# Type 485 soil pH Transmitter instruction manual JXBS-3001-PH Ver1.1

# Chapter 1 Product Introduction

#### 1.1 Product Overview

This transmitter is widely used in soil pH detection, sewage treatment and other occasions where PH value monitoring is required. The input power, induction probe and signal output of the sensor are completely isolated. Safe and reliable, beautiful appearance and easy installation.

#### 1.2 Features

The probe of this product adopts PH electrode, which has stable signal and high precision. With wide measuring range, good linearity, good waterproof performance, easy to use, easy to install, long transmission distance and so on.

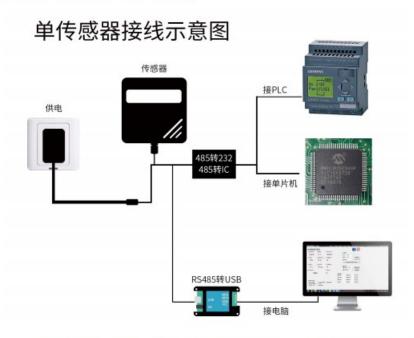
# 1.3 Main parameters

parameter name	Parameter content				
DC powered (default)	12-24V DC				
Power consumption	≤0.15W (@ 12V DC, 25 °C)				
measurement accuracy	± 0.5pH				
PH measurement range	3-10pH				
Long-term stability	≤5%/y				
output signal	RS485 output (Mondbus protocol)				
Operating temperature	0-65 ℃				
responding speed	≤15s				

#### 1.1 System framework diagram

This sensor can be connected and used alone. First, it is

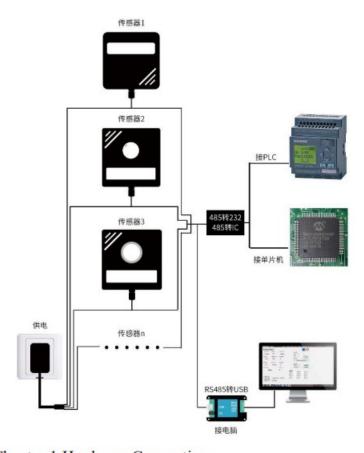
powered by 12V DC power supply. The device can be directly connected to a PLC with a 485 interface, and can be connected to a single chip microcomputer through a 485 interface chip. Program the microcontroller and PLC through the modbus protocol specified later to cooperate with the sensor. At the same time, you can use USB to 485 to connect to the computer, and use the sensor configuration tool provided by our company for configuration and testing.



This product can also be used in combination with multiple sensors on a 485 bus. Please observe the "485 bus field wiring code" (see Appendix) when combining 485 buses. In theory, one bus can connect more than 16 485 sensors. If you

need to connect more 485 sensors, you can use a 485 repeater to expand more 485 devices. Connect to a single chip computer, or use USB to 485 to connect to a computer, and use the sensor configuration tool provided by our company for configuration and testing.

# 多传感器接线示意图



Chapter 1 Hardware Connection

# 1.1 Equipment inspection before installation

Please check the equipment list before installing the equipment:

name	Quantity
High-precision sensors	1 set
12V Waterproof Power Supply	1 (optional)
USB to 485 device	1 (optional)
Warranty card / certificate of conformity	1 serving

# 1.1 interface description

Wide voltage power input can be 12-24V. When wiring the 485 signal line, pay attention that the two A / B lines cannot be reversed, and the addresses between multiple devices on the bus must not conflict.

	Thread color	Description
pow er	brown	Power supply (12-24V DC)
supp ly	black	Negative power
Com mun icati	Yellow (gray) color	485-A
on	blue	485-B

Note: Please be careful not to connect the wrong wire sequence, the wrong wiring will cause the equipment to burn out. The factory provides 0.6m long wire by default, and the customer can extend the wire or connect the wires in sequence as needed.

Note that there may not be a yellow line in the line sequence that may be provided in some factory batches. At this time, the gray line is equivalent to replace the yellow line.

#### 1.1 Installation instructions

Please note the following precautions:

- Avoid installing in areas where heat transfer is easy and will directly cause a temperature difference with the area to be measured, otherwise the PH measurement will be inaccurate.
- Install in an area with stable environment, avoid direct light, keep away from windows and air-conditioning, heating and other equipment, and avoid directly facing windows and room doors.

Chapter 2 Configuration Software Installation and Use

Our company provides matching "sensor monitoring software", which can conveniently use a computer to read the parameters of the sensor, and at the same time flexibly modify the device ID and address of the sensor.

#### 2.1 Connect the sensor to the computer

After correctly connecting the sensor to the computer via USB to 485 and providing power, you can see the correct COM port in the computer (see the COM port in "My Computer-Properties-Device Manager-Port").

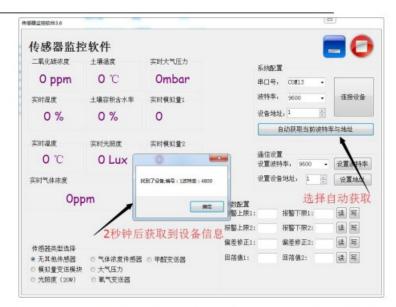


As shown in the figure above, your serial number is COM10 at this time, please remember this serial port, you need to fill in this serial number in the sensor monitoring software.

