

```
In [1]: 1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 import seaborn as sns
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5 df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\P. VIJAY KUMAR\Downloads\fiat500_VehicleSelection_Dataset.csv")
6 print(df)
```

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1 \
1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1
4	5	pop	73	3074	106880	1
...
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1
1535	1536	pop	51	2223	60457	1
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1
1537	1538	pop	51	1766	54276	1

	lat	lon	price
0	44.907242	8.611560	8900
1	45.666359	12.241890	8800
2	45.503300	11.417840	4200
3	40.633171	17.634609	6000
4	41.903221	12.495650	5700
...
1533	45.069679	7.704920	5200
1534	45.845692	8.666870	4600
1535	45.481541	9.413480	7500
1536	45.000702	7.682270	5990
1537	40.323410	17.568270	7900

[1538 rows x 9 columns]

```
In [27]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
3 from sklearn import preprocessing,svm
```

```
In [28]: 1 df=df[['km','price']]
2 df.columns=['Km','Price']
```

```
In [29]: 1 #display top 10 rows
2 print(df.head(10))
```

	Km	Price
0	25000	8900
1	32500	8800
2	142228	4200
3	160000	6000
4	106880	5700
5	70225	7900
6	11600	10750
7	49076	9190
8	76000	5600
9	89000	6000

In [30]: 1 df.describe()

Out[30]:

	Km	Price
count	1538.000000	1538.000000
mean	53396.011704	8576.003901
std	40046.830723	1939.958641
min	1232.000000	2500.000000
25%	20006.250000	7122.500000
50%	39031.000000	9000.000000
75%	79667.750000	10000.000000
max	235000.000000	11100.000000

In [31]: 1 #check for Null Values
2 print(df.isna().any())

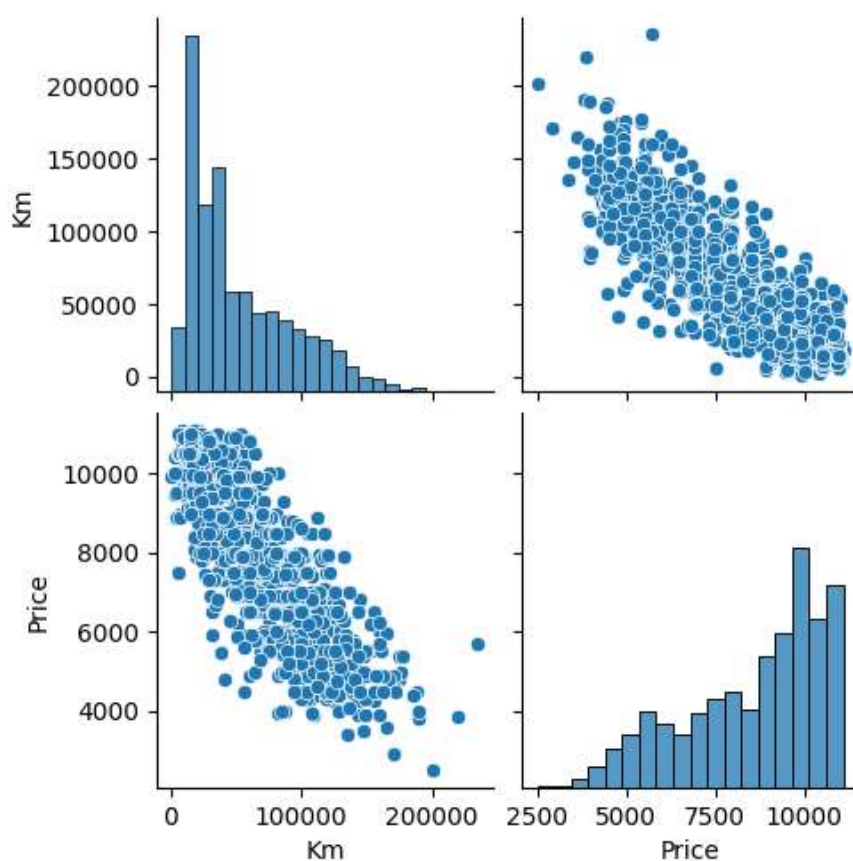
Km False
Price False
dtype: bool

In [32]: 1 df.columns

Out[32]: Index(['Km', 'Price'], dtype='object')

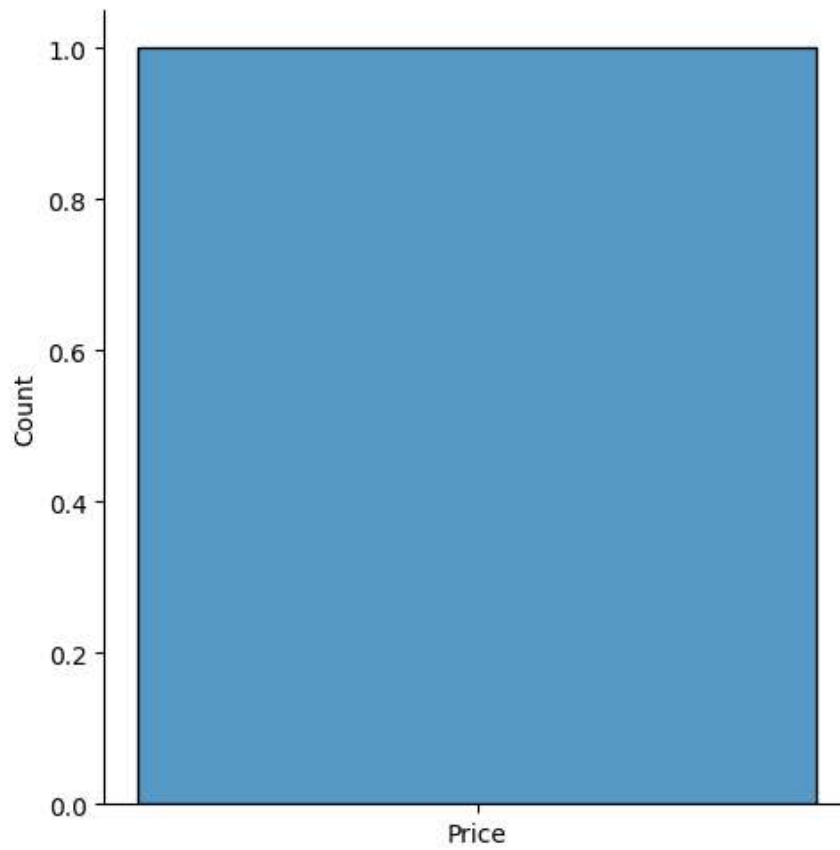
In [33]: 1 sns.pairplot(df)

