

**B.Tech. V Semester (Civil Engineering)**  
**Structural Analysis – II**  
**(End Semester Examination-2013)**

**Time: 3.00 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 50**

**Note:** Assume missing data suitably, if any.



1. Please attempt any two parts.

(2×3=6)

- (a) A fixed ended beam of uniform cross-section, full plastic moment  $M_p$ , and length  $2L$  rests on a central prop. Equal concentrated loads are applied at a distance  $aL$  from each of the fixed ends. What would be their values at collapse?
- (b) A uniform cross-section two span continuous beam is shown in Fig. 1. If the rotations at B and C are same then find the ratio of  $M_B / M_C$ .

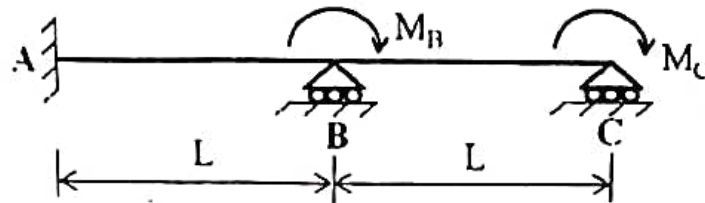


Fig. 1

- (c) Draw bending moment diagram of the frame shown in Fig. 2

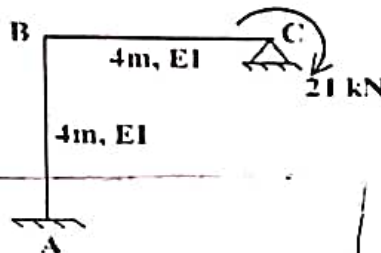


Fig. 2

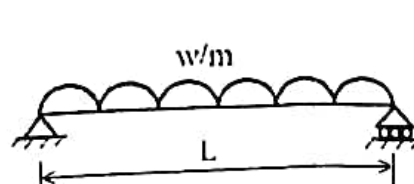
$$M_{CB} + 21 = 0$$

2. Please attempt any two parts.

(2×2=4)

- (a) Why is that computer aided analysis procedures are based on stiffness approach rather than flexibility approach?
- (b) What is meant by equivalent joint load? Why is this concept needed in the stiffness method of analysis?
- (c) Show how the moment distribution method can be applied to derive a formula for the fixed end moment in a prismatic propped cantilever beam in terms of the fixed end moments in a corresponding fixed beam having the same span, flexural rigidity and loading.

3. Please calculate the hinge length of the plasticity zone for a simply supported beam having T-Section and subjected to uniformly distributed load 'w' per m length (Fig. 3). (5)



$[x = \frac{L}{3}]$   
hinge length

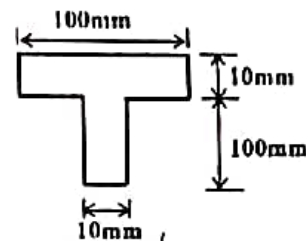
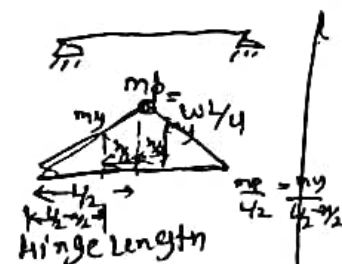
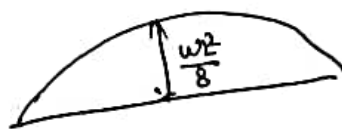


Fig. 3

$$1.71$$



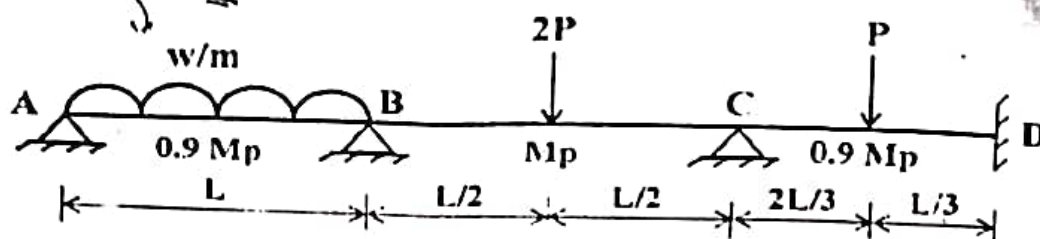
$[x = \frac{L}{3}]$   
cross section



4. Please find out the collapse load for the continuous beam shown in Fig. 4.

$$W = \omega L = P$$

$$P = \omega L$$



Take  $\omega L = P$

Fig. 4

OR

- Please find the fully plastic moment required for the frame shown in Fig. 5, if all the members have the same value of  $M_p$ . Take load factor equal to 1.5.

