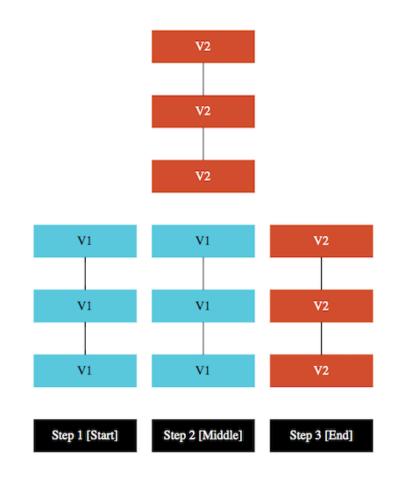


# Release Management

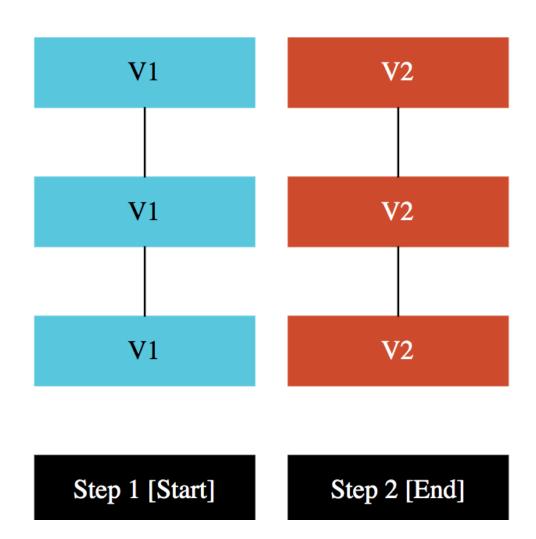
### Release Management

- Goals: vary from app to app
  - Zero Downtime
  - Only one version live at a time
  - Minimize Costs (and infrastructure needed)
  - Test with production traffic before going live
- Best Practices:
  - Small incremental changes
  - Automation (as much as possible)
  - Handling problems with new releases:
    - Analyze logs and metrics from Cloud Monitoring and Logging
    - Rollback to previous release and try replicating the problem in other environments



# Deployment Approach: Recreate

- Approach:
  - Terminate Version 1
  - Roll out Version 2
- Characteristics:
  - App down during the release
  - Rollback needs redeployment
    - AND more downtime
  - Cost effective and Fast
    - BUT disruptive
  - Avoid need for backward compatibility (data and applications)

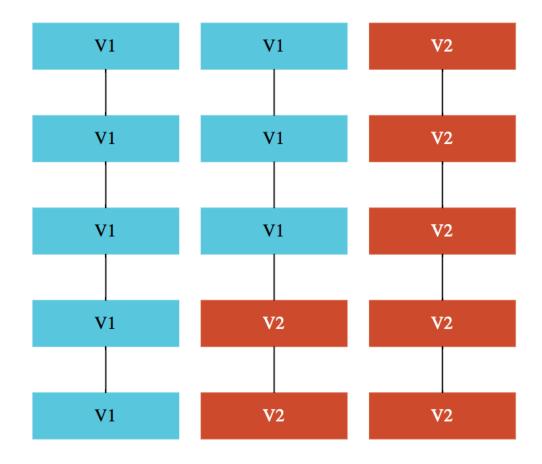


## **Deployment Approach: Canary**

#### • Approach:

- Step 1: V2 rolled out to a subset of instances
- Step 2: On successful testing, V2 rolled out to all instances
  - OR V2 is rolled back in case of failure

- Fast
- Zero downtime
- No extra infrastructure
- Minimizes impact to users (in case of release failures)
- Needs Backward compatibility (data and applications)



## Testing Approach: A/B Testing

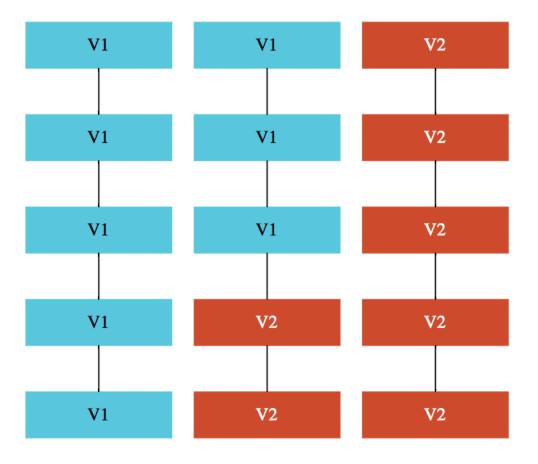
• Use case: You want to see if users like a feature!

#### • Approach:

- Step 1: V2 (with new feature) rolled out to a subset of users
- Step 2: On successful testing, V2 rolled out to all users
  - OR we go back to V1 in case users don't like the feature!