Out[33]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2cb06e7d1b0>



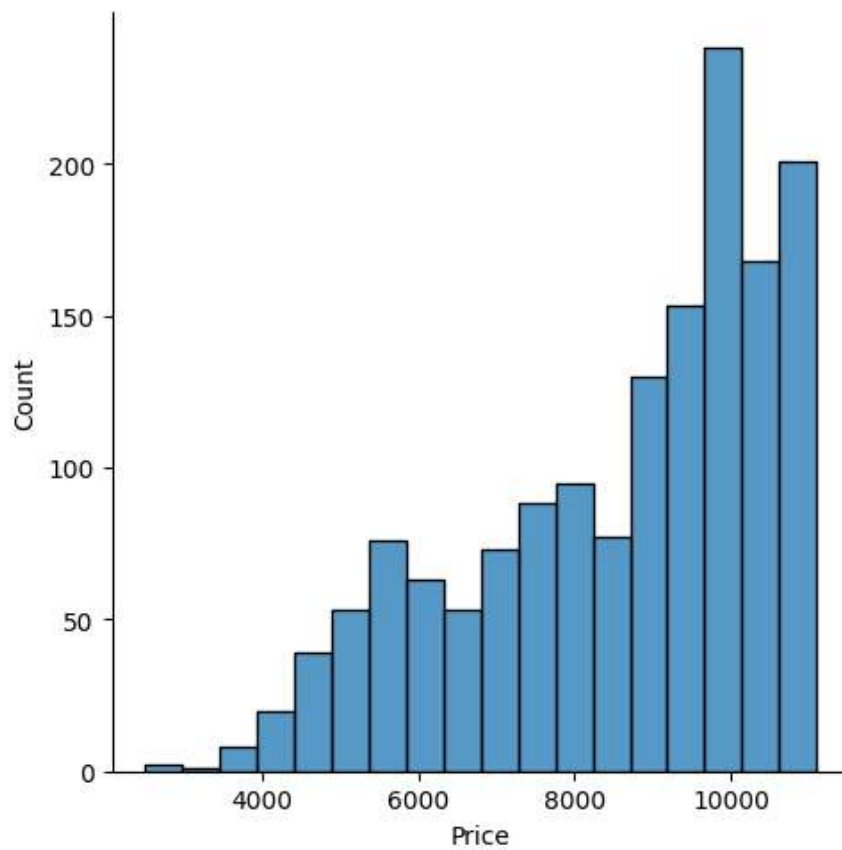
```
In [34]: 1 sns.displot(["Price"])
```

```
Out[34]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2cb09aa3910>
```



