Exercise (given with NB_classifier_weather file)

- ▼ (1) Will you play if the temperature is 'Hot' and weather is 'overcast'?
 - (2) Will you play if the temperature is 'Mild' and weather is 'Sunny'?

```
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB, MultinomialNB
weather = ['Sunny', 'Sunny', 'Overcast', 'Rainy', 'Rainy', 'Rainy', 'Overcast',
           'Sunny', 'Sunny', 'Rainy', 'Overcast', 'Overcast', 'Rainy']
temp = ['Hot','Hot','Hot','Mild','Cool','Cool','Cool','Mild',
        'Cool', 'Mild', 'Mild', 'Hot', 'Mild']
play=['No','No','Yes','Yes','No','Yes','No','Yes',
      'Yes','Yes','Yes','No']
le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
weather encoded=le.fit transform(weather)
temp_encoded=le.fit_transform(temp)
label=le.fit transform(play)
features=tuple(zip(weather_encoded,temp_encoded))
print("Features:",features)
model=MultinomialNB()
model.fit(features,label)
predicted= model.predict([[0,1]]) # 0:Overcast, 1:Hot
print("Predicted Value:", predicted)
predicted= model.predict([[2,2]]) # 2:Sunny, 2:Mild
print("Predicted Value:", predicted)
 Features: ((2, 1), (2, 1), (0, 1), (1, 2), (1, 0), (1, 0), (0, 0), (2, 2), (2, 0), (1, 2), (2, 2)
     Predicted Value: [1]
     Predicted Value: [1]
```

Task 1: Try the algo on Dataset3 - LabelEncoding of features:and Train test Division 95%-5%

```
#task 1
#Import scikit-learn dataset library
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
# Import label encoder
```

```
from sklearn import preprocessing

df = pd.read_csv('/content/Dataset3.csv')

#creating labelEncoder
le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()

# Converting string labels into numbers.
df['Outlook']=le.fit_transform(df['Outlook'])
print("Outlook:" ,df['Outlook'])

df['Temp']=le.fit_transform(df['Temp'])
print("Temp:" ,df['Temp'])

df['Wind']=le.fit_transform(df['Wind'])
print("Wind:" ,df['Wind'])
```

```
Outlook: 0
                   1
     1
          1
     2
          0
     3
          1
          2
     4
#Combinig weather and temp into single listof tuples
features=tuple(zip(df['Outlook'],df['Temp'],df['Wind'],df['Humidity']))
print("Features:",features)
    Features: ((1, 1, 0, 1), (1, 1, 1, 2), (0, 1, 0, 1), (1, 2, 0, 1), (2, 0, 0, 1), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0
     12
#(1) What will be the value of Play, if Outlook is 'Rainy', Temperature is 'Mild', Humidity ='Normal',
model=MultinomialNB()
model.fit(features,label)
predicted= model.predict([[1,2,0,1]])
print("Predicted Value:", predicted)
#(2) What will be the value of Play, if Outlook is 'Sunny', Temeprature is 'Cool', Humidity ='High', a
predicted= model.predict([[2,0,2,1]])
print("Predicted Value:", predicted)
    Predicted Value: [1]
     Predicted Value: [1]
     12
#import the necessary module
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
#split data set into train and test sets
data=df[df.columns[0:4]]
data_train, data_test, target_train, target_test = train_test_split(data,
                       df['Class'], test size = 0.05, random state = 142)
print(data_train)
print('----')
print(target_train)
print('----')
print(data_test)
print('----')
print(target_test)
\Box
```

```
Outlook Temp Wind Humidity
     8
               0
                     0
     9
               2
                     2
                           0
                                     2
     7
                     2
               1
                           0
                                     1
     3
              1
                    2
                           0
                                     1
     4
               2
                           0
     2
               0
                     1
                                     1
              0
                     1
                                     1
     12
                           0
              1
                    1
                          1
                                     2
     1
     0
              1
                    1
                           0
                                     1
    10
              1
                           1
                                     2
    11
              0
                         1
                                     0
              2
                     2
     13
                           1
                                     1
                    0
                           1
               0
                                     0
     5
     8
          1
     9
          1
     7
     3
          1
     4
          1
     2
          1
     12
          1
     1
           0
import numpy as np
gnb = GaussianNB()
#Train the model using the training sets
gnb.fit(data_train, target_train)
#Predict the response for test dataset
target_pred = gnb.predict(data_test)
print(target_pred)
#Import scikit-learn metrics module for accuracy calculation
from sklearn import metrics
# Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?
print("Accuracy:",metrics.accuracy_score(target_test, target_pred))
    [0]
    Accuracy: 0.0
#Import confusion_matrix from scikit-learn metrics module for confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
confusion_matrix(target_test, target_pred)
    array([[0, 0],
            [1, 0]])
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
precision = precision_score(target_test, target_pred, average=None)
recall = recall_score(target_test, target_pred, average=None)
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```
print('precision: {}'.format(precision))
print('recall: {}'.format(recall))

[ precision: [0. 0.]
    recall: [0. 0.]
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1272: UndefinedMetricWa __warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1272: UndefinedMetricWa __warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```