#### • Characteristics:

 Gives the ability to test if your users like a feature

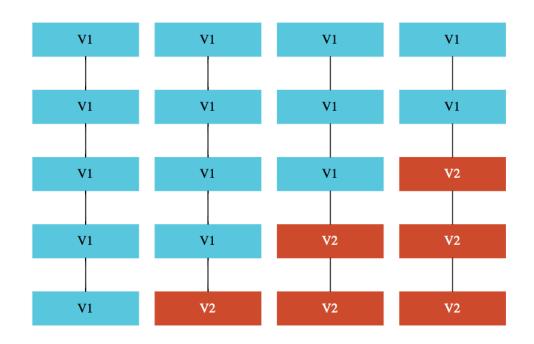


## **Deployment Approach: Rolling**

#### • Approach:

- **Step 1**: V2 rolled out to a percentage of instances (Example window size: 5%)
- Step 2..N: V2 gradually rolled out to rest of the instances (Example: 5% at a time)

- Slow
- Zero downtime
- Needs automation and additional setup
- No extra infrastructure
- Minimizes impact to users (in case of release failures)
- Needs Backward compatibility (data and applications)

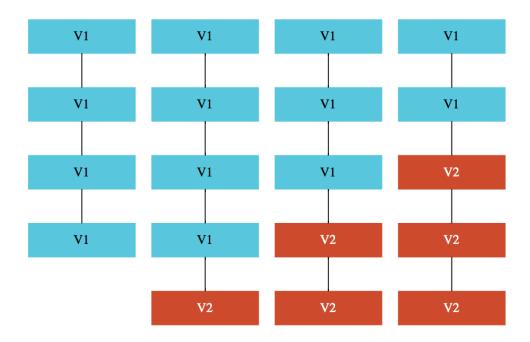


### Deployment Approach: Rolling with Additional Batch

#### • Approach:

- **Step 1**: Additional batch of new instances are created with V2 (Example: 5%)
- Step 2..N: V2 gradually rolled out to the instances batch by batch (Example: 5% at a time)

- Same as Rolling Deployment except for:
  - Needs Little bit of extra infrastructure
  - ZERO reduction in number of instances handling user requests

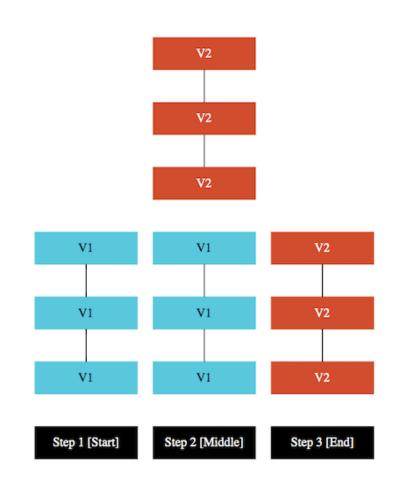


### Deployment Approach: Blue Green

#### • Approach:

- Step 1: V1 is Live
- Step 2: Create (or replicate) a parallel environment with V2
- Step 3: Switch all traffic from V1 to V2 (and remove V1 Environment)

- Instant
- Zero Downtime
- Easy Rollback
- Needs additional infra (during the release)
- ZERO reduction in available capacity
- Needs Backward compatibility (data and apps)

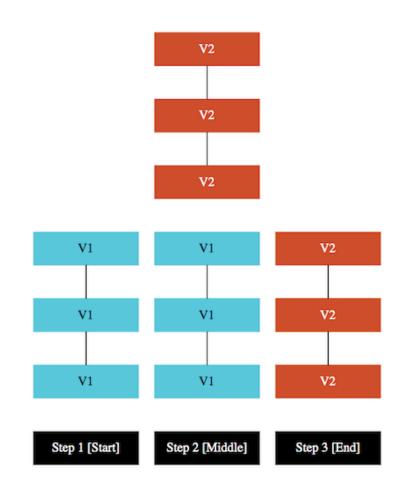


## **Testing Approach: Shadow**

#### • Approach:

- Step 1: V1 is Live
- **Step 2**: Create (or replicate) a parallel environment with V2
  - Mirror traffic to V1 and V2
- Step 3: Switch all traffic from V1 to V2 (and remove V1 Environment)

- Zero production impact: Test V2 with real production traffic before releasing
  - You can also capture and replay live production traffic
- Complicated : You don't want double payments (might need stubbing)
- Needs a lot of additional infrastructure



# Deployment Approaches - Managed instance group (MIG)

| Option                   | Details   |  |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Rolling Release          | gcloud compute instance-groups managed rolling-action start-update my-mig version=template=v2-templatemax-surge=5 or 10% (Max instances updated at a time)max-unavailable=5 or 10% (Max instances that can be down during update) |  |
| Canary Release           | gcloud compute instance-groups managed <b>rolling-action start-update</b> my-mig<br>version=template=v1-template<br>canary-version=template=v2-template,target-size=10%   |  |
| Blue Green<br>Deployment | Create a new MIG and make manual adjustments to Load Balancer backends as needed  |  |

# **App Engine - Releasing New Versions**

| Option                             | Details  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Deploy & shift all traffic at once | gcloud app deploy                                    |
| Deploy v2 without shifting traffic | no-promote   |
| Shift traffic to V2 all at once    | gcloud app services set-traffic s1splits V2=1        |
| Gradual Migration                  | Addmigrate option to previous command                |
| A/B testing                        | gcloud app services set-traffic s1splits=v2=.5,v1=.5 |

# **GKE - Releasing New Versions**

| Option                   | Details   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Recreate                 | Set strategy > type on Deployment to Recreate Use 'kubectl set image deployment' OR Update deployment YAML to perform deployment  |
| Rolling Update           | Set strategy > type on Deployment to RollingUpdate Use 'kubectl set image deployment' or Update deployment YAML to perform deployment Configure maxSurge and maxUnavailable to control deployment |
| Blue Green<br>Deployment | Create New Deployment. Control traffic using Ingress (or Service)   |
| Canary Deployment        | Needs Service Mesh like Istio   |