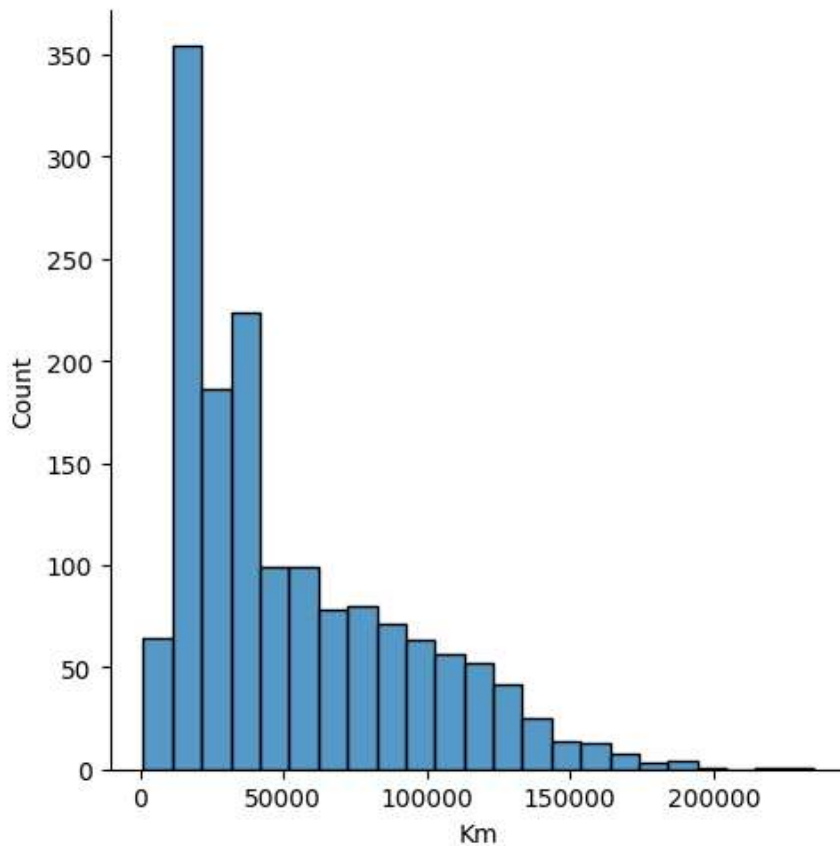
```
In [42]: 1 sns.displot(df["Price"])
```

```
Out[42]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2cb09a0f9d0>
```



```
In [44]: 1 sns.displot(df["Km"])
```

```
Out[44]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2cb013a0e50>
```



```
In [45]: 1 x=np.array(df['Km']).reshape(-1,1)
          2 y=np.array(df['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
```

```
In [46]: 1 df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\P. VIJAY KUMAR\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_20624\1379821321.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

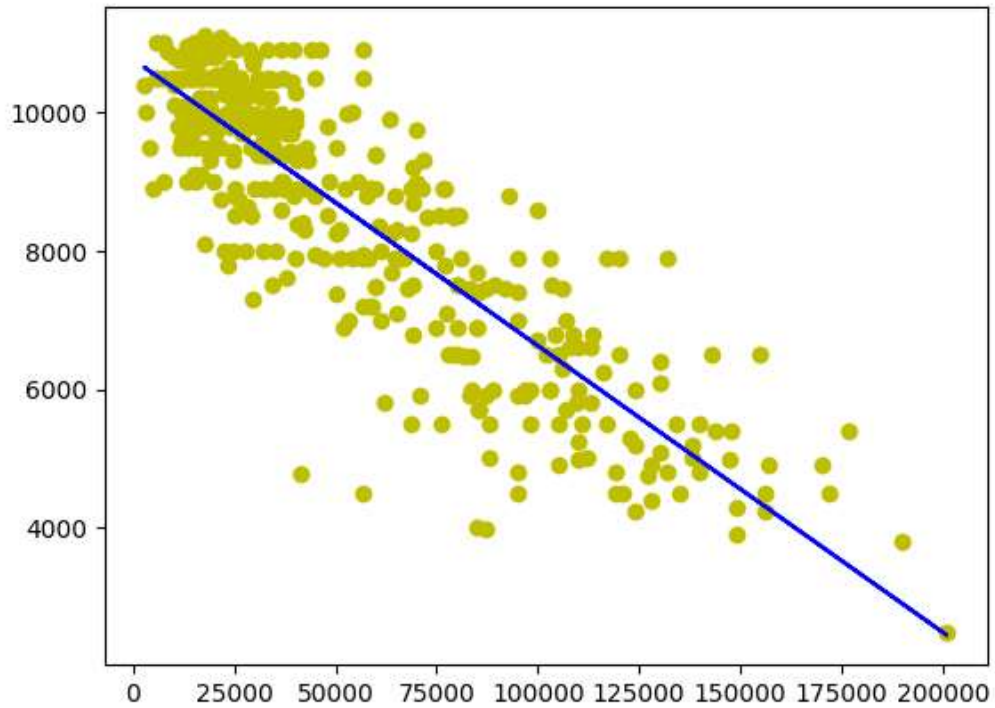
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

```
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [47]: 1 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
          2 regr=LinearRegression()
          3 regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
          4 regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
          5 print(regr.score(X_test,y_test))
          6
```

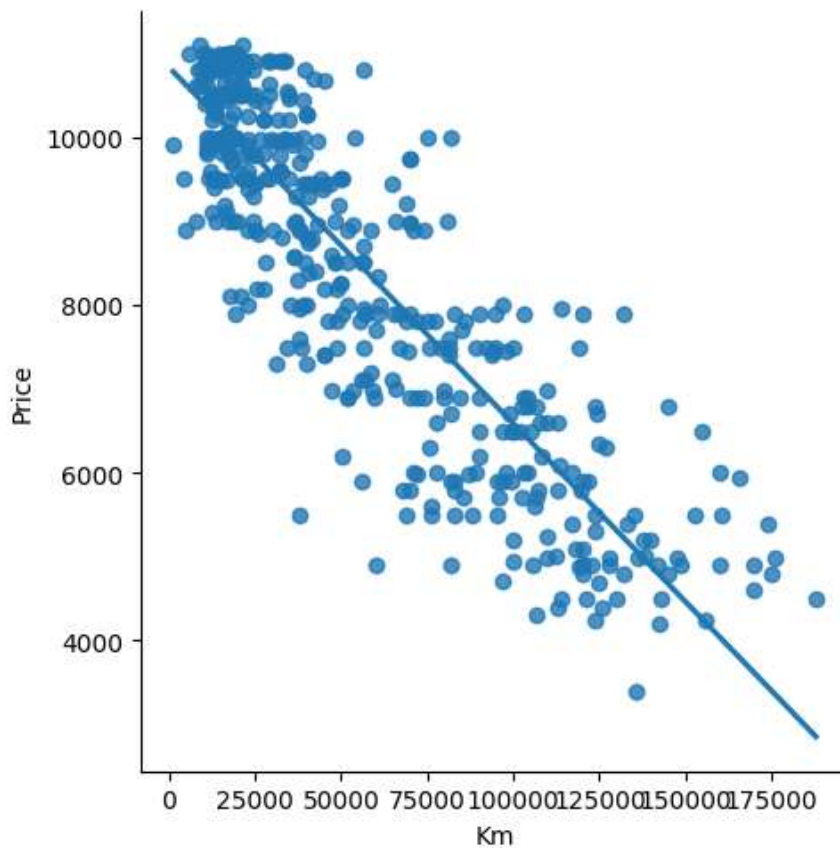
```
0.7595613155117583
```

```
In [48]: 1 y_pred=regr.predict(X_test)
2 plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='y')
3 plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='b')
4 plt.show()
```



