM

INFORMATION_SCHEMA.KEY_COLUMN_USAGE

WHFRF

REFERENCED TABLE SCHEMA = 'medmate' AND

REFERENCED TABLE NAME = 'orderdetails';

TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	CONSTRAINT_NAME	REFERENCED_TABLE_NAME	REFERENCED_COLUMN_NAME
billingdetails	medicineOrderID	billingdetails_ibfk_1	orderdetails	orderID

OTHER CONSTRAINTS USING DESC COMMAND

1. BILLING DETAILS

+ Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
medicineOrderID totalPrice modeOfPayment billingAddress	int int varchar(255) varchar(255)	NO	MUL	NULL NULL NULL NULL	

2. CART

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
cartCustomerID totalCost	int int			NULL NULL	

3. COMPANY

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
	int varchar(255) int	NO NO NO	PRI UNI	NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

4. CONTAINS

Field	Туре	Null	Key	+ Default	Extra
medID custID				NULL	

5. CUSTOMER

Field	+ Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
customerID custName custPassword custAddress custPhoneNumber custAge	int varchar(255) varchar(255) varchar(255) bigint int	NO	PRI UNI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

6. DELIVERY PARTNER

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
deliveryPartnerID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
deliveryPartnerName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	

7. DISCOUNT

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
discountID discountPercentage isApplicable discountExpiryDate	int	NO NO NO NO	PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

8. DRUG MANUFACTURER

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
manuCompanyID manuCompanyName manuLicenseNumber	int varchar(255) bigint		PRI	NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

9. EMPLOYEE

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
employeeID employeeUsername employeePassword employeePhoneNumber employeeSalary employeeAddress managerID	int varchar(255) varchar(255) bigint int varchar(255) int	NO NO NO NO NO NO	PRI UNI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

10. MEDICINE

Field	+ Type	Null	Key	Default	+ Extra
drugID drugName drugPrice drugManufacturingDate drugExpiryDate drugQuantity drugCompanyID	int varchar(750) int date date int int	NO NO NO NO NO YES YES	PRI UNI MUL	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

11. ORDER DETAILS

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
orderID checkoutPrice deliveryAddress orderDate drugCount orderDrugID	int int varchar(255) date int int	NO NO NO NO NO YES	PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	auto_increment

12. PRODUCT INFO

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
cartCustomerID cartDrugID cartDrugQuantity	int int int	NO	!	NULL NULL NULL	

CONSTRAINTS FOR EACH TABLE

1. medicine

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='billingdetails';

2. cart

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='cart';

3. company

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='company';

4. contains

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='contains';

5. customer

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints

WHERE table_name='customer';

6. deliverypartner

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='deliverypartner';

7. discount

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='discount';

8. drugmanufacturer

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='drugmanufacturer';

9. employee

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='employee';

10. medicine

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='medicine';

11. orderdetails

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='orderdetails';

12. productinfo

SELECT TABLE_NAME, CONSTRAINT_TYPE, CONSTRAINT_NAME FROM information_schema.table_constraints WHERE table_name='productinfo';

OLAP QUERIES

- SELECT drugExpiryDate, drugName, drugID, max(drugQuantity)
 FROM medicine
 GROUP BY drugExpiryDate, drugName, drugID WITH ROLLUP
 ORDER BY GROUPING(drugExpiryDate) DESC;
- 2. SELECT drugName, drugCompanyID, drugID, max(drugQuantity) FROM medicine GROUP BY drugName, drugCompanyID, drugID WITH ROLLUP;

- 3. SELECT orderID, orderDrugID, drugCount, orderDate, max(checkoutPrice) FROM orderdetails
 - GROUP BY orderID, orderDrugID, drugCount, orderDate WITH ROLLUP;
- 4. SELECT drugCompanyID, drugID, drugName, max(drugPrice) FROM medicine GROUP BY drugCompanyID, drugID, drugName WITH ROLLUP;

TRIGGER QUERIES

1) This trigger shows a message to the pharmacy when the quantity of a drug goes below 10 so that the pharmacy can order more drugs and re-stock.

```
CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' TRIGGER 'medicine_BEFORE_UPDATE' BEFORE
UPDATE ON 'medicine' FOR EACH ROW BEGIN

if NEW.drugQuantity<10 then

SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000' SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Drug Quantity low';

end if;

END
```

2) This trigger adds data to the billingdetails table as soon as and order is placed. When an order is placed, a row is inserted with the required data in the orderdetails table and then automatically, using this trigger, the same row is entered into the billingdetails table with the mode of payment as an empty string ''.

CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `orderdetails_AFTER_INSERT` AFTER INSERT ON `orderdetails` FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO billingdetails (medicineOrderID, totalPrice, modeOfPayment, billingAddress)

VALUES (NEW.orderID, NEW.checkoutPrice, ", NEW.deliveryAddress);

END

3) This trigger creates an empty cart for a user when the user makes a new account, ie, signs up. Hence, once a record is inserted in the 'customer' table, a new row would also be created in the 'cart' table with the same customer ID with the total cost of the cart as 0.

CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `customer_AFTER_INSERT` AFTER INSERT ON `customer` FOR EACH ROW BEGIN

INSERT INTO cart (cartCustomerID, totalCost) VALUES (NEW.customerID,0);

END

EMBEDDED SQL QUERIES and OLAP QUERIES

```
import mysql.connector
mydb=mysql.connector.connect(host = "localhost", user = "root",
passwd = "12345")
mycur=mydb.cursor()
mycur.execute("USE medmate")
#Helper function to find maximum length of column needed for display
def find max col length(recs, col index, col name):
   \max col length = 0
    for record in recs:
        curr length = len(str(record[col index]))
        if curr length > max col length:
            max col length = curr length
    return max(max col length, len(col name))
```

```
def display table(recs, table desciption):
   widths = []
   columns = []
   boundary = '|'
   separator = '+'
   index = 0
    for cd in table desciption:
        widths.append(find max col length(recs, index, cd[0]))
        columns.append(cd[0])
        index+=1
    for w in widths:
        boundary += " %-"+"%ss |" % (w,)
        separator += '-'*w + '--+'
   print(separator)
   print(boundary % tuple(columns))
   print(separator)
    for row in recs:
        print(boundary % row)
   print(separator)
def embedded query1 (companyID):
drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName
```

```
FROM medicine
   WHERE drugManufacturer.manuCompanyID='''+companyID
   mycur.execute(st)
    recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
        print("No records found")
        print("Displaying all drugs sold by drug manufacturer with
ID="+companyID +": ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def embedded query2(companyID):
    st='''SELECT customer.customerID, customer.custName,
medicine.drugID, drugManufacturer.manuCompanyName
    FROM (((customer
    INNER JOIN productinfo ON
   WHERE drugManufacturer.manuCompanyID='''+companyID
   mycur.execute(st)
    recs=mycur.fetchall()
    if len(recs) == 0:
        print("No records found")
```

```
else:
       print("Displaying results of query 2: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def show medicines():
    st="Select * from medicine"
   mycur.execute(st)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
        print("Displaying records of all medicines: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def manager query1():
   st="SELECT * from employee"
   mycur.execute(st)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
        print("Displaying records of employees: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def check manager(id):
    st="SELECT managerID from employee where employeeID="+id
```

```
mycur.execute(st)
    recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) ==0:
        print("No records found")
       return False
    for i in recs:
       if i[0]==1:
           return True
        else:
            print("You do not have access")
            return False
    return False
def olap1():
   st='''SELECT drugExpiryDate, drugName, drugID, max(drugQuantity)
    FROM medicine
   mycur.execute(st)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
       print("Displaying results of olap query 1: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def olap2():
```

```
st='''SELECT drugName, drugCompanyID, drugID, max(drugQuantity)
    FROM medicine
   mycur.execute(st)
    recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
        print("No records found")
   else:
        print("Displaying results of olap query 2: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def olap3():
    st='''SELECT orderID, orderDrugID, drugCount, orderDate,
max(checkoutPrice)
orderDate WITH ROLLUP'''
   mycur.execute(st)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
        print("Displaying results of olap query 3: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def olap4():
```

```
ROLLUP '''
   mycur.execute(st)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
       print("Displaying results of olap query 4: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
def updation trigger():
   did=input("Enter drug ID of drug you want to update quantity of:
   qty=input("Enter new quantity of drug: ")
        st="UPDATE medicine set drugQuantity= '"+qty+"' where drugID=
""+did+"" "
       mycur.execute(st)
       print("Quantity has been updated")
       print("Drug Quantity low, can't update")
   mydb.commit()
def insertion trigger():
   oid=input("Enter orderID: ")
```

```
cprice=input("Enter checkout price: ")
    addr=input("Enter Delivery address: ")
    date=input("Enter order date: ")
    cnt=input("Enter drug count: ")
    did=input("Enter order drug ID: ")
   print()
    st="INSERT INTO orderdetails values('"+oid+"', '"+cprice+"',
   mycur.execute(st)
   mydb.commit()
   st1="SELECT * FROM billingdetails"
   mycur.execute(st1)
   recs=mycur.fetchall()
   if len(recs) == 0:
       print("No records found")
   else:
        print("Displaying records of billing details: ")
        display table(recs, mycur.description)
ans1='y'
ans2='y'
choice1=int(input("Welcome to MedMate! Please choose:\n 1.Login as
customer\n 2.Login as manager\n"))
if choice1==1:
   while ans1=='y':
```

```
choice2=int(input('''Please select the query you want to
run:\n
        '''))
        if choice2==1:
            companyID=str(input("Enter the drug manufacturer ID: "))
            embedded query1(companyID)
        elif choice2==2:
            show medicines()
            print("Wrong Choice\n")
        ans1=str(input("Do you want to continue? y/n"))
elif choice1==2:
   id=str(input("Enter your employeeID: "))
   if check manager(id):
       while ans2=='y':
            choice2=int(input('''Please select the query you want to
run:\n
manufacturer\n
from a particular company\n
            3.Display records of all employees\n
```

```
8. This trigger adds data to the billingdetails table as
soon as and order is placed.
            9. This trigger shows a message to the pharmacy when the
quantity of a drug goes below 10 so that the pharmacy can order more
drugs and re-stock\n
            '''))
            if choice2==1:
                companyID=str(input("Enter the drug manufacturer ID:
"))
                embedded query1(companyID)
            elif choice2==2:
                companyID=str(input("Enter the drug manufacturer ID:
"))
                embedded query2(companyID)
            elif choice2==3:
                manager query1()
            elif choice2==4:
                olap1()
            elif choice2==5:
                olap2()
            elif choice2==6:
                olap3()
            elif choice2==7:
                olap4()
            elif choice2==8:
```

```
insertion_trigger()
elif choice2==9:
     updation_trigger()
else:
     print("Wrong choice\n")
     ans2=str(input("Do you want to continue? y/n"))
print("Bye Bye")
```