```
//Call by value
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int, int);// function declaration
int main ()
{
                // local variable declaration
  int a = 100;
 int b = 200;
  cout << "Before swap, value of a :" << a << endl;
  cout << "Before swap, value of b :" << b << endl<<endl;</pre>
  swap(a, b); // calling a function to swap values
 cout << "After swap, value of a (in main()):" << a << endl;</pre>
  cout << "After swap, value of b (in main()):" << b << endl;</pre>
 return 0;
}
void swap(int x, int y)
  int temp;
  temp = x; // save the value of x
  x = y; // put y into x
  y = temp; // put x into y
  cout << "After swap, value of x(a) (in definition):" << x << endl;
  cout << "After swap, value of y(b) (in definition):" << y << endl<<endl;
}
Advantages:
  1) Original values are safe, because entire work is done on the duplicate copies
  2) We can pass variables, constants and expressions as actual arguments
Disadvantages:
  It will consume more memory and will take more time as well
//Call by address/or call by pointer
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int*, int*);// function declaration
int main ()
                // local variable declaration
  int a = 100;
 int b = 200;
 cout << "Before swap, value of a :" << a << endl;</pre>
  cout << "Before swap, value of b :" << b << endl<<endl;</pre>
 swap(&a,&b); // calling a function to swap values
  cout << "After swap, value of a (in main()):" << a << endl;</pre>
  cout << "After swap, value of b (in main()):" << b << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
void swap(int *px, int *py)
  int temp;
  temp = *px;
  *px = *py;
```

```
*py = temp;
cout << "(in definition):" << *px << endl;
cout << "(in definition):" << *py << endl<<endl;
}</pre>
```

Advantage:

It will take less time and space as compared to call by value, because duplicate copies are not created Disadvantage:

- 1) Original values are not safe..
- 2) We cannot pass direct variables, constants, expressions as actual arguments, as we can only pass addresses as actual arguments (Reason: Formal arguments are pointers)

```
//Reference variable
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main ()
  int a=10;
  int \&b=a;
  b=b+2;
  cout<<a;
  b=50;
  cout<<endl<<a;
  return 0;
}
//Call by reference
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int &, int &);// function declaration
int main ()
  int a = 100:
               // local variable declaration
  int b = 200;
  cout << "Before swap, value of a :" << a << endl;
  cout << "Before swap, value of b :" << b << endl<<endl;</pre>
  swap(a,b); // calling a function to swap values
 cout << "After swap, value of a :" << a << endl;</pre>
 cout << "After swap, value of b :" << b << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
void swap(int &x, int &y)
  int temp;
  temp = x;
  x = y;
  y = temp;
  cout \ll "After swap, value of x :" \ll x \ll endl;
  cout << "After swap, value of y :" << y << endl<<endl;</pre>
//Single friend function for a class
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class sample
{
    int a;
    int b;
    public:
    friend float mean(sample);
         void setvalue()
          {
              a=45;
              b=40;
          }
};
float mean(sample s)
{
    return float(s.a+s.b)/2.0;
}
int main()
{
    sample X;
    X.setvalue();
    cout << "Mean value for object X=" << mean(X) << "\n";
    return 0;
}
//Single friend function for a class(Passing object as an argument(Call by value))
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class sample
{
    int a;
    int b;
    public:
    friend void modify(sample);
         void setvalue()
          {
              a=45;
              b=40;
         void display()
            cout<<endl<<a<'" "<<b;
          }
};
void modify(sample s)
{
    s.a=100;
    s.b=200;
```

```
}
int main()
{
    sample X;
    X.setvalue();
    X.display();
    modify(X);
    X.display();
    return 0;
}
//Single friend function for a class(Passing object as an argument(Call by reference))
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class sample
    int a;
    int b;
    public:
    friend void modify(sample&);
         void setvalue()
          {
              a=45;
              b=40;
          void display()
          {
            cout<<endl<<a<<" "<<b;
          }
};
void modify(sample &s)//sample &s=X
{
    s.a=100;
    s.b=200;
}
int main()
{
    sample X;
    X.setvalue();
    X.display();
    modify(X);
    X.display();
    return 0;
}
//Single friend function for a class
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class sample
{
    int a,b,c;
```

```
public:
     friend int largest(sample);
          void input()
             cout<<"\nEnter values of a,b and c:";</pre>
             cin>>a>>b>>c;
          }
};
int largest(sample obj)
     if(obj.a>obj.b && obj.a>obj.c)
     return obj.a;
     else if(obj.b>obj.a && obj.b>obj.c)
     return obj.b;
     else
     return obj.c;
}
int main()
{
     sample s;
     s.input();
     cout<<largest(s);</pre>
     return 0;
}
//More than one friend functions for the same class
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class sample
{
     int a,b;
     public:
     friend int add(sample);
     friend int product(sample);
          void input()
             cout<<"\nEnter values of a,b:";</pre>
             cin>>a>>b;
          }
};
int add(sample obj)
{
     return obj.a+obj.b;
}
int product(sample obj)
  return obj.a*obj.b;
int main()
```

```
sample s;
s.input();
cout<<add(s);
cout<<endl<<pre>product(s);
return 0;
}
```