```
In [49]: 1 udf=df[:500]
2 sns.lmplot(x="Km",y="Price",data=udf,order=1,ci=None)
3
```

Out[49]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2cb0b36dea0>

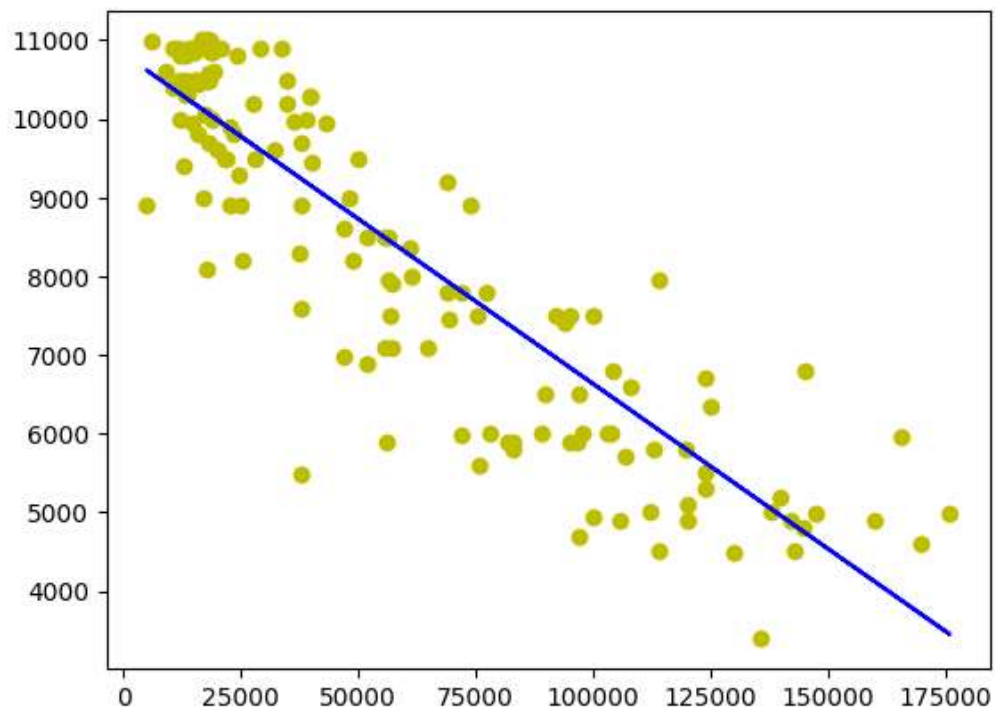


```
In [50]: 1 udf.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
2 X=np.array(udf['Km']).reshape(-1,1)
3 y=np.array(udf['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
4 udf.dropna(inplace=True)
5 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3)
6 regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

Out[50]:

▼ LinearRegression
 LinearRegression()

```
In [51]: 1 y_pred=regr.predict(X_test)
2 plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='y')
3 plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='b')
4 plt.show()
```

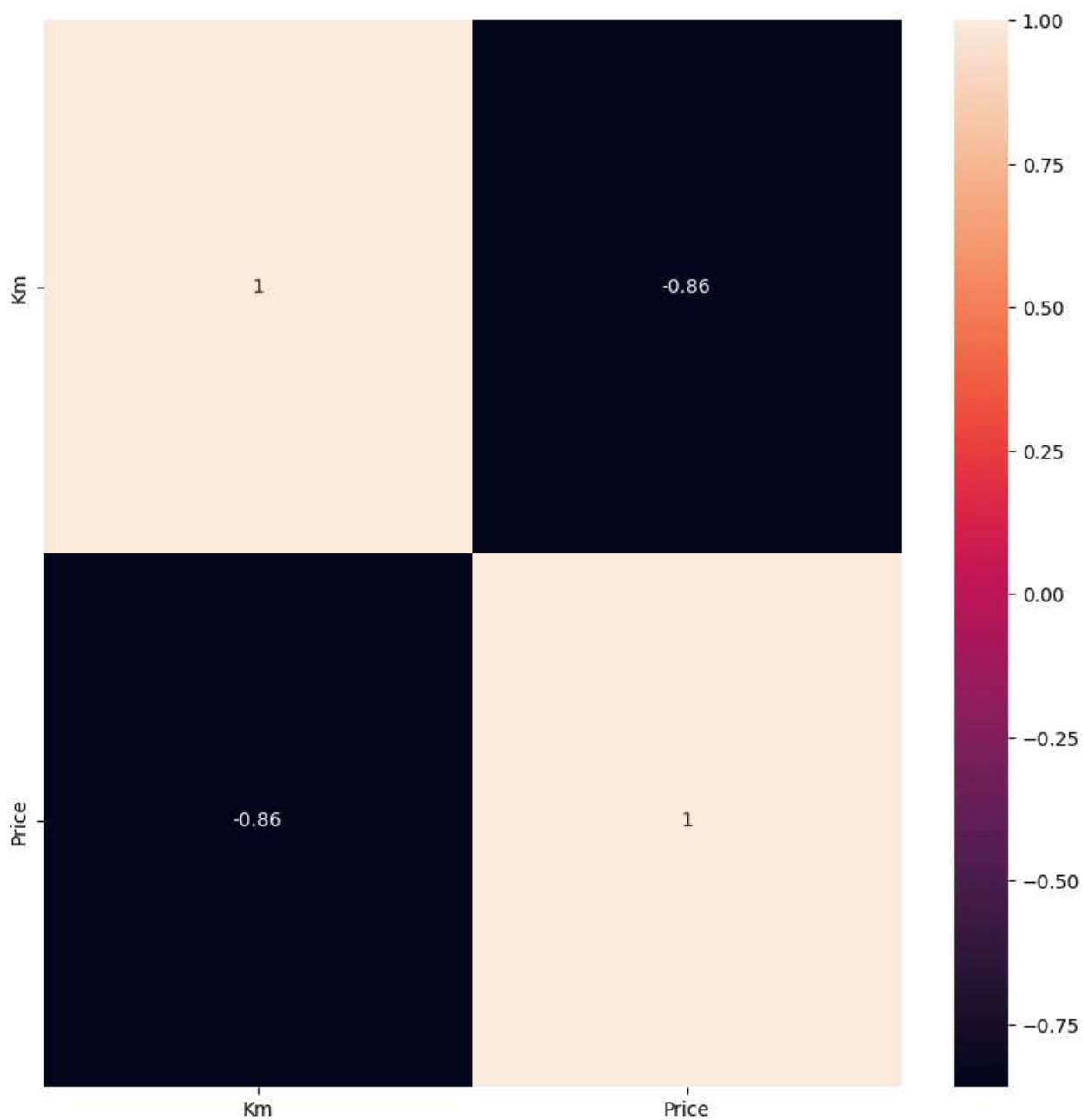


```
In [52]: 1 from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso,RidgeCV,LassoCV
```



```
In [53]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))  
2 sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[53]: <Axes: >