If the COM port is not found in the device manager, it means that you have not plugged in the USB to 485 or the driver has not been installed correctly. Please contact a technician for help.

#### 1.1 Use of sensor monitoring software

The configuration interface is shown in the figure. First, obtain the serial port number and select the correct serial port according to the method in section 3.1, and then click Automatically obtain the current baud rate and address to automatically detect all devices and baud rates on the current 485 bus. Please note that when using software to obtain automatically, you need to ensure that there is only one sensor on the 485 bus.



Then click the connected device to get the sensor data information in real time.

If your device is a gas concentration sensor, select "Gas concentration sensor" at the sensor type, "Formaldehyde transmitter" for the formaldehyde sensor, "Analog transmission module" for the analog transmitter, and "Atmospheric pressure" for the atmospheric pressure sensor. "Sensor", select "Illuminance 20W" for light sensor, "O2 transmitter" for oxygen sensor, and select "No other sensor" for other sensors.

#### 1.1 Modify the baud rate and device ID

In the case of disconnecting the device, click the device baud rate and set the address in the communication settings to complete the relevant settings. Please note that after setting, please restart the device, and then you can find the address after "automatically obtain the current baud rate and address". And the baud rate has been changed to the address and baud rate you need.

If you need to modify the baud rate and address using the modbus instruction, you can refer to the appendix "How to modify the baud rate and address using the modbus instruction". letter of agreement

### 1.1 Basic communication parameters

parameter	content
coding	8-bit binary
Data bit	8-bit
Parity bit	no
Stop bit	1 person
Wrong calibration	CRC lengthy cyclic code
Baud rate	2400bps / 4800bps / 9600bps can be set, factory default is 9600bps

#### 1.1 Data frame format definition

Modbus-RTU communication protocol is adopted, the format is as follows:

Time for initial structure ≥ 4 bytes

Address code = 1 byte

Function code = 1 byte

Data area = N bytes

Error check = 16-bit CRC

Time to end structure ≥ 4 bytes

Address code: It is the function instruction of the transmitter. This transmitter only uses function code 0x03 (reading register data).

Data area: The data area is the specific address, which is unique in the communication network (factory default 0x01).

Function code: The command communication data sent by the host, pay attention to the high byte of the 16bits data first!

CRC code: two-byte check code.

- 1	na	111	2"37	1110	122	0
J	шч	uı	1 V	fra	ш	
			-			

0101H

40102

Inqui	iry frame						
address code	functio n code	Register start address	Register length	Low check bit	Check code high		
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes	1 byte	1 byte		
Resp	onse fran	ne					
addres s code	functi on code	Number of valid bytes	First data area	Second data area	Second data area	a	
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes	2 bytes	2 bytes		
1.1 Reg Register address	PLC	u content			oper ting		
0006H	40007	High-pro	High-precision pH (unit: 0.01pH)  Read only				
000DH	4000E	Low pr 0.1pH)	Low precision pH value (unit: Read-				
0100H	40101	Device a	Device address (0-252) and write				

Baud rate (2400/4800/9600)

Read

and write

# 1.2 Communication protocol examples and explanations

Read the pH value of device address 0x01

Inquiry frame

addres s code	functi on code	Register start address	Register length	Low check bit	Check code high
0x01	0x03	0x00 0x0d	0x00 0x01	0x15	0xC9

Response frame (for example, reading pH 7.1pH)

addr ess code	functio n code	Returns number valid bytes	the of	Data area	Low check bit	Check code high
0x01	0x03	0x02		0x00 0x47	0xD8	0x15

PH calculation instructions:

0047H (hexadecimal) = 71 => pH = 7.1pH

Chapter 2 Appendix

## 2.1 Product Supplementary Manual

"485 Equipment Field Wiring Manual": Describes the 485 product wiring guidelines, please review and follow the guidelines, otherwise it may cause unstable communication and other conditions.

"Revision of Temperature and Humidity Deviation of 485 Sensor": Describes how to confirm and adjust the temperature and humidity deviation when you feel the temperature and humidity deviation.

"Modbus Modification of Device Baud Rate and Address Using Modbus": describes the use of modbus instructions to modify the baud rate and slave number if software is not used.

"How to use a single-chip microcomputer for 485 communication": Describes how to use 51 single-chip microcomputers to read sensor information and popularize some basic knowledge.

"How to calculate CRC16": Describes how to calculate CRC16 in the modbus RTU protocol and an example C language program.

"How to use USB to 485 to assist debugging when reading sensor communication problems": Describes how to use auxiliary tools to solve and troubleshoot when communication problems occur.

"How to Use and Set the Product Alarm Function": Describes the optional product alarm function, how to use it, and how to wire it.

#### 2.2 Warranty and after sales

The warranty terms follow the sensor after-sales terms of Weihai Jingxun Changtong Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. For the sensor host circuit part, the warranty is two years, the gassensitive probes are guaranteed for one year, and the accessories (shell / plug / cable, etc.) are guaranteed for three months.