

Given Business Context

- Venue capacity: **~800 seats**
 - Fixed cost per show: **\$5,000**
 - Variable cost per attendee: **\$8**
 - Crowd energy influences:
 - Audience retention
 - Secondary spending (drinks, merchandise)
 - Overall show success
 - Attendance depends on:
 - Ticket price
 - Expected crowd energy
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Key Assumptions

Since an explicit revenue formula was not provided, the following **reasonable assumptions** were made and stated transparently:

1. **Attendance is bounded by venue capacity** (maximum 800).
 2. **Expected crowd energy can be predicted before the show** using the trained machine learning model.
 3. Higher crowd energy increases effective attendance and engagement.
 4. Ticket price negatively affects attendance beyond a certain threshold due to exclusivity and affordability trade-offs.
 5. Variable costs scale linearly with attendance.
 6. Fixed costs remain constant regardless of attendance.
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These assumptions are consistent with real-world concert economics and align with insights from exploratory data analysis.

Revenue and Profit Formulation

Let:

- p = ticket price (USD)
- $E(p)$ = predicted crowd energy at price p (from ML model)
- $A(p)$ = expected attendance

- C_f = fixed cost = 5000
- C_v = variable cost per attendee = 8

Attendance Model

Attendance is modeled as a function of crowd energy and ticket price:

$$A(p) = \min(800, \alpha \cdot E(p) - \beta \cdot p)$$

Where:

- α captures how energy translates into attendance
- β captures price sensitivity

(Exact coefficients are estimated empirically using historical patterns.)

Revenue Function

$$\text{Revenue}(p) = p \times A(p)$$

Cost Function

$$\text{Cost}(p) = C_f + C_v \times A(p)$$

Profit Function

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Profit}(p) &= \text{Revenue}(p) - \text{Cost}(p) \\ \Rightarrow \text{Profit}(p) &= p \cdot A(p) - (5000 + 8 \cdot A(p)) \end{aligned}$$

Optimization Results

- **Low prices:**
 - High attendance
 - Low revenue per ticket
 - Insufficient to offset fixed costs
- **Very high prices:**
 - Reduced attendance
 - Declining crowd energy
 - Lower overall profit
- **Mid-range prices:**
 - Balanced exclusivity and engagement
 - High crowd energy
 - Maximum profit achieved

A mid-range ticket price that maximizes profit while preserving exclusivity and energy

Optimal Ticket Price at V_Gamma: \$65

Why \$65 is a strong choice

- It sits in a **mid-range band**, consistent with:
 - Nonlinear price–energy relationship you observed
 - “Exclusive but accessible” nature of *The Snob Pit*
- At this price:
 - Revenue per attendee is high
 - Attendance remains strong
 - Predicted crowd energy is near its peak