```
In [54]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
2 features=df.columns[0:2]
3 target=df.columns[-1]
4 X=df[features].values
5 y=df[target].values
6 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=17)
7 print("The dimension of X_train is {}".format(X_train.shape))
8 print("The dimension of X_test is {}".format(X_test.shape))
9 scaler=StandardScaler()
10 X_train=scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
11 X_test=scaler.transform(X_test)
12
```

The dimension of X_train is (1076, 2)

The dimension of X_test is (462, 2)

```
In [55]: 1 #Linear regression model
2 regr=LinearRegression()
3 regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
4 actual=y_test #actual value
5 train_score_regr=regr.score(X_train,y_train)
6 test_score_regr=regr.score(X_test,y_test)
7 print("\nLinear model:\n")
8 print("The train score for Linear model is {}".format(train_score_regr))
9 print("The test score for Linear model is {}".format(test_score_regr))
```

Linear model:

The train score for Linear model is 1.0

The test score for Linear model is 1.0

```
In [56]: 1 #ridge regression model
2 ridgeReg=Ridge(alpha=10)
3 ridgeReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
4 #train and test score for ridge regression
5 train_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_train,y_train)
6 test_score_ridge=ridgeReg.score(X_test,y_test)
7 print("\nRidge model:\n")
8 print("The train score for ridge model is {}".format(train_score_ridge))
9 print("The test score for ridge model is {}".format(test_score_ridge))
```

Ridge model:

The train score for ridge model is 0.9997095924476732

The test score for ridge model is 0.9997198323998524

```
In [57]: 1 #using the linear cv model for ridge regression
2 from sklearn.linear_model import RidgeCV
3 #ridge cross validation
4 ridge_cv=RidgeCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,0.1,1,10]).fit(X_train,y_train)
5 #score
6 print(ridge_cv.score(X_train,y_train))
7 print(ridge_cv.score(X_test,y_test))
8
```

0.9999999999999668

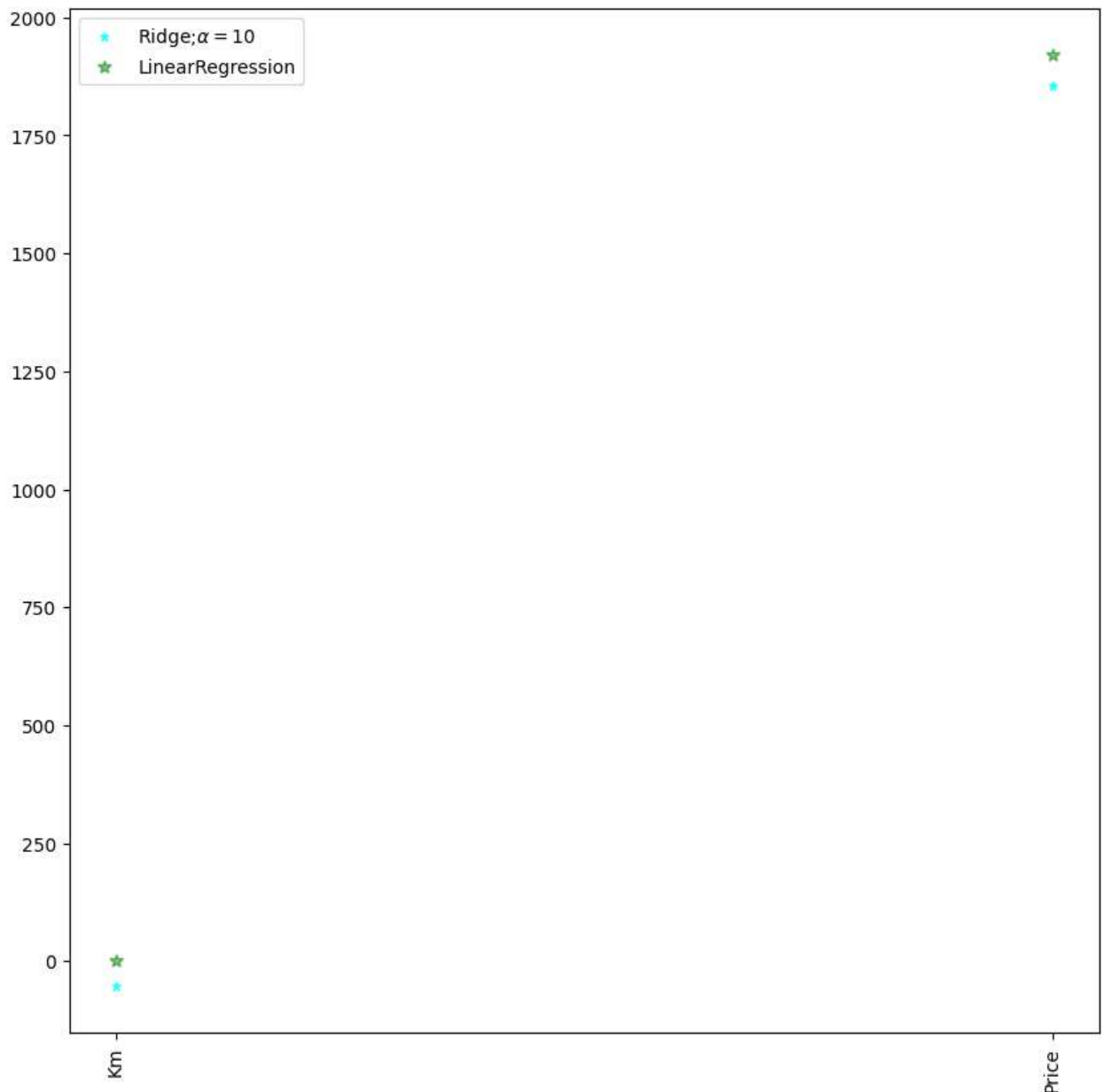
0.999999999999968