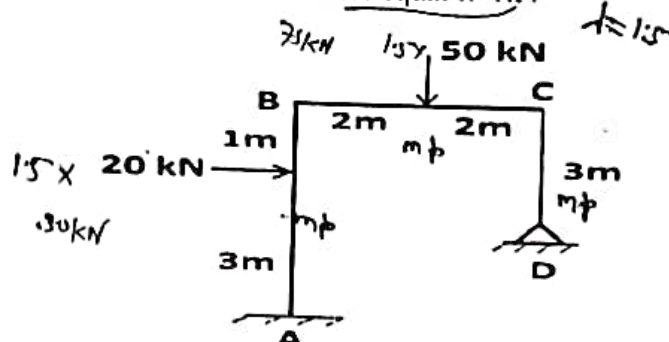


Fig. 5

5. Please derive the member stiffness matrix and rotation transformation matrix for a plane frame member

OR

- Please derive the relationship between global stiffness matrix and local stiffness matrix for plane truss member.

6. Please analyze the continuous beam shown in Fig. 6 and obtain unknown joint displacements and support reactions. Use computer oriented stiffness method.

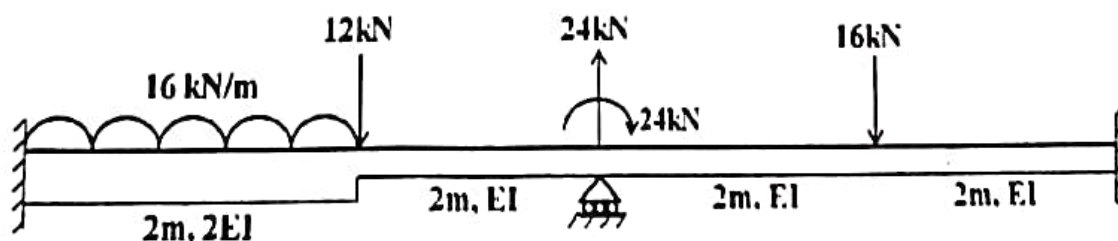


Fig. 6

Please analyze the frame shown in Fig. 7 using moment distribution method. Draw shear force and bending moment diagrams. Also sketch the deflected shape. (7)

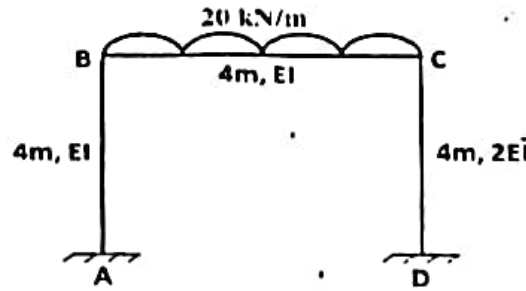


Fig. 7

OR

Please analyze the frame shown in Fig. 8 using slope-deflection method. Draw shear-force and bending moment diagrams. Also sketch the deflected shape. (7)

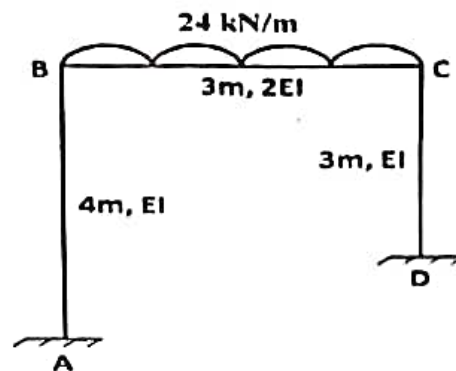


Fig. 8

8. Please analyze the two span continuous beams shown in Fig. 9 using flexibility method of analysis. Draw shear force and bending moment diagrams. Also sketch the deflected shape. (7)

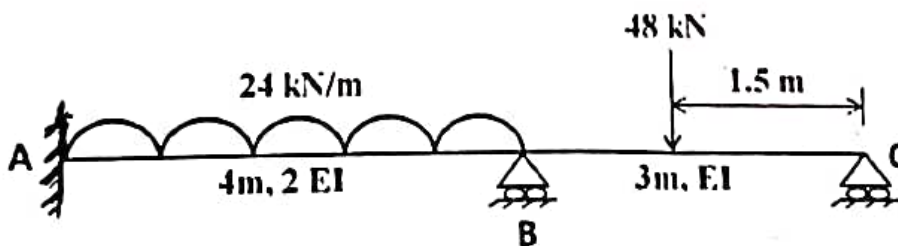


Fig. 9

OR

Please analyze the plane truss shown in Fig. 10 by method of your choice. Axial rigidity of all the members is same. (7)

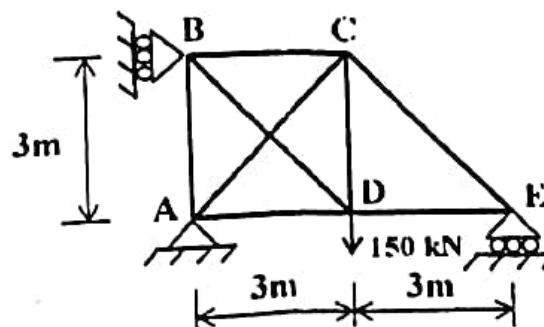


Fig. 10