```
In [59]: 1 #using the linear cv model for Lasso regression
2 from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
3 #lasso cross validation
4 lasso_cv=LassoCV(alphas=[0.0001,0.001,0.01,0.1,1,10],random_state=0).fit(X_train,y_train)
5 #score
6 print(lasso_cv.score(X_train,y_train))
7 print(lasso_cv.score(X_test,y_test))
```

0.9999999877496772

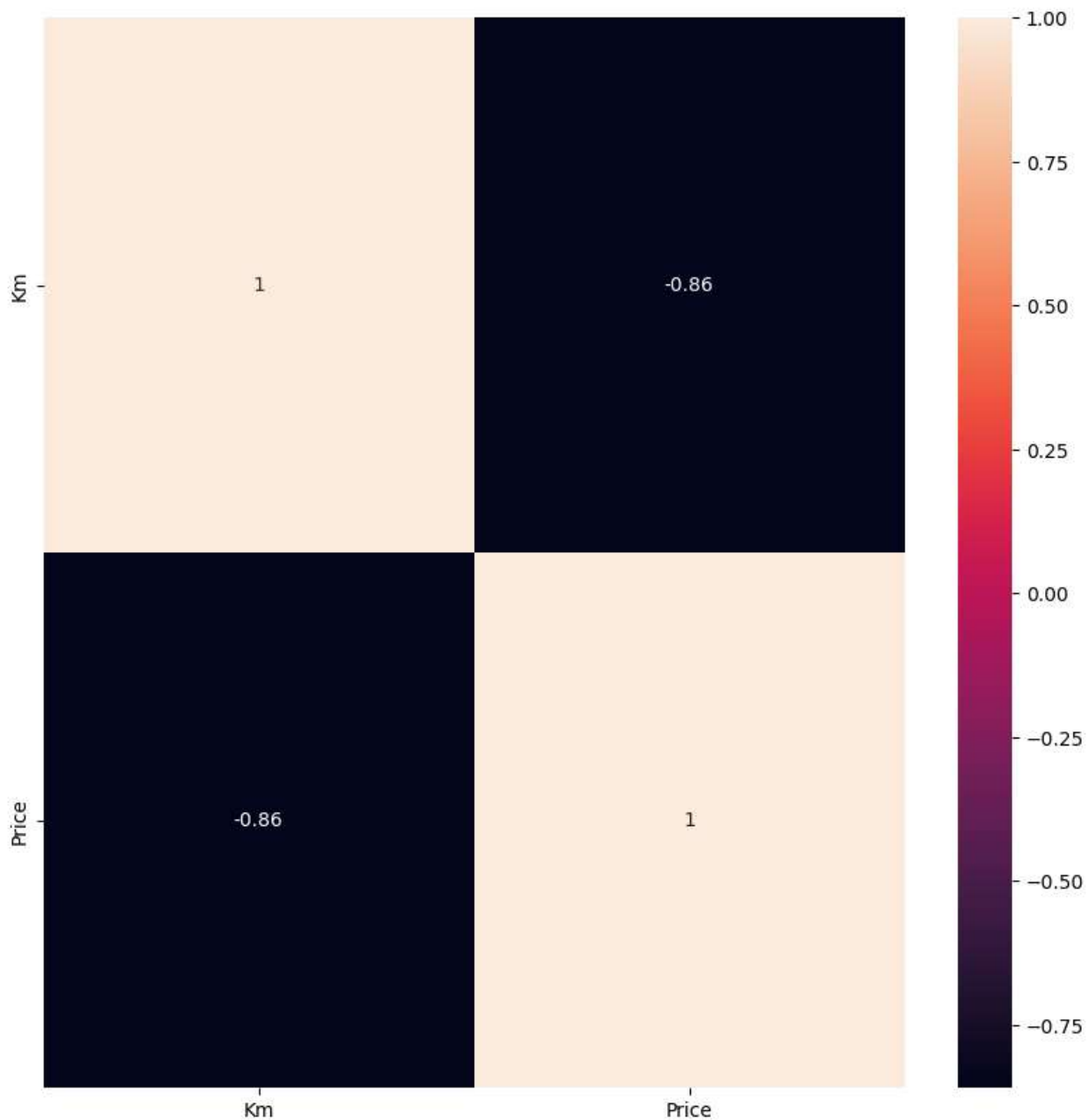
0.9999999874481674

```
In [63]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
2 plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,
3          color='cyan',label=r'Ridge;\alpha=10$',zorder=7)
4 plt.plot(features,regr.coef_,alpha=0.5,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=7,
5          color='g',label=r'LinearRegression')
6 plt.xticks(rotation=90)
7 plt.legend()
8 plt.show()
```



```
In [60]: 1 #ridge regression  
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))  
3 sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[60]: <Axes: >



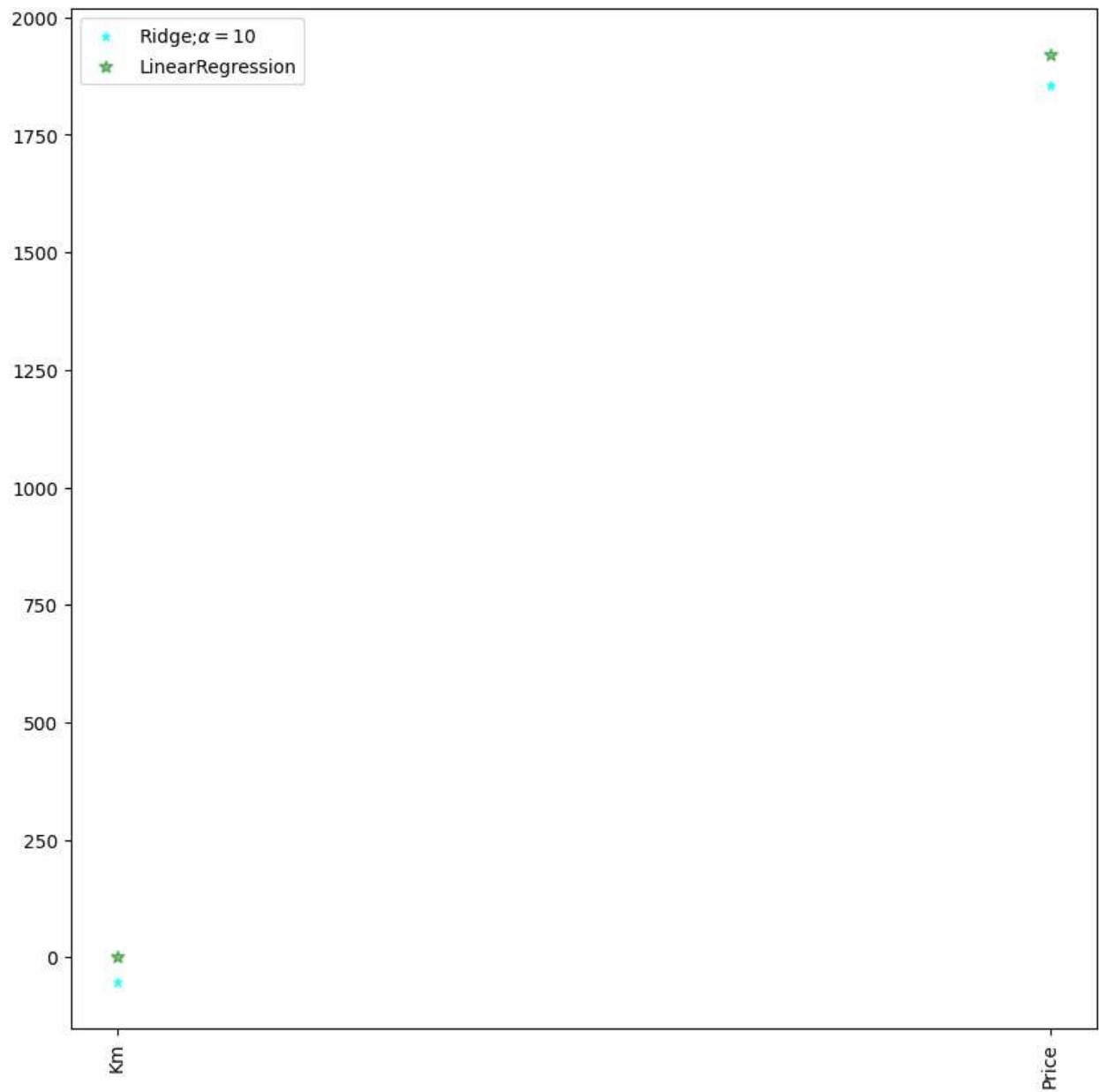
```
In [61]: 1 #Lasso regression model
2 lassoReg=Lasso(alpha=10)
3 lassoReg.fit(X_train,y_train)
4 #train and test score for ridge regression
5 train_score_lasso=lassoReg.score(X_train,y_train)
6 test_score_lasso=lassoReg.score(X_test,y_test)
7 print("\nLasso model:\n")
8 print("The train score for lasso model is {}".format(train_score_lasso))
9 print("The test score for lasso model is {}".format(test_score_lasso))
```

Lasso model:

The train score for lasso model is 0.9999728562194999

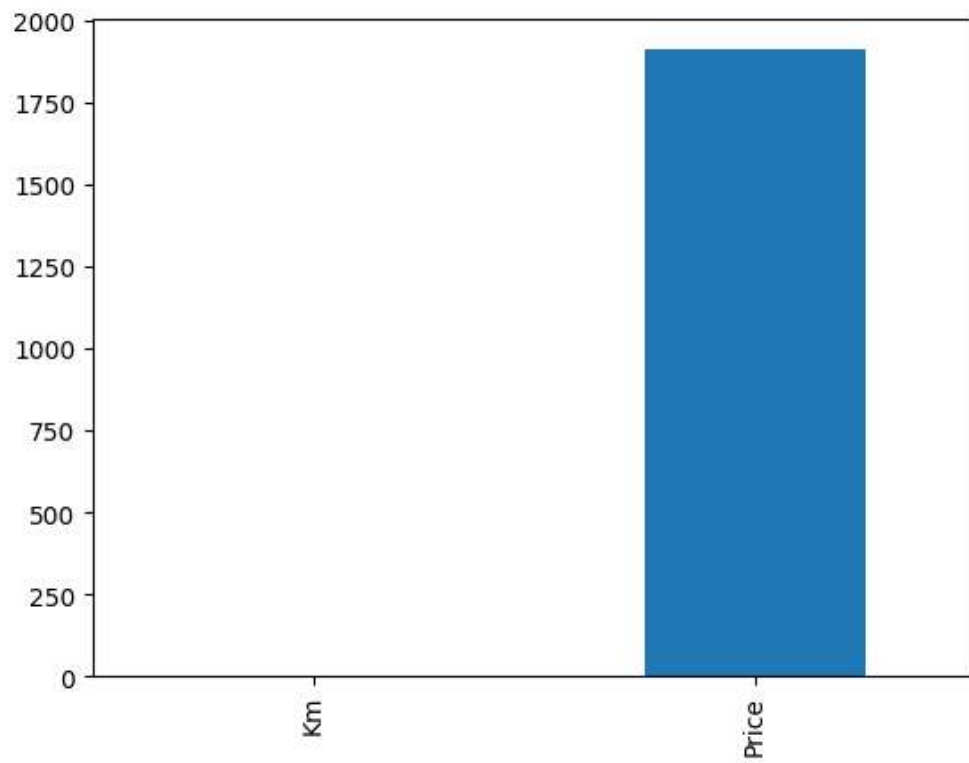
The test score for lasso model is 0.9999728508562553

```
In [64]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
2 plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,
3          color='cyan',label=r'Ridge;\alpha=10$',zorder=7)
4 plt.plot(features,regr.coef_,alpha=0.5,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=7,
5          color='g',label=r'LinearRegression')
6 plt.xticks(rotation=90)
7 plt.legend()
8 plt.show()
```



```
In [62]: 1 pd.Series(lassoReg.coef_,features).sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="bar")
```

Out[62]: <Axes: >

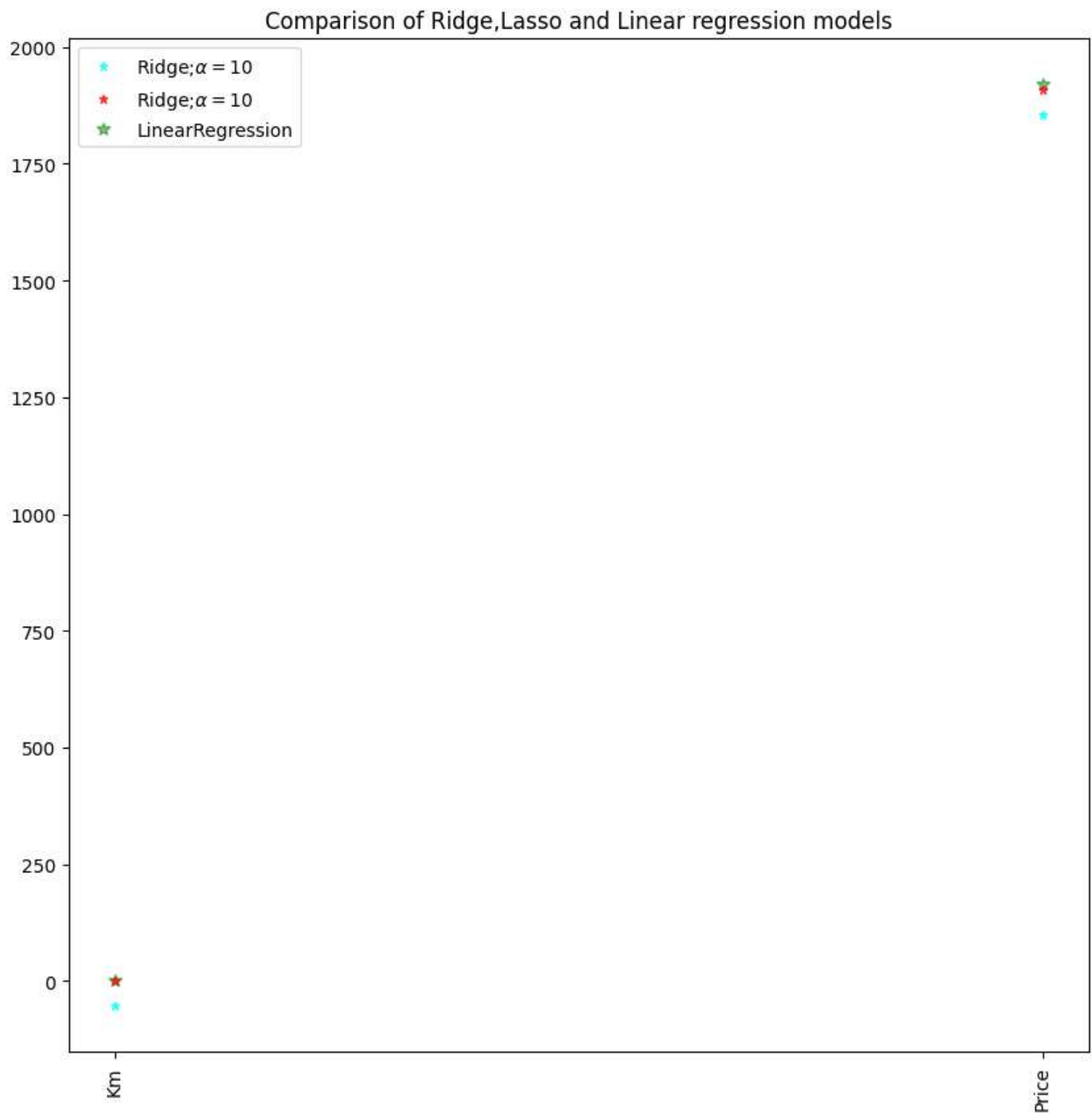


In [66]:

```

1 #plot size
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
3 #add plot for ridge regression
4 plt.plot(features,ridgeReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,
5          color='cyan',label=r'Ridge;\alpha=10$',zorder=7)
6 #add plot for lasso regression
7 plt.plot(features,lassoReg.coef_,alpha=0.7,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=5,
8          color='red',label=r'Ridge;\alpha=10$',zorder=7)
9 #add plot for linear model
10 plt.plot(features,regr.coef_,alpha=0.5,linestyle='none',marker='*',markersize=7,
11          color='g',label=r'LinearRegression')
12 #rotate axis
13 plt.xticks(rotation=90)
14 plt.legend()
15 plt.title("Comparison of Ridge,Lasso and Linear regression models")
16 plt.show()

```



In []:

1